320160711P

Land at 9 Downham Road Chatburn

Flood risk and drainage assessment for 2 houses

Postcode BB7 4AU

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1.0 Introduction

The land at 9 Downham Road is to the rear of the existing house. Two houses are proposed. Heys Brook flows past the site at the southern boundary and this report covers flood risk from all sources and assesses drainage.

2.0 Executive summary

The Environment Agency does not have a hydraulic model of Heys Brook so a river survey has been commissioned and a river model has been built by us plus calculating risk flows and running our Hec Ras 4.1 river model to establish risk water levels and then zoning the site. This has shown that the site is floodzone 1 above any Heys Brook 1 in 1000 year risk levels. It is currently a garage building and storage area and housing is proposed. Foul flows will drain to the public sewer system. New surface water flows will drain to Heys Brook via a new outfall.

To comply with DEFRA's guidelines in SC030219 'rainfall runoff management for developments' the development will limit its new surface water peak outflow rate to 5 l/sec. Surface water storage will be provided to suit. The site is not at risk from other sources of flood risk.

Two ground reports are available for the site and these show that the site is clayey made ground on top of rock plus there is contamination and sustainable drainage techniques are unsuitable in this instance.

3.0 Existing site, flood risk modelling, flood risk, site floodzone.

The land is to the rear of the existing house and the southern boundary is a vertical stone walled channel which is Heys Brook. The site has its access past the existing house. The gross site area is approx 1100m2 and the level range is approx 97.2 AOD to 99.

Heys Brook drains the Downham area and flows through Chatburn and down to the Ribble. At Downham Downham Beck flows into it. As it flows into Chatburn from the east it passes under the A59 trunk road and then the railway prior to passing the site in a stone walled channel with a rough rock bed. As it passes the site its bed level is 92.6 to 93.2 which is 4 to 6m lower than the site.

Heys Brook has a catchment area of 4.39 km2, annual rainfall is 1287mm, and BFIHOST is 0.357 indicating a non absorbent catchment. SPRHOST is 41.19 which is an average runoff percentage. The catchment is hillside and rural with an average bedslope of 117.2 m/km. and the catchment is responsive to 3.1 hour time length storms.

Heys Brook risk levels were requested from the Environment Agency however the EA does not have a river model of the Brook. River survey work plus photos and structure measurements were instructed and assembled survey data etc was provided under contract by Site Surveying Services of Grindleton. Downstream of the site the Brook flows under Clough Bank, a footbridge, and then Bridge Road. After Bridge Road there is a channel bed drop of 3m which was very likely part of the former

Victoria Mill water system. An hydraulic model of the Brook was built using Hec Ras 4.1 software and 1 in 100 year and 1 in 1000 year risk flows run through the model. The ReFSR/FEH spreadsheet equation was used to calculate 1 in 100 year risk flows and a growth factor of 1.9 used to uprate the 1 in 100 year flow rate to a 1 in 1000 year flow rate. These rates were:-

1 in 100 year - 13.1 m3/sec 1 in 1000 year - 24.9 m3/sec

1 in 1000 year water levels at the site were 95.132 to 96.040. With existing ground levels of 97.2 to 99 the site is thus above any 1 in 1000 year risk levels and is therefore floodzone 1.

4.0 Proposals, new drainage.

The proposals are to build 2 houses on the site with the access from Downham Road. The houses will be a minimum of 15m away from the Brook channel wall. Heys Brook is classed as 'main river' and as such an 8m width easement either side of the brook should be kept clear of any building work to allow maintenance work should it be needed- this has been done.

Both houses will have rear gardens and the new hard areas plus access road area will be approx 600m2. New drainage will be separate system with separate foul and surface water drains, the foul drains will connect to the public sewer system either directly or via the existing house drainage. All new developments must comply with DEFRA's SC030219 guidance 'rainfall runoff management for developments' and this requires that new greenfield developments limit their new surface water outflow rates to a greenfield runoff rate known as QBAR which is defined as a 1 in 2.3 year greenfield flow rate. This can be obtained from the www.uksuds.com website which is a public sector website sponsored by Wallingford. This flow rate for the Chatburn site is 1.5 l/sec-FEH method- and the site limiting flow rate will thus be the minimum flow rate of 5 l/sec. The minimum flow rate of 5 l/sec is the lowest flow rate achievable by a vortex flow controller in a manhole because lower flow rates than this require too small an outlet diameter which will from experience cause repetitive blockages. The new surface water drainage system will connect to Heys Brook and this will be the subject of a post consent Environmental Permitting Regime application. New slab levels will be 99.00 subject to the final post consent detail design.

There are two ground reports for the site. The first is a walkover desk study by Wormseye which describes a site walkover and contains a historic Chatburn plan showing the now demolished Victoria Mill downstream of Bridge Road. The second is an intrusive ground investigation by PSA which has logs for window samples WS1 to WS6 and also lists contamination. It can be seen from the PSA report that the site is mainly clayey made ground over rock- the rock can of course be seen in the river survey photos. Because of the risk of contamination surface water soakage techniques will not be proposed and there is no scope for sustainable drainage.

However water butts will be provided to all houses and driveway runoff will drain into channel drains at the back of footpath which where practical will have land drain outlets into planted beds subject to the post consent detail design phase.

There are two river structures that could partially or fully block. The first is Clough End bridge which is an upside down U, the second is the arch under Bridge Street. In both cases should debris build up flow will find its way round without affecting the two new houses.

5.0 Strategic Flood Risk Assessments (SFRA) and planning.

The Ribble Valley BC website has a May 2010 Strategic Flood Risk Assessment report available for download. This lists historic floods and provides tailored area general policies P1 to P6. For the Upper Ribble area policy P1 is advised which is 'no active intervention'. There is no requirement for Critical Drainage Areas as in the larger metropolitan areas of the UK.

6.0 National Planning Policy Framework and Technical Guidance and EA mapping.

The site is floodzone 1 above any local 1 in 1000 year risk levels. The proposed new housing is classed as 'more vulnerable' in Table 2 and is 'appropriate' in floodzone 1 as per Table 3. There is no need for the exception test, or the sequential test.

Types of flooding that could affect the site are:-

- 1. River- Heys Brook is next to the site and the site is floodzone 1
- 2. Sea- no tidal influence
- 3. Land- no undrained land slopes towards the site.
- 4. Groundwater- no springs or weep areas on the actual site
- 5. Sewers- no local internet reports of sewer surcharge
- 6. Reservoirs canals- none close by,

Environment Agency mapping is as follows:-

Flood map for Planning- the site is floodzone 1

Risk of flooding from rivers and sea- this shows the effect of any flood defences- this is not applicable.

Flood warning- this is not applicable

Groundwater- the site is not in a groundwater protection zone.

Risk of flooding from reservoirs- this shows reservoir risk- all utility company reservoirs are maintained to a 1 in 10,000 year risk standard under the Reservoirs legislation and this is a very rare and unlikely risk. No risk for this site.

Risk of flooding from surface water- this mapping shows the effect of various types of storms and is an approximate guide to low spots. The Environment Agency guidance report of November 2013 re the updated flood map for surface water stated -

'Although the maps appear to show flooding from ordinary watercourses, they should not be taken as definitive mapping of flood risk from these as the conveyance effect of ordinary watercourses or drainage channels is not explicitly modelled. In urban areas existing drainage systems are taken into account by subtracting 12 mm/hr from the Jflow 2D storm profiles input to the software, also there is a 30% reduction to allow for average infiltration and the resulting runoff is then routed over a digital terrain map.'

The mapping shows a blue spillpath line along the line of Heys Brook channel. The site is not affected.

7.0 Attachments

Attachment	Number	Size
Location plans	1,2	A4
Proposals	3	A4
Ground reports	4 to 23	A4
Historic map	24	A3
Sewer records	25	A3
River survey	26, 27	A3
OS area map	28	A3
Site survey	29, 30	A3
Proposals	31 to 34	A3
FEH data	35 to 38	A4
River model outputs	39 to 42	A4
River model cross sections	43 to58	A4
Hec Ras report	59 to 71	A4
HRW runoff report	72,73	A4
Ribble Valley SFRA extracts	74 to 78	A4
EA mapping	79 to 81	A3

This report is a copyright email report and attachments are grouped together in A4 and A3 for scanning and can be put in order using the top RH corner lettering. Should you require survey data, survey photos, or river model files please email:-

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floodriskengineer@gmail.com

Email files

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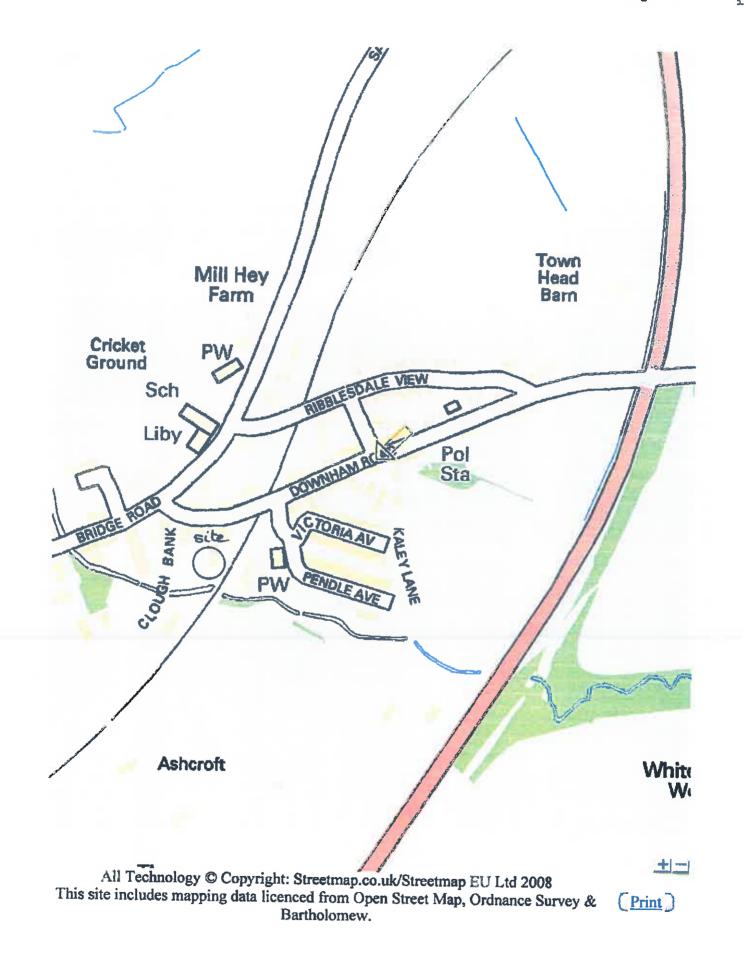
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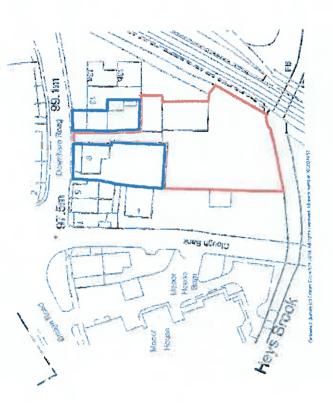
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River survey photos are attached as individual files



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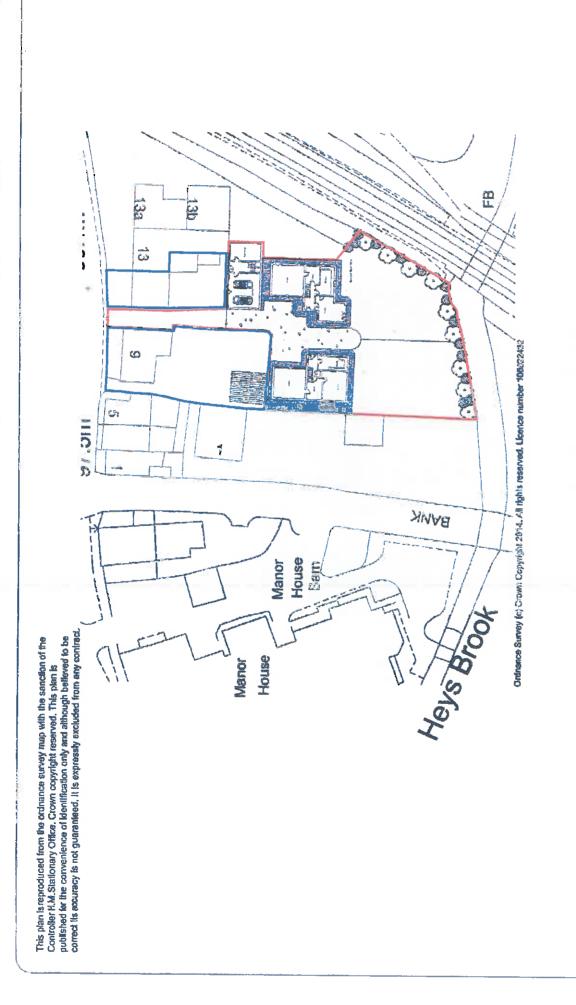
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SITE PLAN

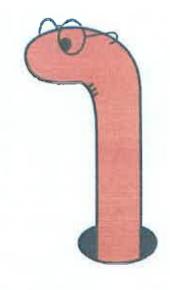
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Electronic Report



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52 Bank Parade Burnley BB11 1TS Phone 01282 414649 / 458410 Our Ref: Downham Road/BB7 4AV/2015

Date: 20/7/2015

Leanne Flynn
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PROPOSED HOUSES BEHIND 9 DOWNHAM ROAD, CHATBURN, CLITHEROE, BB7 4AV PRELIMINARY RISK ASSESSMENT (DESK STUDY)

INTRODUCTION

It is proposed to build two detached houses. The objective is to carry out a desk study, supplemented with a walk over survey, to form a Preliminary Risk Assessment to consider contamination, landfill gas and geotechnical issues.

SITE DESCRIPTION

The site is located to the South of Downham Road in Chatburn, Clitheroe, and at OS Grid Reference 376970, 444080. The site was inspected on 06/07/15 by Simon Gimeno and is about 30 by 40 metres with a 30 metre access coming in from the north. The site comprises a dilapidated, unused, workshop/garage with a builders' yard surrounding the south and west.

The workshop/garage comprises two sections one to the north running west to east and another section going north to south together, forming a 'T' shape. The northern section was made of breeze block to the west and stone to the east with a slate roof. The southern section again comprised a slate roof but with red brick walls. The building was being used to store materials, tractors, forklift trucks and gardening tools.

The builders' yard was surfaced with gravel creating a pathway through the centre of the site and then the remainder of the site was unkempt grass and weeds. The southwest corner appeared to have been used as a bonfire. Along the west of the yard was a porta cabin, JCB, skip and again various building materials. In the northwest corner was a canopy with a steam roller and building materials.

South of the building was a service pit with an old disused boiler, further to the south there was an abandoned truck/lorry, a shipping container storing various lengths of timber and an old rusted through steam roller.

Throughout the yard there are piles of scrap materials, oil drums, rubble and asbestos cement pieces.

To the north and northeast are houses, to the southeast is a railway line, and Chatburn Brook (at a lower level) forms the south boundary.

TREES

The southern boundary is bordered by deciduous trees up to 12 metres high these being mainly Sycamores, Elms and Ash. Along the west boundary to the south is a conifer tree standing at about 10 metres high with two deciduous trees thought to be Ash trees.

This is not an accurate arboricultural survey.

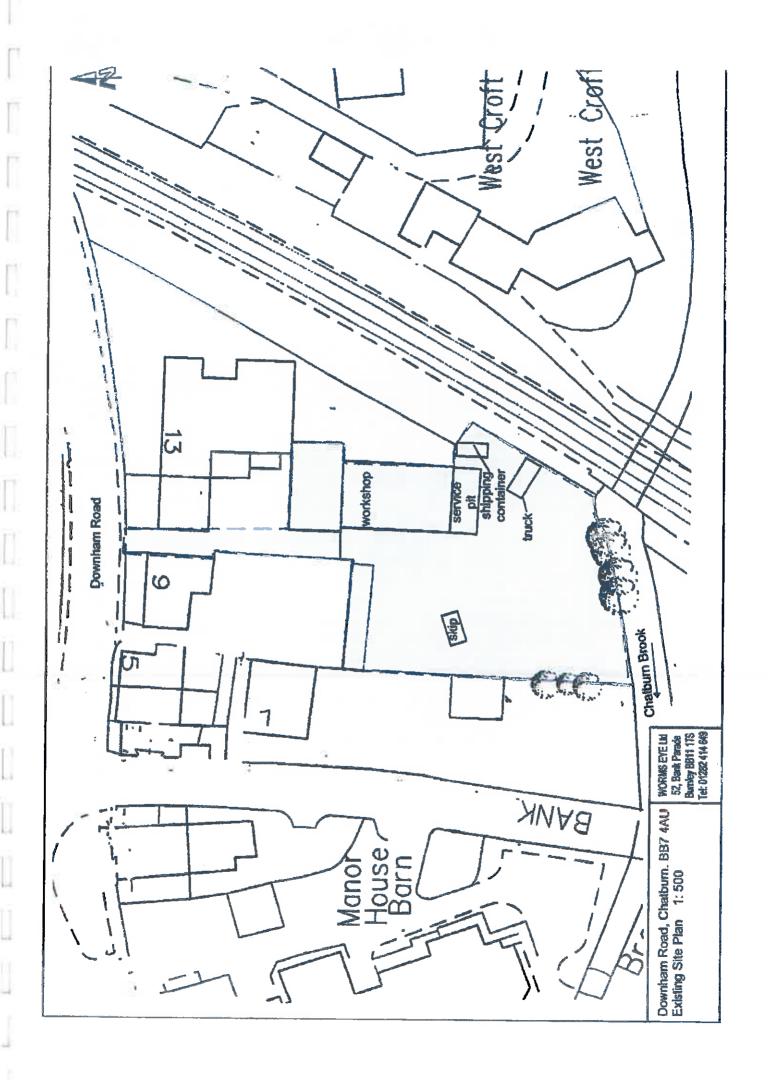
PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

It is proposed to build two detached houses, each having a garden to the rear (south). At the northeast corner of the site will be a garage with adjacent workshop.

DATA SOURCES

The following data sources have been viewed in compiling this report.

- BGS, Geology Map, 1:50000 scale, Sheet 68, Clitheroe, Solid and Drift Edition
- BGS, on-shore boreholes scans (no nearby relevant records)
- Environment Agency, What's In Your Backyard
 - Groundwater
 - Landfill Sites
 - Pollution
- Landmark Envirocheck Report
- Ordnance Survey, Historical Maps, 1:10000 and 1:2500 scale
- Walkover Survey, 6/7/15.



Downham Road, Chatburn, BB7 4AU



view of site looking northeast



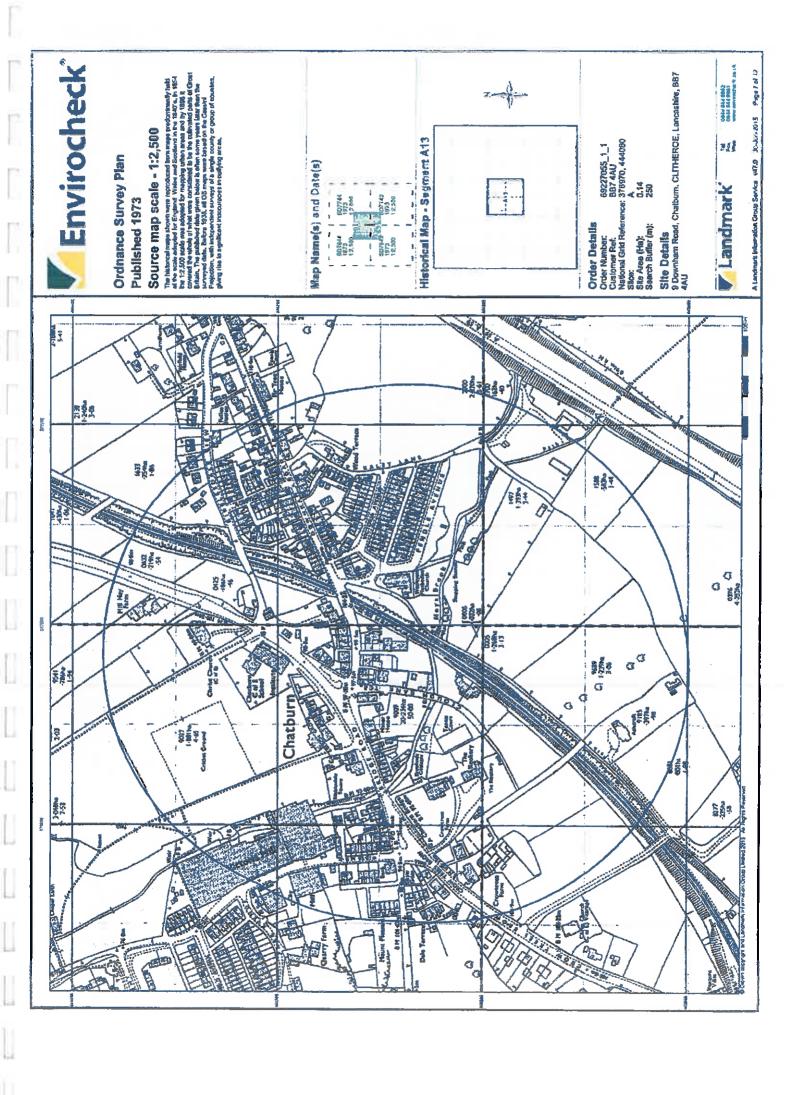
view of site looking southwest



bonfire remains and asbestos fragments in southwest corner



service pit





A Jackson

Downham Road, Chatburn Phase 2 Geo-Environmental Investigation & Assessment

G2235-GR-02

6th June 2016

PSA Design Limited The Old Bank House 6 Berry Lane Longridge Preston PR3 3JA Tel. 01772 786066 Fax. 01772 786265

www.psadesign.co.uk mail@psadesign.co.uk

7.0 CONTAMINATION RESULTS & ANALYSIS

7.1 Introduction

The 2016 Ground Investigation by PSA Design was conducted to develop an understanding of the extent (if any) of the contamination. The PSA Design investigation recorded results with evidence of contamination within the fill materials across the site. Chemical testing results are presented within Appendix B.

7.2 Chemical Analysis

- 7.2.1 In view of the site history, selected soil samples were taken during the ground investigation and were analysed for a screening suite. On the basis of the Conceptual Environmental Risk Model, it has been considered that a range of potential contaminants could exist in soils at the site, as follows:
 - Elements which could pose a risk to human health and/or controlled water: arsenic, cadmium, chromium, lead, mercury, nickel, selenium;
 - Potentially phyto-toxic elements: boron, copper & zinc:
 - Inorganic chemicals which could pose a risk to human health, buildings and/or controlled water: cyanide, nitrate, sulphate & sulphide;
 - Other inorganic contaminants: pH conditions;
 - Organic contaminants: Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH's with split of 16 priority EPA PAH's);
 - Speciated And Total Hydrocarbons;
 - Asbestos ID:
 - VOC and SVOC.
- 7.2.2 Samples from the ground investigation were chemically tested at Envirolab Laboratories Ltd, a UKAS accredited laboratory.
- 7.2.3 Chemical testing was targeted at all the various surface strata identified within the ground investigation that would be deemed a threat to human health. This could be broken down into the following:
 - Made Ground Clav Fill:
 - Made Ground Granular Fill
- 7.2.4 Sample selection criteria for chemical testing included good coverage of the site area at various depths and lithologies. The samples to volume ratio reflected not only the spatial element of the various compositions of the ground but also represented the %composition of the particular lithological fill type in the total volume of the most recent fill, situated in the site. The sampling was in accordance with BS 10175:2011, Investigation of potentially contaminated sites- Code of Practice.

- 7.2.5 5No. soil samples obtained from the site, were tested in total with 4 No. analysed for the following suite of chemical determinands:
 - Arsenic, cadmium, total & hexavalent chromium, lead, mercury, nickel, selenium
 - Boron (water soluble), copper, zinc
 - Cvanide (total)
 - Sulphide (acid soluble)
 - Nitrate (soluble)
 - Phenol (total)
 - PAH's (speciated)
- 7.2.6 4No. samples of the various sub-surface materials were analysed for the following suite of determinands:
 - Sulphate (water soluble, 2:1 extract)
 - pH conditions
- 7.2.7 4No. samples of the various sub-surface materials were analysed for the following suite of determinands:
 - Aliphatic & Aromatic Hydrocarbons (speciated)
- 7.2.8 1No. sample of the various sub-surface materials were analysed for the following suite of determinands:
 - VOC and SVOC
- 7.2.9 1No. sample of sub-surface material was analysed for the following suite of determinands:
 - Leachate extract
- 7.2.10 5No, samples of the various sub-surface materials were analysed for the following suite of determinands:
 - Asbestos ID
- 7.2.11 The analytical results of all the chemical testing undertaken are presented in full in Appendix B.
- 7.3 Current Guidance on Interpretation of Analytical Data
- 7.3.1 The UK approach to contaminated land is based upon the principles of risk assessment. This in turn is founded upon the use of so called source->pathway->receptor/target principles in order to establish the presence, or potential presence, of a pollutant linkage.
- 7.3.2 PSA Design adopts a tiered approach to risk assessment that is consistent with UK guidance. The initial step (tier 1) is the comparison of site data with published guidance levels or remedial targets. In March 2002 DEFRA and the Environment Agency published a series of technical research papers (R&D Publications CLR7,8,9 &10) introducing a new approach to the assessment of risk to human health from land contamination. This research includes the development of the new CLEA model and the Soil Guidance Values (SGV's).

- 7.3.3 Currently, these guidelines only address seven contaminants and the development of both the CLEA model and additional SGV's is ongoing. Where published, SGV's have been utilised as intervention values for the purpose of a Tier 1 assessment.
- 7.3.4 For chemical determinants that have yet to have an SGV published alternative literature guidance sources have been used to create a generic assessment criteria (GAC). These sources are as follows:
 - LQM/CIEH (2015) Suitable 4 Use Levels for Human Health Risk Assessment
 - EIC/AGS/CL:AIRE (2009) Soil Generic Assessment Criteria for Human Health Risk Assessment
 - BRE (2005) Concrete in Aggressive Ground BRE Special Digest SD1
 - ICRCL (1987) Guidance on the Assessment and Redevelopment of Conteminated Land Note 59/83 (Landscaped/buildings), DoE
 - CIRIA C733 (2014) Asbestos in soil and made ground: a guide to understanding and managing risks.
- 7.3.5 The potential risk to building material is considered through reference to relevant BRE Digests, with particular emphasis on BRE Special Digest SD1, 2005: "Concrete in Aggressive Ground".
- 7.3.6 Tier 1 groundwater risk assessments are undertaken by comparing leachate concentrations with the appropriate water quality standard. Depending upon the specific characteristics of the site, the appropriate standard may be one of the following:
 - Water Supply (Water Quality) Regulations, 1989.
 - Environmental Quality Standards (for freshwater)
 - The surface Waters (abstraction for drinking water) Regulations
 - United Utilities (water supply pipes) Trigger and Action Levels for inorganic and organic contaminants.
 - Guidance for the Selection of Water Supply Pipes to be used in Brownfield Sites (10/WM/03/21) [UK Water industry Research], 2011.
 - United Utilities Water Supplementary guidance for the selection of water pipes in land potentially affected by contamination, July 2011
- 7.3.7 Since the withdrawal of the ICRCL values in December 2002, there has seemingly been no direct reference for the assessment of potential phyto-toxic effects of contaminants. PSA Design continue to use the former ICRCL values for copper, nickel and zinc as the withdrawal was in relation to human health implications.
- 7.3.8 Should any Tier 1 criteria-in terms of human health, environment and groundwater be exceeded, then two courses of action are available. The first is to 'break' the pollutant linkage by recommending an appropriate level of remedial action removal of

contaminated material for example. The alternative approach is to carry out a detailed risk assessment in order to determine whether contamination risks actually exist.

7.4 Contamination Results

- 7.4.1 The analytical results certificates are presented in Appendix B. Statistical analysis has been carried out on each sample as presented in Appendix C.
- 7.4.2 The preliminary screening process has been compared with the relevant SGV's and GAC's for a residential end land use, as the most suitable equivalent for the proposed development.
- 7.4.3 The residential development will be covered with associated hard standing and some landscaping/garden zones.
- 7.4.4 Several elevated US₉₅ concentrations have been calculated for the following CLEA determinands by the statistical analysis within the made ground material:
 - Lead
 - Benzo-a-pyrene [PAH]
 - Dibenzo-ah-anthracene [PAH]
 - Benzo-b-fluoranthene [PAH]
 - Sulphate

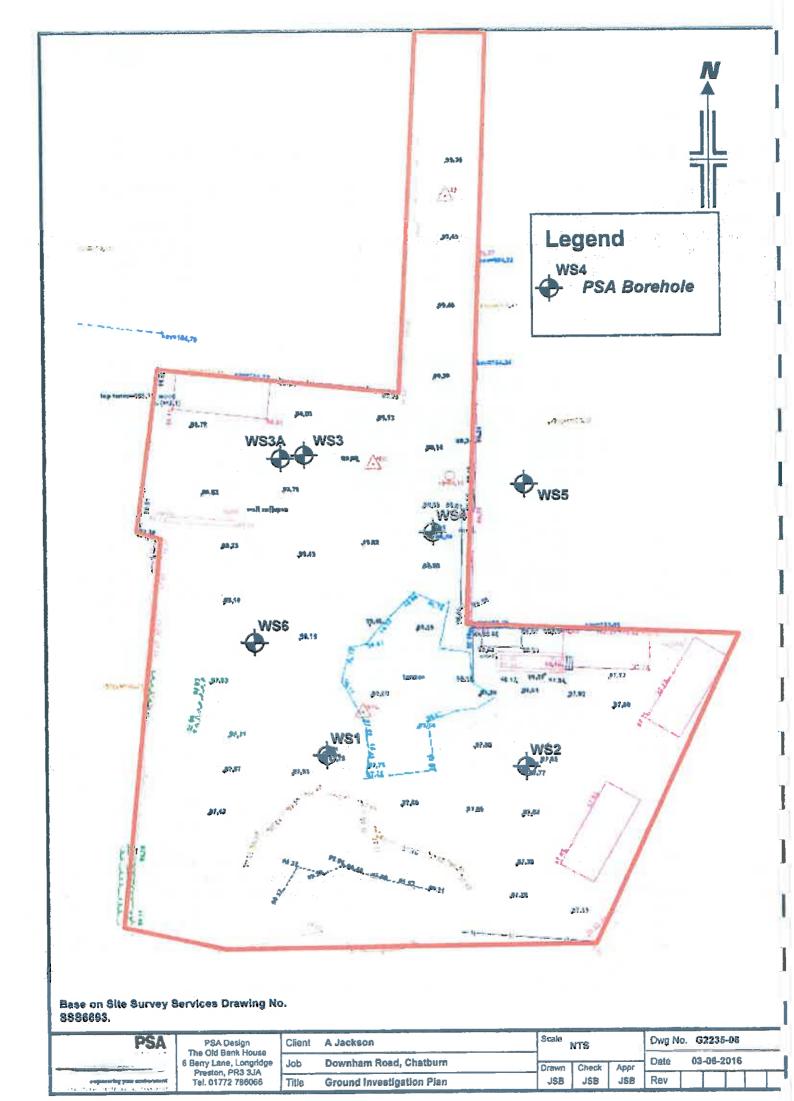
Raised levels of contamination were found within the various types of made ground across the site and at various depths. Slightly elevated levels of PAH were also found in the leachate test. The main contamination risk from hydrocarbons leaking from the tank appears not to have occurred, with testing across the site showing low values.

- 7.4.5 The chemical testing has confirmed that the residential development is at risk from significant contamination. The values would suggest that a suitable simple remediation strategy could be adopted to alleviate the risks.
- 7.4.6 No raised levels (compared to United Utilities trigger levels for ground surrounding water supply pipes on new developments) of hydrocarbons, VOC and SVOC, cresols and phenols prove that PE water supply pipes are suitable for the development.

A Jackson Downham Road, Chatburn Phase 2 Geo-Environmental Investigation & Assessment

703	ground-works.	Remediation required. Options include either confairment (by hard-standing bernier and/or removal of confaministed fill), in addition, affected garden areas will require remediation measures, either 600mm cover system &for removal of confaministed soils.	validated.	Due to the low lesting levels for the leachate testing from the GI remediation is unlikely to be required.	Due to the low testing levels for the leachate lesting from the GI remediation is unittely to be required.	For utility pipes, no higher specification barrier pipe materials are required with PE OK according to UV guidelines. Upgraded concrete specification to AC3 for formotetine.		
Remediation Measures	PPC required during ground-works.	Remediation required containment (by hard-contamina) garden areas will requesitate of contamina either 600nm covers contaminated sais.	Imported topsoil to be validated.	Due to the low testing testing testing from the GI rer	Due to the low testing testing testing from the GI rev required.	For utility pipes, no high pipe materials are required to UV guidelines. Upgrates AC-3 for foundations		
Risk Classification	Woderateflow risk	Moderate/Jow risk	Low risk	Moderate/low risk	Low risk	Moderate/low risk		
Probability	low	lew	likely	low	untikely	Moj		
Соповеренсе	medium	medium	minor	medium	rmildel	medium		
Receptor	Re-development workers	End users-residents	Landscaping Vegefation	Chatburn Brook	Groundwater	Buildings and Services		
Pathway		Inhalation, Ingestion, skin contact	Root Uptake	Groundscaler		Direct Contact		
Source	On-site historic scurces; of ground confamination arising from <i>infiii</i> materials, including metalloids, PAHs, sulphates & asbestos							

Remediation Measures	Following 3 month gas monitoring and a risk analysis based on the sile consequel model on	gas protection measures will be raquired (methane & carbon cloude) for the proposed new dwelling.	however basic radon protection measures are required.				
Rick Classification	Lowimoderate risk	Low/moderate risk	Lowinsk				
Probability	untikely	unlikely	unikely				
Consequence	Severe	Severe	Медіат				
Receptor	Re-development workers	End users-residents	Direct Contact Buildings and Services				
Pathway		Contact	Direct Contact				
Source	On & off-site sources of ground contamination (gas) arising from landfill (CO ₂ and CH ₄ gas).						



sized, sub-angular to angular composed of timestone, shale with rare tarmac, road planings, brick, concrete, coal, ash and clinker (Granular Fill). (MADE GROUND)			P	SA			PSA D		Borehole No)
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Water Samples & In Sitts Teathing Depth (m) Vager (m) (m AOD) Legard (m) (m AOD) Stratum Description (minute control of the course occasionally sightly early consciously) sightly early consciously sightly early sightly early consciously sightly early sightly ear	Clie	nt:	Alan J	ackso	n				Dates: 11/02/2016	_
MADE GROUND: Medium dense (prinler's description), dark. Gravel is predominantly the first sectionally stilling days (SRAVEL Gravel is predominantly the first sectionally stilling days) CRAVEL Gravel is predominantly the first sectionally stilling days (SRAVEL Gravel is predominantly the first sectionally stilling of the section of t	Well	Water	Samp	les & I	n Situ Testing			Legend		
A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	100	Strikes	Depth (m)	ES	Results	1.00 2.10 3.20 3.40		Legens	MADE GROUND: Medium dense (Driller's description), dark brown-gray, slightly sandy, occasionally slightly dayay GRAVEL. Gravel is predominantly fine to coarse, occasionally cobble sized, sub-angular to angular composed of limestone, shale with rare tarmac, road planings, brick, concrete, coal, ash and clinker (Granular Fill). (MADE GROUND) MADE GROUND: Firm, gray brown, gravelly-very gravelly CLAY. Gravel is predominantly fine to coarse, sub-angular, comprised of limestone, brick and shale. (Cohesive Fill). (MADE GROUND) MADE GROUND: Medium dense (Driller's description), dark brown-gray, slightly sandy, occasionally slightly claysy GRAVEL. Gravel is predominantly fine to coarse, occasionally cobble sized, sub-angular to engular composed of limestone, shale and brick (Granular Fill). (MADE GROUND) MADE GROUND: Firm, occasionally soft, dark gray, gravelly-very gravelly CLAY. Gravel is predominantly fine to coarse, sub-angular, comprised of limestone shale. (Gohesive Fill). (MADE GROUND) Very dense (driller's description) dark gray, strong, medium-coarse LiMeSTONE gravel regements. (possible weathered bedrock - Chatburn Limestone) Refusal of drilling (possible bedrock)	2
	Dom	arke:	Dramine !		man or common column belond to Clean Strate of Co.			on was a sala	A X 1981 Strain Makes Admir, char of the second makes and	-1

Remarks: Premier Plant Hydraulic Compact Rubber Tracked Percussion Drilling Rig.In-situ shear strength (IVN) in kPa, based on avg of 3 tests using Geonor H-60 Vane. 50mm HDPE Gas/Groundwater Standpipe Installation.



1	PSA					PSA De Tel: 017 Fax: 01 email: r		WS2 Sheet 1 of 1	
4. 12		eting year quadra et gains a la const	orposet						A PROCESSOR OF LATTER MARKET BOMESC SECURITY FLOOR
	ect Na mham	me Road				oject N 2235	lo.	Co-ords: -	Hole Type WS
	tion:	Chatbu	m		S. W. C. C.		1	Level:	Scale 1:50
Clie	nt:	Alan Ja	ckson					Dates: 11/02/2016	Logged By JSB
Well	Water Strikes	Sample Depth (m)	es & In Type	Situ Testing Results	Depth (m)	Level (m AOD	Legend	Stratum Description	
		0.30-0.70	ES					MADE GROUND: Dense (Driller's description), dark bro- alightly sandy, occasionally slightly clayer GRAVEL. Gre- predominantly fine to cobble sized, sub-angular to angul composed of limestone, shale, need plantings and rare to concrete, coal, ash and clinker (Granular Fill). (MADE GROUND)	ivel is
					2.00			MADE GROUND: Soft-firm, gray brown, very gravelly C is predominantly fine to coarse, sub-angular, comprised limestone and rare brick, pottery and shale. (Cohesive I (MADE GROUND)	AY. Gravel of III).
1111					3,10			MADE GROUND. Firm, occasionally soft, dark gray, gray	rycily-vory 3
•					3,30 3,35	į.		gravely CLAY. Gravel is predominantly fine to coarse, sub-angular, comprised of limestone shale. (Cohesive (MADE GROUND)	=an).
								Veny dense (driller's description) dark gray, strong, medium-coarse LIMESTONE gravel fragements. (possi bedrock - Chatburn Limestone) Refueat of drilling (possible bedrock)	ble weathered
								End of Serongle at 3,35 m	
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			Type	Results					and the second
Ren	arks.	Premier		700 1 200	nact Ru	bber T	ranked !	Percussion Drilling Rig In-situ shear	7

Premier Plant Hydraulic Compact Rubber Tracked Percussion Drilling Rig.In-situ shear strength (IVN) in kPa, based on avg of 3 tests using Geonor H-60 Vane. 50mm HDPE Gas/Groundwater Standpipe Installation.



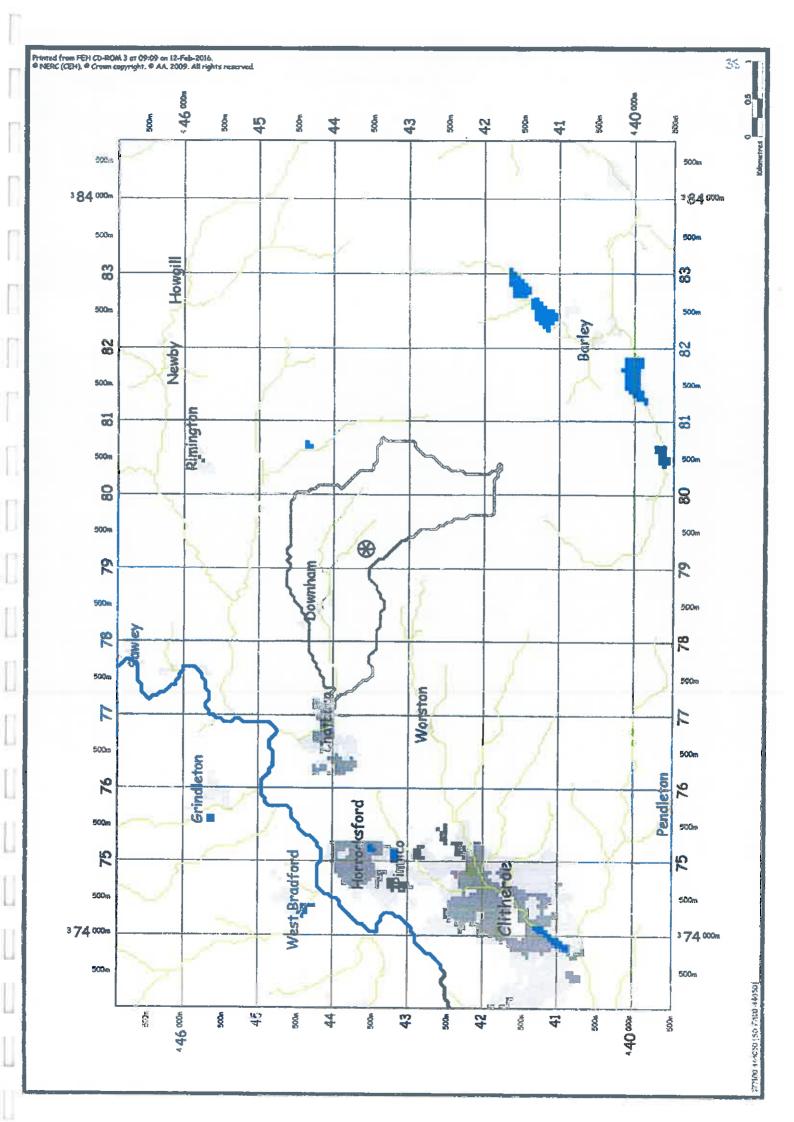
PSA	PSA Design Tel: 01772 786068 Fax: 01772 78626; email: mail@psade	5	WS3
eniglisenting your environments (** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			Sheet 1 of 1
Project Name Downham Road	Project No. G2235	Co-ords: -	Hole Type WS
Location: Chatburn		Level: -	Scale 1:50
Client: Alan Jackson		Dates: 11/02/2016	Logged By JSB
Well Water Samples & In Situ Testing [Strikes Depth (m) Type Results	Depth Level Legend (m AOD)	Stratum Description	
1 makes from 1 states	0.05	TOPSOIL: Turf over grey brown slightly organic CLAY wifine rootlets. (TOPSOIL)	th common
	0.50	Stiff, light brown, mottled grey, gravelly CLAY with fine rootlets. Gravel is fine to coarse, sub-angular, comprised limestone & shale. (Glacial Till). (GLACIAL TILL)	d of
		Very dense (chiller's description) dark grey, strong, medium-coarse LIMESTONE gravel fragements, (possit bedrock - Chathurn Limestone). Refusal of drilling (possible bedrock). End of Borahola at 0.80 m	
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Type Results			
Remarks: Premier Plant Hydraulic Compac strength (IVN) in kPa, based on a	t Rubber Tracked Pe	ercussion Drilling Rig.In-situ shear seonor H-60 Vane.	AGS

			Borehole No WS03A					
engla:	philog year amiran	11.44			email: m	all@psac	esign.co.uk	Sheet 1 of 1
Project Na Downham				Project No. G2235			Co-ords: ~	Hole Type WS
Location:					Level:	Scale 1:50		
Client:	Alan Ja	cksor	1				Dates: 11/02/2016	Logged By JSB
Weil Water Strikes	Sample Depth (m)		Situ Testing Results	Depth (m)	Level (m AQD)	Legend	Stratum Description	
	0,30	IVN 1	128	0.05			TOPSOIL:Turf over grey brown slightly organic CLA' fine rootlets. (TOPSOIL)	Y with common
				0.55	34		Stiff, fight brown, mottled grey, gravelly CLAY with fit roofets. Gravel is fine to coarse, sub-angular, comp ilmestors & shale. (Glacial Till).	ne rised of
			1.10		7.00	(GLACIAL TILL) Very dense (driller's description) dark grey, strong, medium-coerse LIMESTONE gravel fragements. (possible weathered bedrock - Chalburn Limestone). Refusel of drilling (possible bedrock). Shi of Borshele et 1.19 m		
	i							-2
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	en i connecte de la c					0		
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		Туре	Results					
Remarks:	Premier F	lant	Hydraulic Comp	act Rut 1 avg o	ber Tra f 3 tests	cked P using (ercussion Drilling Rig.In-situ shear Seonor H-60 Vans.	AGS

PSA							PSA De Tel: 01	Borehole No			
The state of the s					Fax: 01	WS4					
Confession of the Confession of Confession o						email:	mail@psi	adesign.co.uk	Sheet 1 of 1		
Project Name Downham Road						Project No. G2235 Co-ords: -				Hole Type WS	
Location: Chatburn							Level:	-	Scale 1:50		
	Clie	nt:	Alan Ja	ackso	on			Dates:	11/02/2016	Logged By JSB	
41	Well	Water	Sampl	.S 29	in Situ Testing	Depth (m)	Level	Legend		Charles Constitution	300
- 1		Strikes	Ospth (m)	Type	Results	(m) 0.29	(m AOD)		slightly sandy GR	Stratum Description : Dense (Driller's description), dark bro- tAVEL. Graval is predominantly fine to to guitar composed of limestone and road))	coarse.
	Ē					0.20			Gravel is predom	: Firm, grey brown, gravelly-very gravell inantly fine to coarse, sub-angular, com k and shale. (Cohesive Fili).	y CLAY. prised
-	LC mar 1					1.75 1.80			MADE GROUND CLAY, Gravel is s	: Soft-firm, occasionally stiff, grey brown predominantly fine to coarse, sub-angul astone. (Cohashy Fill).	n. gravelly ar.
					1				Very dense (driller's description) dark grey, strong, medium-coarse LIMESTONE gravet fragements. (possible weathered bedrock - Chatburn Limestone). Refusal of drilling (possible bedrock)		
										Brid of Screhole at 1,80 m	-
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								£ .			
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401	Rema		Premier F strength (IVNI	Results Hydraulic Comparin kPa, based on atter Standpipe Ins	ava of	3 tests	icked P using	ercussion Drillir Geonor H-60 Va	ng Rig.ln-situ shear ane. 50mm HDPE	AGS 150

PSA				Borehole No WS5	0						
					Fax: 01772 786265 email: mail@psadesign.co.uk						
and the transfer of the state o						-16-8-1	Sheet 1 of 1 Hole Type				
Project Name Downham Road					Project No. G2235			Co-ords: -	WS		
					G,	2233			Scale	\dashv	
Loca	ition:	Chatbun	n					Level: -	1:50		
Clie	nt:	Alan Jac	kson					Dates: 11/02/2016	Logged By JSB		
Well	Water Strikes	Sample Depth (m)	s & In	Situ Testing Results	Depth (m)	Level (m AOD)	Legend	Stratum Description			
		0.20-0.50	ES		0.14 0.50		****	MADE GROUND: Week, grey CONCRETE (Concrete : (MADE GROUND) MADE GROUND: Dense (Driller's description), dark br	aun arau		
					0.60			slightly sandy GRAVEL. Gravel is predominantly fine to sub-angular to angular composed of limestone (Granul (MADE GROUND)	coarse, ar Fill).	-1	
								Very dense (driller's description) dark gray, strong, medium-coarse LIMESTONE gravel fragements. (poss bedrock - Chalburn Limestone). Refusal of drilling (possible bedrock).	ible weathered		
								End of Boratiols at 0.50 m			
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·			Тура	Results							
Rer	narks:	Premier	Plani	Hydraulic Com	pact Ru	ubber T	racked	Percussion Drilling Rig.In-situ shear Geonor H-60 Vane.			

Project Na								Borehole No WS6				
		draw Season lang samu ayan dan samu da					email: mail@psadesign.co.uk					
Downham					roject N	lo.	Co-ords: -	Sheet 1 o				
Downham Road Location: Chatburn					2235	WS						
							Level:	Scale 1:50				
Client: Alan Jackson							Dates: 11/02/2016	Logged E JSB				
Well Water Strikes	Sample Depth (m)	es & In S	itu Testing Results	Depth (m)	Level (m AOD)	Legand	Stratum Description					
	0.30-0.60	ES		0.30			MADE GROUND: Dense (Oriller's description), dark b slightly sandy, occasionally slightly clayey GRAVEL. G predominantly fine to cobble sized, sub-angular to ang composed of limestone, shale, road planings and rere concrete, coal, esh and clinker (Granuler Fill). (MADE GROUND: Firm, grey brown, gravelly-very grav Gravel is predominantly fine to coarse, sub-angular, or of limestone, brick and shale. (Cohesiva Fill).	ravel is ular brick,				
				1.50			(MADE GROUND) MADE GROUND: Medium dense (Driller's description slightly clayer GRAVEL. Gravel is predominantly fine to occesionally cobble sized, sub-angular to angular, con limestone (Granular Fill). (MADE GROUND)	A PARTER				
				2.35 2.40	2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		Very dense (driller's description) derk gray, strong, medium-coarse LIMESTONE gravel fragements. (post bedrock - Chatburn Limestone). Refueal of drilling (possible bedrock). End of Borehole # 2.40 m	sible weathered				
				15								
		Туре	Results									
Remarks:				act Ruh	ber Tra	cked D	ercussion Drilling Rig.ln-situ shear					



	FEH CD-R		3	exported at	09:09:00	GM I	Fri	12-Feb-16
CATCHMENT	GB .	377100	444050	SD 77100 4	4050			
REA	4.39							
LTBAR	214							A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
SPBAR	331			:				
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D3	0.4197			1		1	1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
E	0.30324							
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Catchment desc								

VERSION Parameter	FEH CD-F	Version	3	exported a		GMT	Fri	12-Feb-16	B185
	s Design rai	i		Chatburn a	area all depths u	e adjusted		mel	
	For a poin		1	roin (asi	an aebrus a	naujusted			
Calculation	1 km point	GB	377000	444000	SD 77000	44000			
ouration=	6	1	(hours)			11000			
ixed dura	no	7							
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	d1	d2	d3	6	f		7		
-0.026			0.439	0.302	2.463		ŧ .	1	
design ra	ainfall of 82	.0 mm was	calculated.						
io warning	(s) or note	(s) were pre	sent for this	calculation	1.				
he data in	the following	ng table ha			g sliding dı	rations.		1	
47	D 45	-	10			100		500	
uration	Duration	Duration	year rainfa					year rainfall	
THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	hours	days 0.010417	mm		mm	mm		mm	
15 30	0.20	0.020833	13.86	17.68	24.22				
45		0.020033					47,49		
60		0.03123			34.71 38.14		53.44		
75		0.052083		31,14			58.11		
90	1.5			33.2	43.56		62.01 65.4		
105		0.072917	28.5	35.05	45.82				
120		0.083333		36.74			71.11	92.29	
135		0.09375		38.29			73.59		
150	2.5	0.104187		39.74	51.5		75.89		
165	2.75	0.114583	33.7	41.09	53.13		78.02		
180	3	0.125	34.8	42.37	54.67		80.03		
195		0.135417		43.58			81.92		
210	3.5	0.145833		44.73	57.5	69.4	83.7		
225	3.75			45.83	58.81				
240		0.166667		46.88	60.07		87.02		
255		0.177083	39.59	47.89	61.27	73.69	88.57	112.9	
270	4,5	0.1875	40.44	48.87	62.43	75.01	90.08		
285	4.75	0.197917	41.26	49.8	63.55	76.27	91.49	116.31	
300		0.208333	42.05	50.71	64.62	77.49	92.87	117.91	
315	5.25		42.82	51.59	65.66	78.67	94.2	119.46	
330		0.229167	43.56	52.44	66.67	79.81	95.48	120.96	
345		0.239583	44.29	53.27	67.65	80.92	96.73	122.4	
360 375	6	0.25	44.99	54.07	58.6	81.99	97.93	123.81	
390		0.260417	45.68	54.85	69.52	83.03	99.11	125.16	
405	6.75	0.270833	48.34	55.61	70.42	84.05	100.24	126.48	
420		0.291667	47.63	56.36	71.3	85.03	101.35	127.77	
435	7 25	0.302083	48.26	57.08 57.79	72.15 72.99	86	102.43	129.02	
450	7.5	0.3125	48.87	58.49		85.93	103.48	130.23	
465		0.322917	49.46	59.16	73.8 74.6	87.85	104.51	131.42	
480		0.333333	50.05	59.83	75.38	88.75 89.62	105.51 106.49	132.58	
495	8.25		50.62	60.48	76.14	90.48		133.71	
510		0.354167	51.19	61.12	76.89	91.32	107.45 108.39	134.81	
525		0.364583	51.74	61.75	77.62	92.14	109.31	135.89 136.95	
540	9	0.375	52,28	62.36	78.34	92.14	110.21	135.95	
555		0.385417	52.82	62.96	79.05	93.74	111.1	139	
570	9.5	0.395833	53.34	63.56	79.74	94.52	111.98	140	
585	9.75	0.40625	53.86	64.14	80.42	95.28	112.81	140.97	
600		0.416667	54.36	64.71	81.09	96.03	113.65	141.93	
615		0.427083	54.86	65.28	81.75	96.77	114.47	142.87	
630	10.5	0.4375	55.36	65.84	82.4	97.49	115.27	143.79	
645		0.447917	55.84	66.38	83.04	98.2	116.07	144.7	
660	17	0.458333	56.32	66.92	83.88	98.9	116.65	145.59	
675	11.25	0.46875	56.79	67.45	84.28	99.59	117.61	146.47	
690 705		0.479167	57.25	67.98	84.89	100.27	118.37	147.33	
70a:	11./5	0.489583	57.71	68.49	85.49	100.94	119.11	148.18	
735		0.5 0.510417	58.16	69	86.08	101.6	119.85	149.02	
750		0.520833	58.56	69.44	86.59	102.17	120,47	149.72	
765	12.75		58.95 59.34	69.88	87.1	102.72	121.08	150.41	
780		0.541667	59.72	70.31	87.59	103.27	121.68	151.08	
795		0.552083	60.09	70.74	88.08	103.81	122.27	151.75	
810	13.25	0.5625	80.46	71.16	88.56	104.34	122.86	152.4	
825		0.572917	60.83	71.57	89.04	104.87	123,43	153.05	
840		0.583333	61.19	71.98 72.39	89.51	105.38	124	153.69	
855		0.59375	61.55	72.79	89.97 90,43	105.89	124.56	154,31	
	1.10000		J			106.4	125.11	154.93	
870	14.5	0.604167	61.9	73.18	90.88	106.9	125.66	155.55	The second secon

29-Jun-2016 12:11

Revitalised FSR/FEH rainfall runoff method

Spreadsheet application report

377100 Version 1.4 Catchment easting Company name chatburn brook Catchment northing 444050 Project name Catchment area 4.38 Summary of model setup Resellow model parameters Routing model parameters Loss model paremeters Design reinfall parameters 25.7 T_p (hr) BL (hr) 254 1.36 C_{max} (mm) Return period (vr) 100 1.03 BR 0.65 C_{ini} (mm) 138 3.1 Duration (hr) BF₀ (m³/s) 0.4 a factor 0.83 U_k 0.8 0.1 Timestep (hr) Winter

Catchment name

Summary of results

Ligar name

Season

Paak rainfall (mm) 68.1 FEH DDF reinfall (mm) Peak flow (m³/s) Design rainfall (mm) 51.1

(131) - In 100 y y you 131 m/1ec

Date/time modelled

ulta Series	Design Rainfall	Net rainfall	Direct runoff	Baseflow	Total flow
Unit	mm	mm	m²/a	m°/a	m³/3
0.0	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.4	O.
0.1	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.4	0
0.2	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.
0.3	0.6	0,3	0.0	0.4	Q.
0.4	0.7	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.
0.5	0.8	0.4		0.4	0.
0.8	1,0	0.5	0.21	0.4	0
0.7	1.2	0.6	0,2	0,4	0
0.8	1.4	0.7		0.4	- 0
0.9	1.7	8,0		0.4	0
1.0	2.0	1.0		0.4	1
1.5	2.4	1.2	0.9	0.4	1
1.2	2.9	1.5	1.0	0.4	1
1.3	3.4	1.8	1.3	0.4	1
1.4	4.0		1.7	0.4	_ 2
1,5	4.3	2.4	2.2	0.4	- 2
1.6	4.0	2.3	2.7	0.4	. 3
1.7	3.4	2,0		0.4	3
1.8	2.0	1,7	4.0	0.4	4
1.9	2.4	1.5		0.4	5
2.0	2.0	1.3	5.5	0.4	5
2.1	1.7	1.1	5,3	0.6	- 6
2.2	1,4	0.9	7.1)	0.5	
23	1.2	0,8	7.9	0.5	. 8
2.4	1.0	0.6	8.7	0.6	9
2.5	0.8	0.5	9.5	0.6	10
2.6	0.7	0.4	10.2	0.6	10
2.7	0.0	0.4	10.9	0.7	11
2.8	0.5	0.3	11.4	0.7	12
29	0.4	0.3	11.8	0.7	12
3.0	0.3	0.2	12.1	0.8	12
3.1	0.0	0.0	12.2	8,0	13
3.2	0.0	0.0	12.2	0.9	12
3.3	0.0		12.1	0.9	13
3.4	0.0			1.0	12
3.5	G.0			1.0	12
3.8	0.0			1.0	12
2.7	0.0			1.4	44

0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

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0.0

0.0 0.0

0.0

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0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

9.4

7.9 7.4 6.9 6.5

5.7 5.3 4.9

4.8 4.2 3.9 3.8 3.2 2.9 2.5

2.4

1.8 1.6 1.3

0.9

0.5

0.4

0.3

0.1 0.1 0.1 0.0

0.0

0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

0.0

0.0 0.0

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0.0 0.0 0.0

0.0

0.0

0,0

4.0

4.2

4.5

4.6

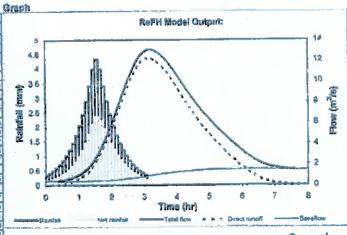
4.0

5.6

6.0

6.5

8.6



Grewit 1.9 Q1000 249

10.1 9.6 9.2 8.7 8.3 7.8 7.4 7.1 6.7

5.0 4.7

4.4

3.9 3.6 3.3 3.1 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.2

2.1 2.0 1.9

1.5

1.3 1.3 1.4

1.4

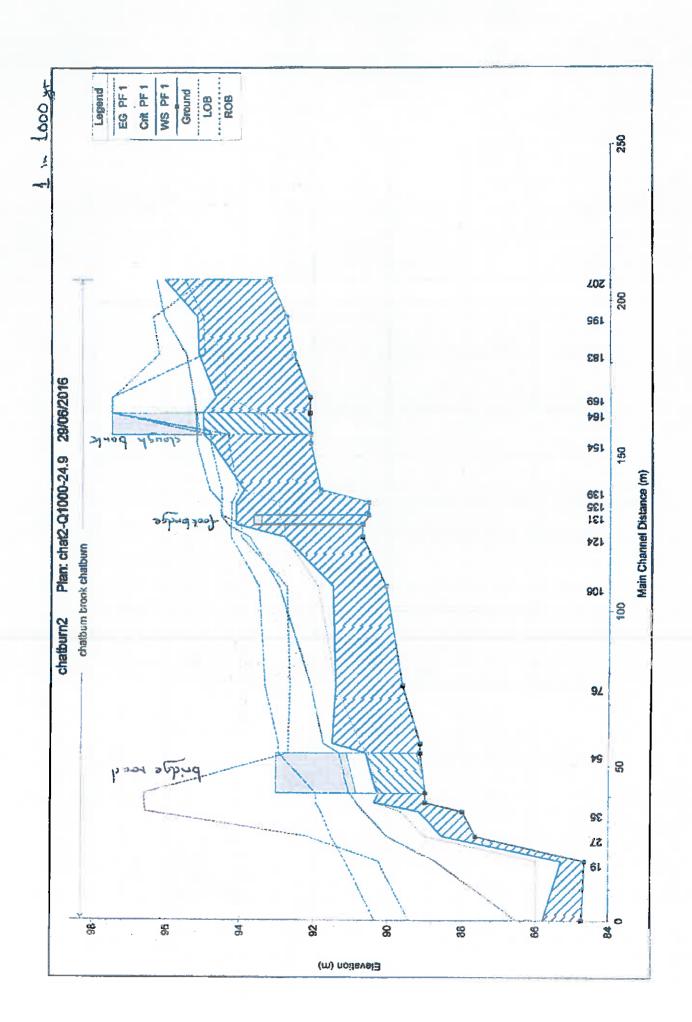
1.4

1.4

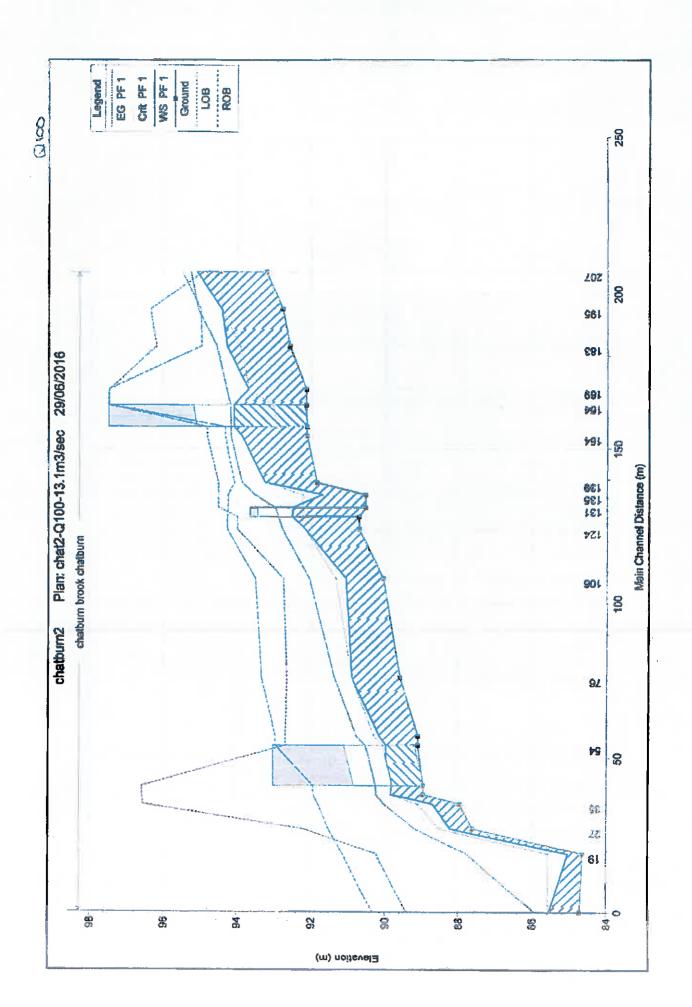
1.4 1.5 1.5 1.5

1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5

1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5



	20 40		-	1.80 Si 7. 7 V	0.00	0.80	The second secon	0,50	<u>ē</u>	0.52		5.0	585	1.0.1	0.50	to comment yet by	1.00	1.84	76.	(A. 48)	
المعالمة الم	Top Windth Froude # Chil	(em)	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	3.31	10 10	3.86		3.59	3.14	2.85		3.14	3.85	5.12	5.76		85.00	525	5.80	5.33	
<u>.</u>	Flow Area Top	(mr2)	11.98	20.03	9.62	7.27		8.55	R. P.	8.74		5.81	4.66	48.8	11.48)	8.09	19.4	4.60	3.04	
	Ved Chini	(m/s)	2.08	4.20	2.59	3.43	3	200	4.29	2.85		4.28	5,35	3,64	2.18		3.08	5,40	5.41	න ඛ	CHARLES TO STREET
	E.G. Slope	(m/m)	0.005	0.034	6.009	0.049	1 1	0.013	0.035	0.013		0,034	0.066	0.023	0.006	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	0.022	0.074	0.082	0.284	
	E.G. Elev	(iui)	96.26	90.96	95.47	95.27		95.19	94.84	94.54		93.75	95.96	92.09	94.74		80.00	90,63	90.01	68.71	
	CAWS	(W)	50.56	92.58	8	94.37			93.90	92.98		92.82	91.91	91.41	90.75		90.36	89.64	68.99	85.98	
PF 1	WS Elev	(w)	96.040	95.163	95.132			94,760	93.904	94.122		92,817	91.504		91 501		90,360	89,149	98.520	85,293	
atburn Profile	Min Ch El	-	93.210	92.770	92.580	92.140		92,120	91.850	095.06		90,710	90.060	89.600	89.110		58.950	97.970	87.620	84.650	
k Reach; ch	Q Total	(m3/s)	24.900	24,900	24.900	24.900	Cuhren	24.900	24.900	24.900	Bridge	24.900	24.900	24.900	24.900	Culvert	24.900	24.900	24.900	24.900	
uri brog	Ele-		2	12	=	0		6	60	٦		-	3	٥	v		4	3	173	N	
r. chatb	Profile		C.	ا ا	Pr 1	PF 1		PF 1	PF 1	PF-1		1 H	PF 1	PF 1	PF 1		PF1	PF 1	PF 1	PF 1	
HEC-RAS Plan: p02 River; chatburn brook Reach; chatburn Profile; PF1	River Sta		207	50	- 22	169	2	25		135	131	124	106	76	101	7	38	32		19	
C-RAS P	Reach	politica sign of the state of the state of	chatbum	chatbum	chatbun	chatbum	chatbum	chatbum	chatbum	chathum	chatbum	chatburn	chatbum	chatbum	chalbum	chatbum	chatbum	chatbum	chatbum	chatburn	



Profile		Reach River Sta Profile Q Total Min Ch	Min Ch El	El WS Elev	CH K.S.	FIG. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chai	Flow Area	Top Width	Frostoe # Chi	
		(B)(S)(E)	E		Ê	(m)	(LEGALIE)	0 200	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		07.0	
	2	13,100	93,210	95.096	94.45	95.27	0.006	1.83	7.15	yns.	4 4 4	5 TP 975
	2	13,100	92.770	94.422	94.42	65.07	0.033	3.58	3.80			}
	=	13.100	92.580	94.278	4	94.56	0.011	2.34		4	3 ,	
PF 1	0	13 100	92.140	93.689			0.028	3.44	3.81	8) 8)	8	
		Calvert	7	clough bond	٧							
	0	13 100	92 120	93.865		94.17	0.012		5.36			
	60	13.100	91.650	93,241	93.24		0.031	3,43	3.76		3 8	
	4	13.100	90.550	91.707	92.24	93.52	0.121	5.97	2.20	75.2		
1		Bridge		hoot bridge			The state of the s				8	
	-	13.100	90.710	92 161	92.16	92.78	0.030	3.48	3.77			
	-8	13,100	90.080	91,063	91.35	92.05	0.066	4.41	2.97			
1	-1	500	89.600	90,905.	06.06	91.37	0.023	3.03	4.33			
î.	22	13 100		90.167	90.32	90.73	0.042	3.46	3.73	2.68	C.C.	
		Culwert	bridge	ه ، در				Control of the Contro			70,	
PF 1	1	13.100	88.980	89.846	89.85	96.25	0.023	2.82				
	38	13 100	87.970			90.03	0 100	5.10				
	67	13,100	i L	88.234	88.53	89.21	0.081	4.37				
PF 1	M	13.100	84.650	85.053	-	87.79	0.407	7.33				
PH-	~	13 100	SA TRE	SA ALL	85.58	85.93	3. 0.023	2.72	4.82	7.28	2.	etteret.

weter levels

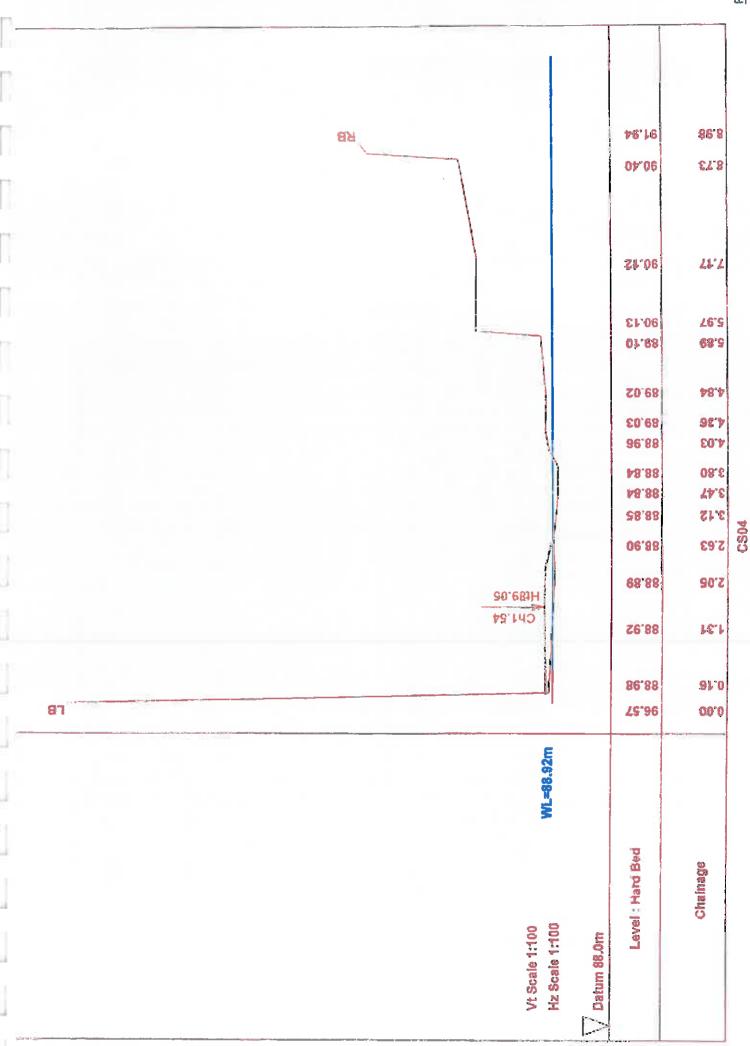
39	1	36.09	10.34
\		20.78	8Z'01
		re.88	89.6
/			
		£7.48	96°9
	ļ		
	ł	79.48	£6.8
		17.48	80.8
		19798	₽01
		19.48	28.9
	1	65.48	72.5
	J.	79.58	59.1
		£6.48	66'(
January and a state of the stat		02.88	Z9 °0
1271		86.38	14.0
BT		ZÞ.488	00'0
	4		
	WL=84.74m		
	¥		
		198	44.4
		Level : Hard Bed	Chainage
		00	C Fig.
	Hz Scale 1:106 Datum 84.0m	Leve	
	Hz Scale 1:10 Datum 84.0m	Mr. andrews	
j L	tz Sir hatur		
>	- 1 Q		

Vt Scale 1:100 Hz Scale 1:100 Datum 83.0m	Level: Hard Bed	Chainage
WL=84.88m		
	82.09 88.48	00.0 20.0
1		
	84.50	1.26
1	84.45	89.1
1	55.48	95.S
	84.58	86.S
	Z5°78	69 8
	07.48	9Z'\$
	84,75	P0'S
	62,28	5.32
	98.38	09.9
	25 78	££.8
	87.78	98.8
	90 88	98'6

CS03

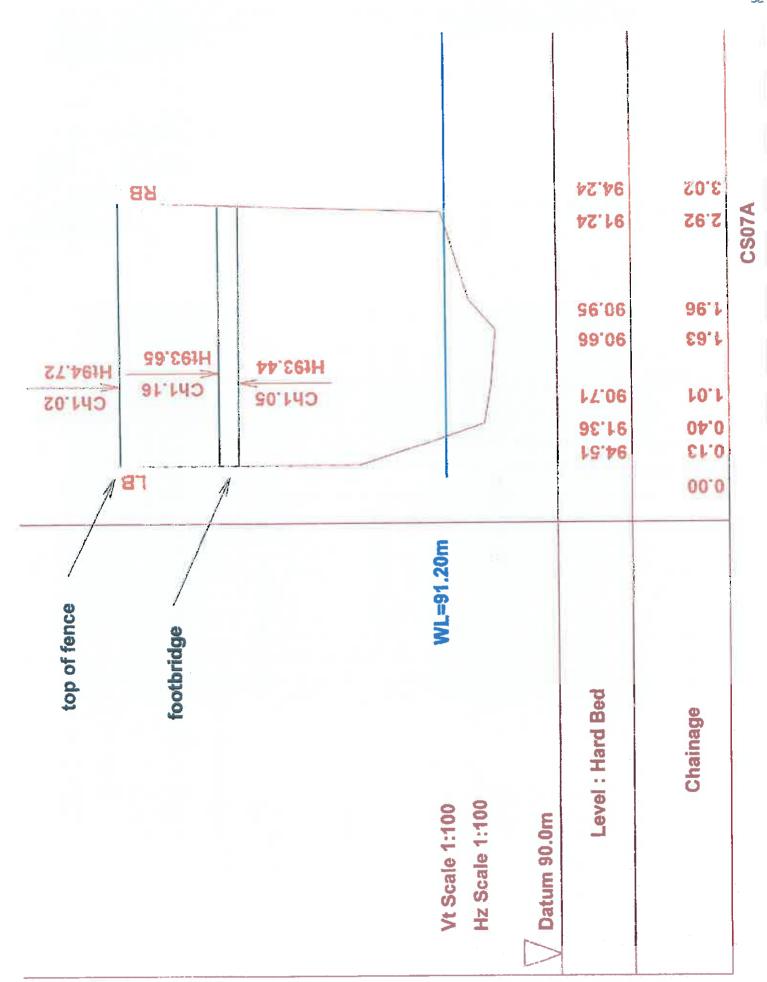
WL=87.62m WL=87.62m WL=87.62m WL=87.62m Datum 86.0m	Level : Hard Bad 92,21	Chainage 0.00
CQ. / PILA	08.78 88.78	9°00
	13.78 02.78	98.1
Ch2.73 FF187.72	£2.78	81.1
	64.78 86.78	89°
H187.12	S9.78	1/9"
	11.88	281
	16.88	76'
	Z9 ⁻ 68	09'8
88	78.68 53.16	74. 50.

		Vt Scale 1:100 WL=88.13m Hz Scale 1:100 Datum 87.0m	Level: Hard Bed	Chainage
31			46.88 49.88 70.88	00.0 20.0 00.0
			88.78 %9.78	1.24
			78.78	3.04
			02.88 88.33	3,20 57,5
			76.78 26.88	ŀ3″⊅
		1	62.28	76 .8
			£8.68	14.7
	88		61.08	88.8
			18.19	60.6



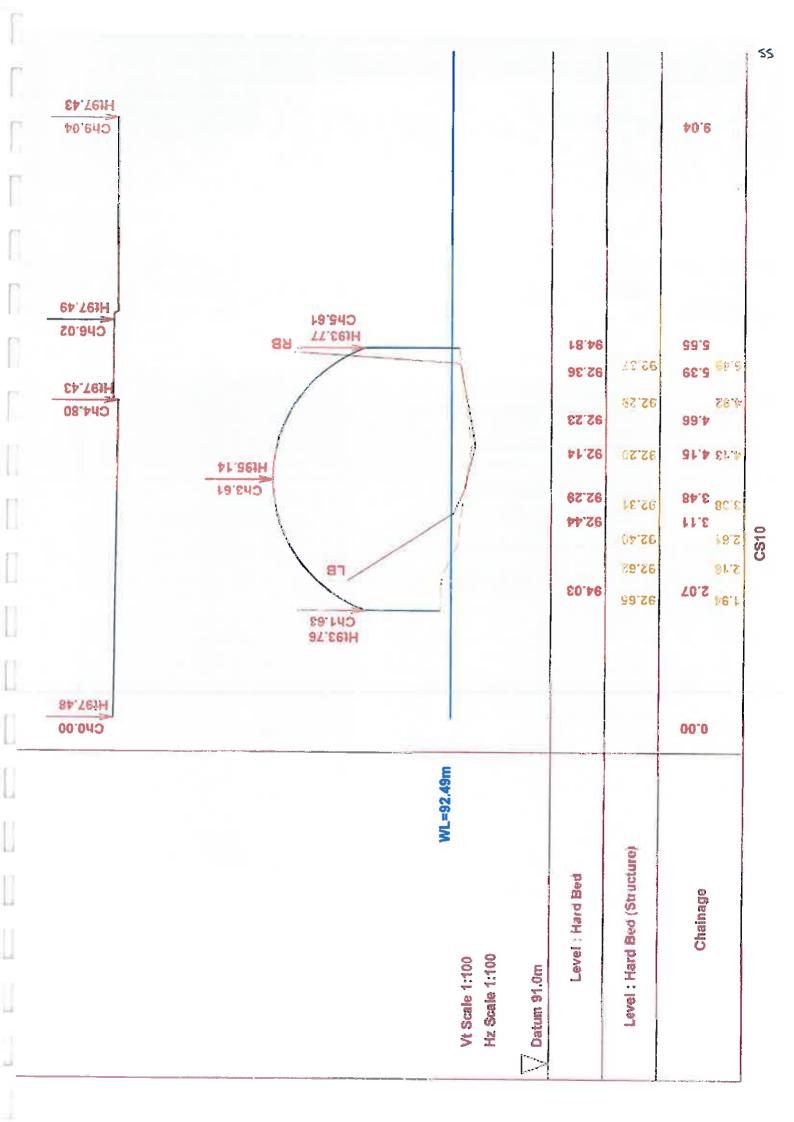
CH3.10 LB Ht93.08 Ch0.98	86.19 07.19 60.09	65.23 65.23 65.23	31.2 3.09 3.09 3.05 3.09 3.07 3.05
WL=89.47m	69'76	17.28	00.0 92.0

1.79 88.93 80.48 Ch2.39 Ch2.48 H190.36 Ch2.48 Ch2.48 88.93 00.40 Ch2.48	27	WL=90.24m	87.26	Level : Hard Bed (Structure)	00.0
7.75 Se.53 Ch3.04 Ch3.04 Ch2.39 Ch2.48 Ht90.36 Ht93.78					20.0 30.0
2,554 Ch2,39 Ch2,39 Ch2,48 Ch2,39 Ch2,48 Ch2,39 Ch2,48					
2.92 2.04 H193.78			71.06	58.88	5.14
04:0614 00:06 75.5	H193.78		90'06 90'06	90.00 40.00	Sign to the
40.491H 61.09 81.09 77.8 87.8				81.08	21.6 37.5

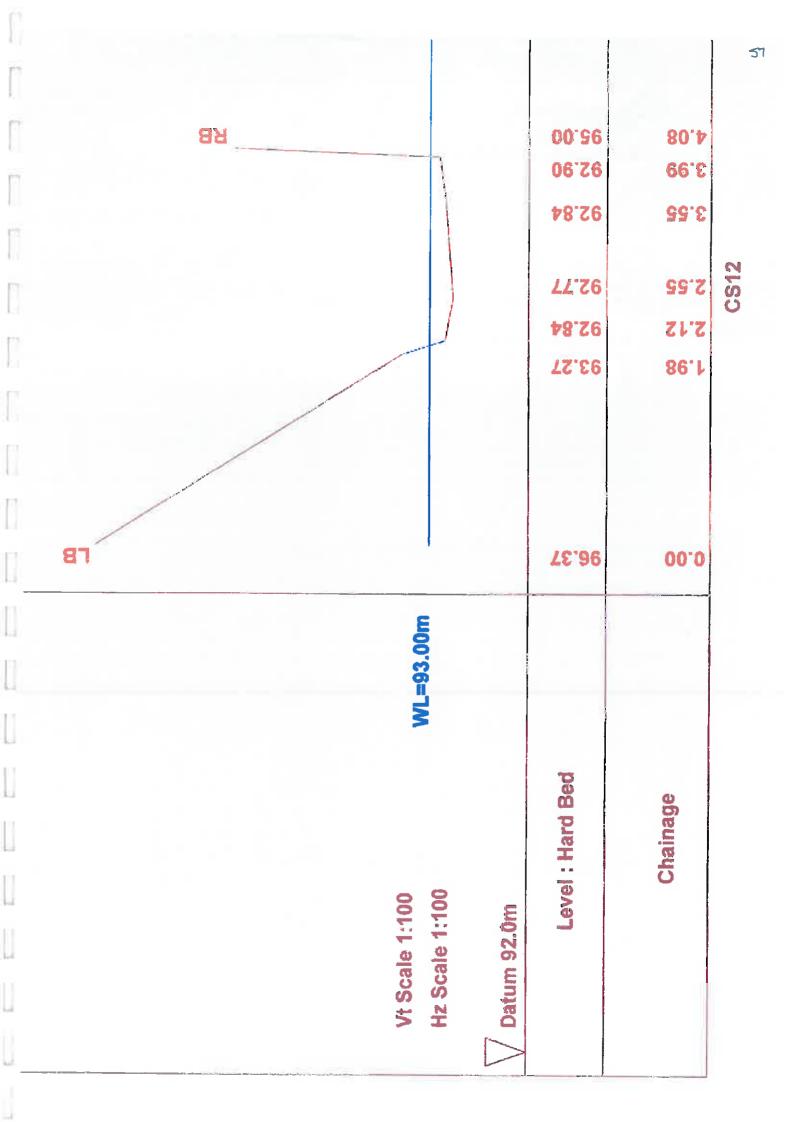


	Vt Scale 1:100 W	Level: Hard Bed	Chainage
	WL=92.18m		
87	——— —	15.46	00.0
		99.19 39.19	11.0 14.0
		58.16	69.0
		92.00	88.1
Annual for make along the		70.29	2.99
88		40.49	31.8

88		5£.46	63.5
These secretics is the shallowing equipment of the secretion of the s		92.53	83.8
		92.43	2.8₄
		92.34	2.01
		82.28	91.1
		21.Se	87.0
		92.13	\$1.0
87		28.48	00.0
	WL=92.22m		
	Vt Scale 1:100 Hz Scale 1:100	Datum 91.0m Level: Hard Bed	Chainage



Vt Scale 1:100 WL=92.78m	0m Level : Hard Bed	Chainage	
87	07.96	00'0	
	rr.56		CS11
	57.2 6	3.88	
	92.59	4.54 30.2	
BB	88.29 78.49	21,8 81.8	



HEC-RAS Version 4.1.0 Jan 2010 U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Hydrologic Engineering Center 609 Second Street Davis, California

X	X	XXXXXXX	XX	XX		XX	XX	>	X.	XXXX
X	X	X	X	X		X	Х	X	Х	X
X	X	X	X			X	X	X	X	X
XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	X		XXX	XX	XX	XXX	XXX	XXXX
X	X	X	X			X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	Х	X		X	X	X	X	×
X	X	XXXXXX	XX	XX		X	X	X	X	XXXXX

PROJECT DATA

Project Title: chatburn2 Project File: chatburn2.prj Run Date and Time: 29/06/2016 12:19:19

Project in SI units

PLAN DATA

Plan Title: chat2-Q1000-24.9

Plan File:

C:\Users\Public\Documents\rivermodels\presentmodels\chatburn2\chatburn2.p02

Geometry Title: chatburn2 Geometry File:

C:\Users\Public\Documents\rivermodels\presentmodels\chatburn2\chatburn2.g01

Flow Title : chatburnQ1000-24.9

Flow File

C:\Users\Public\Documents\rivermodels\presentmodels\chatburn2\chatburn2\f02

Plan Summary Information:

Cross Sections = Culverts = Number of: 16 Multiple Openings Inline Structures

Bridges Lateral Structures = 1

Computational Information

Water surface calculation tolerance =
Critical depth calculation tolerance =
Maximum number of iterations
Maximum difference tolerance = 0.003 20 Flow tolerance factor 0.001

Computation Options
Critical depth computed only where necessary

Conveyance Calculation Method: At breaks in n values only Friction Slope Method:

Average Conveyance

Average Conveyance Mixed Flow

Computational Flow Regime:

FLOW DATA

Flow Title: chatburnQ1000-24.9

Flow File:

C:\Users\Public\Documents\rivermodels\presentmodels\chatburn2\chatburn2\f02 Page 1

Flow Data (m3/s)

PF 1 24.9 Reach RS 207 River chatburn brook chatburn

Boundary Conditions

Upstream Profile River Reach Downstream

Normal S = chatburn brook chatburn PF 1 Normal 5 = 0.0260.026

GEOMETRY DATA

Geometry Title: chatburn2
Geometry File:
C:\Users\Public\Documents\rivermodels\presentmodels\chatburn2\chatburn2.g01

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: chatburn brook

REACH: chatburn RS: 207

INPUT

Description: cs13-ch207 Station Elevation Data Sta Elev S **חווש**ח Elev Sta Sta Elev Sta Sta Elev Sta Elev 2.25 .68 93.56 94.85 .81 93.71 1.52 0 94.95 93.43 5.13 95.5 3.2 93.36 4.01 93.36 4.8 93,21

Manning's n Values กบท= n Val Sta n Val n Val Sta 5.13 .02 .04 .02

Coeff Contr. Lengths: Left Channel Right Bank Sta: Left Right Expan. 12 12 12 0 . 1 5.13 .3

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: chatburn brook

REACH: chatburn RS: 195

INPUT

Description: cs12-ch195 Station Elevation Data num= Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Elev Sta Sta Elev 96.37 1.98 93.27 2.12 92.84 2.55 92.77 3,55 0 92.84 3.99 92.9 4.08 95

3 Manning's n Values ทนก= Sta Sta n Val Sta n Val n Val .02 .04 4.08

Bank Sta: Left Right Expan.	cha Lengths:	tburn2. Left C	rep nannel	Right	Coeff Contr.
0 4.08		12	12	12	.1
CROSS SECTION					
RIVER: chatburn brook REACH: chatburn	RS: 183				
INPUT Description: cs11-ch183 Station Elevation Data Sta	num= Elev	7 Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev Sta
Elev 0 96.2 2,99	93.11	3.88	92.73	4.54	92.71 5.05
92.59 6.15 92.58 6.16	94.97				
Manning's n Values Sta n Val Sta 0 .02 0	num= n Val .04	3 Sta 6.16	n Val .02		
Bank Sta: Left Right Expan.	Lengths:	Left C	nannel	Right	Coeff Contr.
0 6.16		14	14	14	.1
CROSS SECTION					
RIVER: chatburn brook REACH: chatburn	RS: 169				
INPUT Description: cs10-ch169 Station Elevation Data Sta Elev Sta Elev	num= Elev	7 Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev Sta
0 97.48 2.07	94.03	3.11	92.44	4.15	92.14 5.39
5.55 94.81 5.55	97.5				
Manning's n Values Sta n Val Sta 0 .02 0	num= n val .04	3 Sta 5.55	n Va1		
Bank Sta: Left Right Expan.	Lengths:	Left Ch	annel	Right	Coeff Contr.
0 5.55		15	15	15	.1
CULVERT					
RIVER: chatburn brook REACH: chatburn	RS: 164				
INPUT Description: clough bank Distance from Upstream XS Deck/Roadway Width Weir Coefficient Upstream Deck/Roadway Co	= 1.4	7			
Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord 0 97.5	Sta Hi 20	Cord L 97.5	o Cord		
Upstream Bridge Cross Sec Station Elevation Data	tion Data num=	7 Page 3			

```
chatburn2.rep
                                                                                          Sta
                                                         Elev
                                                                     Sta
                                                                              Elev
                                    Elev:
                                               Sta
      Sta
               Elev
                           Sta
                                                                             92.14
                                                                                         5,39
                                                        92.44
                                                                   4.15
                                              3.11
              97.48
                          2.07
                                   94.03
92.36
     5.55
                                    97.5
                          5.55
              94.81
                                                3
                                  num≈
Manning's n Values
                                   n Val
                                                Sta
                                                        n Val
      Sta
              n Val
                           Sta
                                               5.55
                                                           .02
                                      .04
                 . 02
                                  Coeff Contr.
                      Right
Bank Sta: Left
                                                     Expan.
                       5.55
                                                         .3
                                              :1
Downstream Deck/Roadway Coordinates
     ท⊔ฑ≃
      Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord
                                      Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord
                                               97.5
               97.5
                                       20
Downstream Bridge Cross Section Data
Station Elevation Data nume
                                                                     Sta
                                                                              Elev
                                                                                          Sta
                                                Sta
                                                         Elev
                Elev
                                     Elev
      Sta
                                                                                         2.01
                                                                    1.19
                                                                             92.28
                            .14
                                   92.13
                                                 .75
                                                        92.12
              94.82
92.34
                                               3,59
                          3.53
                                   92.53
                                                        94,33
     2.84
              92.43
                                                 3
Manning's n Values
                                  DUID:
                                                        n Val
              n Val
                            Sta
                                   n Val
                                                 Sta
       Sta
                                               3.59
                                                           .02
                              0
                                      .04
                                  coeff Contr.
                       Right
                                                      Expan.
Bank Sta: Left
                        3.59
                                                                    0 horiz. to 1.0
Upstream Embankment side slope
vertical
                                                                    0 horiz. to 1.0
Downstream Embankment side slope
vertical
Maximum allowable submergence for weir flow = Elevation at which weir flow begins = Energy head used in spillway design = Spillway height used in design =
                                                                  . 98
                                                         = Broad Crested
weir crest shape
Number of Culverts = 1
                                                Span
5.5
                                     Rise
 Culvert Name
                       Shape
                          Arch
                                         3
 Culvert #1
 FHWA Chart # 41- Arch; Corrugated metal FHWA Scale # 1 - 90 Degree headwall
 Solution Criteria = Highest U.S. EG
 Culvert Upstrm Dist Length
                                        Top n Bottom n Depth Blocked Entrance
               Exit Loss Coef
 Loss Coef
                                                                                                .3
                                          .015
                                                        .04
                   .3
               Elevation = 92.2
Centerline Station =
Upstream
Downstream Elevation = 92.1
               Centerline Station =
 CULVERT OUTPUT Profile #PF 1 Culv Group: Culvert #1
                                                Culv Full Len (m)
Culv Vel US (m/s)
                                    24.90
   Q Culv Group (m3/s)
                                                                                 1.96
   # Barrels
   Q Barrel (m3/s)
                                    24.90
                                                Culv Vel DS (m/s)
                                                                                 1.93
                                                Culv Inv El Up (m)
Culv Inv El Dn (m)
Culv Frctn Ls (m)
                                                                                92.20
92.10
   E.G. US. (m)
W.S. US. (m)
E.G. DS (m)
W.S. DS (m)
                                    95.27
                                    94.67
95.19
                                                                                 0.02
                                    94.76
                                                Culv Exit Loss (m)
                                                                                 0.00
                                               Culv Entr Loss (m)
Q Weir (m3/s)
Weir Sta Lft (m)
   Delta EG (m)
Delta WS (m)
E.G. IC (m)
                                     0.08
                                                                                 0.06
                                     0.09
                                    94.24
                                              Page 4
```

E.G. OC (m) Culvert Control Culv WS Inlet (m) Culv WS Outlet (m) Culv Nml Depth (m) Culv Crt Depth (m)	cha 95.27 Outlet 95.02 95.00 1.39 1.27	Weir Weir Weir Weir	rep Sta Rgt Submerg Max Dept Avg Dept Flow Are l Weir F	th (m) th (m) ta (m2)	97.50	
CROSS SECTION						
RIVER: chatburn brook REACH: chatburn	RS: 154					
INPUT Description: cs9-ch154 Station Elevation Data Sta Elev Sta Elev	num≃ Elev	8 Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta
92.34 94.82 .14	92.13	.75	92.12	1.19	92.28	2.01
2.84 92.43 3.53	92.53	3.59	94.33			
Manning's n Values Sta n Val Sta 0 .02 0	num= n val .04	3 5ta 3.59	n Val .02			
Bank Sta: Left Right Expan.	Lengths:	Left C	hannel	Right	Coeff	Contr.
0 3.59		15	15	15		.1
CROSS SECTION						
RIVER: chatburn brook REACH: chatburn	RS: 139					
INPUT Description: cs8-ch139 Station Elevation Data Sta Elev Sta	num= Elev	7 Sta	Elev	Sta	E]ev	Sta
Elev 0 94.51 .11	91.99	.41	91.95	. 69	91.85	1.88
92 2.99 92.07 3.18	94.07				V-7	
Manning's n Values Sta n Val Sta 0 .02 0	num= n Val .04	3 Sta 3.18	n Val .02			
Bank Sta: Left Right Expan.	Lengths:	Left C	hanne1	Right	Coeff	Contr.
.3 0 3.18		4	4	4		.1
CROSS SECTION						
RIVER: chatburn brook REACH: chatburn	RS: 135					
INPUT Description: cs7a-ch135 Station Elevation Data Sta Elev Sta	num≔ Elev	8 Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta
Elev 0 94.5 .13	94.51	.4	91.36	1.01	90.71	1.63
90.66 1.96 90.55 2.92	91.24	3.02	94.24			_
		·				

```
chatburn2.rep
                                            3
Manning's n Values
                              num=
                                                    n val
                                n val
                                             Sta
                         Sta
      Sta
           n val
                                  .04
                                           3.02
                                                      .02
        0
               .02
                         . 13
                                                                        Coeff Contra
                               Lengths: Left Channel
                                                            Right
Bank Sta: Left
                    Right
Expan.
                                                                                   .1
                                                                11
                                             11
                                                      11
                      3.02
             .13
 .3
BRIDGE
RIVER: chatburn brook
                               RS: 131
REACH: chatburn
INPUT
Description: footbridge
Distance from Upstream XS =
                                         4
Deck/Roadway Width = Weir Coefficient =
                                         3
Upstream Deck/Roadway Coordinates
     num=
      Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord
0 93.65 93.44
                                   Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord
20 93.65 93.44
Upstream Bridge Cross Section Data
Station Elevation Data num
                                             Ŕ
                                                                         Elev
                                                                                    Sta
                                                      Elev
                                                                 Sta
                                             Sta
               Elev
                          Sta
                                  Elev
      Sta
                                                                        90.71
                                                                                   1.63
                                                                1.01
                                               . 4
                                                     91.36
                                 94.51
               94.5
                          ,13
90.66
                         2.92
                                 91.24
                                            3.02
                                                     94.24
     1.96
              90.55
                                             3
Manning's n Values
                                num=
                                                     n Val
                                 n Val
                                             Sta
            n Val
                          Sta
       Sta
                                             3.02
                          .13
                                    .04
                                                       .02
                                Coeff Contr.
 Bank Sta: Left
                     Right
                      3.02
 Downstream Deck/Roadway Coordinates
     num=
                                    Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord
20 93.65 93.44
       Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord
                                                     93.44
              93.65
                       93.44
 Downstream Bridge Cross Section Data
 Station Elevation Data
                                num≔
                                                                          Elev
                                                                                     Sta
                                                      Elev.
                                                                 Sta
                          Sta
                                   Elev
                                              Sta
       Sta.
               Elev
 Elev
                                                                                   1.59
                                                                         90.94
                                             1.01
                                                     91.01
                                                                1.26
                          .14
                                  91.21
              93.98
 90.81 2.12
                                                         91
                                                                3.25
                                                                        94.26
              90.71
                         2.62
                                  90.83
                                             3.14
                                              3
 Manning's n Values
                                num=
                                 n Val
       Sta
                          Sta
                                              Sta
                                                     n Val
             n Val
                                                       . 02
                                             3.25
                            -0
                                    .04
                .02
         Q
                     Right
3.25
                                Coeff Contr.
                                                   Expan.
 Bank Sta: Left
                                           .1
                                                      .3
                                                               0 horiz. to 1.0
 Upstream Embankment side slope
                                                      -
 vertical
                                                                O horiz. to 1.0
 Downstream Embankment side slope
                                                      =
 vertical
 Maximum allowable submergence for weir flow = Elevation at which weir flow begins = Energy head used in spillway design = Spillway height used in design = Weir creet than
                                                              .98
                                                      Broad Crested
 Weir crest shape
 Number of Bridge Coefficient Sets = 1
```

Low Flow Methods and Data Energy Selected Low Flow Methods = Energy

High Flow Method

Pressure and Weir flow Submerged Inlet Cd
Submerged Inlet + Outlet Cd .5 Max Low Cord

Additional Bridge Parameters

Add Friction component to Momentum Do not add Weight component to Momentum

Class B flow critical depth computations use critical depth
inside the bridge at the upstream end

Criteria to check for pressure flow = Upstream energy grade line

BRIDGE OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

E.G. US. (m) Inside BR DS	94.54	Element	Inside BR US
W.S. US. (m) 94.36	94.12	E.G. Elev (m)	94.54
Q Total (m3/s) 94.12	24.90	W.S. Elev (m)	94.12
Q Bridge (m3/s)	21.57	Crit W.S. (m)	92.98
92.83 Q Weir (m3/s) 3.41	3.33	Max Chl Dpth (m)	3.57
Weir Sta Lft (m)	0.00	Vel Total (m/s)	0.00
Weir Sta Rgt (m)	3.02	Flow Area (m2)	
Weir Submerg	0.00	Froude # Chl	0.52
0.46 Weir Max Depth (m)	0.89	Specif Force (m3)	21.48
22.18 Min El Weir Flow (m)	93.65	Hydr Depth (m)	
Min El Prs (m)	93.44	W.P. Total (m)	13.85
15.13 Delta EG (m)	0.78	Conv. Total (m3/s)	
Delta WS (m)	1.30	Top Width (m)	2.85
3.25 BR Open Area (m2)	6.82	Frctn Loss (m)	
BR Open Vel (m/s)	3.16	C&E Loss (m)	
Coef of Q		Shear Total (N/m2)	
Br Sel Method 0.00	Press/Weir	Power Total (N/m s)	0.00

The downstream water surface is below the minimum elevation for pressure flow. The sluice gate equations were used

for pressure flow.

Note: For the cross section inside the bridge at the upstream end, the water surface and energy have been projected from the upstream cross section. The selected bridge modeling method does not compute answers inside the bridge.

Note: For the cross section inside the bridge at the downstream end, the energy is based on critical depth over the weir. The water surface has been projected. water surface has been projected.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: chatburn brook REACH: chatburn	RS: 124					
INPUT Description: cs7-ch124 Station Elevation Data Sta Elev Sta	num= Elev	9 Sta	Elev	Sta	E]ev	Sta
Elev 0 93.98 .14	91.21	1.01	91.01	1.26	90.94	1.59
90.81 2.12 90.71 2.62	90.83	3.14	91	3.25	94.26	
Manning's n Values Sta n Val Sta 0 .02 0	num= n Val .04	3 Sta 3.25				
Bank Sta: Left Right Expan.	Lengths:				Coeff	Contr _e
0 3.25		16	16	16		A. J.L.
CROSS SECTION						
RIVER: chatburn brook REACH: chatburn	RS: 106					
INPUT Description: cs6a-ch106 Station Elevation Data Sta Elev Sta	num= Elev	9 Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta
Elev 0 92.75 .05	90.49	.99	90.4	1.79	90.28	2.54
90.17 3.04 90.14 3.32					93.5	
Manning's n Values Sta n Val Sta 0 .02 0	num= n Val .04	3 Sta 4.05	n Val			
Bank Sta: Left Right	Lengths:	Left C	nannel	Right	Coeff	Contr.
Expan. 0 4.05		32	32	32		.1
CROSS SECTION						
RIVER: chatburn brook REACH: chatburn	RS: 76					
INPUT Description: cs6-ch76 Station Elevation Data Sta Elev Sta	num= Elev	11 Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta
Elev 0 92.65 1.4	92.28	3.44	91.79	4.23	91.42	4,44
91.11 5.76 89.6 8.07	89.92	8.32	90.11	9.31	90.27	9.4
92.43 9.86 93.33	5.76					
Manning's n Values Sta π Val Sta 0 .02 0		3 Sta 9.86	n Val			
Bank Sta: Left Right	Lengths:	Left C	hannel	Right	Coeff	Contr.
Expan. 0 9.86		19	19	19		.1
3		Page 8				

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: chatburn brook RS: 57 REACH: chatburn INPUT Description: cs5-ch57 Station Elevation Data num= 13 Elev Sta Elev Sta E1ev Sta Sta Elev Sta 91.7 92.69 3.09 0 3.11 90.06 4.28 89.79 5.18 89.68 5.51 89.38 6.44 6.07 89.47 89.23 7.25 89.11 7.86 89.25 8.36 89.34 8.74 89.33 8.93 92.96 Manning's n Values 3 numa n Val **Sta** n Val Sta n Val 8.93 .02 .04 .02 Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contra Expan. 0

19

19

19

.1

CULVERT

.3

RIVER: chatburn brook

REACH: chatburn RS: 54

INPUT

Description: arch road bridge-bridge rd
Distance from Upstream XS = 3 Distance from Upstream XS = Deck/Roadway Width = Weir Coefficient = 1.4 Upstream Deck/Roadway Coordinates

8.93

num= Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord 93.03 93.03 0 20

Upstream Bridge Cross Section Data Station Elevation Data 13 num= Elev Sta Elev Sta Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev 0 92.69 3.09 91.7 90.06 3.11 4.28 89.79 5.18 89.68 5.51 89.38 6.07 89.47 6.44 89.23 7.25 89.11 7.86 89.25 8.36 89.34 8.74 89.33 8.93 92.96 Manning's n Values 3 num= Sta n Val Sta Sta n Val n Val .04 8.93 .02

Coeff Contr. Bank Sta: Left Right Expan. 8.93 .3 .1

Downstream Deck/Roadway Coordinates

num= Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord 93.03 93.03 20

Downstream Bridge Cross Section Data num= Station Elevation Data Elev Sta Sta Elev Sta Elev Elev Sta Sta Elev 96.57 .16 88.98 5.89 89.1 5.97 90.13 7.17 90.12

```
chatburn2.rep
                                     91.94
                90.4
                            8.98
     8.73
Manning's n Values
                                    num≃
                                                    3
                                     n val
                                                            n Val
                                                    Sta
       Sta
               n Val
                             Sta
                                                                .02
                  .02
                                                   8.98
                                         . 04
                                Ō
                        Right
                                     Coeff Contr.
Bank Sta: Left
                                                          Expan.
                         8.98
                                                 .1
                                                                         0 horiz. to 1.0
Upstream Embankment side slope
vertical
                                                                          O horiz. to 1.0
Downstream Embankment side slope
vertical
Maximum allowable submergence for weir flow = Elevation at which weir flow begins = Energy head used in spillway design = Spillway height used in design =
                                                             Broad Crested
weir crest shape
Number of Culverts = 1
                                       Rise
                                                   Span
Culvert Name
                        Shape
                                       1.9
                            Arch
Culvert #1
FHWA Chart # 41- Arch; Corrugated metal FHWA Scale # 1 - 90 Degree headwall
Solution Criteria = Highest U.S. EG
Culvert Upstrm Dist Length Top n Bottom n Depth Blocked Entrance
Loss Coef Exit Loss Coef
                                                                                                        1
                                              .015
                                                            .04
                                                                           0
                     .4
                Elevation = 89.22
Upstream
                Centerline Station =
Downstream Elevation = 88.95
                Centerline Station =
CULVERT OUTPUT Profile #PF 1 Culv Group: Culvert #1
                                       24.90
                                                    Culv Full Len (m)
   Q Culv Group (m3/s)
                                                   Culv Vel US (m/s)
Culv Vel DS (m/s)
Culv Inv El Up (m)
Culv Inv El Dn (m)
                                                                                       3.80
3.97
89.22
   # Barrels
                                       24.90
   Q Barrel (m3/s)
   E.G. US. (m)
W.S. US. (m)
E.G. DS (m)
W.S. DS (m)
                                       91.74
                                                                                       88.95
                                       91.50
                                                   Culv Freth Ls (m)
Culv Exit Loss (m)
Culv Entr Loss (m)
                                                                                        0.28
                                       90.84
                                       90.36
   Delta EG (m)
Delta WS (m)
                                                    Q Weir (m3/s)
                                       1.14
91.74
                                                    Weir Sta Lft (m)
Weir Sta Rgt (m)
Weir Submerg
Weir Max Depth (m)
   E.G. IC (m)
E.G. OC (m)
                                       91.62
    Culvert Control
                                       Inlet
   Culv WS Inlet (m)
Culv WS Outlet (m)
Culv Nml Depth (m)
Culv Crt Depth (m)
                                       90.59
                                                    Weir Avg Depth (m)
Weir Flow Area (m2)
                                       90.24
                                        1.37
1.29
                                                    Min El Weir Flow (m)
                                                                                       93.03
 CROSS SECTION
 RIVER: chatburn brook
 REACH: chatburn
                                      RS: 38
 INPUT
 Description: cs4-ch38
 Station Elevation Data
                                      num=
                                                                                                   Sta
                                                                Elev
                                                                                      Elev
                 Elev
                               Sta
                                        Elev
                                                     Sta
                                                                            Sta
       Sta
 Elev
                                                                                     90.13
                                                                                                 7.17
                 96.57
                               .16
                                       88.98
                                                    5.89
                                                                89.1
                                                                           5.97
 90.12
       8.73
                             8.98
                  90.4
                                       91.94
                                                     3
 Manning's n Values
                                      num=
                                                  Page 10
```

Sta n Val Sta 0 .02		burn2. Sta 8.98	rep n val .02			
Bank Sta: Left Right	Lengths:	Left C	hannel	Right	Coeff	Contr.
Expan. 0 8.98		3	3	3		.1
CROSS SECTION						
CKO33 SECITOR						
RIVER: chatburn brook REACH: chatburn	RS: 35					
INPUT Description: cs3a-ch35 Station Elevation Data Sta Elev Sta	num= 1 Elev	7 Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta
0 96.54 .05	88.94	.6	88.07	3.93	87.97	4.51
8.88 90.19 9.09	91.81					
Manning's n Values Sta n Val Sta O .02 (3 Sta 9.09	n Val .02			
Bank Sta: Left Right Expan.	Lengths:	Left C	nannel	Right	Coeff	Contr.
0 9.09		8	8	8		.1
CROSS SECTION						
RIVER: chatburn brook REACH: chatburn	RS: 27					
INPUT Description: cs3-ch27 Station Elevation Data Sta Elev Sta Elev	num= Elev	6 Sta	EÌev	Sta	Elev	Sta
89.87 0 92.21 .02	87.62	4.64	87.65	6.34	88.91	9.47
9.62 91.53						
Manning's n Values Sta n Val Sta 0 .02 0		3 Sta 9.62	n Val .02			
Bank Sta: Left Right Expan:	Lengths:	Left Ch	annel	Right	Coeff	Contr.
0 9.62		8	8	8		11
CROSS SECTION						
RIVER: chatburn brook REACH: chatburn	RS: 19					
INPUT Description: cs2-ch19 Station Elevation Data Sta Elev Sta	num= Elev	9 Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	C+-
Elev 0 90.25 .05		5.04	84.75	5.32	85.29	Sta 6.5
85.36 8.33 87.42 8.86		9.86	88.06	9.99	91.15	0.3
		age 11	00.00	3.33	J-1. 1. J	
	F	agu II				

chatburn2.rep
Manning's n Values num= 3

Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val 0 .02 0 .04 9.99 .02

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr.

Expan.

0 9.99 19 19 19 .1

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: chatburn brook

REACH: chatburn RS: 0

INPUT

Description: cs1-ch0 Station Elevation Data num= Elev Sta Elev Sta Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta 10.34 10.28 87.05 6.96 84.73 .99 84.93 89.42 90.35

Manning's n Values num= 3
Sta n Val Sta n Val 5ta n Val
0 .02 0 .04 10.34 .02

Bank Sta: Left Right Coeff Contr. Expan. 0 10.34 .1 .3

SUMMARY OF MANNING'S N VALUES

River:chatburn brook

Reach	River Sta.	n1	n2	n3
chatburn	207	.02	.04	. 02
chatburn	195	.02	.04	. 02
chatburn	183	.02	. 04	- 02
chatburn	169	.02	.04	. 02
chatburn	164	Culvert		,
	154	.02	.04	. 02
chatburn	704	.02	.07	.02 .02 .02
chatburn	139	.02	.04	.02
chatburn	135	.02	.04	.02
chatburn	131	Bridge		
chatburn	124	- 02	.04	. 02
chatburn	106	.02	. 04	. 02
chatburn	76	. 02	.04	.02
chatburn	76 57	.02	.04	.02 .02 .02 .02
chatburn	54	Culvert		
chatburn	38	.02	. 04	.02
	35	.02	.04	.02
chatburn	33	.02	.04	`02
chatburn	27	.02	.04	.02 .02 .02 .02 .02
chatburn	19	.02		.02
chatburn	0	.02	.04	. 02

SUMMARY OF REACH LENGTHS

River: chatburn brook

Reach	River Sta.	Left	Channel	Right
chatburn chatburn	207 195	12 12 Page 12	12 12	12 12

		chatburn2.rep		
chatburn	183	14	14	14
chatburn	169	15	15	15
chatburn	164	Culvert		
chatburn	154	15	15	15
chatburn	139	4	4	4
chatburn	135	11	1 i	1 <u>i</u>
chatburn	131	Bridge		
chatburn	124	16	16	16
chatburn	106	32	32	32
chatburn	76	19	19	19
chatburn	57	19	19	19
chatburn	54	Culvert		
chatburn	38	3	3	3
chatburn	35	8	8	8
chatburn	27	_ 8	8	8
chatburn	19	19	19	19
chatburn	n			

SUMMARY OF CONTRACTION AND EXPANSION COEFFICIENTS River: chatburn brook

Reach	River Sta.	Contr.	Expan.
chatburn	207	.1	.3
chatburn chatburn	195	.1	• 3
chatburn	183 169	.ī	13
chatburn	164 🕬	lvert	- 3
chatburn	154	.7	3
chatburn	139	. 1	. 3
chatburn	164 Cu 154 139 135	:1	.3
chatburn	131 Bri	idge	
chatburn	124	.1	.3
chatburn	124 106 76	.1	.3 .3 .3
chatburn	76	.1	.3
chatburn chatburn	57 54 C ull	.1	.3
chatburn	38 Cu	ivert	
chatburn	35	• 4	• 3
chatburn	27	1	- 3
chatburn	19	:1	. 3
chatburn	0	.1	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,



Surface water storage requirements for sites

Site name:

downham road

Site location:

chatburn

This is an estimation of the storage volume requirements that are needed to meet normal best practice criteria in line with Environment Agency guidance "Preliminary rainfoll runoff management for developments", WS-074/A/TR1/I rev. E. (2012) and the CIRIA SUDS Manual (2007). It is not to be used for detailed design of drainage systems. It is recommended that every drainage scheme uses hydraulic modelling software to finalise volume requirements and design details before drawings are produced.

Site coordinates

Latitude:

53.89227° N

Longitude: 2.35184° W

Reference: gcw6d8z3npkb / 0.1

Date:

Greenfield runoff rates

13 Jul 2016

Site characteristics		
Total site area	0.1	ha
Significant public open space	0	ha
Area positively drained	0.1	há
Impermeable area	0.06	he
Percentage of drained area that is impermeable	60	%
Impervious area drained via infiltration	0	ha
Return period for infiltration system design	10	year
Impervious area drained to rainwater harvesting systems	0	ha
Return period for rainwater harvesting system design	10	year
Compliance factor for rainwater harvesting system design	66	%
Net site area for storage volume design	0.1	ha

Methodology

Greenfield runoff method	FEH
Volume control approach	Use Long Term Storage
Qmed estimation method	Calculate from BFI and SAAR
BFI and SPR estimation method	Specify BFI and SPR manually
HOST class	N/A
BFI / BFIHOST	0.36
SPR / SPRHOST	0.41
Qmed	1.393
Qbar / Qmed Conversion Factor	1.075

Hydrological characteristics	Default	Edited	
SAAR	1252	1252	mm
M5-60 Rainfall Depth	20	20	mm
'r' Ratio M5-60/M5-2 day	0.2	0.2	
FEH/FSR conversion factor	0.85	0.85	
Hydrological region	10	10	
Growth curve factor: 1 year	0.87	0.87	
Growth curve factor: 10 year	1.38	1.38	
Growth curve factor: 30 year	1.7	1.7	
Growth curve factor: 100 year	2.08	2.08	
Design criteria			
Climate change allowance fact	OF	1.3	
Urban creep allowance factor		1.1	
Interception rainfall depth		5	mm

	Default	Edited	
Qbar	1.50	1.50	1/s
1 in 1 year	5.00	5.00	l/s i
1 in 30 years	5.00	5.00	1/s
1 in 100 years	5.00	5.00	1/s
Please note that a minimum flow of 5 Vs app	olies to any s	iite	
			-71
Patternative of property values on			
Estimated storage volumes	Default	Edited	i
Estimated storage volumes Interception storage	Default 2.40	Edited 2.40	m³
			m³
Interception storage	2.40	2.40	
Interception storage Attenuation storage	2.40 0.00	2.40	m³
Interception storage Attenuation storage Long term storage	2.40 0.00 0.00	2.40 0.00 0.00	m³

HR Wallingford Ltd, the Environment Agency and any local authority are not hable for the performance of a drainage scheme which is based upon the output of this report



Surface water storage requirements for sites

Site name:

downham road

Site location:

chatburn

This is an estimation of the storage volume requirements that are needed to meet normal best practice criteria in line with Environment Agency guidence "Preliminary rainfall runoff management for developments", W5-074/A/TR1/1 rev. E (2012) and the CIRIA SUDS Manual (2007), It is not to be used for detailed design of drainage systems. It is recommended that every drainage scheme uses hydraulic modelling software to finalise volume requirements and design details before drawings are produced.

Site coordinates

Latitude:

53.89227" N

Longitude: 2.35184° W

Reference: gcw6d6z3npkb / 0.1

Date:

13 Jul 2016

Site characteristics		
Total site area	0,1	ha
Significant public open space	0	ha
Area positively drained	0.1	ha
Impermeable area	0.06	ha
Percentage of drained area that is impermeable	60	%
Impervious area drained via infiltration	O.	ha
Return period for infiltration system design	10	year
Impervious area drained to rainwater harvesting systems	Ð	ha
Return period for rainwater harvesting system design	10	year
Compliance factor for rainwater harvesting system design	66	%
Net site area for storage volume design	0.1	ha

Methodology

Greenfield runoff method	IH124
Volume control approach	Use Long Term Storage
Qbar estimation method	Calculate from SPR and SAAR
SPR estimation method	Calculate from SOIL type
SOIL type	4
HOST class	N/A
SPR	0.47

Hydrological characteristics	Default	Edited	
SAAR	1252	1252	mm
M5-60 Rainfall Depth	20	20	mm
'r' Ratio M5-60/M5-2 day	0.2	0.2	
FEH/FSR conversion factor	0.85	0.85	
Hydrological region	10	10	
Growth curve factor: 1 year	0.87	0.87	
Growth curve factor: 10 year	1.38	1.38	
Growth curve factor: 30 year	1.7	1.7	
Growth curve factor: 100 year	2.08	2.08	
Design criteria			
Climate change allowance fact	Climate change allowance factor		
Urban creep allowance factor		1.1	
Interception rainfall depth		5	mm

Greenfield runoff rates	Default	Edited	
Qbar	0.95	0.95	I/s
1 in 1 year	5.00	5.00	1/\$
1 in 30 years	5.00	5.00	I/s
1 in 100 years	5.00	5.00	I/s
Please note that a minimum flow of 5 l/s ap		Edited	
Plesse note that a minimum flow of 5 l/s ap Estimated storage volumes	plies to any :		m
Please note that a minimum flow of \$ I/s ap Estimated storage volumes Interception storage	pplies to any : Default	Edited	
Please note that a minimum flow of 5 l/s ap Estimated storage volumes Interception storage Attenuation storage	Default	Edited 2.40	m
Please note that a minimum flow of 5 t/s ap Estimated storage volumes Interception storage Attenuation storage Long term storage Treatment storage	Default 2.40 0.00	Edited 2.40 0.00	mi mi mi

HR Wallingford Ltd. the Environment Agency and any local authority are not liable for the performance of a drainage scheme which is based upon the output of this report

Ribble Valley Borough Council



Strategic Flood Risk Assessment -Level One-

ADOPTION REPORT
MAY 2010





RibbleValley
Local Development Framework



Sewer Flooding

Rainfall from urban areas is often drained into either man made surface water drains or "combined" surface and waste water sewers. Blockage or intense rainfall beyond the system's capacity can cause flooding. The foul sewage involved in these floods can add pollution to the flood damage.

Reservoir Flooding and Other Artificial Sources

Finally a variety of man-made structures such as reservoirs and canals, quarries and mines or adapted natural water bodies, such as artificially raised lake or ponds that store water, can cause flooding if they fail. These can be sudden and catastrophic events and may involve contaminated water. However, flooding through reservoir failure is a theoretical risk which is very small. Under DEFRA guidelines, United Utilities, which own and manage some reservoir facilities in the area, are subject to strict controls on the publication of information relating to such matters and do not consider that potential reservoir related flooding issues would be used as grounds to refuse planning permission.

4.2 Given the range of flooding sources and the area and diversity of the Borough, it is unsurprising that most of these types of flooding are relevant to the district both in terms of historic events and current risk.

Historic Floods

(source Ribble CFMP)

- A record of the major floods that have affected the Ribble catchment since 1600 has been put together from the British Hydrological Society's "Chronology of British Hydrological Events" and from the Environment Agency Section 105 River Ribble Survey in 1998. The Environment Agency study found major flood events that had been reported in local newspapers. Those which affected RVBC communities are recorded below. Other major floods were reported in 1771 and 1775, but no actual date of occurrence has been identified. The flood of 17 November 1866 caused the most serious and widespread flooding throughout the Ribble catchment over the last 200 years, affecting both upland tributaries and the main river as far as Preston.
- 4.4 Table 1 shows a list of major historical floods in the Ribble catchment that caused widespread flooding and affected local communities.

Table 1 Major historical floods recorded in the Ribble catchment and RVBC communities worst hit (Source Ribble CFMP)

1771 Ribble
1775 Ribble
1866 Ribble, Calder,
1881 Ribble, Calder, Hodder
1923 Ribble, Calder
1923 Ribble, Calder
1923 Ribble, Calder
1924 No information available
No information available
Whalley, Clitheroe, Ribchester,
Slaidburn,
Clitheroe

1936 Ribble, Hodder, Calder

Slaidburn, Whalley, Clitheroe,

Bolton-by- Bowland

1995 Ribble, Calder, Darwen 2000 Ribble, Calder, Darwen 2002 Calder, Darwen Ribchester, Ribchester, Whallev

- 4.5 Of the major historical flood events recorded there appears to have been a concentration of floods in July and August, many associated with short-lived but very intensive convectional rainstorms, often over built-up areas (for example Preston, Burnley, Blackburn) which produced rapid runoff. The months of March, April and May did not experience any major floods.
- 4.6 There is also a seasonal aspect to flooding. Research over more recent years has been carried out using flood event data from the Ribble, Calder and Darwen. All these rivers have similar high flow events, with most occurring in the autumn and winter months and fewer in spring and summer. This is what would be expected to happen for relatively large river systems responding to frontal type rainfall. Many of the smaller flooding issues in the headwaters may show a different seasonality as they are caused by short and intense summer thunderstorms rather than longer duration events.

River Flooding

- 4.7 The Environment Agency (EA) produces and regularly updates a series of Flood Zone maps for the area. The Flood Zones provide an indication of the areas that may be at risk from flooding from tidal or fluvial sources, ignoring the presence of defences or other man made infrastructure.
- 4.8 The Food Zones in the Ribble Valley District relate to fluvial flooding only. Flood Zone 2 is the extent of the area of medium flood risk, having between a 1 in 100 and 1 in 1000 annual probability of flooding (between a 1% and 0.1% risk). Flood Zone 3 is the area at high flood risk, having a 1 in 100 annual probability or more of flooding (1% or greater risk). An area not within Zone 2 or Zone 3 is designated as Flood Zone 1 ie low risk of flooding with a probability of less than 1 in 1000 (or less than 0.1%). All proposed development within Zones 2 and 3 or over 1 hectare in Zone 1 will require a FRA (see Section 6 below)
- 4.9 Within PPS25 Table D1, Zone 3 is further sub divided into Zone 3A and Zone 3B. Flood Zone 3B is defined as the functional floodplain (see 4.11 below), while Flood Zone 3A is defined as that part of Flood Zone 3 which is not within the functional flood plain. EA Flood Zone maps do not differentiate between Flood Zones 3A and 3B. Development which is considered appropriate to Flood Zone 3A and 3B are identified in Table D2 and D3 of PPS25 (see Appendix 1)

Flood Zone 3B (Functional Floodplain)

4.10 This is land where water has to flow or be stored in times of flood. It is defined as land which would flood with an annual probability of 1 in 20 (5%)

Appendix 4 - Ribble Catchment Flood Management Plan - Preferred Policies for Ribble Valley Related Policy Areas

PART 1- POLICY SELECTION

For each of the various relevant sub units of the catchment a policy has been attached from the list of generic policy options outlined below.

Policy Description

- P1 No active intervention (including flood warning and maintenance). Continue to monitor and advise.
- P2 Reduce existing flood risk management actions (accepting that flood risk will increase over time).
- P3 Continue with existing or alternative actions to manage flood risk at the current level (accepting that flood risk will increase from this baseline).
- Take further action to sustain the current level of flood risk in to the future (responding to the potential increase in risk from urban development, land use change and climate change).
- P5 Take further action to reduce flood risk.
- P6 Take action with others to store water or manage run-off in locations that provide overall flood risk reduction or environmental benefits, locally or elsewhere in the catchment

Upper Ribble and Hodder Policy Option P1

Preferred Policy -

No active intervention (including flood warning and maintenance), continue to monitor and advise

.Justification -

This very large policy unit (600km2) is predominantly rural, with only a few isolated flood risk areas / problems in the distributed villages. One water treatment works and six sewage works are at risk in a 1% event. Flood risk management activities in this policy unit are minimal due to the low numbers of people at risk, with no flood warning areas and very few if any formal flood defences. A 1-in-100 year flood (1% AEP event) would affect 230 properties, one water treatment works, six sewage works, two schools and two Scheduled Ancient Monuments, and cause £27M of damage. Up to 120 extra properties could be at risk in 100 years in a 'do nothing' scenario, as well as one extra school. It is worth noting that the policy unit is very large in area and so the damages per unit area are very low in comparison with the other policy units. Because of this, policy P5 was not chosen, and P4 was also not seen as being suitable given that the area is not earmarked for significant urban

development or land use change. The potential inundation of the Long Preston Deeps floodplain would represent a P6 policy, although this area is a very small part of the unit and initial modelling has shown that downstream benefits to flood risk of inundating this area are not significant. Despite this, during the life of the CFMP it is likely that areas of P6 policy may be developed in this unit. Given that flood risk management activities in the policy unit are minimal, policies P2 and P3 are also not suitable as they refer more to units where flood risk management activities are to maintained or reduced. Policy P1 therefore represents the dominant policy in the unit, despite some potential small areas of policy P6.

Bowland Fell Policy Option P6

Preferred Policy -

Take action with others to store water or manage run off in locations that provide overall flood risk reduction or environmental benefits, locally or elsewhere in the catchment.

Justification -

This large policy unit (102km2) lies in the upper catchment of the River Hodder, and is entirely rural. It consists mainly of moorland fell areas supporting pastoral farming. Flood risk management activities in the area are minimal, and very few properties are at risk of flooding due to the sparsely populated nature of the policy unit. Because of these reasons, policies P3, P4, and P5 were not deemed suitable due to the very low flood risk. Policy P2 was also not feasible given the already minimal flood risk management activities. Whilst a policy of P1 was feasible due to the low flood risk in the area, because of work progressing under United Utilities' SCaMP project to attenuate flows in the Bowland area, and with further potential for flood storage, policy P6 was chosen to deliver benefits to villages such as Dunsop Bridge and further downstream.

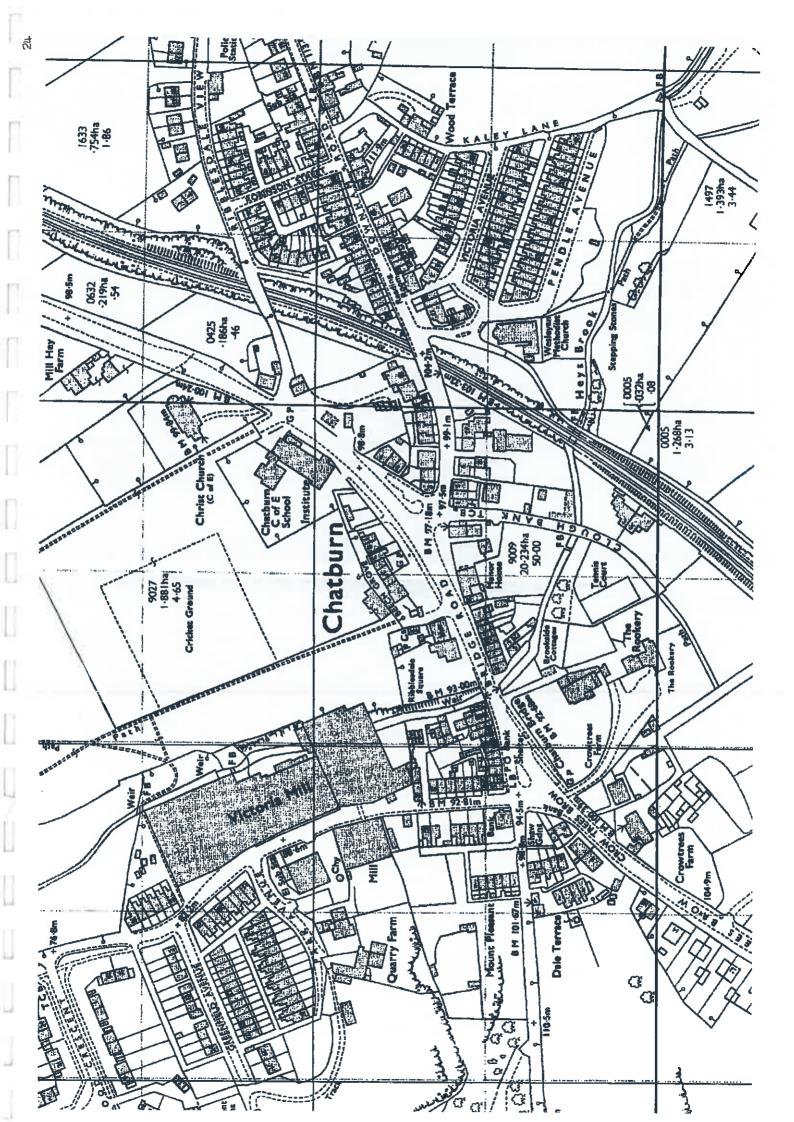
Clitheroe Policy Option P5 -

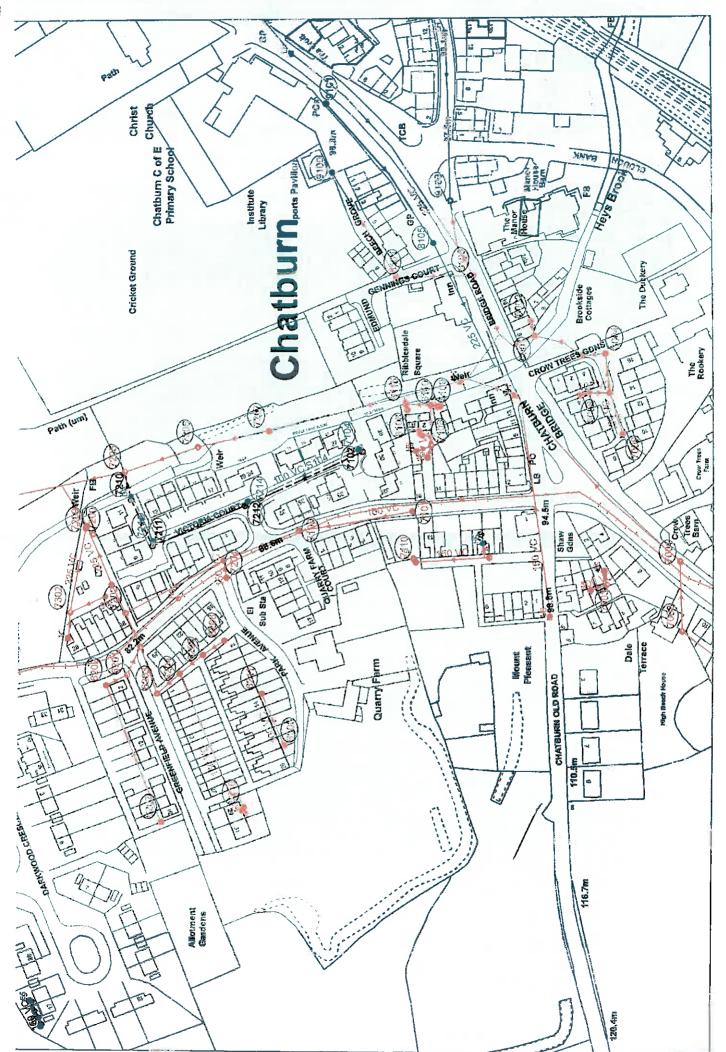
Preferred Policy -

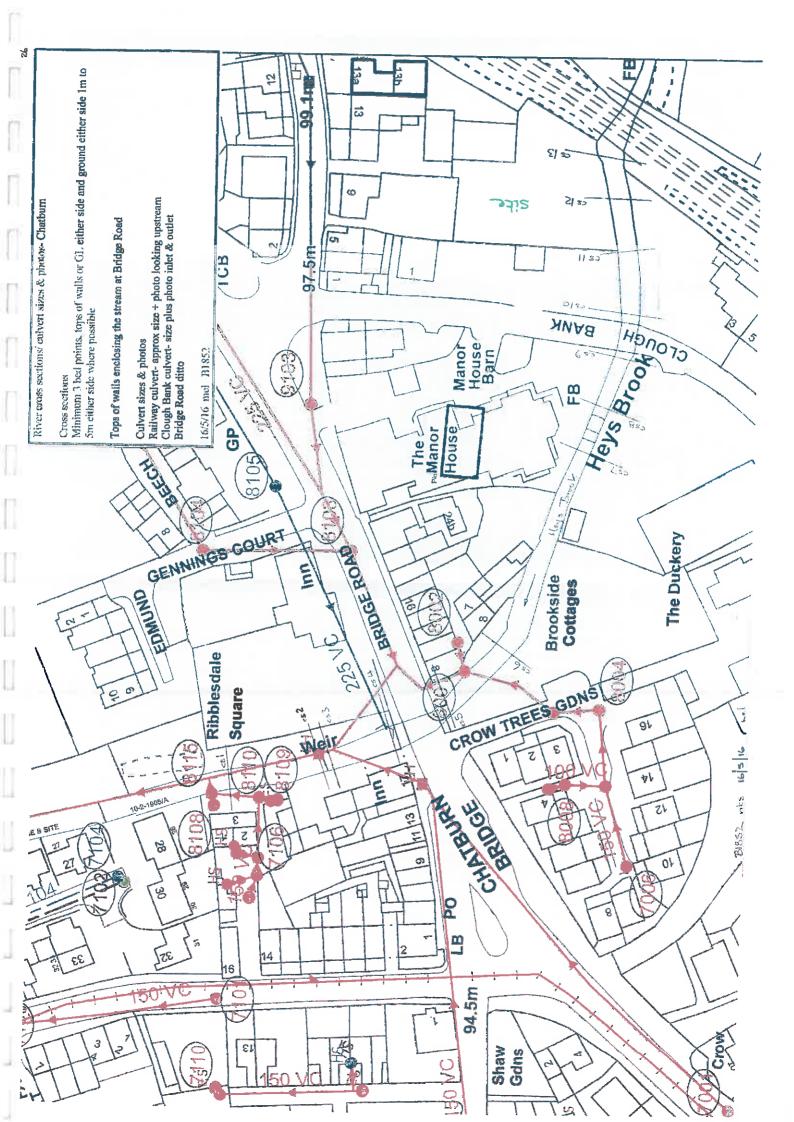
Take further action to reduce flood risk

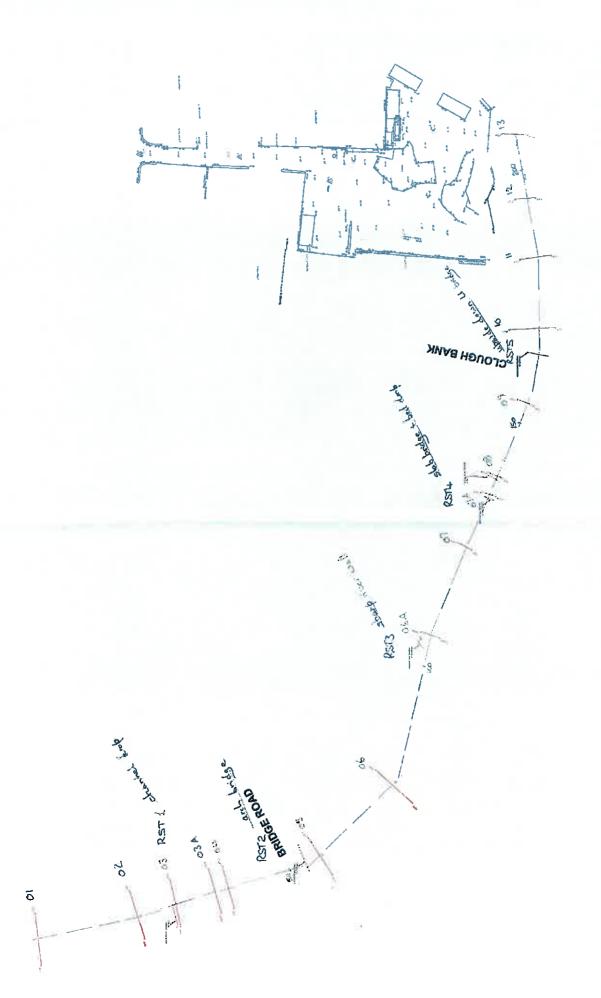
Justification -

This very small policy unit (4km2) is entirely urban, but set within a much larger rural catchment with considerable landscape, cultural and environmental interests. About 260 properties are at risk of flooding (1% AEP event), at a cost of £38M worth of damage, with a further 230 properties at risk in 100 years with a 'do nothing' scenario. In addition, 3 schools and 1 hospital are currently at risk in a 1% event, which is not forecast to increase in the future. Flood risk management activities in the town include the maintenance of screens on the inlet and outlet of culverted watercourses, general maintenance of banks of open watercourses, and the provision of formal flood warnings to the Clitheroe and Low Moor areas. Further action is

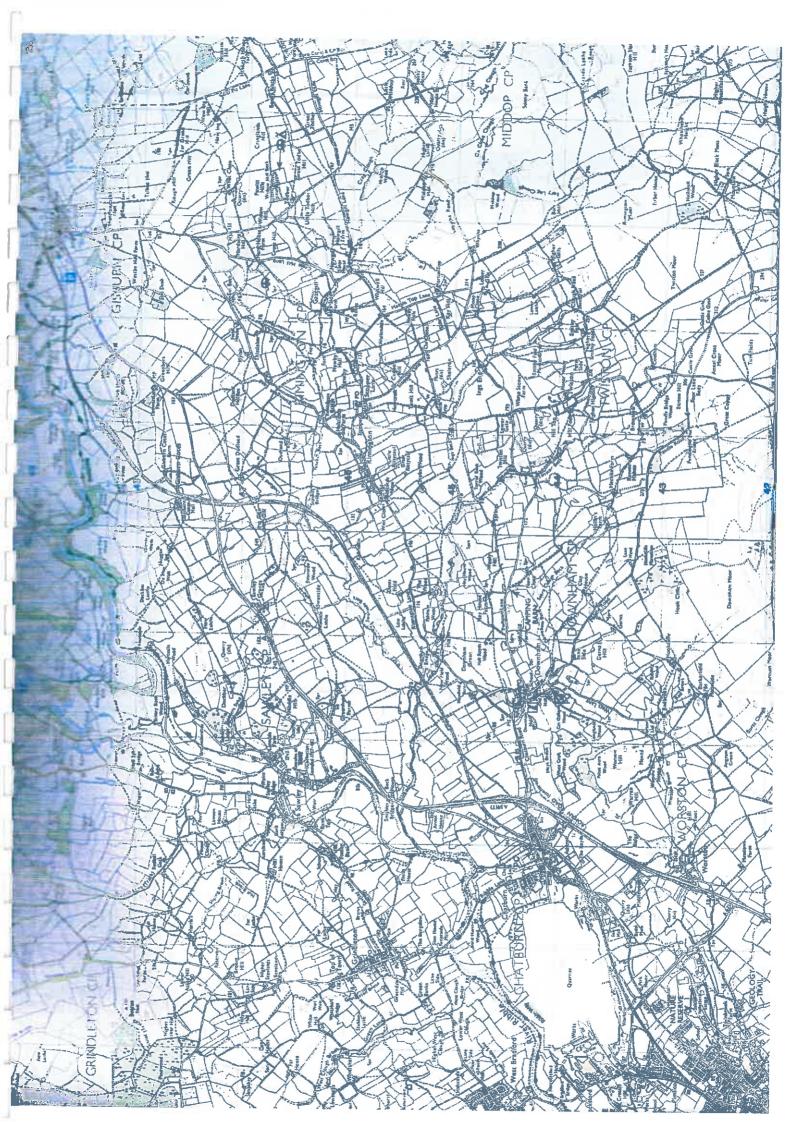


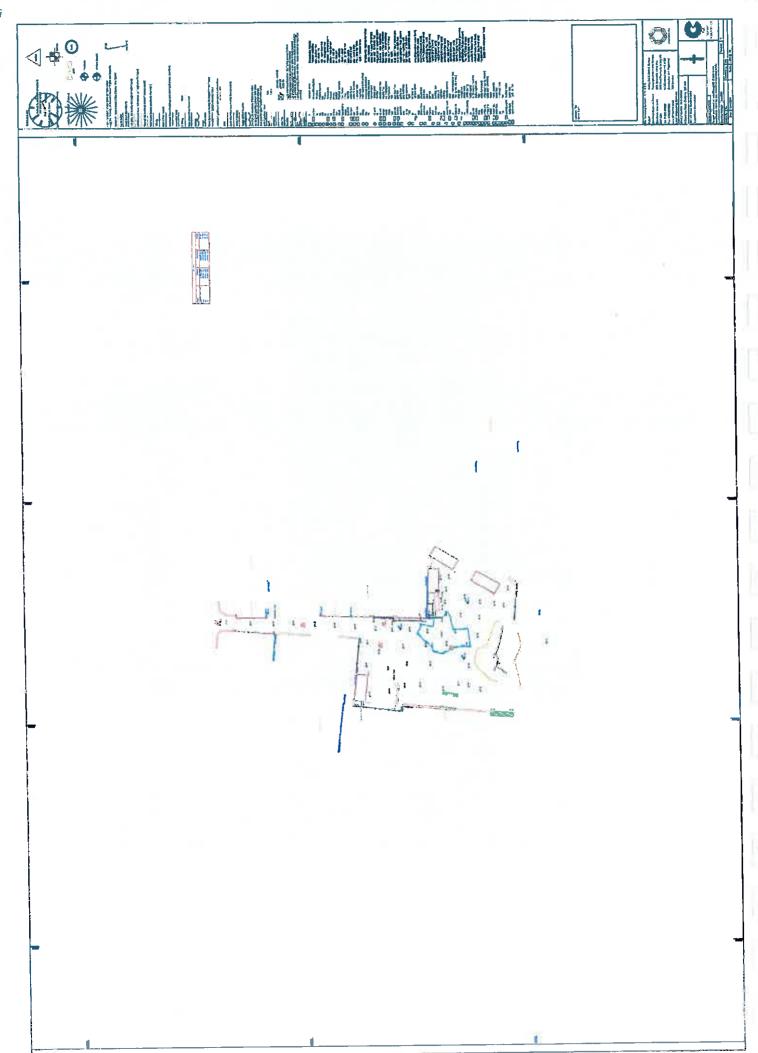




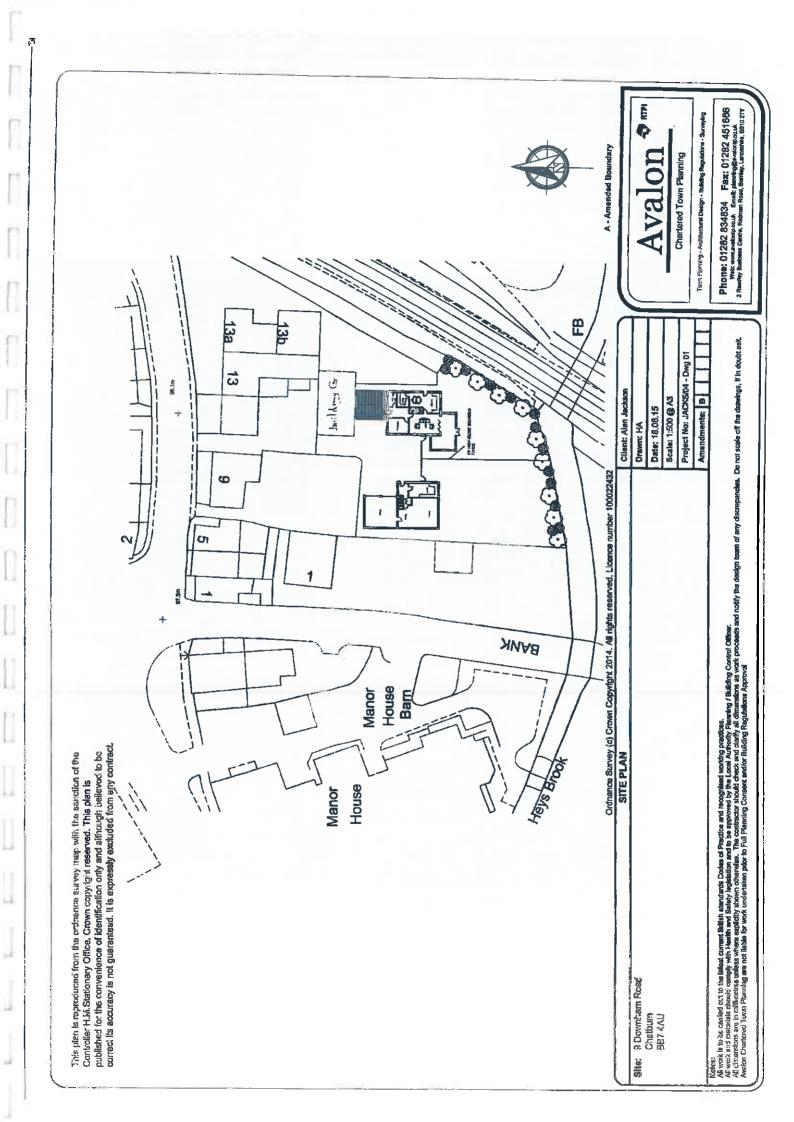


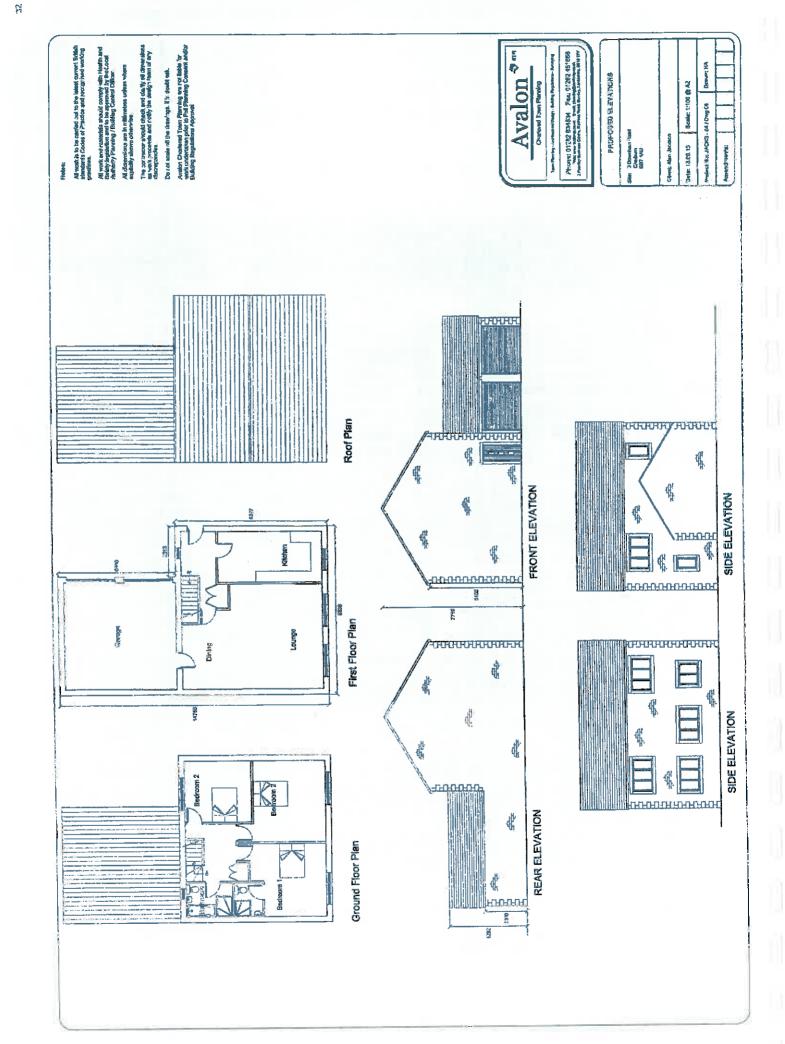
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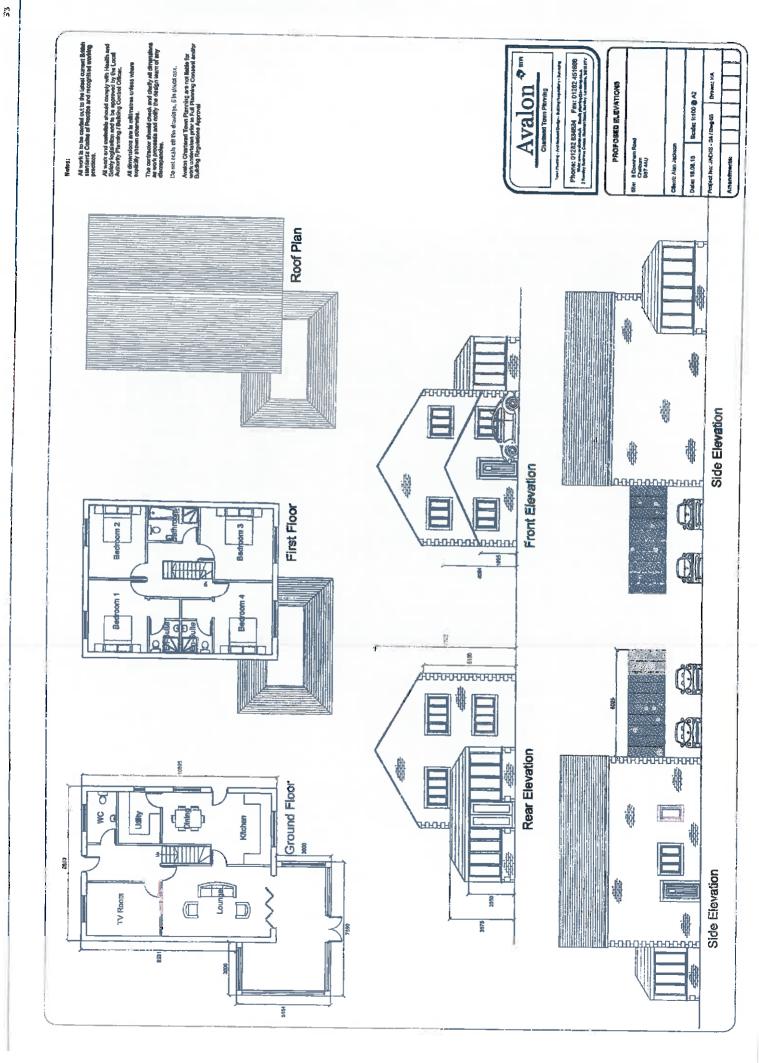




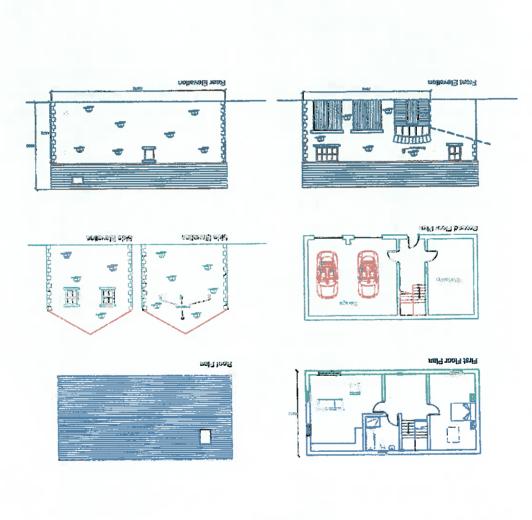




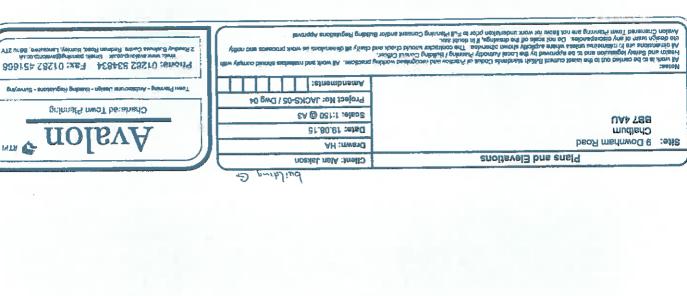




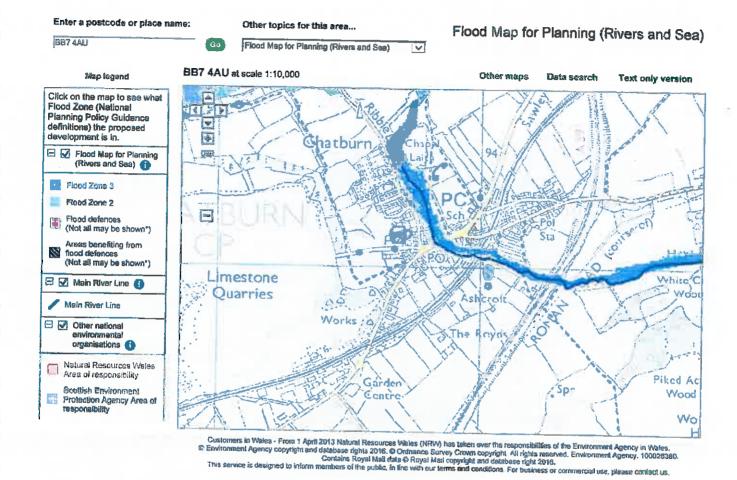
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More about flooding:

Understanding the Flood Map for Planning (Rivers and Sea)

A more detailed explanation to help you understand the flood map shown above.

Current flood warnings

We provide flood warnings online 24 hours a day. Find out the current flood warning status in your local area.

* Legend Information: Flood defences and the areas benefiting from them are gradually being added through updates. Please contact your local environment agency office for further details.

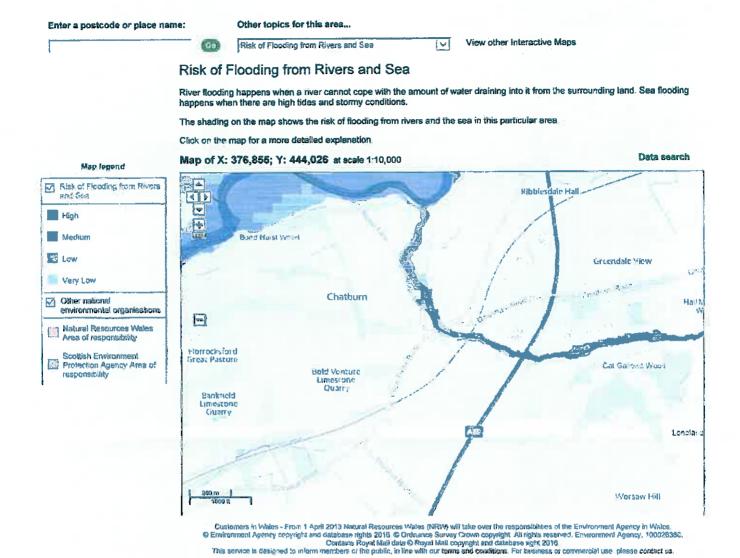
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Enter a posicode or place name: Other topics for this area...

Risk of Flooding from Surface Water

View other interactive Maps

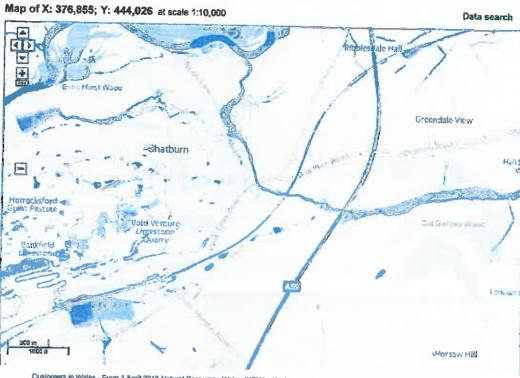
Risk of Flooding from Surface Water

Surface water flooding happens when rainwater does not drain away through the normal drainage systems or soak into the ground, but lies on or flows over the ground instead.

The shading on the map shows the risk of flooding from surface water in this particular area.

Click on the map for a more detailed explanation.

Map legend Risk of Flooding from Surface Water High + Medium Leave Very Low Other national ∹∂hatburn environmental organisations Natural Resources Wates Area of responsibility Scottish Environment
Protection Agency Area of responsibility



Customers in Wales - From 1 April 2013 Natural Resources Wales (NRW) will take over the responsibilities of the Environment Agency in Weles.

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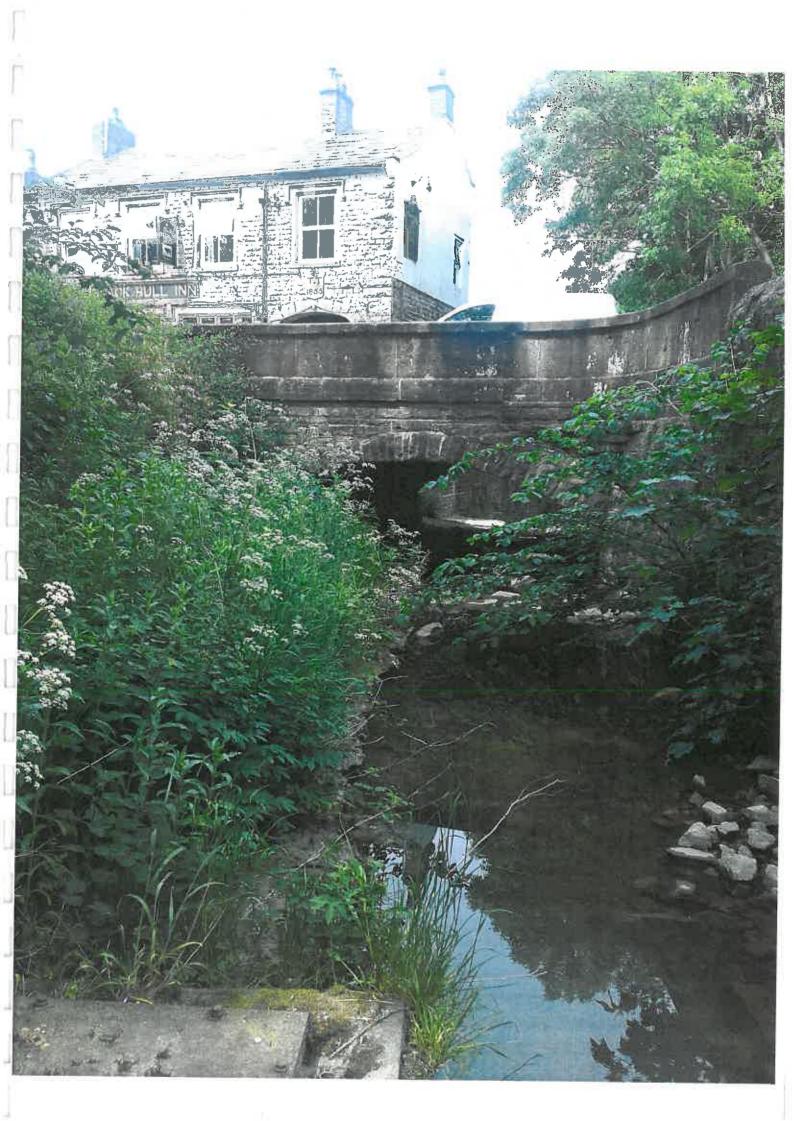
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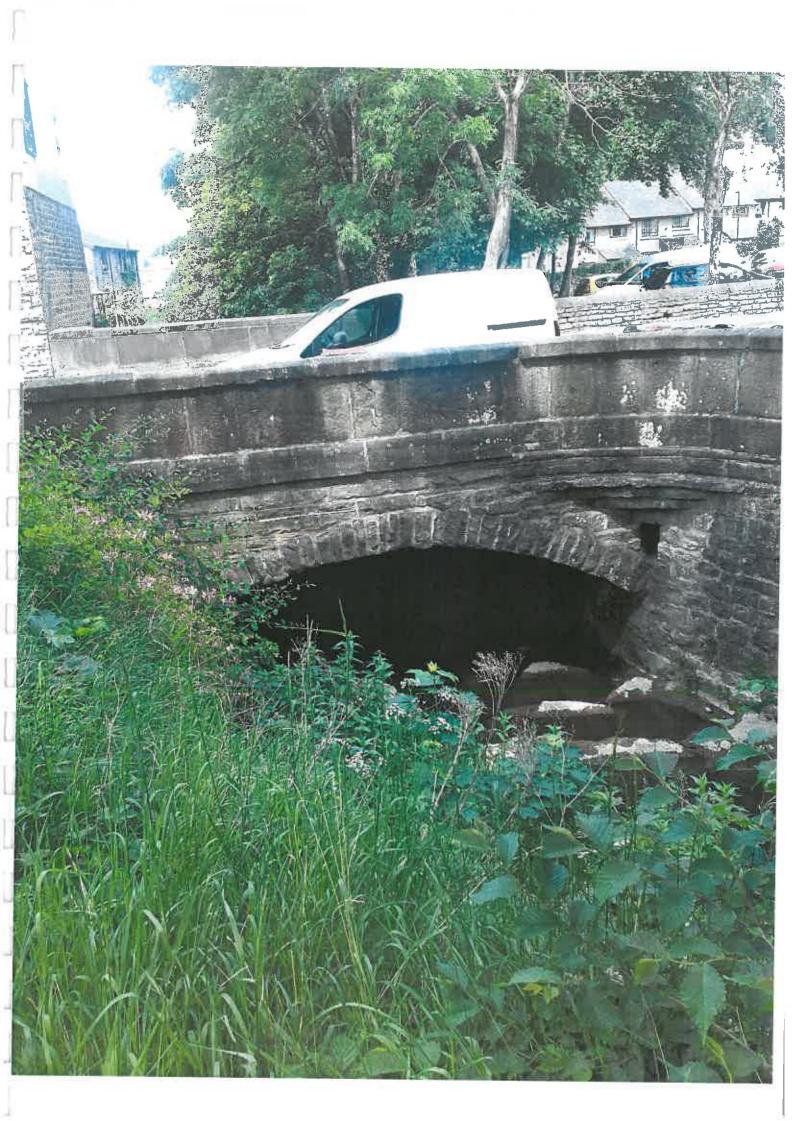
Author: The Environment Agency (snquiries@environment-agency.gov.ux Last updated: 06 May 2016

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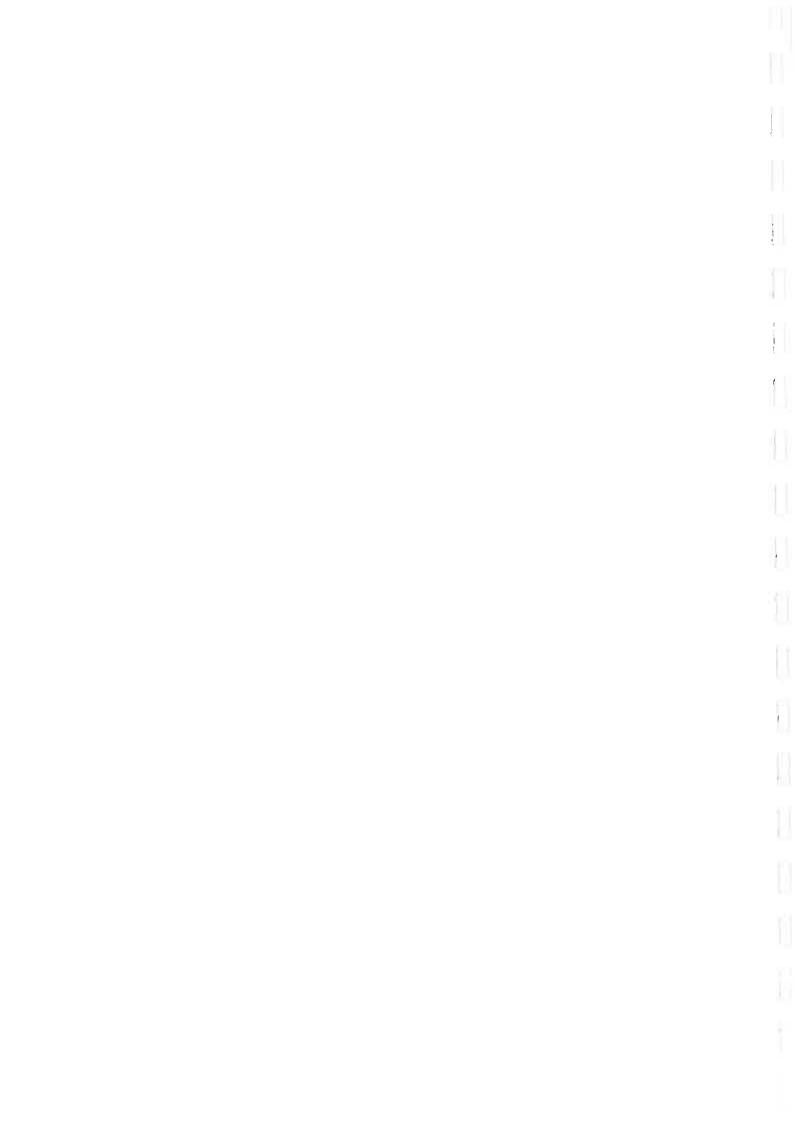
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