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Arboricultural Constraints Appraisal

in Relation to Proposed Construction of New Building at



**The Out Barn, Clough Bottom,
Bashall Eaves, Lancashire, BB7 3JH**

Prepared by:

Bowland 
Tree Consultancy Ltd

November 2018

**ARBORICULTURAL CONSTRAINTS APPRAISAL
THE OUT BARN, BASHALL EAVES**

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**ARBORICULTURAL CONSTRAINTS APPRAISAL
THE OUT BARN, BASHALL EAVES**

Project Details

Project No.: BTC1689

Site: Out Barn, Clough Bottom, Bashall Eaves, Lancashire, BB7 3JH

Agent: Avalon Town Planning

Council: Ribble Valley Borough Council

Survey Date: 21 November 2018

Surveyed by: Phill Harris MSc BSc(Hons) HND MArborA CEnv MICFor

Prepared by: Phill Harris MSc BSc(Hons) HND MArborA CEnv MICFor

Checked by: Jennie Keighley PhD MSc MArborA

Date of Issue: 22 November 2018

Version No: 1

TREE SURVEY SCHEDULE FOR ARBORICULTURAL CONSTRAINTS APPRAISAL

Site: The Out Barn, Clough Bottom, Bashall Eaves, Lancashire, BB7 3JH

Agent for Client: Avalon Town Planning

Surveyor: Phill Harris Chartered Arboriculturist

Survey Date: 21 November 2018

Job Ref: BTC1689

No.	Species	Height	Stem Diam.	Branch Spread	Branch & Canopy Clearance	Life Stage	PC	General Observations and Comments	Management Recommendations	ERC	Cat. Grade	RPA (m ²)	RPA Radius (m)
T1	Common Oak	14	760	N 6 E 6 S 6 W 6	3-W 3	M	M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> █ Growing on stone mound. █ Crown showing signs of a moderate reduction in vitality with extensive twig dieback. █ Moderately large amount of deadwood to approximately 70mm diameter. 		10+	C1	261	9.12
T2	Common Oak	14.5	620	N 6 E 7 S 7 W 6	2-N 1	M	G	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> █ Growing on stone mound. █ Minor stem lean east. 		40+	B1	174	7.44
H1	Common Hawthorn, Holly, Hazel, Blackthorn, Common Oak	≤ 4	≤ 70	≤ 4 wide	N/A ≥ 0	Y	G	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> █ Young and, as yet, evidently unmanaged hedge planted along and on stone mound. 		40+	C1	N/A	≤ 0.84

Headings and Abbreviations:

No. - Allocated sequential reference number - Tree (T), Group (G), Woodland (W) or Hedge (H) reference number - refer to plan and to numbered tags where applicable
Species: Common name
Height: In metres, to nearest half metre - where possible approximately 80% are measured using an electronic clinometer and the remainder estimated against the measured trees. In the case of Groups and Woodlands the measurement listed is that of the highest tree
Stem Diam.: In metres, to nearest 10mm - measured and calculated as per Annex C of BS5837:2012. MS = multi-stemmed, TS = twin-stemmed
Branch Spread: Crown radius measured (or estimated where considered appropriate) from the four cardinal points (north, east, south and west) to give an accurate visual representation of the crown
Branch & Canopy Clearance: Existing height above ground level, in metres, of first significant branch and direction of growth (e.g. 2.5-N) and of canopy at lowest point - to inform on crown to height ratio, potential for shading, etc.
Life Stage: Estimated age class - Y = young, SM = semi-mature, EM = early-mature, M = mature, PM = post-mature
PC: Physiological Condition - a measure of the tree(s) overall vitality. i.e. D = Dead, MD = Moribund, P = Poor, M = Moderate, G = Good
General Observations and Comments: Comments relating to the tree(s) overall condition and any other pertinent factors including structural defects, current and potential direct structural damage, physiological decline, poor form, etc.
Management Recommendations: Either Preliminary or In Consideration of the Proposal - In the case of Arboricultural Constraints Surveys the recommended management works only take existing site and tree circumstances and conditions into account and not proposed developments. Arboricultural Impact Assessment and Method Statement related
ERC: Surveys take the proposed development into consideration with recommendations made accordingly. More than one option may be given if considered appropriate
Cat. Grade: Estimated Remaining Contribution - in years as per BS5837:2012 (i.e. <10, 10+, 20+, 40+)
RPA m²: Category Grading - tree retention value listed as U, A, B or C - in accordance with BS5837:2012 Table 1
RPA Radius (m): Root Protection Area in m² - calculated area around the tree that must be appropriately protected throughout the development process in order to avoid root damage
(Estimated Dimensions): Root Protection Area Radius - in metres measured from the centre of the stem to the line of tree protection
 Where trees are located off-site, or are inaccessible for any other reason, and accurate measurements or other information cannot be taken then the information provided is estimated and is duly suffixed with a * symbol

BS5837:2012 Table 1 – Cascade Chart for Tree Quality Assessment

Category and definition	Criteria (including sub-categories where appropriate)	Identification on plan
<p>Trees unsuitable for retention (see Note)</p> <p>Category U</p> <p>Those in such a condition that they cannot realistically be retained as living trees in the context of the current land use for longer than 10 years</p>	<p>Trees that have a serious, irremediable, structural defect, such that their early loss is expected due to collapse, including those that will become unviable after removal of other category U trees (e.g. where, for whatever reason, the loss of companion shelter cannot be mitigated by pruning)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Trees that are dead or are showing signs of significant, immediate, and irreversible overall decline ▪ Trees infected with pathogens of significance to the health and/or safety of other trees nearby, or very low quality trees suppressing adjacent trees of better quality <p>Note: <i>Category U trees can have existing or potential conservation value which it might be desirable to preserve; see BS5837:2012 paragraph 4.5.7.</i></p>	Red
3. Mainly cultural values, including conservation		
2. Mainly landscape qualities		
1. Mainly arboricultural qualities		
Trees to be considered for retention		
<p>Category A</p> <p>Trees of high quality with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 40 years</p>	<p>Trees that are particularly good examples of their species, especially if rare or unusual; or those that are essential components of groups or formal or semi-formal arboricultural features (e.g. the dominant and/or principal trees within an avenue)</p>	Green
<p>Category B</p> <p>Those of moderate quality and value: those in such a condition as to make a significant contribution. A minimum of 20 years is suggested.</p>	<p>Trees present in numbers, usually as groups or woodlands, so they form distinct landscape features which attract a higher collective rating than they might as individuals. But which are not, individually, essential components of formal or semi-formal arboricultural features. For example, trees of moderate quality within an avenue that includes better, A category specimens. Or trees which are internal to the site, therefore individually having little visual impact on the wider locality</p>	Blue
<p>Category C</p> <p>Those trees of low quality and value: currently in adequate condition to remain until new planting could be established - a minimum of 10 years is suggested - or young trees with a stem diameter below 150 mm</p>	<p>Trees present in groups or woodlands, but without this conferring on them significantly greater landscape value. and/or trees offering low or only temporary screening benefit</p> <p>Note – Whilst C category trees will usually not be retained where they would impose a significant constraint on development, young trees with a stem diameter of less than 150mm should be considered for relocation</p>	Grey

DISCLAIMER

Survey Limitations: Unless otherwise stated all trees are surveyed from ground level using non-invasive techniques. The disclosure of hidden crown and stem defects, in particular where they may be above a reachable height or where trees are ivy clad or in areas of ground vegetation, cannot therefore be expected. All obvious defects, however, are reported. Detailed tree safety appraisals are only carried out under specific written instructions. Comments upon evident tree safety relate to the condition of said tree at the time of the survey only.

Unless otherwise stated all trees should be re-inspected annually in order to appraise their on-going mechanical integrity and physiological condition. It should, however, be recognised that tree condition is subject to change, for example due to the effects of disease, decay, high winds, development works, etc. Changes in land use or site conditions (e.g. development that increases access frequency) and the occurrence of severe weather incidents are also significant considerations with regards tree structural integrity and trees should therefore be re-assessed in the context of such changes and/or incidents and inspected at intervals relative to identified and varying site conditions and associated risks.

Where trees are located wholly or partially on neighbouring private third-party land then said land is not accessed and our inspection is therefore restricted to what can reasonably be seen from within the site. Stem diameters of trees located on such land are estimated. Any subsequent comments and judgments made in respect of such trees are based on these restrictions and are our preliminary opinion only. Recommendations for works to neighbouring third-party trees are only made where a potentially unacceptable risk to persons and/or property has been identified during our survey. Where significant structural defects of third-party trees are identified and associated management works are considered essential to negate any risk of harm and/or damage then we will first attempt to inform the site occupier of the issues and, if not possible, then inform the relevant Council. Where a more detailed assessment is considered necessary then appropriate recommendations are set out in the Tree Survey Schedule.

Where tree stem locations are not included on the plan(s) provided then they are plotted at the time of the survey using, where appropriate and/or practicable, a combination of measurement triangulation and GPS co-ordination. Where this is not possible then locations are estimated. Restrictions in these respects are detailed in the report.

The tree survey and any report information provided is intended as a guide to identify key tree related constraints to site development only. As such, the potential influence of trees upon existing or proposed buildings or other structures resulting from the effects of their roots abstracting water from shrinkable load-bearing soils is not considered herein. The tree survey information in its current form should not therefore be considered sufficient to determine appropriate foundation depths for new buildings. Accordingly, an updated survey, with reference to the current NHBC Standards Chapter 4.2 - Building Near Trees, must therefore be prepared for the specific purpose of informing suitable foundation depths subsequent to planning approval being granted. The advice of a structural engineer must also be sought with regard to appropriate foundation depths for new buildings.

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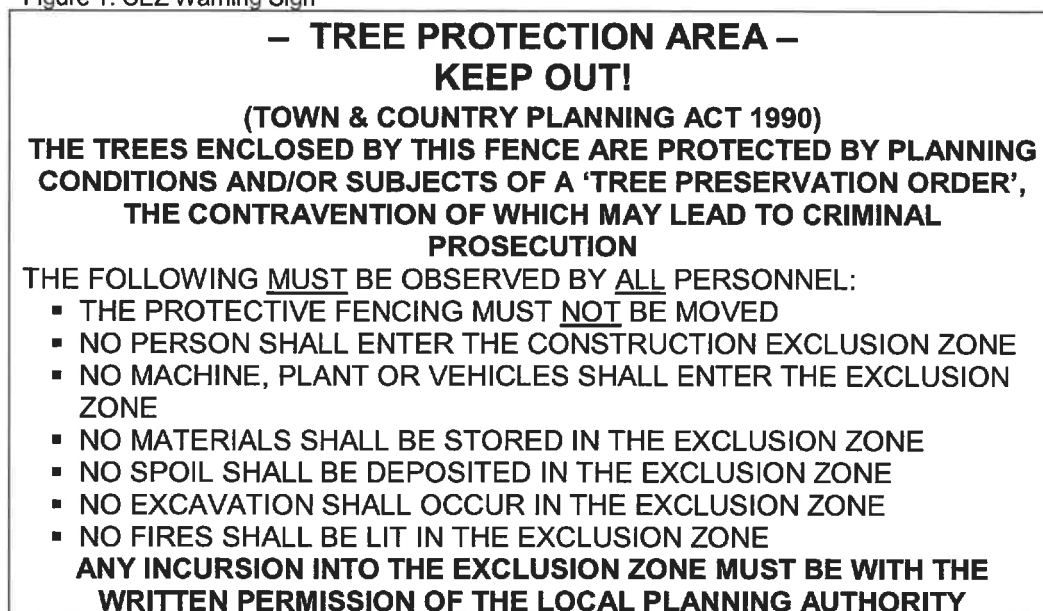
Statutory Tree Protection: It is the client's responsibility to check for the presence of any statutory tree protection measures, such as the site's location within a Conservation Area and/or the presence of any Tree Preservation Orders, directly with the applicable Council's planning department prior to scheduling or carrying out any tree works. In turn, it is also the client's responsibility to check for the need for a felling licence with the Forestry Commission prior to scheduling or carrying out any tree works. Bowland Tree Consultancy Ltd cannot be held responsible for any decisions made by the client to prune or remove trees where any such statutory protection exists.

- TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE FENCING & GROUND PROTECTION SPECIFICATION -

Construction Exclusion Zones (CEZs), shall be enclosed by **Temporary Protective Fencing** and/or, where necessary, **Temporary Ground Protection Measures**. The fencing/ground protection Type(s), locations, and extents shall be agreed, in writing, with the Local Planning Authority (LPA). In turn, the **Temporary Protective Fencing** and/or **Temporary Ground Protection Measures** shall:

1. be constructed as in accordance with the Type 1, Type 2 or Type 3 'Temporary Protective Fencing Construction' sections and, where applicable the 'Temporary Ground Protection Measures' section, as detailed herein and agreed, in advance with the LPA;
2. be retained in place throughout the development process until completion of the project, and only removed following receipt of written permission from the LPA;
3. be sited in the area(s) defined by the Root Protection Areas on the associated Tree Impact Plan, or as the CEZs on the Tree Protection Plan;
4. be erected prior to any construction, demolition or excavation works and remain in place for the duration of the project;
5. preclude any delivery of site accommodation and/or materials and/or plant machinery;
6. preclude all construction related activity, with the sole exception of specified arboricultural works and any other works to be carried out under supervision that have been agreed by all parties;
7. preclude the storage of all development related materials and substances including fuels, oils, additives, cement and/or any other deleterious substance; and
8. be affixed with a 600mm x 300mm warning sign reading "TREE PROTECTION AREA KEEP OUT" (see Figure 1, below), at every 10.0 metre length of protective fencing.
9. **Important:** Any incursion into CEZs must be by prior arrangement, following consultation with the LPA.

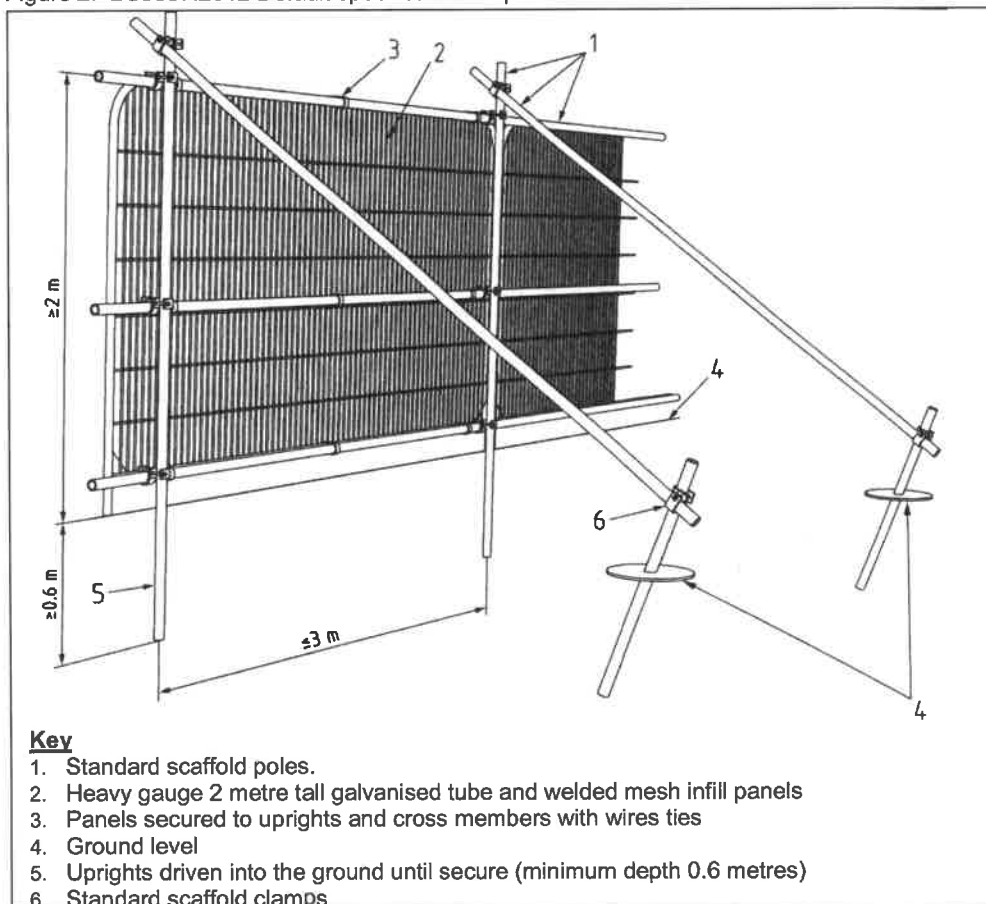
Figure 1: CEZ Warning Sign



Type 1 (i.e. 'Default') Temporary Protective Fencing Construction (see Figure 2, below)

1. Temporary protective fencing panels shall be weldmesh "Heras" panels of at least 2.0 metres in height.
2. The panels shall butt together and be securely fixed to a scaffold framework, as per points 3 to 5 of Figure 2, overleaf.
3. The scaffold framework shall comprise of upright poles of at least 3.0 metres in length driven no less than 0.6 metres into the ground at maximum 3.0 metre centres with horizontal and diagonal poles fixed to the uprights, as per points 4 to 5.
4. The two horizontal rail poles shall be attached to the uprights at heights of 0.6 and 1.8 metres with 3 no. clamps to each joint.
5. The diagonal scaffold pole struts be clamped to the top rail of the scaffold framework at a 45° angle and extend back into the CEZ and clamped to a 0.7 metre length of scaffold tube that shall be driven no less than 0.5m into the ground.
6. No fixing shall be made to any tree and all possible precautions shall be taken to prevent damage to tree roots when locating posts.
7. A 600mm x 300mm warning sign reading "TREE PROTECTION AREA KEEP OUT" (see Figure 1) shall be fixed to every 10.0 metre length of protective fencing.
8. On completion of erection, and prior to any demolition or construction works, site preparation, excavation or delivery of plant and materials, the Consulting Arboriculturist or the LPA Tree Officer, as agreed, shall inspect the Temporary Protective Fencing.

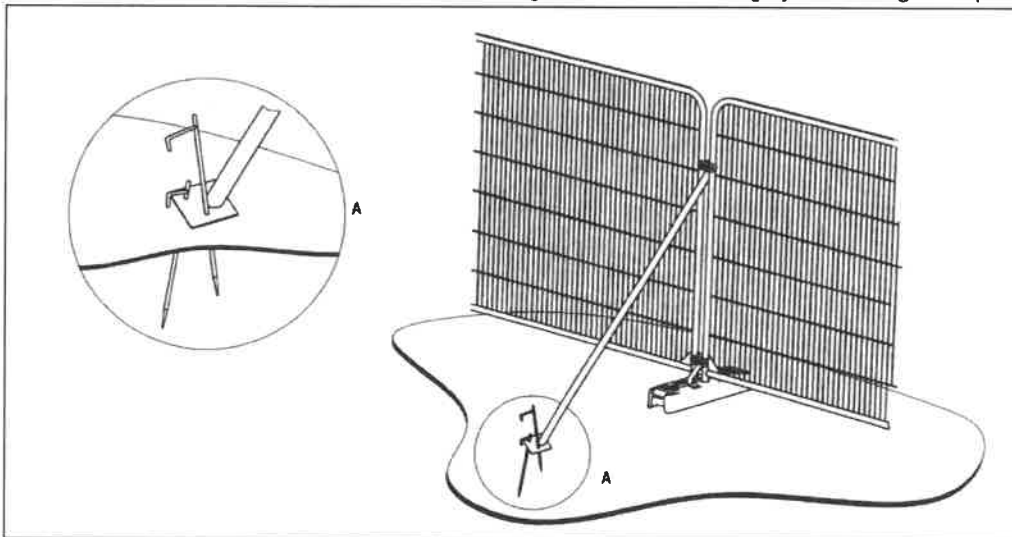
Figure 2: BS5837:2012 Default specification for protective barrier



Type 2 Temporary Protective Fencing Construction (see Figure 3(a), below)

1. Temporary protective fencing panels shall be weldmesh "Heras" panels of at least 2.0 metres in height.
2. The panels shall stand on rubber or concrete feet.
3. The panels shall butt together, and be joined together using a minimum of two anti-tamper couplers, installed so that they can only be removed from inside the fence.
4. The distance between the fence couplers shall be at least 1.0 metre, and shall be uniform throughout the fence.
5. The panels shall be supported on the inner side by stabiliser struts, which shall be clamped to the scaffold framework at a 45° angle and extend back into the CEZ and shall be attached to a base plate, which shall be secured to the ground with pins (Figure 3a).
6. No fixing shall be made to any tree and all possible precautions shall be taken to prevent damage to tree roots when locating posts.
7. A 600mm x 300mm warning sign reading "TREE PROTECTION AREA KEEP OUT" (see Figure 1) shall be fixed to every 10.0 metre length of protective fencing.
8. On completion of erection, and prior to any demolition or construction works, site preparation, excavation or delivery of plant and materials, the Consulting Arboriculturist or the LPA Tree Officer, as agreed, shall inspect the Temporary Protective Fencing.

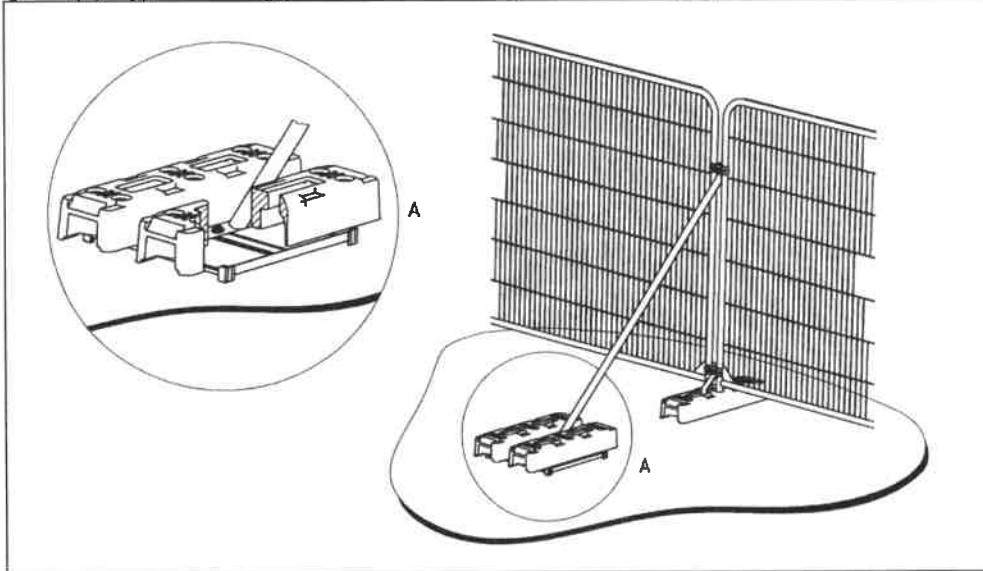
Figure 3(a): Type 2 Fencing (BS5837:2012 above-ground strut stabilising system with ground pins)



Type 3 Temporary Protective Fencing Construction (see Figure 3(b), overleaf)

1. Temporary protective fencing panels shall be weldmesh "Heras" panels of at least 2.0 metres in height.
2. The panels shall stand on rubber or concrete feet.
3. The panels shall butt together, and be joined together using a minimum of two anti-tamper couplers, installed so that they can only be removed from inside the fence.
4. The distance between the fence couplers shall be at least 1.0 metre, and shall be uniform throughout the fence.
5. The panels shall be supported on the inner side by stabiliser struts, which shall be clamped to the scaffold framework at a 45° angle and extend back into the CEZ and shall be attached to a block tray base (Figure 3b).
6. No fixing shall be made to any tree and all possible precautions shall be taken to prevent damage to tree roots when locating posts.
7. A 600mm x 300mm warning sign reading "TREE PROTECTION AREA KEEP OUT" (see Figure 1) shall be fixed to every 10.0 metre length of protective fencing.
8. On completion of erection, and prior to any demolition or construction works, site preparation, excavation or delivery of plant and materials, the Consulting Arboriculturist or the LPA Tree Officer, as agreed, shall inspect the Temporary Protective Fencing.

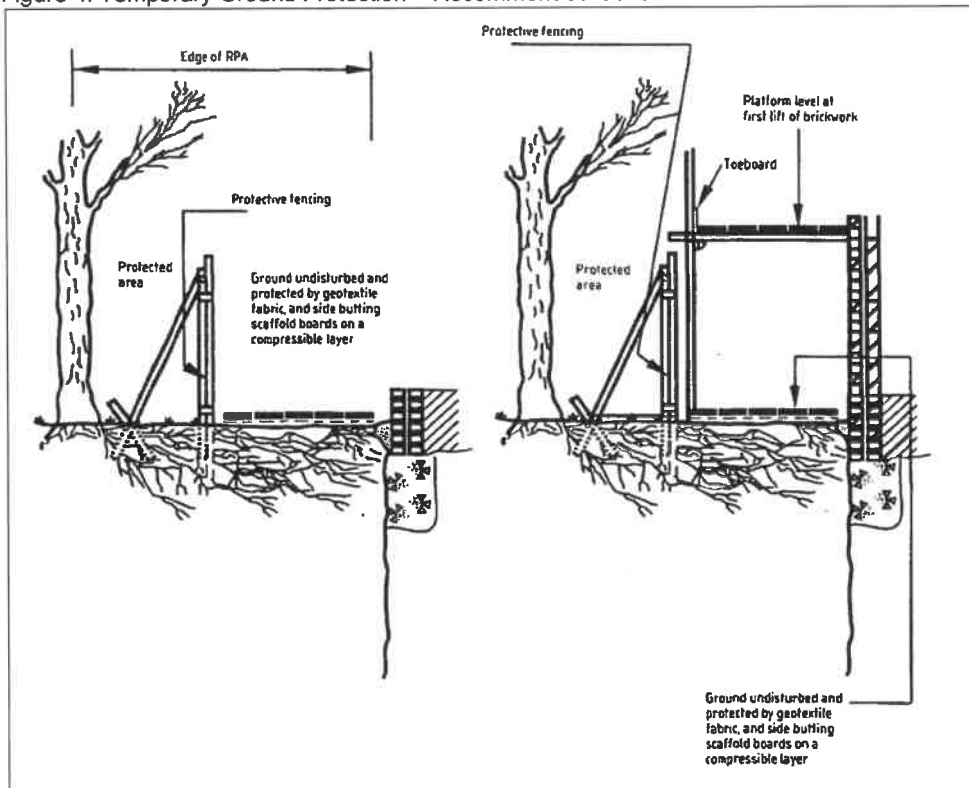
Figure 3(b): Type 3 Fencing (BS5837:2012 above-ground stabilising system with strut on block tray)



Temporary Ground Protection

1. Any necessary Temporary Ground Protection areas shall conform to Figure 4, below, unless otherwise agreed with the LPA.
2. The Ground Protection Area shall be left undisturbed and covered by a semi-permeable geotextile membrane which shall, in turn, be covered by a compressible layer consisting of a material such as woodchip.
3. Side-butting scaffold boards shall then be fitted to cover the Ground Protection Area.
4. On completion of installation, and prior to any demolition or construction works, site preparation, excavation or delivery of plant and materials, the Consulting Arboriculturist or the LPA Tree Officer, as agreed, shall inspect the Temporary Ground Protection.
5. The Temporary Ground Protection shall remain in place until completion of the project and only removed following receipt of written permission from the LPA.

Figure 4: Temporary Ground Protection – Recommended Construction



KEY

T = Individual Tree
C = Hedge

Please refer to associated Tree Survey Schedule for specific details in respect of items below:

Tree Categories:

Those to be Considered for Retention:

Category 'A' Tree/Hedge
Those of High Quality with an Estimated Remaining Life Expectancy of at Least 25 Years

Category 'B' Tree/Hedge
Those of Medium Quality with an Estimated Remaining Life Expectancy of at Least 20 Years

Category 'C' Tree/Hedge
Those of Low Quality with an Estimated Remaining Life Expectancy of at Least 10 Years, or Young Trees

Those Considered Unsuitable for Retention:

Category 'D' Tree/Hedge
Those of Very Low Quality which may possibly be Retained as Living Trees in the Context of the Current Land Use for Longer Than 10 Years

Note: The tree stem locations were not included on the OS-based site plan provided, and were subsequently plotted by the arboricultural surveyor at the time of the survey using GPS. As such, the plotted locations of the surveyed trees cannot be considered to be wholly accurate

Root Protection Areas (RPAs):

RPAs
Areas of Ground Around Trees that Should be Protected Through-out Development
Construction Exclusion Zone - an area of ground around a tree within which Temporary Protective Fencing Specification Applied

Project:
THE OUT BARN
CLOUGH BOTTOM
BASHALL LEAVES
LANCASHIRE
BB7 3JH

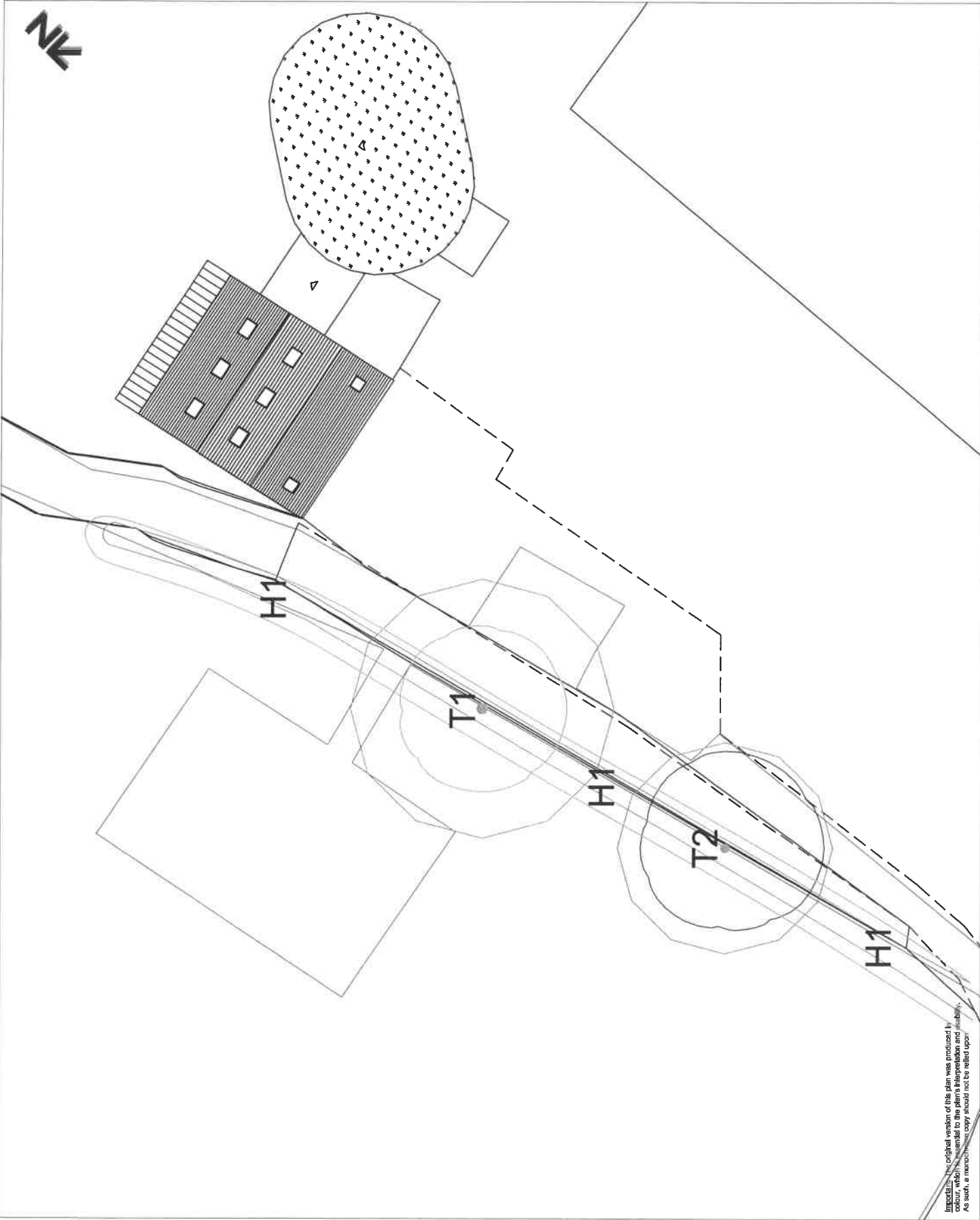
Agent for Client:
AVALON TOWN PLANNING

Tree Constraints Plan
In Relation to Proposed Construction of New Building

Scale: 1:250@A3
Date: November 2018
Drawn by: PH
Checked by: JK



Ref: BTC1683-1CP Rev:



The original version of this plan was produced in colour which is available to the client's inspection and use. As such, a monochrome copy should not be relied upon.

KEY

T = Individual Tree
G = Hedge

Please refer to associated Tree Survey Schedule for specific details in respect of items below:

Tree Categorisation:

Those to be Considered for Retention:

Category 'A': Tree/Hedge
Those of a High Quality with an Estimated Remaining Life Expectancy of at Least 40 Years

Category 'B': Tree/Hedge
Those of a Moderate Quality with an Estimated Remaining Life Expectancy of at Least 20 Years

Category 'C': Tree/Hedge
Those of Low Quality with an Estimated Remaining Life Expectancy of at Least 10 Years, or Young Trees

Those Considered Unsuitable for Retention:

Category 'U': Tree/Hedge
Those in Such a Condition that they cannot be Retained within the Current Land Use for Longer Than 10 Years

Note: The tree seen locations were not included on the original site plan. The locations were identified by the arboriculturist on-site at the time of the survey using GPS and, where possible, measurements from site markers. As a result, the locations may not be perfectly accurate. Therefore the locations should be considered to be roughly accurate.

Root Protection Areas (RPAs):

RPAs of Ground Around Trees that Should be Protected Through-out Development Works with Protective Fencing to be Installed in Accordance with the Temporary Protective Fencing Specification Appointed

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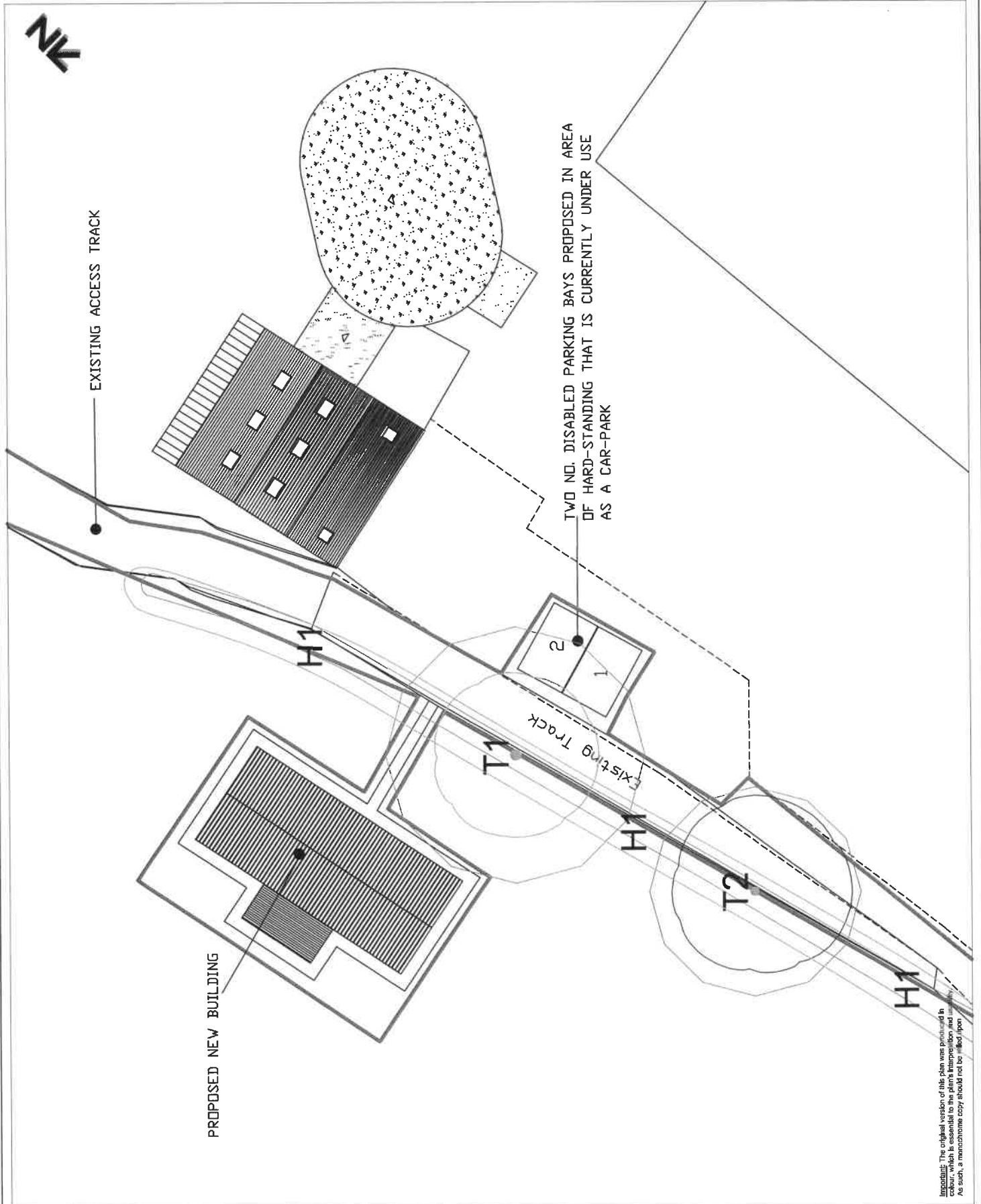
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EXISTING ACCESS TRACK

PROPOSED NEW BUILDING

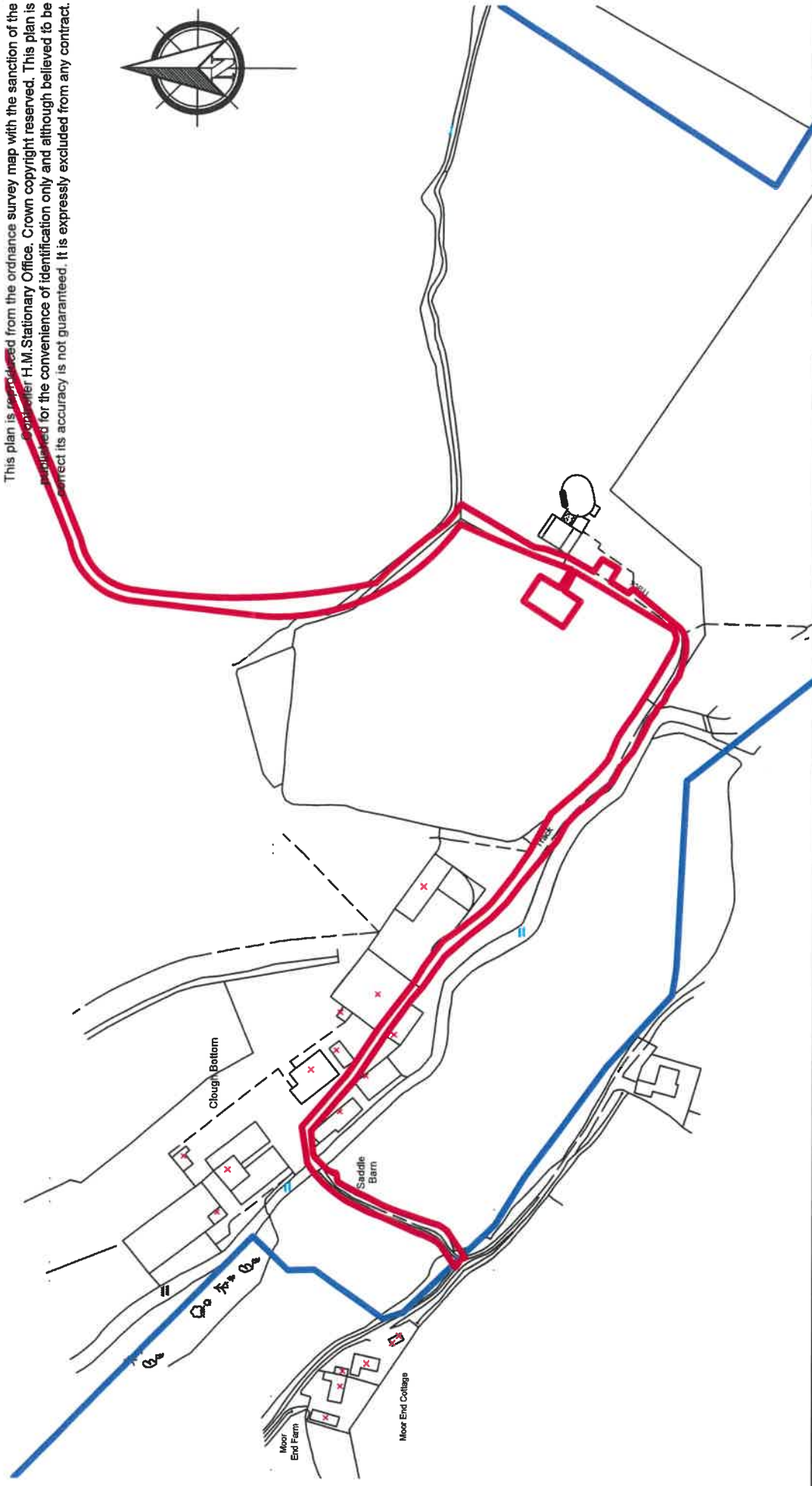
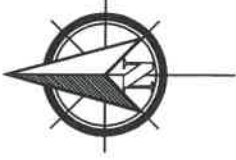
TWO NO. DISABLED PARKING BAYS PROPOSED IN AREA OF HARD-STANDING THAT IS CURRENTLY UNDER USE AS A CAR-PARK




Important: The original version of this plan was produced in colour, which is essential to the plan's interpretation and accuracy. As such, a manufacturer copy should not be relied upon.

Project: THE OUT BARN CLOUGH BOTTOM BASHALL LEAVES LANCASHIRE BB7 3JH	Agent for Client: AVALON TOWN PLANNING	Title: TREE IMPACT PLAN In relation to Proposed Construction of New Housing
Scale: 1:250@A3	Date: November 2018	Drawn by: PH
Checked by: JK	Bowland Tree Consultancy Ltd e: info@bowlandtree.com t: 01772 617870	
Ref: BTC-688-TIP		

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Avalon

Chartered Town Planning

Town Planning - Architectural Design - Building Regulations - Surveying

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2 Reedley Business Centre, Reedman Road, Burnley, Lancashire, BB10 2TY

SITE LOCATION PLAN

Client: MR H BACKHOUSE	Drawn: AXK										
Date: 23.10.18	Scale: 1:2500 @ A4										
Project No: BAC/06 Dwg 01a	Amendments: <table border="1" style="width: 100%; height: 20px;"><tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr></table>										

Site: CLOUGH BOTTOM FARM
BASHALL EAVES

Notes:
All work is to be carried out to the latest current British standards Codes of Practice and recognised working practices.
All work and materials should comply with Health and Safety legislation and to be approved by the Local Authority Planning / Building Control Officer.
All dimensions are in millimetres unless where explicitly shown otherwise. The contractor should check and clarify all dimensions as work proceeds and notify the design team of any discrepancies. Do not scale off the drawings, if in doubt ask.
Avalon Chartered Town Planning are not liable for work undertaken prior to Full Planning Consent and/or Building Regulations Approval

