



Hinckley Plumbing & Heating Services are part of the Clever Energy group.

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Mr Peter Shuttleworth

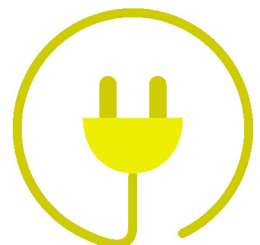
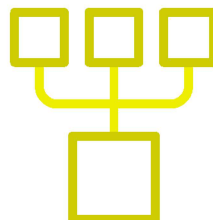
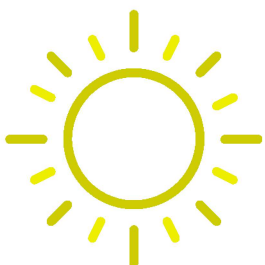
Project Name: Mr Peter Shuttleworth

Phone: 07966215252

Address: 45, Avenue Road, BB7 9QB

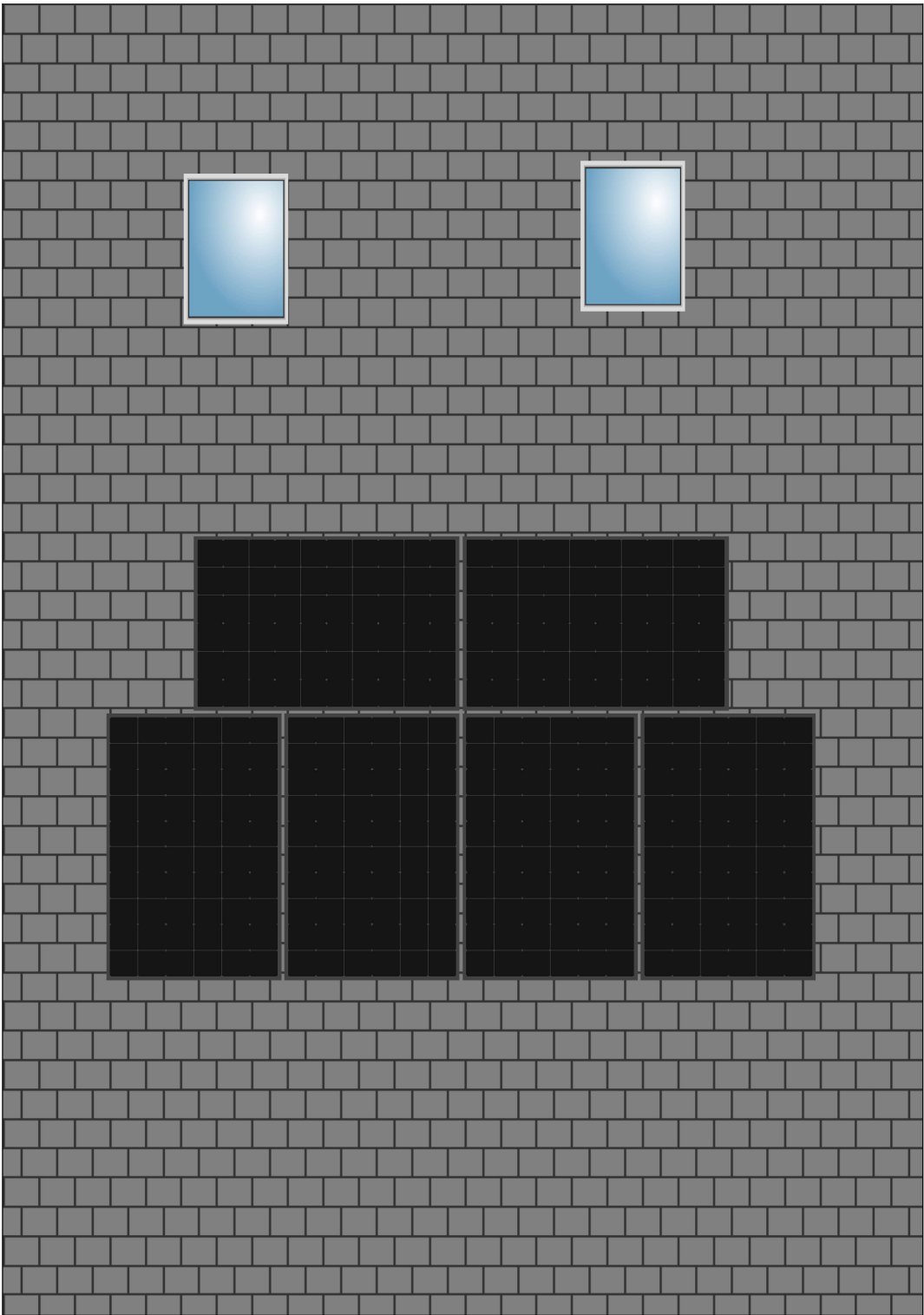
Date Created: 1st June 2023

Designer: Paul Watson



Roof Layout

Roof 1



Component list

Item		Quantity
	*HIB* Longi HiMo5 400W All Black Mono solar panel	6
	SolaX X1 G4 3.7D hybrid inverter	1
	**NET** Emlite Bi-directional Meter ECA2.nv	1
	Label sheet	1
	AC isolator - KN Newbury 20A 4-pole	2
	SolaX Triple 5.8kWh LFP Battery (Master Console)	1
	SolaX Triple 5.8kWh LFP Battery (Slave Console)	2
	IMO DC isolator 16A 2p 1string	2
	Pair of MC4 connectors	4
	100m reel of 6mm2 solar cable	1
	Fastensol end clamp (30mm black)	12
	Fastensol mid clamp (30mm black)	6
	Fastensol black end cap	12
	Fastensol portrait slate roof hook	10
	Fastensol rail splice	2



Fastensol landscape slate roof hook

8



Fastensol silver rail 3300mm

5



Inverter checks

SolaX X1 G4 3.7D hybrid

Panels

PV power **2400** Rated AC output **3680**

Input 1: 3 *HIB* Longi HiMo5 400W All Black Mono solar panels in 1 strings

Panels

Inverter

PV power	1200 W		
Open circuit voltage at -10° C	121 V	Max DC voltage	600 V
V _{mpp} at 40° C	90 V	V _{mpp} lower limit	70 V
V _{mpp} at -10° C	102 V	V _{mpp} upper limit	550 V
I _{mpp} at 40° C	13 A	Max DC input current	14 A

Max voltage

The open circuit voltage of the solar panels never exceeds the voltage limit of the inverter.



Max power point range

The maximum power point voltage of the solar panels is always above the lower limit of the inverter MPPT tracker. The maximum power point voltage of the solar panels is always below the upper limit of the inverter MPPT tracker.



Max Current

The maximum power point current of the solar panels is always below the maximum current for the inverter MPPT tracker.



Input 2: 3 *HIB* Longi HiMo5 400W All Black Mono solar panels in 1 strings

Panels		Inverter	
PV power	1200 W		
Open circuit voltage at -10° C	121 V	Max DC voltage	600 V
V _{mpp} at 40° C	90 V	V _{mpp} lower limit	70 V
V _{mpp} at -10° C	102 V	V _{mpp} upper limit	550 V
I _{mpp} at 40° C	13 A	Max DC input current	14 A

Max voltage

The open circuit voltage of the solar panels never exceeds the voltage limit of the inverter.



Max power point range

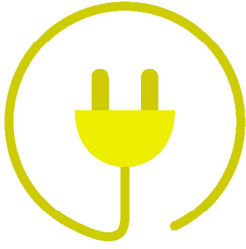
The maximum power point voltage of the solar panels is always above the lower limit of the inverter MPPT tracker. The maximum power point voltage of the solar panels is always below the upper limit of the inverter MPPT tracker.



Max Current

The maximum power point current of the solar panels is always below the maximum current for the inverter MPPT tracker.





Electrical

SolaX X1 G4 3.7D hybrid



AC Isolator

A AC isolator - KN Newbury 20A 4-pole has been specified for this input

Current

The rated isolator current (20A) is greater than the rated inverter current (16A)



Phases

The isolator is suitable for use on a single phase inverter.



Input 1



DC Isolator

A IMO DC isolator 16A 2p 1string has been specified for this input

Current

The isolator is rated for a current of 16A, which is more than the expected maximum current of 14A.



Voltage

At 16A the isolator is rated for a voltage of 600V, which is more than the expected maximum voltage of 121V.



Cable

10m of 6mm² solar cable has been specified

Voltage drop

Voltage drop at maximum power point at 40°C will be around **0.75 V (0.83 percent)**



Input 2



DC Isolator

A IMO DC isolator 16A 2p 1string has been specified for this input

Current

The isolator is rated for a current of 16A, which is more than the expected maximum current of 14A.



Voltage

At 16A the isolator is rated for a voltage of 600V, which is more than the expected maximum voltage of 121V.





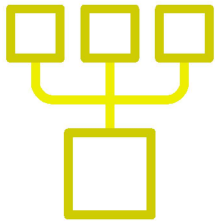
Cable

10m of 6mm² solar cable has been specified

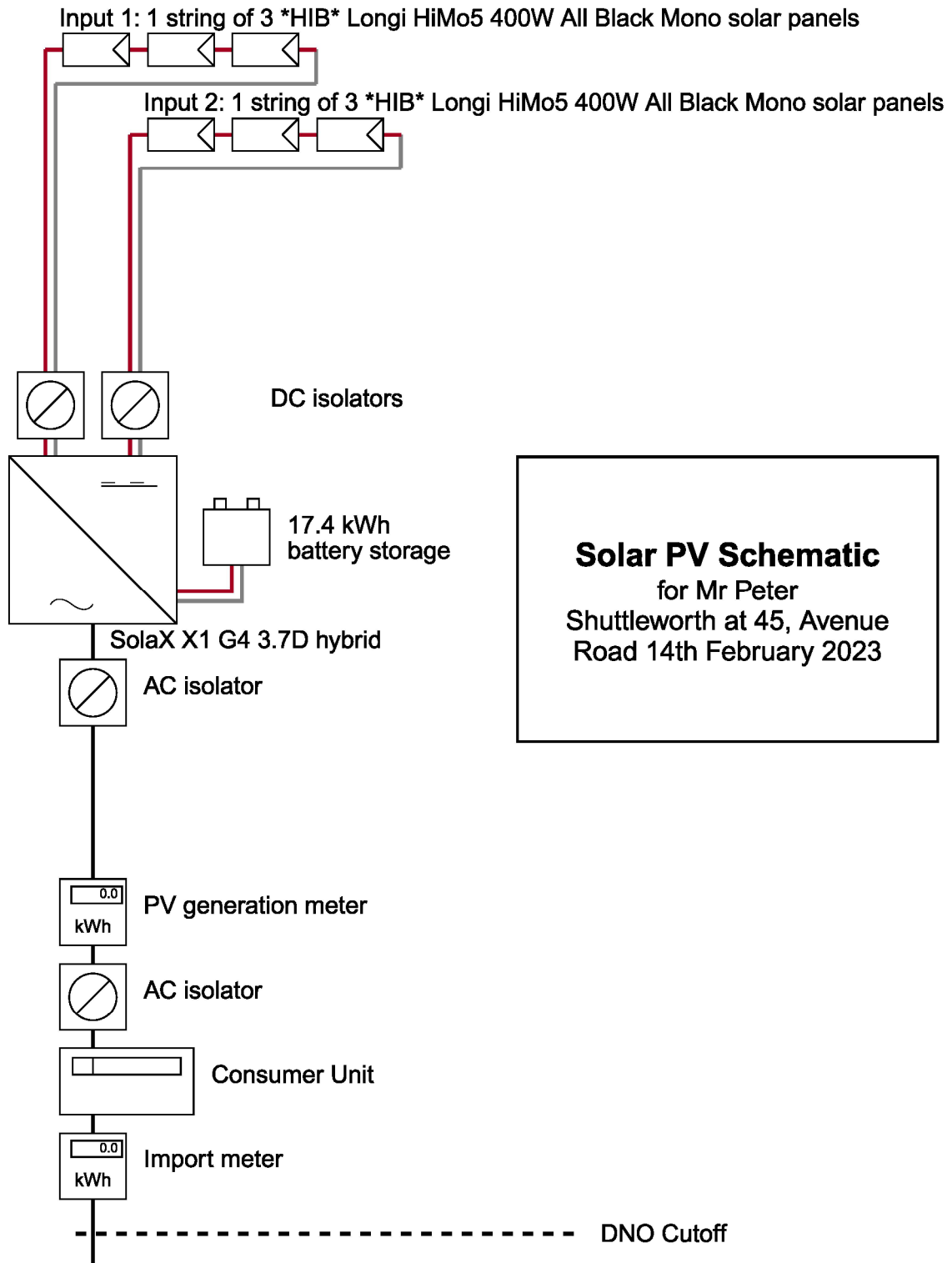
Voltage drop

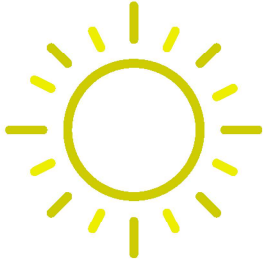
Voltage drop at maximum power point at 40°C will be around
0.75 V (0.83 percent)





Schematic diagram





Performance Estimate

Site details

Client

Mr Peter Shuttleworth

Address

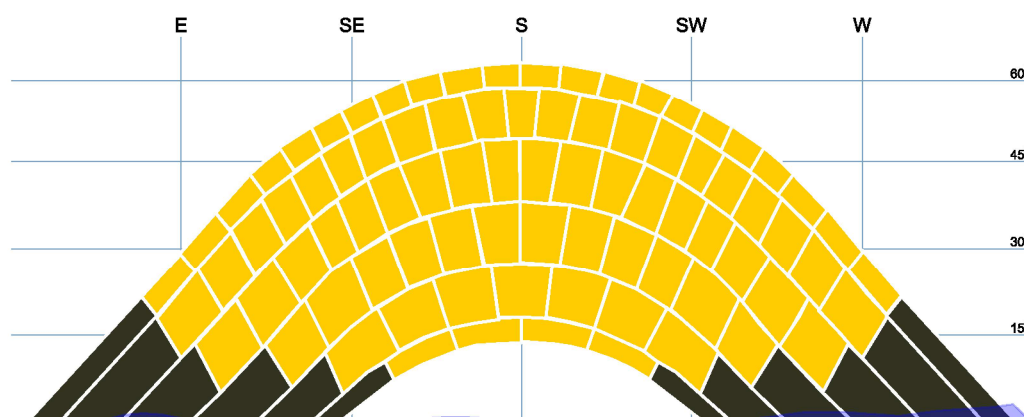
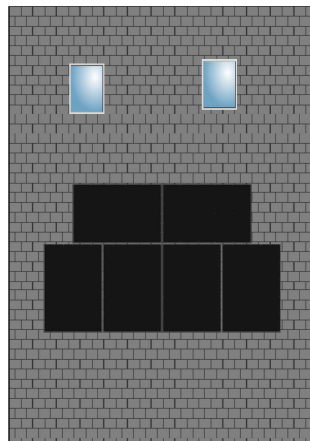
45, Avenue Road

The sunpath diagram shows the arcs of the sky that the sun passes through at different times of the day and year as yellow blocks. The shaded area indicates the horizon as seen from the location of the solar array. Where objects on the horizon are within 10m of the array, an added semi-circle is drawn to represent the increased shading. Blocks of the sky that are shaded by objects on the horizon are coloured red, and a shading factor is calculated from the number of red blocks. The performance of the solar array is calculated by multiplying the size of the array (kWp) by the shading factor (sf) and a site correction factor (kk), taken from tables which take account of the geographical location, orientation and inclination of the array.

Inverter 1

SolaX X1 G4 3.7D hybrid

Input 1



A. Installation data

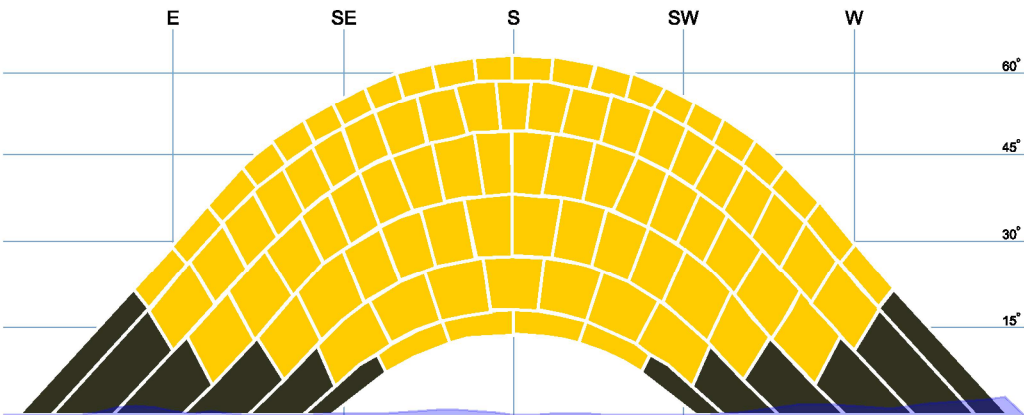
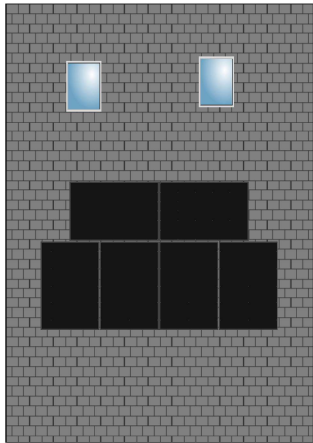
Installed capacity of PV system - kWp (stc)	1.200	kWp
Orientation of the PV system - degrees from South	76	°
Inclination of system - degrees from horizontal	46	°
Postcode region	7E	



B. Performance calculations

kWh/kWp (Kk)	810	kWh/kWp
Shade factor (SF)	1.00	
Estimated output (kWp x Kk x SF)	972	kWh

Input 2



A. Installation data

Installed capacity of PV system - kWp (stc)	1.200	kWp
Orientation of the PV system - degrees from South	76	°
Inclination of system - degrees from horizontal	46	°
Postcode region	7E	



B. Performance calculations

kWh/kWp (Kk)	810	kWh/kWp
Shade factor (SF)	1.00	
Estimated output (kWp x Kk x SF)	972	kWh

Performance Summary

A. Installation data		
Installed capacity of PV system - kWp (stc)	2.4	kWp
Orientation of the PV system - degrees from South	See individual inputs	
Inclination of system - degrees from horizontal	See individual inputs	
Postcode region	7E	
B. Performance calculations		
kWh/kWp (Kk)	See individual inputs	
Shade factor (SF)	See individual inputs	
Estimated output (kWp x Kk x SF)	1944	kWh

Important Note: The performance of solar PV systems is impossible to predict with certainty due to the variability in the amount of solar radiation (sunlight) from location to location and from year to year. This estimate is based upon the standard MCS procedure is given as guidance only for the first year of generation. It should not be considered as a guarantee of performance.



Equipment and Services

Equipment Costs

6x *HIB* Longi HiMo5 400W All Black Mono solar panel

SolaX X1 G4 3.7D hybrid inverter

NET Emlite Bi-directional Meter ECA2.nv

Label sheet

2x AC isolator - KN Newbury 20A 4-pole

SolaX Triple 5.8kWh LFP Battery (Master Console)

2x SolaX Triple 5.8kWh LFP Battery (Slave Console)

2x IMO DC isolator 16A 2p 1string

4x Pair of MC4 connectors

100m reel of 6mm² solar cable

12x Fastensol end clamp (30mm black)

6x Fastensol mid clamp (30mm black)

12x Fastensol black end cap

10x Fastensol portrait slate roof hook

2x Fastensol rail splice

8x Fastensol landscape slate roof hook

5x Fastensol silver rail 3300mm

Meter

18 x slate flashjng kit

Total equipment cost

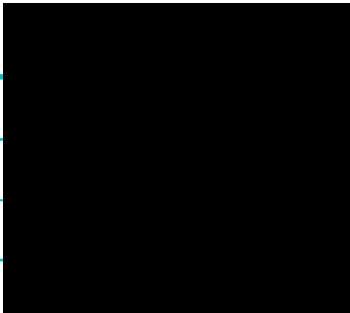
Services Costs

Installation and Scaffolding

Total services cost

Totals

	Total before tax
	VAT at 0%
	Total including tax





Financial

Generation

The system is expected to generate 1944 kWh per year initially, decreasing gradually as the solar cells degrade. Over the 25 year term of this financial projection the total generation is expected to be 45678 kwh, of which 36543 kWh will be consumed on site and 9136 kWh exported.

46
MWh

Payback

After adjusting projected costs and benefits for inflation, and applying a discount rate of 0%, the initial system cost of £13,583.00 is expected to be recouped after 15 years.

15
years

Net Present Value

The total present value of future benefits and costs, using a discount rate of 0% per year, is £33,281.22. The cost of the PV system is £13,583.00. The net present value of the project is therefore £19,698.22. A positive net present value is a good indication that the project is financially worthwhile.

£19698.
22

IRR

The Internal Rate of Return is a useful measure for comparing the relative profitability of investments.

6.2
%

Disclaimer

Our financial model calculates the benefits of a solar PV installation (such as savings in electricity, or payments for exported electricity) and costs (the initial purchase cost, and any future maintenance costs if entered), over the projected lifespan of the system. Values are corrected for inflation, system degradation, and discount rate - a measure that accounts for the fact that a promise of a monetary sum in the distant future is usually considered less valuable than the promise of the same sum in the near future.

A model is only as accurate as the assumptions it makes. You should consider whether the values chosen are appropriate for your situation. There are many variables that dictate the financial return of a solar installation and we cannot forecast how they may change in the future. This financial projection shows a likely scenario for future financial returns. Actual returns may vary significantly from this forecast.

Assumptions

Inflation rate	7%
Cost of electricity	£0.34 /kWh increases with inflation
System size	2.4 kWp degrades at 0.5% per year
Discount rate	0%
Projection length	25 years

Income and savings

The projected income from the system over the project lifetime in payments for generated and exported electricity, along with electricity savings, are shown in the table and graph below. These figures assume an inflation rate of 7 percent.

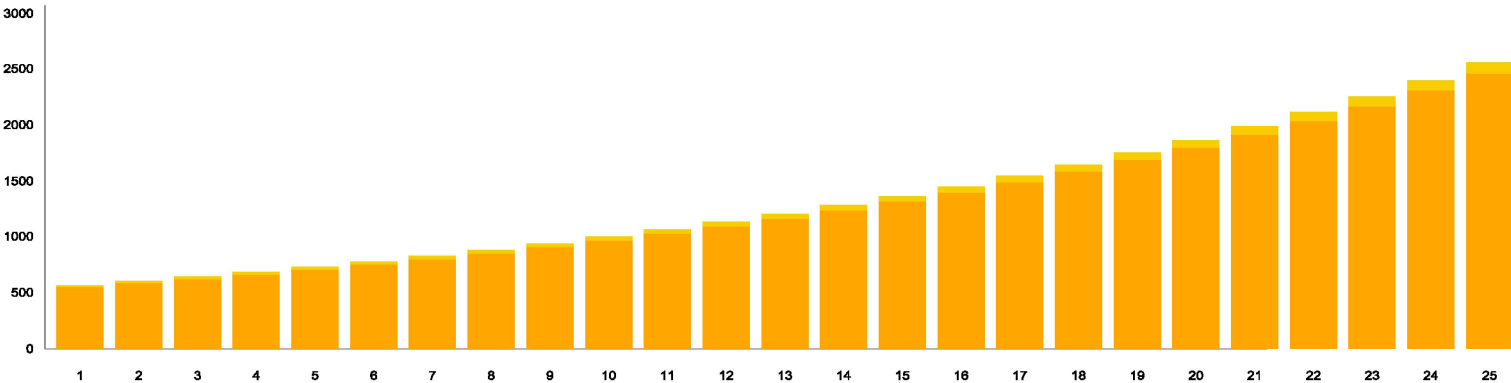
	Export payments	Electricity savings	Total
Year 1	22	546	568
Year 2	24	581	605
Year 3	25	619	644
Year 4	27	659	685
Year 5	28	701	730
Year 6	30	747	777
Year 7	32	795	827
Year 8	34	846	881
Year 9	36	901	938
Year 10	39	959	998
Year 11	41	1021	1063
Year 12	44	1087	1131
Year 13	47	1158	1205
Year 14	50	1233	1282
Year 15	53	1312	1365
Year 16	56	1397	1454
Year 17	60	1487	1548
Year 18	64	1584	1648
Year 19	68	1686	1754
Year 20	73	1795	1868
Year 21	77	1911	1988
Year 22	82	2035	2117
Year 23	88	2166	2254
Year 24	93	2306	2399
Year 25	99	2455	2554



Total Export Payments
over 25 years



Electricity savings
over 25 years



The bottom line

The table and graph below show the discounted costs for the project (including the initial capital required for the installation), against the total discounted benefits from income and savings on electricity bills.

The system pays for itself in 15 years.

	Discounted benefits	Cumulative benefits	Discounted costs	Cumulative costs	Cashflow
Year 1	568	568	0	13583	-13015
Year 2	605	1173	0	13583	-12410
Year 3	644	1816	0	13583	-11767
Year 4	685	2502	0	13583	-11081
Year 5	730	3232	0	13583	-10351
Year 6	777	4009	0	13583	-9574
Year 7	827	4836	0	13583	-8747
Year 8	881	5716	0	13583	-7867
Year 9	938	6654	0	13583	-6929
Year 10	998	7652	0	13583	-5931
Year 11	1063	8715	0	13583	-4868
Year 12	1131	9846	0	13583	-3737
Year 13	1205	11051	0	13583	-2532
Year 14	1282	12333	0	13583	-1250
Year 15	1365	13698	0	13583	115
Year 16	1454	15152	0	13583	1569
Year 17	1548	16699	0	13583	3116
Year 18	1648	18347	0	13583	4764
Year 19	1754	20101	0	13583	6518
Year 20	1868	21969	0	13583	8386
Year 21	1988	23957	0	13583	10374
Year 22	2117	26074	0	13583	12491
Year 23	2254	28327	0	13583	14744
Year 24	2399	30727	0	13583	17144
Year 25	2554	33281	0	13583	19698

