

technical information

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CONSTRUCTION

Every Safeguard composite door is manufactured to the highest of standards to ensure it is strong, durable and secure. We have sold tens of thousands of doors to date, evidence of the quality and exacting specification we demand.

The door has a perimeter sub-frame of a solid, water-resistant polymer material, which is reinforced with Laminated Veneered Lumber (LVL). A thermoset GRP skin is bonded to this sub-frame and the core of the door is then filled with high density, 100% CFC-free polyurethane foam. Finally, water-resistant polymer composite rails protect the core from damage or water absorption.

The door's core is what makes it so thermally efficient and so good at reducing sound. In fact, as you can see from the

images on page 8, it is the most thermally efficient door on the market, increasing your home's energy efficiency and saving you money on your energy bills.

The high impact resistant thermoset GRP skin not only keeps your door looking good, it will not expand and contract laterally so your door will not crack or delaminate. All standard solid colours are pre-pigmented and beautifully through coloured. All other colours are oversprayed with a durable paint that will not peel or crack.

TECHNICAL FIGURES

A Safeguard composite door has a wealth of facts and figures that prove its quality. The door:

- achieves BS 6325-1 for weather tightness, air, wind and water
- PAS24: 2016 Enhanced Security Standard, a prerequisite for achieving Secured by Design status
- reduces outdoor noise by an average of 31dB
- achieves Global Warming Potential (GWP) score of less than 5 and Ozone Depletion Potential (ODP) score of zero
- meets UK Building Regulations U value requirements of 1.6 W/M2K

In other words, everything about a Safeguard composite door has been designed to enhance your home for years to come.

CARE AND MAINTENANCE

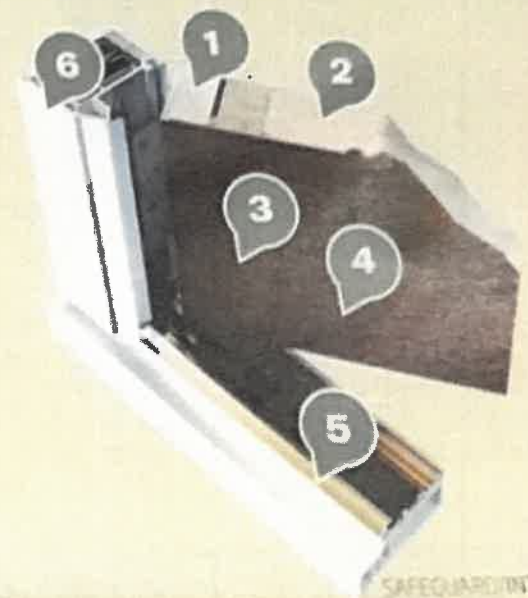
Your Safeguard composite door has been designed to be easy to maintain. To keep your door clean, prolong the life of the surface finish and protect your warranty, we recommend you wash it regularly using warm soapy water (washing up liquid is ideal) and a soft, lint-free cloth. If you live in a coastal area, in a heavily industrialised area or near a main road, you may need to clean your door more frequently. Some surface colours will degrade over time due to exposure to UV.

It is important that you DO NOT use any of the following on your door, as this may damage the surface finish.

- abrasive cleaners or scouring pads
- any type of bleach or solvent (e.g. white spirit, methylated spirit, cellulose thinners, acetone or nail varnish remover)
- any type of adhesives or tack for providing temporary protection or fixing of seasonal or other decorations etc.
- high pressure or steam cleaners

what makes our doors the best

1. High quality water resistant polymer stiles and rails reinforced with LVL timber
2. High density insulating foam core
3. High impact resistant laminated GRP skins
4. Smooth finish to LVL
5. Reinforced steel with aluminium threshold with twin seals Part N compliant seal cover
6. Durable 20mm thick PVC U frame



SAFEGUARD/INTRODUCT

fitted as standard

BURGLAR-PROOF YOUR DOORS

74%
of intruders get
through the door



43%
get through the door by
forcing the lock



How locks are forced



Lock Drilling



Lock Snapping

9/10
of forced locks
are snapped

Lock Bumping



Lock Picking



Millions of doors in the UK can be opened quietly in under 20 seconds with normal tools.

Even the most secure multi-point hook mechanisms are disabled when the cylinder lock is snapped or bumped.

To guard against this all SafeGuard Composite doors are now fitted with the Ultion locking cylinder as standard. The Ultion lock has been designed to offer the ultimate defence against this and other well known cylinder lock attacks.

ULTION

When the Ultion lock detects an attack, it goes into **Lock Down Mode**.
A hidden attack lock secures the mechanism.

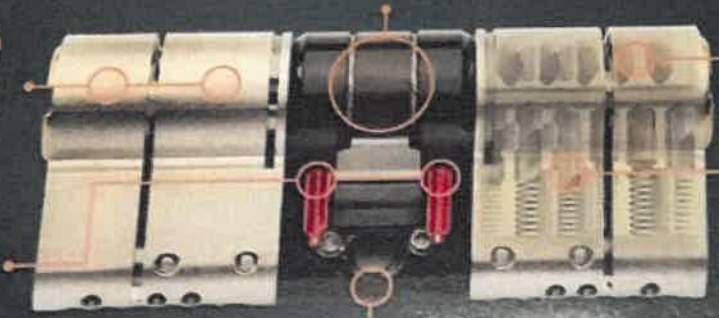
ULTION

Double

Anti-Snap protection
The intruder needs to snap Ultion twice before he sees the core.

2

Attack locks
Lock still works from inside after an attack.



11

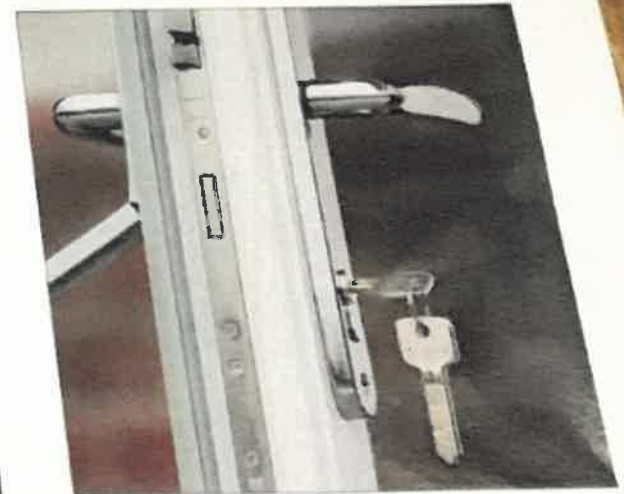
Pins
Twice as many as normal locks.

8

Drill Defences
6 hardened steel rods and 2 plates in both ends.

25%

Denser than iron
The molybdenum core that makes it so.



**£1000
GUARANTEE**

IF AN INTRUDER BREAKS INTO YOUR HOME BY FORCING YOUR DOOR
ULTION WILL PAY YOU

to register your lock
for FREE @ www.ultion-lock.com

3



PROTECTS FOR LONGER

The close keyway wipes debris off the key to stop jamming and lockouts.

1 SOLD SECURE DIAMOND

The standard most 3 star locks can't achieve.

294,970

COMBINATIONS

Protecting your life



1 MAGNETS

Magnetised keys carry metal filings from other keys and coins into the lock.

4TH

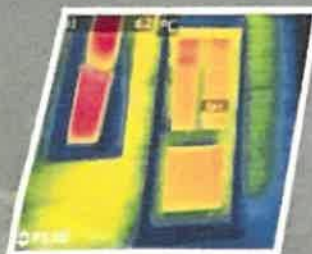
energy efficiency

A SafeGuard composite door is more energy efficient than a traditional timber door or a solid timber core composite door - **fact!**

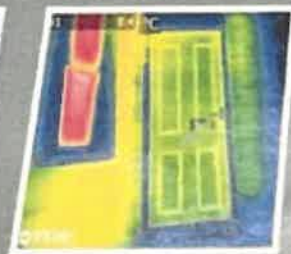
These days, we all worry about how much energy our homes use. The rising cost of our energy bills and our impact on the environment mean we want to keep our consumption to a minimum.

One of the best ways to do this is to choose thermally efficient products that keep warmth in and cold out, saving money and emissions.

When it comes to thermally efficient doors, a SafeGuard GRP composite door is the best choice you can make.



Traditional timber paneled door



Solid timber core composite door



SafeGuard composite door



The alphabetical, colour coded scales shown in this brochure follow the same grading system as that found in white goods with 'A' representing the most energy efficient.

The photos show the thermal efficiency of each of the doors we tested. The darker the blue, the less heat is being lost. Reds and greens - the predominant colours on the timber door - indicate high heat loss.

19% More thermally efficient than a 42mm solid timber core composite door
17% More thermally efficient than a 44mm traditional paneled door

Doors were tested at the University of Limerick Energy Centre. The measurements were taken using a 1914 thermal heat and air conduction equipment. The test chamber was a fully instrumented, 10m³ chamber. The test conditions can be maintained under constant air flow conditions. The air side, the relative temperature of the Energy meter was 12°C with an accuracy of ±0.1°C.