Jacobs

Haweswater Aqueduct Resilience Programme - Proposed Bowland Section

Environmental Statement

Volume 4

Appendix 6.4: Schedule of Landscape Effects

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Haweswater Aqueduct Resilience Programme - Proposed Bowland Section

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Contents	Š
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1. Scheaule of Landscape Eπects	1.	Schedule of Landscape Effects	1
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1. Schedule of Landscape Effects

Table 6.1: Schedule of Landscape Effects (Bowland)

Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
1b. High Bowland Plateaux Landscape Character Area (01. Moorland Plateaux LCT)	d (V: High / S: High) ape err oorland x LCT) Dist.: from Houses	Siting of proposed works to reduce the visibility and footprint of the Proposed Bowland Section Tree and shrub planting to replace vegetation removed during the enabling works.	Enabling Works Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from views of the enabling works at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Enabling works, such as the removal of existing vegetation, soil stripping, landform alterations and the establishment of the construction compound, laydown areas and temporary access roads, would contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. The enabling works would result in a barely perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse
Approx. Dist.: 2.9 km from Lower Houses Compound		Areas used for construction works returned to agriculture. Reinstatement of existing landform after construction works. Reinstatement of grass sward. Reinstatement of stone walls, hedgerows and	Construction Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from views of the construction activity at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Specific changes would result from the tunnel boring operation and open-cut trenching, and the storage and removal of excavated materials. The tall crane stationed at the launch portal would be visible within the setting and represent incongruous, large-scale feature within a very small number of elevated, outward views. Barely perceptible loss existing vegetation and landform alterations undertaken at the enabling works phase. Construction activity would be uncharacteristic and slightly contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. The construction activities would result in a barely perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short to medium-term / reversible change.	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse
		fences.	Commissioning Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from views of the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Specific changes would result from short sections of open-cut trenching, the movement and temporary storage of excavated material, and the presence of aboveground features introduced during the construction phase. The changes to landform, vegetation cover and field pattern arising during the enabling works would remain barely perceptible. Commissioning activity would continue to be uncharacteristic and contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape; however, the scale of these effects would be reduced compared the construction phase. The commissioning activities would result in a barely perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
			Operational Phase (Year 1)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible views towards the above-ground features, such as the introduced valve house and access roads at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Barely perceptible loss of existing vegetation within the setting. Mitigation planting introduced during the commissioning phase would have a limited contribution to integration and screening at this stage. Operational effects (Year 1) would result in a barely perceptible and characteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a permanent / irreversible change.	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse
			Operational Phase (Year 15)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible views of the above-ground features at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Maturing mitigation planting would help to replace existing vegetation removed during the enabling works and provide some integration of introduced features with the surrounding landscape. Operational effects (Year 15) would result in a barely perceptible and predominately characteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a long-term / reversible change.	Negligible	Negligible	None	Negligible	Negligible
2b. Central Bowland Fells Landscape Character Area (02. Moorland Hills LCT) Approx. Dist.: Om from Lower Houses	High (V: High / S: High)	Siting of proposed works to reduce the visibility and footprint of the Proposed Marl Hill Section Tree and shrub planting to replace vegetation removed during the enabling works. Areas used for construction works	Enabling Works Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Minor disturbance from views of the enabling works at the Lower Houses Compound within the adjacent 04d. Bowland Gritstone Fringes, D13. Park House and I3. Hindburndale LCAs. Barely perceptible disturbance from the Newton-in-Bowland Compound, within the nearby G3. Upper Hodder and 05a. Upper Hodder Valley LCAs. Enabling works, such as the removal of existing vegetation, soil stripping, landform alterations and the establishment of the construction compound, laydown areas and temporary access road, would contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. The enabling works would result in a minor and uncharacteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Minor	Slight Adverse	None	Minor	Slight Adverse
Compound, 2.25 km from Newton-in- Bowland Compound		returned to agriculture. Reinstatement of existing landform after construction works. Reinstatement of grass sward.	Construction Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Noticeable disturbance from views of the construction activity at the Lower Houses Compound. Barely perceptible disturbance from the construction activity at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Specific changes would result from the creation of the working platform and tunnel portal through excavation and land reprofiling, the tunnel boring operation and open-cut trenching; and the storage and removal of excavated materials. Tall cranes stationed at the launch portal and reception shafts would be visible within the setting and represent incongruous, large-scale feature within	Minor	Moderate Adverse	None	Minor	Moderate Adverse



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
		Reinstatement of stone walls, hedgerows and fences.		several outward views. Notable loss of existing vegetation, field boundaries and landform alterations undertaken at the enabling works phase. Construction activity would be uncharacteristic and contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. The combined effects from the Lower Houses Compound and Newton-in-Bowland Compound, would result in a noticeable and uncharacteristic change to a small					
				proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short to medium-term / reversible change.					
			Commissioning Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Minor disturbance from views of the commissioning works at the Lower Houses Compound. Barely perceptible disturbance the commissioning works at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Specific changes would result from short sections of open-cut trenching, the movement and temporary storage of excavated material, and the presence of above-ground features introduced during the construction phase. Tall cranes located at the launch portal and reception shaft would no longer be present. The changes to landform, vegetation cover and field pattern arising during the enabling works would remain evident. Commissioning activity would continue to be uncharacteristic and contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape; however, the scale of these effects would be reduced compared the construction phase. The combined effects from the Lower Houses Compound and Newton-in-Bowland Compound would result in a minor and uncharacteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Minor	Slight Adverse	None	Minor	Slight Adverse
			Operational Phase (Year 1)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Minor views towards from the above-ground features, such as the introduced valve house and access road at the Lower Houses Compound. Barely perceptible views towards the above-ground features at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Notable loss of existing vegetation within the landscape setting. Mitigation planting introduced during the commissioning phase would have a limited contribution to integration and screening at this stage. The combined effects from the Lower Houses Compound and Newton-in-Bowland Compound would result in a minor and predominately characteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a long-term / reversible change.	Minor	Slight Adverse	None	Minor	Slight Adverse
			Operational Phase (Year 15)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible views towards the above-ground features at the Lower Houses and Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Maturing mitigation planting would help to replace existing vegetation removed during the enabling works and provide some integration of introduced features with the surrounding landscape.	Negligible	Negligible	None	Negligible	Negligible



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
				The combined effects from the Lower Houses Compound and Newton-in-Bowland Compound would result in a barely perceptible and characteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a permanent / irreversible change.					
2d. Waddington Fell Landscape Character Area (02. Moorland Hills LCT) Approx. Dist.: 1.45 km from Newton-in- Bowland Compound	High (V: High / S: High)	Siting of proposed works to reduce the visibility and footprint of the Proposed Marl Hill Section Tree and shrub planting to replace vegetation removed during the enabling works. Areas used for	Enabling Works Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Bowland Limestone Fringes, 05a. Upper Hodder Valley and G3. Upper Hodder LCAs. Barely perceptible disturbance from enabling works at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound, within the nearby G3. Upper Hodder and 05a. Upper Hodder Valley LCAs. Enabling works, such as the removal of existing vegetation, soil stripping, landform alterations and the establishment of the construction compound, laydown areas and temporary access roads, would contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. The enabling works would result in a barely perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Negligible	Negligible	None	Negligible	Negligible
		construction works returned to agriculture. Reinstatement of existing landform after construction works. Reinstatement of grass sward. Reinstatement of stone walls, hedgerows and fences.	Construction Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from the construction activity at the Newton-in-Bowland compound. Specific changes would result from the creation of the working platform and tunnel portal through excavation and land reprofiling; the tunnel boring operation and open-cut trenching; and the storage and removal of excavated materials. Slight detectable loss of existing vegetation, field boundaries and landform alterations undertaken at the enabling works phase. The tall crane stationed at the launch portal would be visible within the setting. Construction activity would be uncharacteristic and slightly contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. The construction activity would result in a barely perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Negligible	Negligible	None	Negligible	Negligible
			Commissioning Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from the commissioning works at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Specific change would result from short sections of open-cut trenching, the movement and temporary storage of excavated material, and the presence of above-ground features introduced during the construction phase. The tall crane located at the nearby launch portal would no longer be present. The changes to landform, vegetation cover and field pattern arising during the enabling works would remain slightly detectable. Commissioning activity would continue to be uncharacteristic	Negligible	Negligible	None	Negligible	Negligible



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
				and contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape; however, the scale of these effects would be reduced compared the construction phase. The commissioning activity would result in a barely perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.					
			Operational Phase (Year 1)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible views towards the above-ground features at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Slight detectable loss of existing vegetation within the setting. Mitigation planting introduced during the commissioning phase would have a limited contribution to integration and screening at this stage. There would be a barely perceptible and characteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a permanent / irreversible change.	Negligible	Negligible	None	Negligible	Negligible
			Operational Phase (Year 15)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible views of the above-ground features at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Maturing mitigation planting would help to replace existing vegetation removed during the enabling works and provide some integration of introduced features with the surrounding landscape. There would be a barely perceptible and characteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a permanent / irreversible change.	Negligible	Negligible	None	Negligible	Negligible
4d. Bowland Gritstone Fringes Landscape Character Area (04. Moorland Fringe LCT)	High (V: High / S: High)	Siting of proposed works to reduce the visibility and footprint of the Proposed Marl Hill Section Tree and shrub planting to replace vegetation removed during the enabling works.	Enabling Works Phase	Direct Effects: Noticeable disturbance from the enabling works at the Lower Houses Compound. Specific changes would result from the soil stripping and the installation of temporary drainage; removal of existing tree and shrub vegetation; disruption to the existing field pattern; the localised reprofiling of the existing landform; and the temporary closure and diversion of the local PRoW network at the Lower Houses Compound (1-38-FP 22). The installation of temporary construction and internal boundary fencing; establishment of the construction compound, laydown areas and temporary access roads; movement of plant and machinery; and the temporary storage of topsoil and subsoil would contrast with the rural character of this landscape. Enabling works would reduce tranquillity and increase the perception of movement in the landscape.	Minor	Moderate Adverse	None	Minor	Moderate Adverse
Approx. Dist.: Om from Lower Houses Compound		Areas used for construction works returned to agriculture.		Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects. The enabling works would result in a noticeable and uncharacteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.					
		Reinstatement of existing landform after construction works.	Construction Phase	Direct Effects: Substantial disturbance from the construction activity at the Lower Houses Compound. Specific changes would result from the presence of construction plant and machinery, including TBM and crane at the tunnel shaft; the movement and disturbance from construction traffic and construction work, including tunnel boring operation and	Moderate	Major Adverse	None	Moderate	Major Adverse



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
		Reinstatement of grass sward. Reinstatement of stone walls, hedgerows and fences.		open-cut trenching; the storage and movement of excavated materials; the presence of the construction compound, laydown areas and temporary access roads; and the introduction of temporary water management systems. These changes would increase the perception of disruption and further contrast with the rural character of this landscape. The impact would also be more evident due to landform alterations for the working platform and the loss of existing vegetation and field boundaries undertaken at the enabling works phase. Placement of surplus material, excavated from the vertical tunnel shaft, would be located in a pre-agreed location where the local topography is slightly hollowed. The placed material would be carefully formed within the hollow to tie-in with the existing contours to help integrate with the surrounding slightly undulating topography. Reinstatement would occur within sections of the Lower Houses Compound, although the construction compound, laydown areas and temporary access roads would remain. Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects. The construction activities would result in a substantial and uncharacteristic change to a moderate proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short to medium-term / reversible change.					
			Commissioning Phase	Direct Effects: Noticeable disturbance from the commissioning works at the Lower Houses Compound. Specific changes would result from the presence and movement of plant and machinery; short sections of open-cut trenching; the movement and temporary storage of excavated material; the presence of the construction compound, laydown areas and temporary access road introduced during the enabling works; and the presence of aboveground features introduced during the construction phase. The tall crane located at the reception shaft would no longer be present. Commissioning activity would continue to be uncharacteristic and contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape; however, the scale of these effects would be reduced compared the construction phase. The changes to landform, vegetation cover and field pattern arising during the enabling works would continue to be evident. Reinstatement and restoration activities, including mitigation planting and land reprofiling, would be undertaken upon completion of the commissioning phase. Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects. The commissioning activities would result in a noticeable and uncharacteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Minor	Moderate Adverse	None	Minor	Moderate Adverse
			Operational Phase (Year 1)	Direct Effects: Minor change from the presence of the introduced valve house building and access road at the Lower Houses Compound. The impact would also be more evident due to the loss of existing tree and shrub vegetation undertaken at the enabling works phase. The grass sward covering the placed surplus material would have established sufficiently to integrate the area with the surrounding reinstated grass areas. Mitigation planting introduced during the commissioning phase would have a limited contribution to integration, enclosure and screening at this stage.	Minor	Slight Adverse	None	Minor	Slight Adverse



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
				Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects. There would be a minor and predominately characteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse long-term / reversible change.					
			Operational Phase (Year 15)	Direct Effects: Barely perceptible change from the topographical alterations resulting from the placed surplus material and the presence of the introduced above-ground features at the Lower Houses Compound. Maturing mitigation planting would help to replace removed vegetation during the enabling works and provide some integration of introduced structures and features into the surrounding landscape.	Negligible	Negligible	None	Negligible	Negligible
				Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects. There would be a barely perceptible and characteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse permanent / irreversible change.					
4e. Bowland Limestone Fringes Landscape Character Area (04. Moorland Fringe LCT)	High (V: High / S: High)	Siting of proposed works to reduce the visibility and footprint of the Proposed Marl Hill Section Tree and shrub planting to replace vegetation removed during the enabling works.	Enabling Works Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects Indirect Effects: Minor disturbance from views of the enabling works at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound within the within the adjacent G3. Upper Hodder and 05a. Upper Hodder Valley LCAs. Enabling works, such as the removal of existing vegetation, soil stripping, landform alterations and the establishment of the construction compound, laydown areas and temporary access roads, would contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. The enabling works would result in a perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Minor	Slight Adverse	None	Minor	Slight Adverse
Approx. Dist.: 400 m from Newton-in- Bowland Compound		Areas used for construction works returned to agriculture. Reinstatement of existing landform after construction works. Reinstatement of grass sward. Reinstatement of stone walls bedgerows and	Construction Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects Indirect Effects: Noticeable disturbance from views of the construction activity at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Specific changes would result from the creation of the working platform and tunnel portal through excavation and land reprofiling; the tunnel boring operation and open-cut trenching; and the storage and removal of excavated materials. Slight detectable loss of existing vegetation, field boundaries and landform alterations undertaken at the enabling works phase. The tall crane stationed at the launch portal would be visible within the setting and represent incongruous, large-scale feature within outward views. Construction activity would be uncharacteristic and slightly contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. The construction activities would result in a noticeable and uncharacteristic change to a moderate proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short to medium-term	Moderate	Moderate Adverse	None	Moderate	Major Adverse
		Reinstatement of stone walls, hedgerows and fences.		The construction activities would result in a noticeable and uncharacteristic change to a moderate proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short to medium-term / reversible change.					



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
			Commissioning Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects Indirect Effects: Minor disturbance from views of the commissioning works at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound, including short sections of open-cut trenching, the movement and temporary storage of excavated material, and the presence of above-ground features introduced during the construction phase. The tall crane located at the launch shaft would no longer be present. The changes to landform, vegetation cover and field pattern arising during the enabling works would remain slightly evident. Commissioning activity would continue to be uncharacteristic and contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape; however, the scale of these effects would be reduced compared the construction phase. The commissioning activities would result in a perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Minor	Slight Adverse	None	Minor	Slight Adverse
			Operational Phase (Year 1)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects Indirect Effects: Minor views towards the above-ground features, such as the introduced valve house at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Slight detectable loss of existing vegetation within the setting. Mitigation planting introduced during the commissioning phase would have a limited contribution to integration and screening at this stage. There would be a minor and predominately characteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse long-term / reversible change.	Minor	Slight Adverse	None	Minor	Slight Adverse
			Operational Phase (Year 15)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible views towards the above-ground features at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Maturing mitigation planting would help to replace existing vegetation removed during the enabling works and provide some integration of introduced features with the surrounding landscape. There would be a barely perceptible and characteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a permanent / irreversible change.	Negligible	Negligible	None	Negligible	Negligible
5a. Upper Hodder Valley Landscape Character Area (05. Undulating	High (V: High / S: High)	Siting of proposed works to reduce the visibility and footprint of the Proposed Marl Hill Section Tree and shrub planting to replace vegetation removed	Enabling Works Phase	Direct Effects: Noticeable disturbance from the enabling works at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. This would include soil stripping and the installation of temporary drainage; the removal of existing tree and shrub vegetation; disruption to the existing field pattern; the localised reprofiling of the existing landform; and the temporary closure and diversion of the local PRoW network at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound (3-29-FP 31 and 3-29-FP 26). The installation of temporary construction and internal boundary fencing; establishment of the construction compounds, laydown areas and temporary access roads; movement of plant and machinery; and the temporary storage of topsoil and subsoil would contrast with the rural character of this landscape. Enabling works would reduce tranquillity and increase the perception of movement in the landscape.	Minor	Moderate Adverse	None	Minor	Moderate Adverse



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
Lowland Farmland LCT) Approx. Dist.:		during the enabling works. Areas used for construction works returned to agriculture.		Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects The enabling works would result in a noticeable and uncharacteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a permanent / irreversible change.					
Approx. Dist.: 0 m from Newton-in- Bowland Compound		Reinstatement of existing landform after construction works. Reinstatement of grass sward. Reinstatement of stone walls, hedgerows and fences.	Construction Phase	Direct Effects: Substantial disturbance from the construction activity at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Specific changes would result from the presence of construction plant and machinery, including TBM and crane at the tunnel shaft; the creation of the working platform and tunnel portal through excavation and land reprofiling; the movement and disturbance from construction traffic and construction work, including tunnel boring operation and open-cut trenching; the storage and movement of excavated materials, including the tunnel arisings at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound; the presence of the construction compound, laydown areas and temporary access roads; and the introduction of temporary water management systems. These changes would increase the perception of disruption and further contrast with the rural character of this landscape. The impact would also be more evident due to landform alterations and the loss of existing vegetation and field boundaries undertaken at the enabling works phase. Reinstatement of the tunnel portal and within sections of the laydown areas would occur at the end of the construction phase, although the construction compounds, laydown areas and temporary access roads would remain. Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects The construction activities would result in a substantial and uncharacteristic change to a moderate proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short to medium-term / reversible change.	Moderate	Major Adverse	None	Moderate	Major Adverse
			Commissioning Phase	Direct Effects: Noticeable disturbance from the commissioning works at the Newton-in-Bowland compound. Specific changes would result from the presence and movement of plant and machinery; short sections of open-cut trenching; the movement and temporary storage of excavated material; the presence of the construction compounds, laydown areas and temporary access roads introduced during the enabling works; and the presence of above-ground features introduced during the construction phase. The tall crane located at the launch portal would no longer be present. The changes to landform, vegetation cover and field pattern arising during the enabling works would continue to be present. Commissioning activity would continue to be uncharacteristic and contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape; however, the scale of these effects would be reduced compared the construction phase. Reinstatement and restoration activities, including mitigation planting and land reprofiling, would be undertaken upon completion of the commissioning phase. Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects The commissioning activities would result in a noticeable and uncharacteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a permanent / irreversible change.	Minor	Moderate Adverse	None	Minor	Moderate Adverse



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
			Operational Phase (Year 1)	Direct Effects: Minor change from the presence of the introduced valve house building and access road at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. The impact would also be more evident due to the loss of existing tree and shrub vegetation undertaken at the enabling works phase. Mitigation planting introduced during the commissioning phase would have a limited contribution to integration, enclosure and screening at this stage. Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects There would be a minor and predominately characteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse long-term / reversible change.	Minor	Slight Adverse	None	Minor	Slight Adverse
			Operational Phase (Year 15)	Direct Effects: Barely perceptible change from the presence of the introduced above-ground features at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Maturing mitigation planting would help to replace removed vegetation during the enabling works and provide some integration of introduced structures and features into the surrounding landscape. Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects The would be a barely perceptible and characteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse permanent / irreversible change.	Negligible	Negligible	None	Negligible	Negligible
Bowland Fringes Landscape Character Area (05. Undulating Lowland	High (V: High / S: Medium)	Siting of proposed works to reduce the visibility and footprint of the Proposed Marl Hill Section Tree and shrub planting to replace vegetation removed during the enabling works.	Enabling Works Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from the enabling works at the Lower Houses Compound within the nearby 04d. Bowland Gritstone Fringes, D13. Park House and I3. Hindburndale LCAs. Enabling works, such as the removal of existing vegetation, soil stripping, landform alterations and the establishment of the construction compound, laydown areas and temporary access roads, would contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. There would be a barely perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse
Farmland LCT) Approx. Dist.: 850 m from Lower Houses Compound		Areas used for construction works returned to agriculture. Reinstatement of existing landform after construction works. Reinstatement of grass sward.	Construction Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Minor disturbance from views of the construction activity at the Lower Houses Compound. Specific changes would result from the tunnel boring operation and open-cut trenching, and the storage and removal of excavated materials. Barely perceptible loss of existing vegetation, field boundaries and landform alterations undertaken at the enabling works phase. The tall crane stationed at the reception shaft would be visible within the setting and represent incongruous, large-scale features within several outward views. Construction activity would be uncharacteristic and slightly contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. There would be a minor and uncharacteristic change to a moderate proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short to medium-term / reversible change	Minor	Moderate Adverse	None	Minor	Moderate Adverse



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
		Reinstatement of stone walls and fences.	Commissioning Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from views of the commissioning works at the Lower Houses Compound. Specific changes would result from short sections of opencut trenching, the movement and temporary storage of excavated material, and the presence of above-ground features introduced during the construction phase. The tall crane located at the reception shaft would no longer be present. The changes to landform, vegetation cover and field pattern arising during the enabling works would remain barely perceptible. Commissioning activity would continue to be uncharacteristic and contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape; however, the scale of these effects would be reduced compared the construction phase. There would be a barely perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse
			Operational Phase (Year 1)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible views towards the above-ground features, such as the introduced valve house at the Lower Houses Compound. Barely perceptible loss of existing vegetation within the setting. Mitigation planting introduced during the commissioning phase would have a limited contribution to integration and screening at this stage. There would be a barely perceptible and predominately characteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a long-term / reversible change.	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse
			Operational Phase (Year 15)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible views towards the above-ground features at the Lower Houses Compound. Maturing mitigation planting would help to replace existing vegetation removed during the enabling works and provide some integration of introduced features with the surrounding landscape. There would be a barely perceptible and characteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a permanent / irreversible change.	Negligible	Negligible	None	Negligible	Negligible
10b. North Bowland Valleys Landscape Character Area	High (V: High / S: High)	Siting of proposed works to reduce the visibility and footprint of the Proposed Marl Hill Section Tree and shrub planting to replace vegetation removed	Enabling Works Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Minor disturbance from views of the enabling works at the Lower Houses Compound within the adjacent 04d. Bowland Gritstone Fringes, D13. Park House and I3. Hindburndale LCAs. Enabling works, such as the removal of existing vegetation, soil stripping, landform alterations and the establishment of the construction compound, laydown areas and temporary access roads, would contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape.	Minor	Slight Adverse	None	Minor	Slight Adverse



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
(10. Wooded Rural Valleys LCT)		during the enabling works.		There would be a minor and uncharacteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.					
Approx. Dist.: 20 m from		Areas used for construction works returned to agriculture.							
Lower Houses Compound		Reinstatement of existing landform after construction works. Reinstatement of grass sward. Reinstatement of stone walls and fences.	Construction Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Noticeable disturbance from views of the construction activity at the Lower Houses Compound. Specific changes would result from the tunnel boring operation and open-cut trenching, and the storage and removal of excavated materials. The all crane stationed at the reception shaft would be highly visible within the setting and represent incongruous, large-scale features within several outward views. Slight detectable loss of existing vegetation, field boundaries and landform alterations undertaken at the enabling works phase. Construction activity would be uncharacteristic and contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. There would be a noticeable and uncharacteristic change to a moderate proportion of the	Moderate	Moderate Adverse	None	Moderate	Moderate Adverse
			Commissioning Phase	landscape. Introduction of an adverse short to medium-term / reversible change. Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Minor disturbance from views of the commissioning works at the Lower Houses Compound. Specific changes would result from short sections of open-cut trenching, the temporary storage of excavated material, and the presence of aboveground features introduced during the construction phase. The tall crane located at the reception shaft would no longer be present. The changes to landform, vegetation cover and field pattern arising during the enabling works would remain evident. Commissioning activity would continue to be uncharacteristic and contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape; however, the scale of these effects would be reduced compared the construction phase. There would be a minor and uncharacteristic change to a small proportion of the	Minor	Slight Adverse	None	Minor	Slight Adverse
			Operational Phase (Year 1)	landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change. Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Minor views towards the above-ground features, such as the introduced valve house at the Lower Houses Compound. Slight detectable loss of existing vegetation within the setting. Mitigation planting introduced during the commissioning phase would have a limited contribution to integration and screening at this stage. There would be a minor and predominately characteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a long-term / reversible change.	Minor	Slight Adverse	None	Minor	Slight Adverse



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
			Operational Phase (Year 15)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Minor views towards the above-ground features at the Lower Houses Compound. Maturing mitigation planting would help to replace existing vegetation removed during the enabling works and provide some integration of introduced features with the surrounding landscape. There would be a barely perceptible and characteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a permanent / irreversible change.	Negligible	Negligible	None	Negligible	Negligible
13b. Bentham- Clapham	High (V: High / S:	Siting of proposed works to reduce the visibility and footprint of the Proposed Marl	Enabling Works Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects.	No Change	No Change	None	No Change	No Change
Landscape Character Area (13. Drumlin Field LCT) Approx. Dist.: 1.6 km from Lower Houses	High)	Hill Section	Construction Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from views of the construction activity at the Lower Houses Compound. The tall crane stationed at the reception shaft would be visible within the setting and represent incongruous, large-scale features within a small number of outward views. Construction activity would be uncharacteristic and slightly contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. There would be a barely perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short to medium-term / reversible change	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse
Compound			Commissioning Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects.	No Change	No Change	None	No Change	No Change
			Operational Phase (Year 1) Operational Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects. Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects.	No Change	No Change	None	No Change	No Change
			(Year 15)	Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects.	No Change	No Change	None	No Change	No Change
14a. Slaidburn- Giggleswick Landscape	High (V: High / S: High)	Siting of proposed works to reduce the visibility and footprint of the Proposed Marl Hill Section	Enabling Works Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects.	No Change	No Change	None	No Change	No Change
Character Area			Construction Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from views of the construction activity at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. The all crane stationed at the launch shaft would be	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
(14. Rolling Upland Farmland LCT)				visible within the setting and represent an incongruous, large-scale feature within a small number of outward views. Construction activity would be uncharacteristic and slightly contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. There would be a barely perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a small proportion of					
Approx. Dist.:				the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short to medium-term / reversible change					
1.75 km from Newton-in- Bowland			Commissioning Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects.	No Change	No Change	None	No Change	No Change
Compound				Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects.					
			Operational Phase (Year 1)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects.	No Change	No Change	None	No Change	No Change
				Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects.					
			Operational Phase (Year 15)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects.	No Change	No Change	None	No Change	No Change
				Indirect Effects: There would be no direct effects.					
B7. Langdon	High	Siting of proposed works to reduce the visibility and footprint	Enabling Works Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects.	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse
Landscape Character Area	(V: High / S: High)	of the Proposed Marl Hill Section Tree and shrub		Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from views of the enabling works at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Enabling works, such as the removal of existing vegetation, soil stripping, landform alterations and the establishment of the construction compound, laydown areas and temporary access roads, would contrast with the					
(B. Unenclosed		planting to replace		predominately rural character and setting of this landscape.					
Moorland Hills LCT)		vegetation removed during the enabling works.		There would be a barely perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.					
Approx. Dist.:		Areas used for	Construction Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects.	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse
2.5 km from Newton-in- Bowland		construction works returned to agriculture.		Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from views of the construction activity at the Newton-in-Bowland compound. Barely perceptible loss existing vegetation and					
Compound		Reinstatement of existing landform after		landform alterations undertaken at the enabling works phase. The tall crane stationed at the launch portal would be visible within the setting and represent incongruous, large-scale features within a very small number of elevated, outward views. Construction					
	construction work	construction works.		activity would be uncharacteristic and slightly contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape.					
		Reinstatement of grass sward.		There would be a barely perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short to medium-term / reversible change.					



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
		Reinstatement of stone walls, hedgerows and fences.	Commissioning Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from views of the commissioning works at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Specific changes would result from short sections of open-cut trenching, the movement and temporary storage of excavated material, and the presence of above-ground features introduced during the construction phase. The tall crane located at the launch shaft would no longer be present. The changes to landform, vegetation cover and field pattern arising during the enabling works would remain barely perceptible. Commissioning activity would continue to be uncharacteristic and contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape; however, the scale of these effects would be reduced compared the construction phase. There would be a barely perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse
			Operational Phase (Year 1)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible views towards the above-ground features, such as the introduced valve house at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Barely perceptible loss of existing vegetation within the setting. Mitigation planting introduced during the commissioning phase would have a limited contribution to integration and screening at this stage. There would be a barely perceptible and characteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a permanent / irreversible change.	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse
			Operational Phase (Year 15)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible views towards the above-ground features at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Maturing mitigation planting would help to replace existing vegetation removed during the enabling works and provide some integration of introduced features with the surrounding landscape. There would be a barely perceptible and predominately characteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a long-term / reversible change.	Negligible	Negligible	None	Negligible	Negligible
Character	High (V: High / S: High)	Siting of proposed works to reduce the visibility and footprint of the Proposed Marl Hill Section	Enabling Works Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects.	No Change	No Change	None	No Change	No Change
Area (B. Unenclosed		Tree and shrub planting to replace vegetation removed	Construction Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from views of the construction activity at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. The tall crane stationed at the launch portal would	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
Moorland Hills LCT) Approx. Dist.: 2.1 km from Lower Houses Compound		during the enabling works. Areas used for construction works returned to agriculture. Reinstatement of existing landform after construction works. Reinstatement of grass sward. Reinstatement of stone walls and fences.	Commissioning Phase Operational Phase (Year 1) Operational Phase (Year 15)	be visible within the setting and represent incongruous, large-scale features within a very small number of elevated, outward views. Construction activity would be uncharacteristic and slightly contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. There would be a barely perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short to medium-term / reversible change Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects. Direct Effects: There would be no indirect effects. Direct Effects: There would be no indirect effects. Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects.	No Change No Change	No Change No Change	None None	No Change No Change	No Change No Change
B9. Goodber Common Landscape Character Area (B. Unenclosed Moorland Hills LCT)	High (V: High / S: High)	Siting of proposed works to reduce the visibility and footprint of the Proposed Marl Hill Section Tree and shrub planting to replace vegetation removed during the enabling works.	Enabling Works Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Minor disturbance from views of the enabling works at the Lower Houses Compound within the adjacent 04d. Bowland Gritstone Fringes, D13. Park House and I3. Hindburndale LCAs. Enabling works, such as the removal of existing vegetation, soil stripping, landform alterations and the establishment of the construction compound, laydown areas and temporary access roads, would contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. There would be a minor and uncharacteristic change to a moderate proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Minor	Slight Adverse	None	Minor	Slight Adverse
Approx. Dist.: 200 m from Lower Houses Compound		Areas used for construction works returned to agriculture. Reinstatement of existing landform after construction works. Reinstatement of grass sward.	Construction Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Noticeable disturbance from views of the construction activity at the Lower Houses Compound. Specific changes would result from tunnel boring operation and open-cut trenching, and the storage and removal of excavated materials. The tall crane stationed at the reception shaft would be highly visible within the setting and represent incongruous, large-scale features within several outward views. Slight detectable loss of existing vegetation, field boundaries and landform alterations undertaken at the enabling works phase. Construction activity would be uncharacteristic and contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. There would be a noticeable and uncharacteristic change to a moderate proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short to medium-term / reversible change.	Moderate	Moderate Adverse	None	Moderate	Moderate Adverse



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
		Reinstatement of stone walls and fences.	Commissioning Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Minor disturbance from views of the commissioning works at the Lower Houses Compound. Specific changes would result from short sections of open-cut trenching, the temporary storage of excavated material, and the presence of aboveground features introduced during the construction phase. The tall crane located at the reception shaft would no longer be present. The changes to landform, vegetation cover and field pattern arising during the enabling works would remain evident. Commissioning activity would continue to be uncharacteristic and contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape; however, the scale of these effects would be reduced compared the construction phase. There would be a minor and uncharacteristic change to a moderate proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Minor	Slight Adverse	None	Minor	Slight Adverse
			Operational Phase (Year 1)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible views towards the above-ground features, such as the introduced valve house at the Lower Houses Compound. Slight detectable loss of existing vegetation within the setting. Mitigation planting introduced during the commissioning phase would have a limited contribution to integration and screening at this stage. There would be a minor and predominately characteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a long-term / reversible change.	Minor	Slight Adverse	None	Minor	Slight Adverse
			Operational Phase (Year 15)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible views towards the above-ground features. Maturing mitigation planting would help to replace existing vegetation removed during the enabling works and provide some integration of introduced features with the surrounding landscape. There would be a barely perceptible and characteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a permanent / irreversible change.	Negligible	Negligible	None	Negligible	Negligible
C3. Easington Landscape Character Area (C. Enclosed Moorland Hills LCT)	High (V: High / S: High)	Siting of proposed works to reduce the visibility and footprint of the Proposed Marl Hill Section Tree and shrub planting to replace vegetation removed during the enabling works.	Enabling Works Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from views of the enabling works at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound within the within the nearby G3. Upper Hodder and O5a. Upper Hodder Valley LCAs. Enabling works, such as the removal of existing vegetation, soil stripping, landform alterations and the establishment of the construction compound, laydown areas and temporary access roads, would contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. There would be a barely perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
Approx. Dist.: 1.8 km from Newton-in- Bowland Compound		Areas used for construction works returned to agriculture. Reinstatement of existing landform after construction works. Reinstatement of grass sward. Reinstatement of stone walls, hedgerows and fences.	Construction Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from views of the construction activity at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Specific changes would result from the creation of the working platform and tunnel portal through excavation and land reprofiling; the tunnel boring operation and open-cut trenching; and the storage and removal of excavated materials. The tall crane stationed at the launch shaft would be visible within the setting and represent incongruous, large-scale feature within a small number of outward views. Barely perceptible loss of existing vegetation, field boundaries and landform alterations undertaken at the enabling works phase. Construction activity would be uncharacteristic and slightly contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. There would be a minor and uncharacteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short to medium-term / reversible change	Minor	Slight Adverse	None	Minor	Slight Adverse
		Terrices.	Commissioning Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from views of the commissioning works at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Specific changes would result from the short sections of open-cut trenching, the movement and temporary storage of excavated material, and the presence of above-ground features introduced during the construction phase. The tall crane located at the launch portal would no longer be present. The changes to landform, vegetation cover and field pattern arising during the enabling works would remain barely perceptible. Commissioning activity would continue to be uncharacteristic and contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape; however, the scale of these effects would be reduced compared the construction phase. There would be a barely perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse
			Operational Phase (Year 1)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible views towards the above-ground features at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound, such as the introduced valve house. Barely perceptible loss of existing vegetation within the setting. Mitigation planting introduced during the commissioning phase would have a limited contribution to integration and screening at this stage. There would be a barely perceptible and predominately characteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a long-term / reversible change.	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
			Operational Phase (Year 15)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible views towards the above-ground features at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Maturing mitigation planting would help to replace existing vegetation removed during the enabling works and provide some integration of introduced features with the surrounding landscape. There would be a barely perceptible and characteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a permanent / irreversible change.	Negligible	Negligible	None	Negligible	Negligible
C9. Newton and Birket Landscape Character Area (C. Enclosed Moorland Hills LCT)	High (V: High / S: High)	Siting of proposed works to reduce the visibility and footprint of the Proposed Marl Hill Section Tree and shrub planting to replace vegetation removed during the enabling works.	Enabling Works Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from views of the enabling works at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound within the within the nearby G3. Upper Hodder and O5a. Upper Hodder Valley LCAs. Enabling works, such as the removal of existing vegetation, soil stripping, landform alterations and the establishment of the construction compound, laydown areas and temporary access roads, would contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. There would be a barely perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a moderate proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse
Approx. Dist.: 1.3 km from Newton-in- Bowland Compound,		Areas used for construction works returned to agriculture. Reinstatement of existing landform after construction works. Reinstatement of grass sward. Reinstatement of stone walls, hedgerows and fences.	Construction Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from the construction activity at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Specific changes would result from the creation of the working platform and tunnel portal through excavation and land reprofiling (Newton-in-Bowland Compound only); the tunnel boring operation and open-cut trenching; and the storage and removal of excavated materials. The tall crane stationed at the launch and shaft would be visible within the setting and represent incongruous feature within several outward views. Barely perceptible loss of existing vegetation, field boundaries and landform alterations undertaken at the enabling works phase. Construction activity would be uncharacteristic and slightly contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. There would be a minor and uncharacteristic change to a large proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short to medium-term / reversible change.	Minor	Slight Adverse	None	Minor	Slight Adverse
			Commissioning Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from views of the commissioning works at the Newton-in-Bowland Compounds. Specific changes would result from short sections of open-cut trenching, the movement and temporary storage of excavated material, and the presence of above-ground features introduced during the construction phase. The tall crane located at the launch portal and reception shaft would no longer be present. The changes to landform, vegetation cover and field pattern arising during the enabling	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
				works would remain barely perceptible. Commissioning activity would continue to be uncharacteristic and contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape; however, the scale of these effects would be reduced compared the construction phase. There would be a barely perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a moderate					
				proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.					
			Operational Phase (Year 1)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects.	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse
				Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible views towards the above-ground features at the Newton-in-Bowland Compounds, such as the introduced valve house. Barely perceptible loss of existing vegetation within the setting. Mitigation planting introduced during the commissioning phase would have a limited contribution to integration and screening at this stage.					
				There would be a barely perceptible and predominately characteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a long-term / reversible change.					
			Operational Phase (Year 15)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects.	Negligible	Negligible	None	Negligible	Negligible
				Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible views of the above-ground features at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Maturing mitigation planting would help to replace existing vegetation removed during the enabling works and provide some integration of introduced features with the surrounding landscape.					
				There would be a barely perceptible and characteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a permanent / irreversible change.					
D2. Tatham	High	Siting of proposed works to reduce the	Enabling Works Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects.	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse
Landscape Character Area	(V: High / S: High)	visibility and footprint of the Proposed Marl Hill Section		Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from views of the enabling works at the Lower Houses Compound within the nearby 04d. Bowland Gritstone Fringes, D13. Park House and I3. Hindburndale LCAs. Enabling works, such as the removal of existing vegetation, soil stripping, landform alterations and the establishment of the construction					
(D. Moorland Fringe LCT)		Tree and shrub planting to replace vegetation removed		compound, laydown areas and temporary access roads, would contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape.					
Approx. Dist.:		during the enabling works.		There would be a barely perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.					
Lower Houses Compound		Areas used for construction works	Construction Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects.	Minor	Moderate Adverse	None	Minor	Moderate Adverse
		returned to agriculture.		Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from views of the construction activity at the Lower Houses Compound. Specific changes would result from the tunnel boring operation and open-cut trenching, and the storage and removal of excavated materials. The tall crane stationed at the reception shaft would be visible within the setting and					



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
		Reinstatement of existing landform after construction works. Reinstatement of grass sward.		represent incongruous, large-scale features within several outward views. Barely perceptible loss of existing vegetation, field boundaries and landform alterations undertaken at the enabling works phase. Construction activity would be uncharacteristic and slightly contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. There would be a minor and uncharacteristic change to a moderate proportion of the					
		Reinstatement of stone walls and fences.	Commissioning Phase	landscape. Introduction of an adverse short to medium-term / reversible change Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from views of the Lower Houses compound. Specific changes would result from short sections of open-cut trenching, the movement and temporary storage of excavated material, and the presence of above-ground features introduced during the construction phase. The tall crane located at the reception shaft would no longer be present. The changes to landform, vegetation cover and field pattern arising during the enabling works would remain barely perceptible. Commissioning activity would continue to be uncharacteristic and contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape; however, the scale of these effects would be reduced compared the construction phase. There would be a barely perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse
			Operational Phase (Year 1)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible views towards the above-ground features at the Lower Houses Compound, such as the introduced valve house. Barely perceptible loss of existing vegetation within the setting. Mitigation planting introduced during the commissioning phase would have a limited contribution to integration and screening at this stage. There would be a barely perceptible and predominately characteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a long-term / reversible change.	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse
			Operational Phase (Year 15)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible long-distance views of the above-ground features at the Lower Houses Compound. Maturing mitigation planting would help to replace existing vegetation removed during the enabling works and provide some integration of introduced features with the surrounding landscape. There would be a barely perceptible and characteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a permanent / irreversible change.	Negligible	Negligible	None	Negligible	Negligible



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
D5. Beatrix to Collyholme Landscape Character Area (D. Moorland Fringe LCT) Approx. Dist.:	works to reduce the visibility and footprint of the Proposed Marl Hill Section Tree and shrub planting to replace vegetation removed during the enabling works. t.: Areas used for	Enabling Works Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Minor disturbance from views of the enabling works at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound within the within the adjacent G3. Upper Hodder and O5a. Upper Hodder Valley LCAs. Enabling works, such as the removal of existing vegetation, soil stripping, landform alterations and the establishment of the construction compound, laydown areas and temporary access roads, would contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. There would be a minor and uncharacteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Minor	Slight Adverse	None	Minor	Slight Adverse	
350 m from Newton-in- Bowland Compound		Areas used for construction works	Construction Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Noticeable disturbance from views of the construction activity at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Specific changes would result from the creation of the working platform and tunnel portal through excavation and land reprofiling the tunnel boring operation and open-cut trenching; and the storage and removal of excavated materials. The tall crane stationed at the launch shaft would be visible within the setting and represent incongruous, large-scale features within a small number of outward views. Slight detectable loss of existing vegetation, field boundaries and landform alterations undertaken at the enabling works phase. Construction activity would be uncharacteristic and slightly contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. There would be a noticeable and uncharacteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short to medium-term / reversible change	Minor	Moderate Adverse	None	Minor	Moderate Adverse
		fences.	Commissioning Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Minor disturbance from views of the commissioning works at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Specific changes would result from short sections of open-cut trenching, the temporary storage of excavated material, and the presence of above-ground features introduced during the construction phase. The tall crane located at the launch portal would no longer be present. The changes to landform, vegetation cover and field pattern arising during the enabling works would remain evident. Commissioning activity would continue to be uncharacteristic and contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape; however, the scale of these effects would be reduced compared the construction phase. There would be a minor and uncharacteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Minor	Slight Adverse	None	Minor	Slight Adverse
			Operational Phase (Year 1)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Minor views to the above-ground features at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound, such as the introduced vale house. Slight detectable loss of existing	Minor	Slight Adverse	None	Minor	Slight Adverse



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
				vegetation within the setting. Mitigation planting introduced during the commissioning phase would have a limited contribution to integration and screening at this stage. There would be a minor and predominately characteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a long-term / reversible change.					
			Operational Phase (Year 15)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible views towards the above-ground features at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Maturing mitigation planting would help to replace existing vegetation removed during the enabling works and provide some integration of introduced features with the surrounding landscape. There would be a barely perceptible and characteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a permanent / irreversible change.	Negligible	Negligible	None	Negligible	Negligible
D13. Park House Landscape Character Area (D. Moorland Fringe LCT) Approx. Dist.: 0 m from Lower Houses Compound	High (V: High / S: High)	Siting of proposed works to reduce the visibility and footprint of the Proposed Marl Hill Section Tree and shrub planting to replace vegetation removed during the enabling works. Areas used for construction works returned to agriculture.	Enabling Works Phase	Direct Effects: Noticeable disturbance from the enabling works at the Lower Houses Compound. Specific changes would result from soil stripping and the installation of temporary drainage; removal of existing tree and shrub vegetation; disruption to the existing field pattern; the localised reprofiling of the existing landform; and the temporary closure and diversion of the local PRoW network at the Lower Houses Compound (1-38-FP 22). The installation of temporary construction and internal boundary fencing; establishment of the construction compound, laydown areas and temporary access roads; movement of plant and machinery; and the temporary storage of topsoil and subsoil would contrast with the rural character of this landscape. Enabling works would reduce tranquillity and increase the perception of movement in the landscape. Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects. There would be a noticeable and uncharacteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Minor	Moderate Adverse	None	Minor	Moderate Adverse
		Reinstatement of existing landform after construction works. Reinstatement of grass sward. Reinstatement of stone walls and fences.	Construction Phase	Direct Effects: Substantial disturbance from the construction activity at the Lower Houses Compound. Specific changes would result from the presence of construction plant and machinery, including TBM and crane at the tunnel shaft; the movement and disturbance from construction traffic and construction work, including tunnel boring operation and open-cut trenching; the storage and movement of excavated materials; the presence of the construction compound, laydown areas and temporary access roads; and the introduction of temporary water management systems. These changes would increase the perception of disruption and further contrast with the rural character of this landscape. The impact would also be more evident due to landform alterations for the working platform and the loss of existing vegetation and field boundaries undertaken at the enabling works phase. Placement of surplus material, excavated from the vertical tunnel shaft, would be located in a pre-agreed location where the local topography is slightly hollowed. The placed material would be carefully formed within the hollow to tie-in with the existing contours to help integrate with the surrounding slightly undulating topography.	Moderate	Major Adverse	None	Moderate	Major Adverse



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
				Reinstatement would occur within sections of the Lower Houses Compound, although the construction compound, laydown areas and temporary access roads would remain. Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects. There would be a substantial and uncharacteristic change to a moderate proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short to medium-term / reversible change.					
			Commissioning Phase	Direct Effects: Minor disturbance from the commissioning works at the Lower Houses Compound. Specific changes would result from the presence and movement of plant and machinery; short sections of open-cut trenching; the movement and temporary storage of excavated material; the presence of the construction compound, laydown areas and temporary access roads introduced during the enabling works; and the presence of above-ground features introduced during the construction phase. The tall crane located at the reception shaft would no longer be present. The changes to landform, vegetation cover and field pattern arising during the enabling works would continue to be present. Commissioning activity would continue to be uncharacteristic and contrast with the rural character and setting of this landscape; however, the scale of these effects would be reduced compared the construction phase. Reinstatement and restoration activities, including mitigation planting and land reprofiling, would be undertaken upon completion of the commissioning phase. Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects. There would be a noticeable and uncharacteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Minor	Moderate Adverse	None	Minor	Moderate Adverse
			Operational Phase (Year 1)	Direct Effects: Minor change from the presence of the introduced valve house building at the Lower Houses Compound. The impact would also be more evident due to the loss of existing tree and shrub vegetation undertaken at the enabling works phase. The grass sward covering the placed surplus material would have established sufficiently to integrate the area with the surrounding reinstated grass areas. Mitigation planting introduced during the commissioning phase would have a limited contribution to integration, enclosure and screening at this stage. Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects. There would be a minor and predominately characteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse long-term / reversible change.	Minor	Slight Adverse	None	Minor	Slight Adverse
			Operational Phase (Year 15)	Direct Effects: Barely perceptible change from the topographical alterations resulting from the placed surplus material and the presence of the introduced above-ground features at the Lower Houses Compound. Maturing mitigation planting would help to replace removed vegetation during the enabling works and provide some integration of introduced structures and features into the surrounding landscape.	Negligible	Negligible	None	Negligible	Negligible



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
				Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects. There would be a barely perceptible and characteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse permanent / irreversible change.					
E3. Forest of Mewith Landscape Character Area (E. Undulating Lowland Farmland LCT)	High (V: High / S: High)	Siting of proposed works to reduce the visibility and footprint of the Proposed Marl Hill Section Tree and shrub planting to replace vegetation removed during the enabling works.	Enabling Works Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from views of the enabling works at the Lower Houses Compound within the nearby 04d. Bowland Gritstone Fringes, D13. Park House and I3. Hindburndale LCAs. Enabling works, such as the removal of existing vegetation, soil stripping, landform alterations and the establishment of the construction compound, laydown areas and temporary access roads, would contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. There would be a barely perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse
Approx. Dist.: 700 m from Lower Houses Compound		Areas used for construction works returned to agriculture. Reinstatement of existing landform after construction works. Reinstatement of grass sward.	Construction Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Minor disturbance from views of the construction activity at the Lower Houses Compound. Specific changes would result from the tunnel boring operation and open-cut trenching, and the storage and removal of excavated materials. The tall crane stationed at the reception shaft would be visible within the setting and represent incongruous, large-scale features within a small number of outward views. Barely perceptible loss of existing vegetation, field boundaries and landform alterations undertaken at the enabling works phase. Construction activity would be uncharacteristic and slightly contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. There would be a minor and uncharacteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short to medium-term / reversible change	Minor	Slight Adverse	None	Minor	Slight Adverse
		walls and fences.	Commissioning Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from views of the commissioning works at the Lower Houses Compound. Specific changes would result from short sections of opencut trenching, the movement and temporary storage of excavated material, and the presence of above-ground features introduced during the construction phase. The tall crane located at the reception shaft would no longer be present. The changes to landform, vegetation cover and field pattern arising during the enabling works would remain barely perceptible. Commissioning activity would continue to be uncharacteristic and contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape; however, the scale of these effects would be reduced compared the construction phase. There would be a barely perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
			Operational Phase (Year 1)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible views towards the above-ground features at the Lower Houses Compound, such as the introduced valve house. Barely perceptible loss of existing vegetation within the setting. Mitigation planting introduced during the commissioning phase would have a limited contribution to integration and screening at this stage. There would be a barely perceptible and largely characteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a long-term / reversible change.	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse
			Operational Phase (Year 15)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible views of the above-ground features at the Lower Houses Compound. Maturing mitigation planting would help to replace existing vegetation removed during the enabling works and provide some integration of introduced features with the surrounding landscape. There would be a barely perceptible and characteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of a permanent / irreversible change.	Negligible	Negligible	None	Negligible	Negligible
G3. Upper Hodder Landscape Character Area (G. Undulating Lowland Farmland with Parkland LCT) Approx. Dist.: 0 m from	High (V: High / S: High)	Siting of proposed works to reduce the visibility and footprint of the Proposed Marl Hill Section Tree and shrub planting to replace vegetation removed during the enabling works. Areas used for construction works returned to agriculture.	Enabling Works Phase	Direct Effects: Noticeable disturbance from the enabling works at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Specific changes would result from the soil stripping and the installation of temporary drainage; the removal of existing tree and shrub vegetation; disruption to the existing field pattern; the localised reprofiling of the existing landform; and the temporary closure and diversion of the local PRoW network at Newton-in-Bowland (3-29-FP 31 and 3-29-FP 26). The installation of temporary construction and internal boundary fencing; establishment of the construction compounds, laydown areas and temporary access roads; movement of plant and machinery; and the temporary storage of topsoil and subsoil would contrast with the rural character of this landscape. Enabling works would reduce tranquillity and increase the perception of movement in the landscape. Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects. There would be a noticeable and uncharacteristic change to a moderate proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.	Moderate	Major Adverse	None	Moderate	Major Adverse
Newton-in- Bowland Compound		Reinstatement of existing landform after construction works. Reinstatement of grass sward.	Construction Phase	Direct Effects: Substantial disturbance from the construction activity at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Specific changes would result from the presence of construction plant and machinery, including TBM and crane at the tunnel shaft; the creation of the working platform and tunnel portal through excavation and land reprofiling; the movement and disturbance from construction traffic and construction work, including tunnel boring operation and open-cut trenching; the storage and movement of excavated materials, including the tunnel arisings; the presence of the construction compounds, laydown areas and temporary access roads; and the introduction of temporary water management systems. These changes would increase the perception of disruption and further contrast with the rural character of this landscape. The impact would also be more	Major	Major Adverse	None	Major	Major Adverse



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
		Reinstatement of stone walls, hedgerows and fences.		evident due to landform alterations and the loss of existing vegetation and field boundaries undertaken at the enabling works phase. Reinstatement of the tunnel portal and within sections of the laydown areas would occur at the end of the construction phase, although the construction compounds, laydown areas and temporary access roads would remain.					
				Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects. There would be a substantial and uncharacteristic change to a large proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short to medium-term / reversible change.					
			Commissioning Phase	Direct Effects: Noticeable disturbance from the commissioning works at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. Specific changes would result from the presence and movement of plant and machinery; short sections of open-cut trenching; the movement and temporary storage of excavated material; the presence of the construction compounds, laydown areas and temporary access roads introduced during the enabling works; and the presence of above-ground features introduced during the construction phase. The tall crane located at the launch portal would no longer be present. Commissioning activity would continue to be uncharacteristic and contrast with the rural character and setting of this landscape; however, the scale of these effects would be reduced compared the construction phase. Reinstatement and restoration activities, including mitigation planting and land reprofiling, would be undertaken upon completion of the commissioning phase.	Moderate	Moderate Adverse	None	Moderate	Moderate Adverse
				Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects. There would be a noticeable and uncharacteristic change to a moderate proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.					
			Operational Phase (Year 1)	Direct Effects: Minor change from the presence of the introduced valve house building at the Newton-in-Bowland Compound. The impact would also be more evident due to the loss of existing tree and shrub vegetation undertaken at the enabling works phase. Mitigation planting introduced during the commissioning phase would have a limited contribution to integration, enclosure and screening at this stage.	Minor	Slight Adverse	None	Minor	Slight Adverse
				Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects. There would be a minor and predominately characteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse long-term / reversible change.					
			Operational Phase (Year 15)	Direct Effects: Barely perceptible change from the introduced above-ground features. Maturing mitigation planting would help to replace removed vegetation during the enabling works and provide some integration of introduced structures and features into the surrounding landscape.	Negligible	Negligible	None	Negligible	Negligible
				Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects.					



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
				There would be a barely perceptible and characteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse permanent / irreversible change.					
I2. Roeburndale Landscape	(V: High / S:	Siting of proposed works to reduce the visibility and footprint of the Proposed Marl Hill Section	Enabling Works Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects.	No Change	No Change	None	No Change	No Change
Character Area (I. Wooded Rural Valleys LCT) Approx. Dist.: 450 m from Lower Houses		Tree and shrub planting to replace vegetation removed during the enabling works. Areas used for construction works returned to agriculture	Construction Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: Minor disturbance from views of the construction activity at the Lower Houses Compound. The tall crane stationed at the reception shaft would be visible within the setting and represent incongruous, large-scale features within a small number of outward views. Construction activity would be uncharacteristic and slightly contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. There would be a minor and uncharacteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short to medium-term / reversible change	Minor	Slight Adverse	None	Minor	Slight Adverse
Compound	npound Re ex	Reinstatement of existing landform after construction works.	Commissioning Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects.	No Change	No Change	None	No Change	No Change
		Reinstatement of grass sward.	Operational Phase (Year 1)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects.	No Change	No Change	None	No Change	No Change
		Reinstatement of stone walls and fences.	Operational Phase (Year 15)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects. Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects.	No Change	No Change	None	No Change	No Change
I3. Hindburndale Landscape Character Area (I. Wooded Rural Valleys LCT) Approx. Dist.: 0 m from	High (V: High / S: High)	Siting of proposed works to reduce the visibility and footprint of the Proposed Marl Hill Section Tree and shrub planting to replace vegetation removed during the enabling works.	Enabling Works Phase	Direct Effects: Noticeable disturbance from the enabling works at the Lower Houses Compound. Specific changes would result from soil stripping and the installation of temporary drainage; removal of existing tree and shrub vegetation; disruption to the existing field pattern; and the localised reprofiling of the existing landform. The installation of temporary construction and internal boundary fencing; establishment of the temporary access roads; movement of plant and machinery; and the temporary storage of topsoil and subsoil would contrast with the rural character of this landscape. Enabling works would reduce tranquillity and increase the perception of movement in the landscape. Indirect Effects: Minor disturbance from views of the enabling works at the Lower Houses Compound within the adjacent 04d. Bowland Gritstone Fringes, D13. Park House and I3. Hindburndale LCAs. Enabling works, such as the removal of existing vegetation, soil stripping, landform alterations and the establishment of the construction compound,	Minor	Moderate Adverse	None	Minor	Moderate Adverse



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
Lower Houses Compound		Areas used for construction works returned to agriculture. Reinstatement of		laydown areas and temporary access roads, would contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. There would be a noticeable and uncharacteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.					
		existing landform after construction works. Reinstatement of grass sward. Reinstatement of stone walls and fences.	Construction Phase	Direct Effects: Substantial disturbance from construction activity at the Lower Houses Compound. Specific changes would result from the presence of construction plant and machinery, the movement and disturbance from construction traffic and construction work; the storage and movement of excavated materials; the presence of the temporary access roads; and the introduction of temporary water management systems. These changes would increase the perception of disruption and further contrast with the rural character of this landscape. The impact would also be more evident due to landform alterations and the loss of existing vegetation and field boundaries undertaken at the enabling works phase. Reinstatement would occur within sections of the Lower Houses Compound, although the construction compound, laydown areas and temporary access roads would remain. Indirect Effects: Noticeable disturbance from views of the construction activity at the Lower Houses Compound. Specific changes would result from the tunnel boring operation and open-cut trenching, and the storage and removal of excavated materials. The tall crane stationed at the reception shaft would be highly visible within the setting and represent incongruous, large-scale features within several outward views. Notable loss of existing vegetation, field boundaries and landform alterations undertaken at the enabling works phase. Construction activity would be uncharacteristic and contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. There would be a substantial and uncharacteristic change to a moderate proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short to medium-term / reversible change.	Moderate	Major Adverse	None	Moderate	Major Adverse
			Commissioning Phase	Direct Effects: Noticeable disturbance from the commissioning works at the Lower Houses Compound. Specific changes would result from the presence and movement of plant and machinery; the movement and temporary storage of excavated material; and the presence of the laydown areas introduced during the enabling works. The tall crane located at the reception shaft would no longer be present. The changes to landform, vegetation cover and field pattern arising during the enabling works would continue to be present. Commissioning activity would continue to be uncharacteristic and contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape. Reinstatement and restoration activities, including mitigation planting and land reprofiling, would be undertaken upon completion of the commissioning phase. Indirect Effects: Minor disturbance from views of the commissioning works at the Lower Houses Compound. Specific changes would result from short sections of open-cut trenching, the temporary storage of excavated material, and the presence of aboveground features introduced during the construction phase. The tall crane located at the reception shaft would no longer be present. The changes to landform, vegetation cover and field pattern arising during the enabling works would remain evident. Commissioning activity would continue to be uncharacteristic and contrast with the predominately rural		Moderate Adverse	None	Minor	Moderate Adverse



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
				character and setting of this landscape; however, the scale of these effects would be reduced compared the construction phase. There would be a noticeable and uncharacteristic change to a small proportion of the					
				landscape. Introduction of an adverse short-term / reversible change.					
			Operational Phase (Year 1)	Direct Effects: Minor change from the loss of existing tree and shrub vegetation undertaken at the enabling works phase. Mitigation planting introduced during the commissioning phase would have a limited contribution to integration, enclosure and screening at this stage.	Minor	Slight Adverse	None	Minor	Slight Adverse
				Indirect Effects: Minor views towards the above-ground features at the Lower Houses Compound, such as the introduced vale house. Mitigation planting introduced during the commissioning phase would have a limited contribution to integration and screening at this stage.					
				There would be a minor and predominately characteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse long-term / reversible change.					
			Operational Phase (Year 15)	Direct Effects: Maturing mitigation planting would help to replace removed vegetation during the enabling works.	Negligible	Negligible	None	Negligible	Negligible
				Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible views to the north towards the above-ground features. Maturing mitigation planting would help to replace existing vegetation removed during the enabling works and provide some integration of introduced features with the surrounding landscape.					
				There would be a barely perceptible and characteristic change to a very small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse permanent / irreversible change.					
K2. Lower Tatham	High	Siting of proposed works to reduce the visibility and footprint	Enabling Works Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects.	No Change	No Change	None	No Change	No Change
	(V: High / S: High)	of the Proposed Marl Hill Section	Construction	Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects. Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects.	Naglicible	Clicht	Nana	Naglicible	Clicht
Character Area			Phase	Direct Effects. There would be no direct effects.	Negligible	Slight Adverse	None	Negligible	Slight Adverse
/// Downstin				Indirect Effects: Barely perceptible disturbance from views of the construction activity at the Lower Houses Compound. The tall crane stationed at the reception shaft would be					
(K. Drumlin Field LCT)				visible within the setting and represent incongruous, large-scale features within a small number of outward views. Construction activity would be uncharacteristic and slightly					
Approx. Dist.:				contrast with the predominately rural character and setting of this landscape.					
1.4 km from Lower Houses Compound				There would be a barely perceptible and uncharacteristic change to a small proportion of the landscape. Introduction of an adverse short to medium-term / reversible change					
25			Commissioning Phase	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects.	No Change	No Change	None	No Change	No Change



Landscape / Townscape	Sensitivity (with value (V) and susceptibility (S))	Embedded and Good Practice Landscape Mitigation	Assessment Timescale	Description of Change	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Pre- Mitigation)	Additional Mitigation	Magnitude of Effect	Significance of Effect (Residual Effect)
				Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects.					
			Operational Phase (Year 1)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects.	No Change	No Change	None	No Change	No Change
				Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects.					
			Operational Phase (Year 15)	Direct Effects: There would be no direct effects.	No Change	No Change	None	No Change	No Change
				Indirect Effects: There would be no indirect effects.					