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Tree Constraints & Impact Appraisal

In Respect of Outline Proposal to Construct
4 No. Residential Properties at



Manor Barn, Rimington Lane,
Rimington, Lancashire, BB7 4DT

Prepared by:

Bowland 
Tree Consultancy Ltd

April 2013

TREE SURVEY SCHEDULE FOR ARBORICULTURAL IMPACT & PROTECTION APPRAISAL

Site: Manor Barr, Rimington Lane, Rimington, Lancashire, BB7 4DT
 Agent for Client: Sunderland Peacock & Associates Ltd

Surveyor: Phill Harris - Chartered Arboriculturist
 Assessment Date: 16 March 2013
 Job Reference: BTC453

No.	Species	Height	Stem Diam.	Branch Spread	Branch & Canopy Clearances	Life Stage	PC	General Observations and Comments	Management Recommendations	ERC	Cal. Grade	RPA (m ²)	RPA Radius (m)
T1	Sycamore	15	800	N 8.5 E 7 S 4 W 8	3-NW 2	M	M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Small basal stem cavity to north, evidently opening into internal cavity with decay. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Retain in context of site proposals. Protect Root Protection Area (RPA) throughout development. Sever ivy at ground level. Carry out detailed inspection of lower stem and root collar in order to appraise extent of decay. 	10+	C1	290	9.6
T2	Ash	8.5	230	N 3 E 4 S 3.5 W 4	N/A 1.5	Y	G	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stem base in contact with wall of barn and will subsequently cause structural damage on incremental growth. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Remove due to proximity to structure. Grub out stump. 	<10	U	24	2.76
T3	Goat Willow	7	1x180 2x140 (ms)	N 3.5 E 3.5 S 3.5 W 3.5	N/A 0.5	SM	G	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stem divides into multiple sub-stems at a height of approximately 0.2m to 0.6m with included bark unions. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Remove in order to construct development as proposed. Grub out stump. 	10+	C1	32	3.21
G1	2no. Sycamore	≤ 12.5	≤ 2x190 (ts)	N ≤ 4 E ≤ 4 S ≤ 4 W ≤ 3	N/A ≥ 2.5	Y	G	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Very closely spaced group. Tree to west has two stems arising at ground level, which are in contact with each other with an acute included bark union. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Retain tree to east in context of site proposals. Protect RPA throughout development. Remove tree to west with twin stems, cutting down to ground level, and treat stump with suitable herbicide to prevent regrowth. 	10+	C1	≤ 33	≤ 3.22
G2	Holly, Hawthorn, Elm	≤ 11	≤ 200	N ≤ 6.5 E ≤ 3 S ≤ 2 W ≤ 2	N/A ≥ 0.5	Y-SM	G	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Overgrown section of hedge consisting mainly of young to semi-mature Holly with some young Hawthorn and Elm. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Retain in context of site proposals. Protect RPAs throughout development. Reinststate as part of hedge. 	40+	C1	≤ 18	≤ 2.4
G3	Holly, Hawthorn, Elm, Hazel	≤ 11	≤ 200	N ≤ 6.5 E ≤ 3 S ≤ 2 W ≤ 2	N/A ≥ 0.5	Y-SM	G	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Overgrown section of hedge consisting mainly of young to semi-mature Holly with some young Hawthorn, Hazel and Elm. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Retain in context of site proposals. Protect RPAs throughout development. Reinststate as part of hedge. 	40+	C1	≤ 18	≤ 2.4

Headings and Abbreviations:

No. Allocated sequential reference number - Tree (T), Group (G), Woodland (W) or Hedge (H) reference number - refer to plan and to numbered logs where applicable
 Species: Common name
 Height: In metres to half nearest metre - where possible approximately 80% are measured using an electronic clinometer and the remainder estimated against the measured trees. In the case of Groups and Woodlands the measurement listed is that of the highest tree
 Stem Diam.: Stem diameter in millimetres, to nearest 10mm - measured and calculated as per Annex C of BS5837:2012. MS = multi-stemmed, TS = twin-stemmed
 Branch Spread: Crown radius measured (or estimated where considered appropriate) from the four cardinal points (north, east, south and west) to give an accurate visual representation of the crown
 Branch & Canopy Clearances: Existing height above ground level, in metres, of first significant branch and direction of growth (e.g. 2.5-N) and of canopy at lowest point - to inform on crown to height ratio, potential for shading, etc.
 Life Stage: Estimated age class - Y = young, SM = semi-mature, EM = early-mature, M = mature, PM = post-mature
 PC: Physiological Condition - a measure of the tree's overall vitality, i.e. D = Dead, MD = Moribund, P = Poor, M = Moderate, G = Good
 General Observations and Comments: Comments relating to the tree's overall condition and any other pertinent factors including structural defects, current and potential direct structural damage, physiological decline, poor form, etc.
 Management Recommendations: Either Preliminary or in Consideration of the Proposal - in the case of Arboricultural Consultancy Surveys the recommended management works only take effect if the tree is retained. More than one option may be given if considered appropriate
 ERC: Estimated Remaining Contribution - in years as per BS5837:2012 (i.e. <10, 10+, 20+, 40+)
 Cal. Grade: Category Grading - tree retention value listed as U, A, B or C - in accordance with BS5837:2012 Table 1
 RPA m²: Root Protection Area in m² - calculated area around the tree that must be appropriately protected throughout the development process in order to avoid root damage
 RPA Radius (m): Root Protection Area Radius - in metres measured from the centre of the stem to the line of the tree protection
 # (E=Estimated Dimensions): Where trees are located off-site, or are inaccessible for any other reason, and accurate measurements or other information cannot be taken then the information provided is estimated and is duly suffixed with a '#' symbol

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G4	2no. Elder, 1no. Hawthorn	≤ 6	≤ 350	N ≤ 3 E ≤ 5 S ≤ 3 W ≤ 3	N/A ≥ 0	PM	P	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Closely spaced group. ■ All are post mature with crowns showing signs of a significant reduction in vitality and short projected remaining safe life expectancies. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Remove due to and short projected remaining safe life expectancies. ■ Grub out stumps. 	<10	U	≤ 55	≤ 4.2
G5	Hawthorn, Elder	≤ 4	≤ 100	N ≤ 2 E ≤ 1 S ≤ 2 W ≤ 3	N/A ≥ 0.5	SM	G	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Very closely spaced group that originally formed part of hedge but is now overgrown. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Reinstate as part of hedge. 	40+	C1	≤ 5	≤ 1.2
G6	approx. 3no. Sycamore	≤ 12.5	≤ 2x200 1x170 1x140 (ms)	N ≤ 4.5 E ≤ 4.5 S ≤ 4.5 W ≤ 4.5	N/A ≥ 1.5	Y-SM	G	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Very closely spaced group. ■ All are multi-stemmed with acute included bark unions of sub-stems. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Retain in context of site proposals. ■ Protect RPAs, as far as is practicable, throughout development. ■ Prune western side of crown that overhangs access in order to obtain sufficient ground clearances, in accordance with agreement with LPA Tree Officer. 	20+	C1	≤ 58	≤ 4.3
H1	Hawthorn	≤ 2	≤ 3x50 (ms)	≤ 2 wide	N/A N/A	Y	G	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Maintained section of hedge along boundary within neighbouring field. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Retain in context of site proposals. ■ Infill plants space(s) with Hawthorn. 	10+	C1	N/A	≤ 1.04

BS5837:2012 Table 1 – Cascade Chart for Tree Quality Assessment

Category and definition	Criteria (including subcategories where appropriate)	Identification on plan
<p>Trees unsuitable for retention (see Note)</p> <p>Category U</p>	<p>Trees that have a serious, irremediable, structural defect, such that their early loss is expected due to collapse, including those that will become unviable after removal of other category U trees (e.g. where, for whatever reason, the loss of companion shelter cannot be mitigated by pruning)</p> <p>Trees that are dead or are showing signs of significant, immediate, and irreversible overall decline</p> <p>Trees infected with pathogens of significance to the health and/or safety of other trees nearby, or very low quality trees suppressing adjacent trees of better quality</p> <p><i>Note: Category U trees can have existing or potential conservation value which it might be desirable to preserve; see BS5837:2012 paragraph 4.5.7.</i></p>	<p>Red</p>
<p>Trees to be considered for retention</p> <p>Category A</p>	<p>Trees that are particularly good examples of their species, especially if rare or unusual; or those that are essential components of groups or formal or semi-formal arboricultural features (e.g. the dominant and/or principal trees within an avenue)</p>	<p>1</p> <p>Mainly arboricultural qualities</p>
<p>Trees of high quality with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 40 years</p>	<p>Trees, groups or woodlands of particular visual importance as arboricultural and/or landscape features</p>	<p>2</p> <p>Mainly landscape qualities</p>
<p>Trees of moderate quality with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 20 years</p>	<p>Trees that might be included in category A, but are downgraded because of significant though remediable defects, including unsympathetic past management and storm damage), such that they are unlikely to be suitable for retention for beyond 40 years; or trees lacking the special quality necessary to merit the category A designation</p>	<p>3</p> <p>Mainly cultural values, including conservation</p>
<p>Category B</p>	<p>Trees present in numbers, usually as groups or woodlands, such that they attract a higher collective rating than they might as individuals; or trees occurring as collectives but situated so as to make little visual contribution to the wider locality</p>	<p>Blue</p>
<p>Category C</p>	<p>Unremarkable trees of very limited merit or such impaired condition that they do not qualify in higher categories</p>	<p>Grey</p>
<p>Trees of low quality with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 10 years, or young trees with a stem diameter below 150 mm</p>	<p>Trees present in groups or woodlands, but without this conferring on them significantly greater collective landscape value; and/or trees offering low or only temporary/transient landscape benefits</p>	<p>Grey</p>

DISCLAIMER

Survey Limitations: Unless otherwise stated all trees are surveyed from ground level using non-invasive techniques, in sufficient detail to gather data for and inform the design of the current project only. The disclosure of hidden crown and stem defects, in particular where they may be above a reachable height or where trees are ivy clad or in areas of ground vegetation, cannot therefore be expected. All obvious defects, however, are reported. Detailed tree safety appraisals are only carried out under specific written instructions. Comments upon evident tree safety relate to the condition of said tree at the time of the survey only.

Unless otherwise stated all trees should be re-inspected annually in order to appraise their on-going mechanical integrity and physiological condition. It should, however, be recognised that tree condition is subject to change, for example due to the effects of disease, decay, high winds, development works, etc. Changes in land use or site conditions (e.g. development that increases access frequency) and the occurrence of severe weather incidents are also significant considerations with regards tree structural integrity and trees should therefore be re-assessed in the context of such changes and/or incidents and inspected at intervals relative to identified and varying site conditions and associated risks.

Where trees are located wholly or partially on neighbouring private third-party land then said land is not accessed and our inspection is therefore restricted to what can reasonably be seen from within the site. Stem diameters of trees located on such land are estimated. Any subsequent comments and judgments made in respect of such trees are based on these restrictions and are our preliminary opinion only. Recommendations for works to neighbouring third-party trees are only made where a potentially unacceptable risk to persons and/or property has been identified during our survey or, if applicable, where permissible works are required to implement a proposed development. Where significant structural defects of third-party trees are identified and associated management works are considered essential to negate any risk of harm and/or damage then we will first attempt to inform the site occupier of the issues and, if not possible, then inform the relevant Council. Where a more detailed assessment is considered necessary then appropriate recommendations are set out in the Tree Survey Schedule.

Where tree stem locations are not included on the plan(s) provided then they are plotted at the time of the survey using, where appropriate and/or practicable, a combination of measurement triangulation and GPS co-ordination. Where this is not possible then locations are estimated. Restrictions in these respects are detailed in the report.

The potential influence of trees upon buildings or other structures resulting from the effects of their roots abstracting water from shrinkable load-bearing soils is not considered herein. The advice of a structural engineer must be sought with regard to appropriate foundation depths for new buildings, with reference to NHBC Standards Chapter 4.2 (NHBC, 2008).

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