

## Phase 1 Preliminary Risk Assessment

29 October 2025

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Parsonage Farm, Church Street, Ribchester, PR3 3YE

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## **1. Introduction**

The following document is a Phase 1 Preliminary Risk Assessment carried out by Oakshire Environmental, and includes details of the site, environmental setting, contaminant linkages and an evaluation of risk.

### **1.1 Project Overview**

The client's proposed project involves the conversion of an agricultural barn to one dwelling and associated work at Parsonage Farm, Church Street, Ribchester, PR3 3YE. Oakshire Environmental have carried out a Phase 1 Preliminary Risk Assessment, as described below.

### **1.2 Purpose of Investigation**

The objectives of the Phase 1 Preliminary Risk Assessment were to:

- Develop a detailed assessment of the site.
- Identify potential contamination sources, receptors and pathways at the site.
- Assess the level of potential contamination risk.
- Determine the requirement or scope of further investigations.

### **1.3 Scope of Work**

- Brief introductory information has been noted to provide context to the report and include an Introduction, Project Overview, Scope of Work and Limitations.
- To develop a detailed assessment of the site, desk studies have been carried out to collate information obtained from sources including the British Geological Society, Environment Agency and Ordnance Survey on planning and site history, ground conditions and environmental setting.
- This information has been used to identify potential contamination sources, receptors and pathways at the site, as part of an initial Conceptual Site Model.
- To assess the level of potential contamination risk, a Conceptual Site Model has been produced to categorise the potential severity of the impact of the contaminant linkage on the receptor and the probability of the contaminant linkage being present.
- Following the assessment of contaminant linkages, an evaluation of contamination risk has been conducted to determine the requirement and scope of further investigations.
- Supporting appendix include photographs, maps, and plans of the site.

## 1.4 Limitations

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This report excludes consideration of potential hazards arising from any activities at the site other than normal use and occupancy for the intended land uses. Hazards associated with any other activities have not been assessed and must be subject to a specific risk assessment by the parties responsible for those activities. Oakshire Environmental does not warrant or guarantee that the site is free of hazardous or potentially hazardous materials or conditions. It should be noted that this report has been produced for environmental purposes only.

## **2. Site**

The following section provides a description of the site, location and proposed development, in addition to, planning and site history, utilising information obtained from the client and publicly available sources.

### **2.1 Site Description and Location**

The site is located on an unnamed track off Church Street to the west of Ribchester and covers an area of approximately 0.29ha. The site comprises a group of agricultural buildings known as Parsonage Farm. The buildings at the north east of the site include a barn with extensions to the north east and north west and are constructed with brick walls and pebble dash render, slate and steel sheet roofs and concrete floors. Attached to these buildings to the south west is a large concrete block barn with corrugated cement sheet cladding and roof, potentially containing asbestos, and a concrete base. At the south east and south west of the site there are two detached barns constructed with concrete blocks and timber cladding and corrugated cement sheet roofs, potentially containing asbestos, and at the west of the site there is a detached stone barn with a tiled roof. The buildings are mostly empty with the exception of some planks of wood, bags of animal feed and an empty plastic drum inside of the extensions at the north east. External areas of the site are comprised of concrete hardstanding and a small area of soft landscaping at the south.

Potential oil staining was identified within most of the barns while no other evidence of contamination was identified.

The site is bordered by dwellings to the north and agricultural fields to the east, south and west. The surrounding area is predominantly agricultural.

National Grid Reference: SD 64306 35037

### **2.2 Proposed Development**

The proposed development involves the demolition of the large concrete block barn at the centre of the site and the conversion of the barns at the north east to a residential dwelling. The location of the existing concrete block barn will be redeveloped to car parking, lawn and pasture.

The barns at the south east, north west and south west will be retained for agricultural use.

### **2.3 Relevant Planning History**

A search of Ribble Valley Borough Council's planning website identified no relevant applications at or near the site.

## 2.4 Site History

A detailed assessment of historical Ordnance Survey maps and associated data has highlighted the below on-site and off-site, current and historical land uses.

Table 1: Description of the site and surrounding area over time, according to historical maps

Year	Site Description	Surrounding Area
1892	Agricultural building at the north east and yard areas at the east and north west	Surrounding land predominantly comprises agricultural fields Agricultural building 50m north Ponds 190m north west and west
1912	Site is labelled as Parsonage Farm	No significant change
1932		Small unlabelled building 30m north
1967 - 1968	Extension to the south west of the existing agricultural building and additional detached buildings at the east, north west and west of the site	Dwelling 10m north Poultry Houses 20m north Agricultural building 50m north now labelled as a dwelling
1992 - 1994		New agricultural buildings bordering the site to the east Poultry houses to the north removed
2000	Aerial photo shows areas of concrete hardstanding adjacent to the on-site buildings along with a small area of soft landscaping at the south west	Aerial photo shows areas of concrete hardstanding bordering the site to the south east and north west with grass fields in the wider area
2003	South western part of agricultural building at the north east removed and a large attached agricultural building has been constructed to the south west  New agricultural buildings constructed at the south east and south west and agricultural building at the north west has been extended	No significant change
2017	Building at the south east extended	Stockpile of soil or silage on hardstanding bordering the site to the south east Agricultural buildings bordering the site to the east have been removed Pond 190m west appears to have silted up
2023		Soil/silage stockpile no longer shown

### 3. Environmental Setting

The following section provides information on the environmental setting of the site, utilising data from the British Geological Survey (BGS), Environment Agency, Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA), Mining Remediation Authority and Public Health England (PHE).

Table 2: Summary of the site's environmental setting

Environmental Factor		Details	
Hydrogeology	Aquifer Designation	Superficial	Secondary Undifferentiated
		Bedrock	Secondary A
	Groundwater Vulnerability	Superficial	Medium
		Bedrock	Low
	Source Protection Zones and Abstractions	<p>Site is not within a Source Protection Zone</p> <p>Closest groundwater abstraction is 1757m north east at Holmes Farm, Ribchester for General Farming &amp; Domestic</p> <p>No surface water or potable water abstractions within 2km of the site</p>	
Hydrology	Water Network	Unnamed watercourse 99m north east	
Geology	Artificial Ground	None within 250m of the site	
	Superficial Deposits	Till, Devensian - Clay, Sandy, Gravelly, Silty	
	Bedrock Geology	Silsden Formation - Mudstone	
	Superficial Permeability	High to Low (through mixed flow)	
	Bedrock Permeability	Low (through fracture flow)	
	Borehole Records	No borehole records within 250m of the site	
Workings	Mining and Ground Workings	<p>No evidence of coal mining within 250m of the site</p> <p>Pond 190m north west shown from 1892 and is still present</p> <p>Pond 190m west shown from 1892 and appears to have silted up by 2017</p>	
Radon	PHE UKradon	Less than 1% chance of being at or above the radon Action Level	
Agency	Discharge Consents	Consent for discharge of treated sewage to a tributary of the River Ribble 125m north east	
	Pollution Incidents	Slurry and Dilute Slurry having a significant impact on water 132m north east in 2024	
Waste and Landfill	Historical Landfill	None within 250m of the site	
	Licensed Waste Sites	None within 250m of the site	
	Waste Exemptions	Multiple waste exemptions at Parsonage Farm 21m north west for burning waste in the open, deposition of agricultural waste, storage of waste in a secure place, cleaning, washing, spraying or coating relevant waste, use of waste for a specified purpose and the storage of sludge	
Industrial Land Use	Historical Industrial Land Uses	None within 250m of the site	
	Recent Industrial Land Uses	Poultry Houses 7m north for Poultry Farming, Equipment and Supplies	

## **4. Initial Conceptual Site Model**

The following section outlines potential contamination sources, pathways and receptors, utilising information gathered in the previous sections, to develop an initial conceptual site model.

### **4.1 Potential Contamination Sources**

Information collated through detailed desk studies has identified the following potential sources of contamination.

#### **Agricultural Activity**

The site has been in continuous agricultural use since at least 1892, which raises the potential for soil and groundwater contamination from historical farming practices such as the application of pesticides, herbicides, and chemical fertilisers, as well as possible fuel storage for machinery. In addition, the on-site buildings are constructed with materials that may contain asbestos, posing a risk if these materials have deteriorated or been disturbed. Furthermore, potential oil staining observed on the concrete floors of some buildings suggests possible hydrocarbon contamination from leaks or spills associated with equipment or storage activities.

### **4.2 Potential Contamination Receptors**

Given the proposed use of the site, the following receptors are considered:

- Residential end users
- Construction workers
- Secondary aquifers

### **4.3 Potential Contamination Pathways**

Based on the expected on-site receptors, relevant pathways for the above receptors include:

- Ingestion/inhalation of contaminated soil dust
- Dermal contact with contaminated soil
- Inhalation of soil vapours
- Ingestion of homegrown produce
- Permeation into drinking water pipes
- Leaching through soil

Pathways between off-site sources and off-site receptors is beyond the scope of this assessment.

#### 4.4 Risk Assessment Methodology

The potential level of risk posed by a particular source is determined by assessing the potential severity of the impact of the contaminant linkage on the receptor, if it is assumed to be present, and the probability of the contaminant linkage being present.

Severities are categorised from Minor to Severe and probabilities are categorised from Unlikely to High Likelihood to give a potential level of risk output.

Table 3: Risk Matrix

Probability	Severity of Consequence			
	Severe	Medium	Mild	Minor
High Likelihood	Very High Risk	High Risk	Moderate Risk	Low / Moderate Risk
Likely	High Risk	Moderate Risk	Low / Moderate Risk	Low Risk
Low Likelihood	Moderate Risk	Low / Moderate Risk	Low Risk	Very Low Risk
Unlikely	Low / Moderate Risk	Low Risk	Very Low Risk	Very Low Risk

##### *Very High Risk*

There is a high probability that severe harm could arise to a designated receptor from an identified source; or there is evidence that severe harm to a designated receptor is currently happening.

##### *High Risk*

Harm is likely to arise to a designated receptor from an identified source.

##### *Moderate Risk*

It is possible that harm could arise to a designated receptor from an identified source. It is relatively unlikely that any such harm would be severe or if any harm were to occur it is more likely that the harm would be relatively mild.

##### *Low Risk*

It is possible that harm could arise to a designated receptor from an identified source, however, it is likely that this harm, if realised, would normally be mild.

##### *Very Low Risk*

There is a low possibility that harm could arise to a receptor. In the event of such harm being realised it is not likely to be severe.

## 4.5 Conceptual Site Model

The information in this section has been compiled to produce an initial conceptual site model outlining the potential sources, pathways and receptors to consider at the site. The level of risk was categorised by considering the severity and probability, as outlined in the previous section.

Table 4: Conceptual site model

Sources	Pathways	Receptors	Severity	Probability	Potential Level of Risk	
Agricultural Activity	Ingestion/inhalation of contaminated soil dust Dermal contact with contaminated soil Inhalation of soil vapours Ingestion of homegrown produce Permeation into drinking water pipes	Residential end users	Medium	Likely	Moderate	<p>The agricultural use of the site raises the potential for soil and groundwater contamination from historical farming practices such as the application of pesticides, herbicides, and chemical fertilisers, as well as possible fuel storage for machinery. In addition, the on-site buildings are constructed with materials that may contain asbestos, posing a risk if these materials have deteriorated or been disturbed. Furthermore, potential oil staining observed on the concrete floors of some buildings suggests possible hydrocarbon contamination from leaks or spills associated with equipment or storage activities.</p> <p>Given that the proposed will include areas of soft landscaping, it is possible that historical contamination will impact residential end users.</p>
	Ingestion/inhalation of contaminated soil dust Dermal contact with contaminated soil	Construction workers	Mild	Likely	Low to Moderate	<p>Construction workers will be at risk from direct exposure to potential contaminants in shallow soil/made ground during groundworks for the removal of the existing barn at the centre of the site, however, any residual risks can be mitigated through the use of appropriate Personal Protective Equipment.</p>
	Leaching through soil	Secondary aquifers	Mild	Low Likelihood	Low	<p>There are no groundwater abstractions in the vicinity of the site indicating that the underlying groundwater is not particularly vulnerable to contamination. The site is also covered mostly by concrete hardstanding which will significantly limit the migration of contaminants through soil to underlying groundwater.</p>

## 5. Conclusions

### 5.1 Risk Evaluation

The initial conceptual site model identified the following potential contaminant linkages present at the site and the following conclusions have been drawn:

- There is a **moderate risk** to residential end users from the ingestion/inhalation of contaminated soil dust, dermal contact with contaminated soil, inhalation of soil vapours, ingestion of homegrown produce and permeation into drinking water pipes from agricultural activity on the site.
- There is a **low to moderate risk** to construction workers from the ingestion/inhalation of contaminated soil dust and dermal contact with contaminated soil from agricultural activity on the site.
- There is a **low risk** to secondary aquifers from the leaching of contaminants from agricultural activity on the site.

Based on the findings of this Phase 1 Preliminary Risk Assessment, the risk to residential end users and controlled waters is considered to be low to moderate.

### 5.2 Further Investigation

Based on the above conclusions, further investigation is recommended in the form of a Phase 2 Intrusive Site Investigation. This should include sampling of shallow soil in areas of proposed soft landscaping to be tested for a suite of contaminants including heavy metals, hydrocarbons and asbestos. It is important to note that this conclusion is based on the proposed development plan.

## 6. References

**British Geological Society.** *GeoIndex*. [online] Available at: <[mapapps2.bgs.ac.uk/geoindex](http://mapapps2.bgs.ac.uk/geoindex)>.

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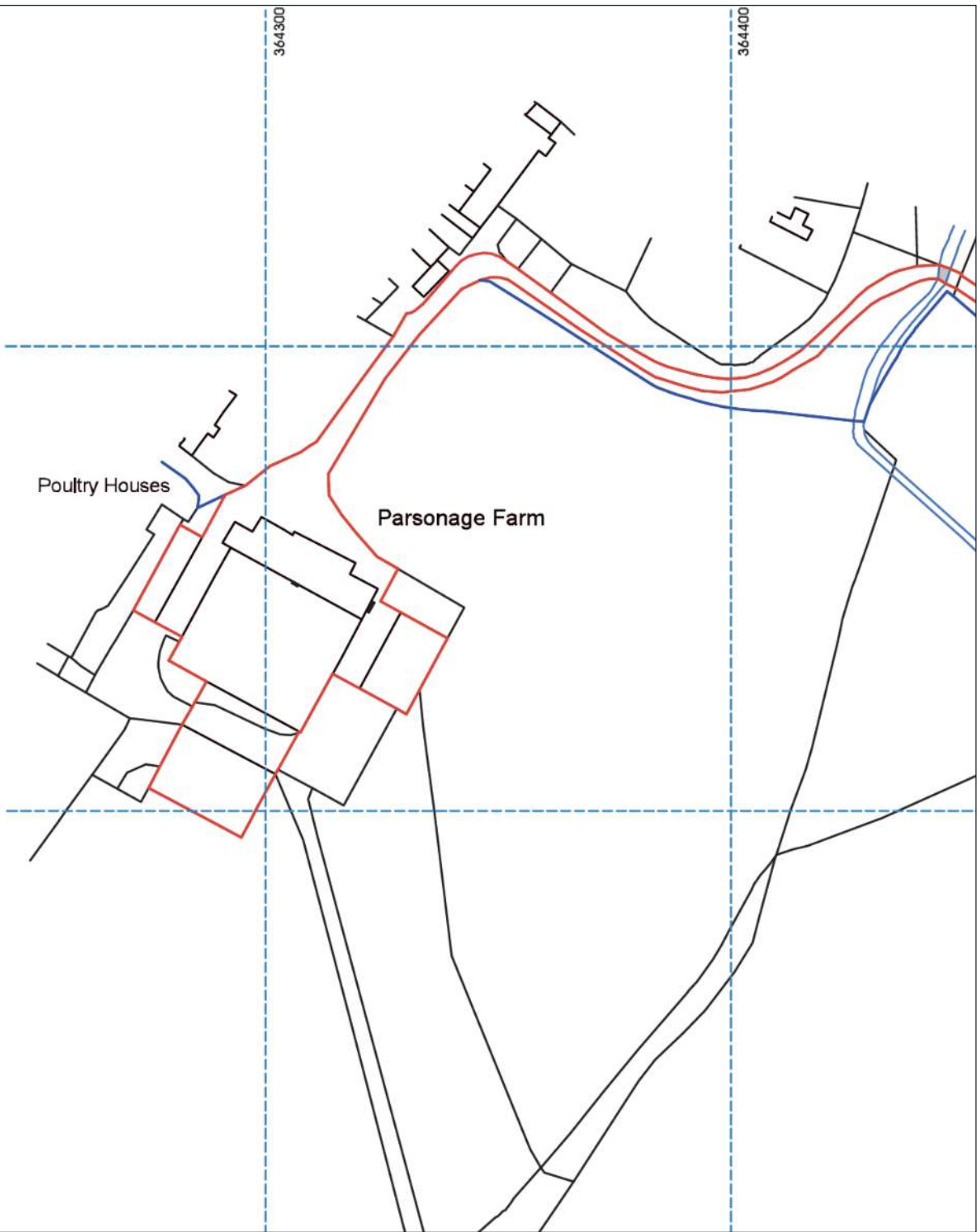
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**Oakshire Environmental.** Available at: <[oakshireenvironmental.co.uk](http://oakshireenvironmental.co.uk)>.



Appendix - Site Maps & Plans	
Description	
Site location plan	
Sources	
Contains OS data © Crown copyright and database rights	
Key	
	Site boundary
	North

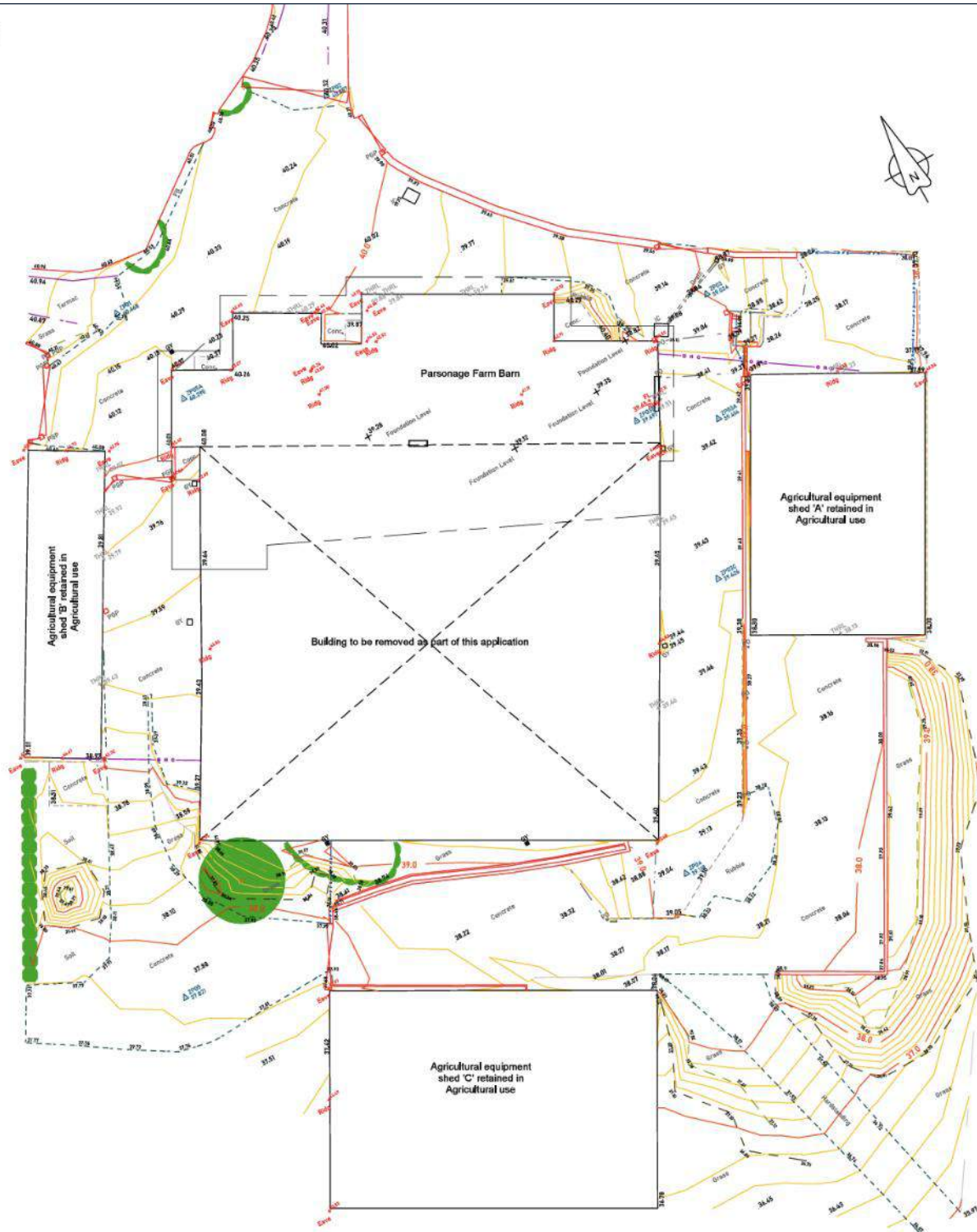
Appendix - Site Maps & Plans

Description

Existing site plan

Sources

PGB Architectural Services



**Appendix - Site Maps & Plans**

Description

Proposed site plan

Sources

PGB Architectural Services





**Appendix - Site Photos**

Description

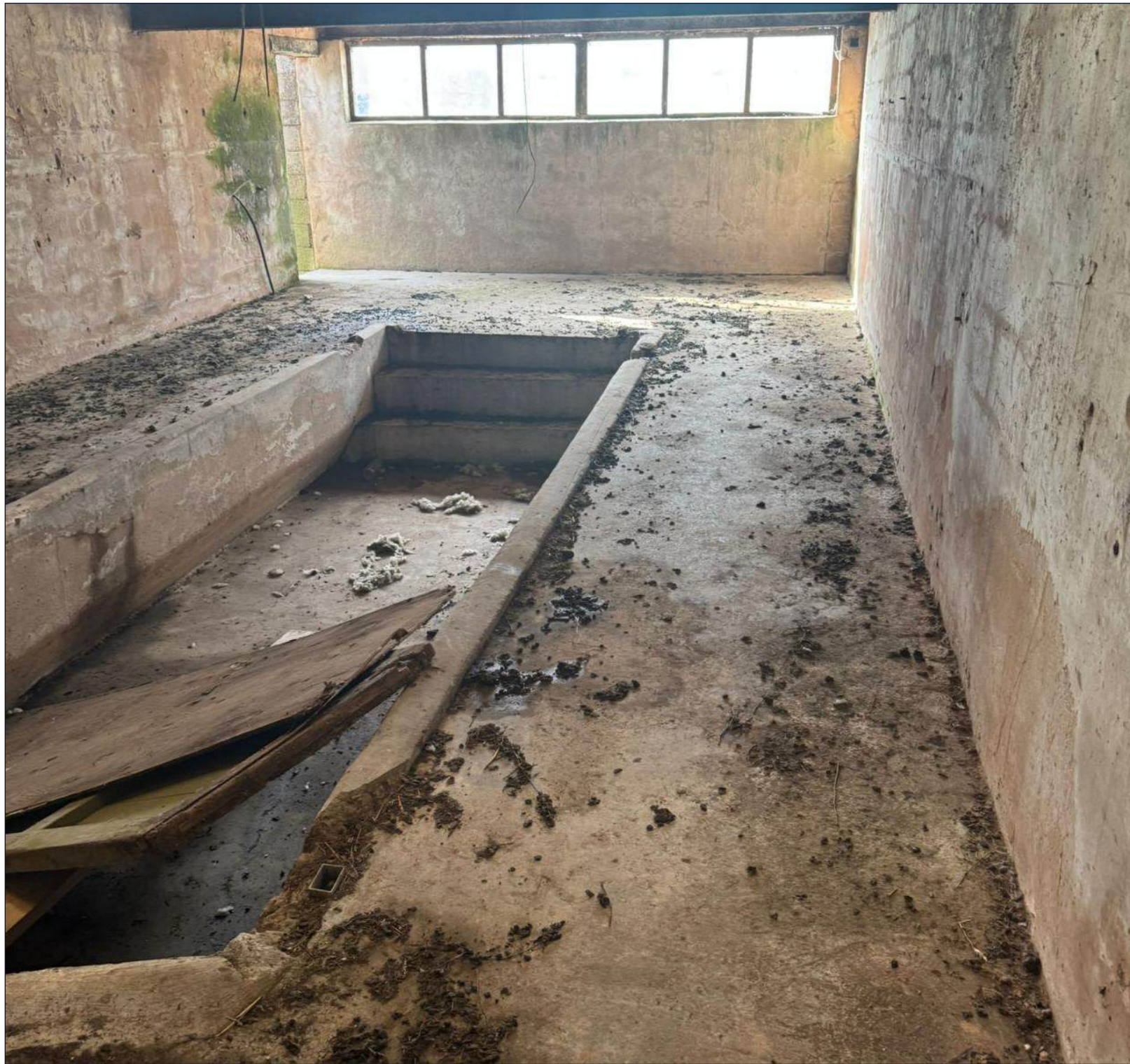
Photo of the brick barn and extensions at the north east of the site, facing south



**Appendix - Site Photos**

Description

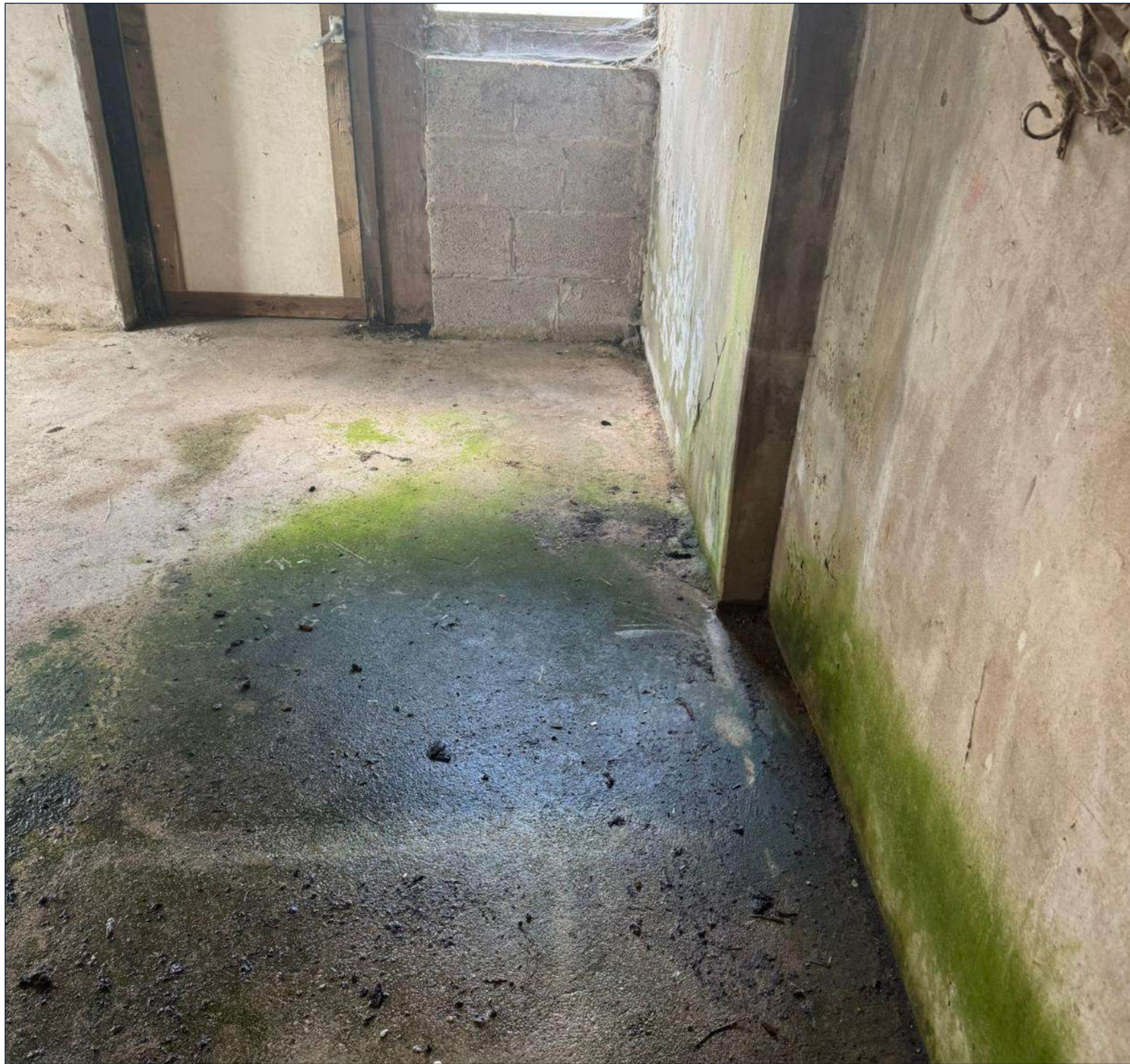
Photo of interior of brick barn at the north east of the site, facing south east



#### Appendix - Site Photos

##### Description

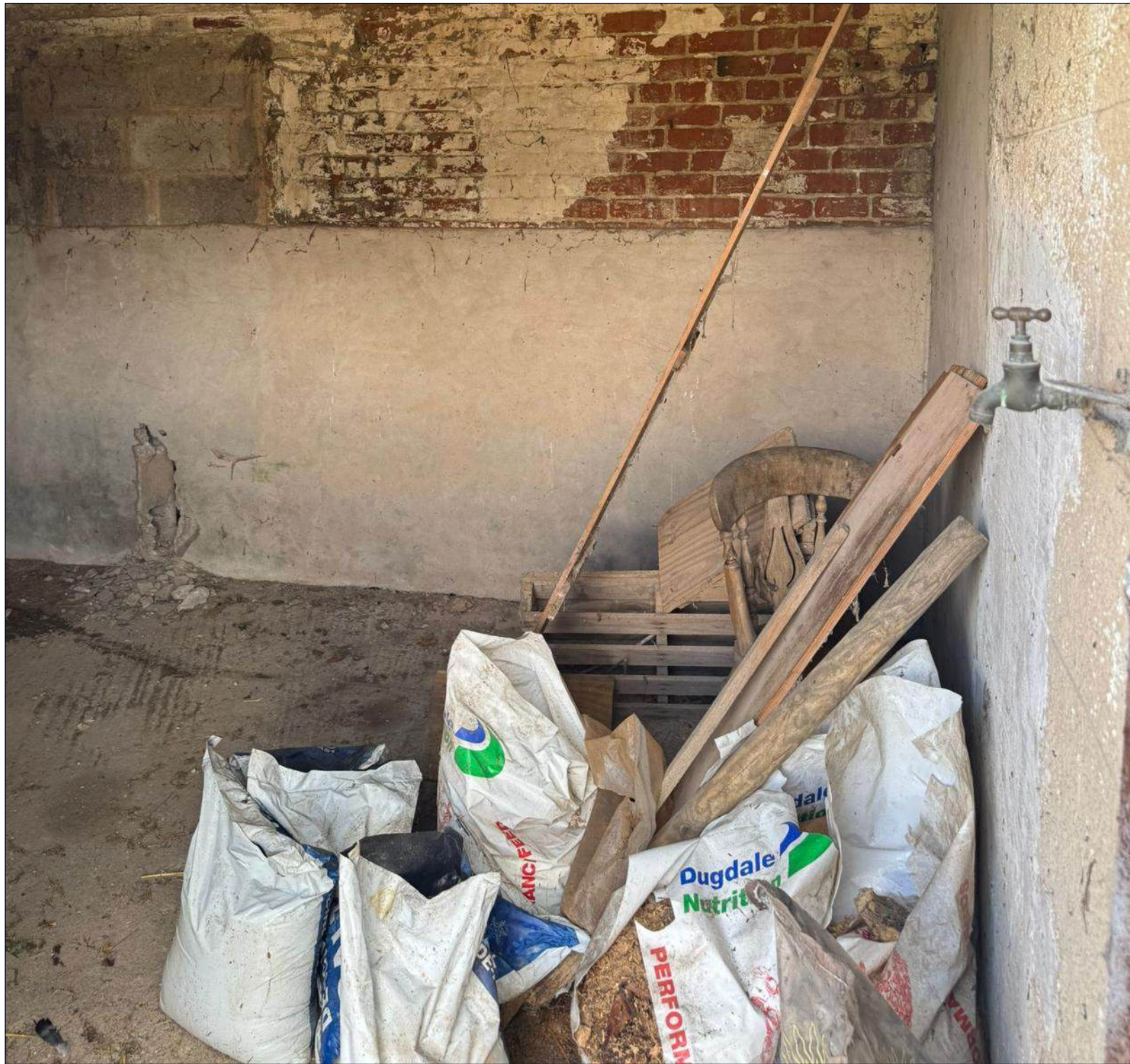
Photo of interior of extension to the south west of brick barn at the north east of the site, facing south west



#### Appendix - Site Photos

##### Description

Photo of possible oil staining within extension at the north east of the site



## Appendix - Site Photos

### Description

Photo of materials within extension at the north east of the site



#### Appendix - Site Photos

##### Description

Photo of possible oil staining within extension at the north east of the site



## Appendix - Site Photos

### Description

Photo of the concrete block and corrugated cement clad barn at the centre of the site and concrete block and timber clad barn at the south west, facing south west



#### Appendix - Site Photos

##### Description

Photo of interior of concrete block and corrugated cement clad barn at the centre of the site, facing west



**Appendix - Site Photos**

Description

Photo of the concrete block and timber clad barn at the south east of the site, facing south



**Appendix - Site Photos**

Description

Photo of the stone barn at the north west of the site, facing west

**Site Details:**

Parsonage Farm

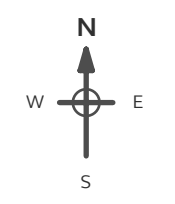
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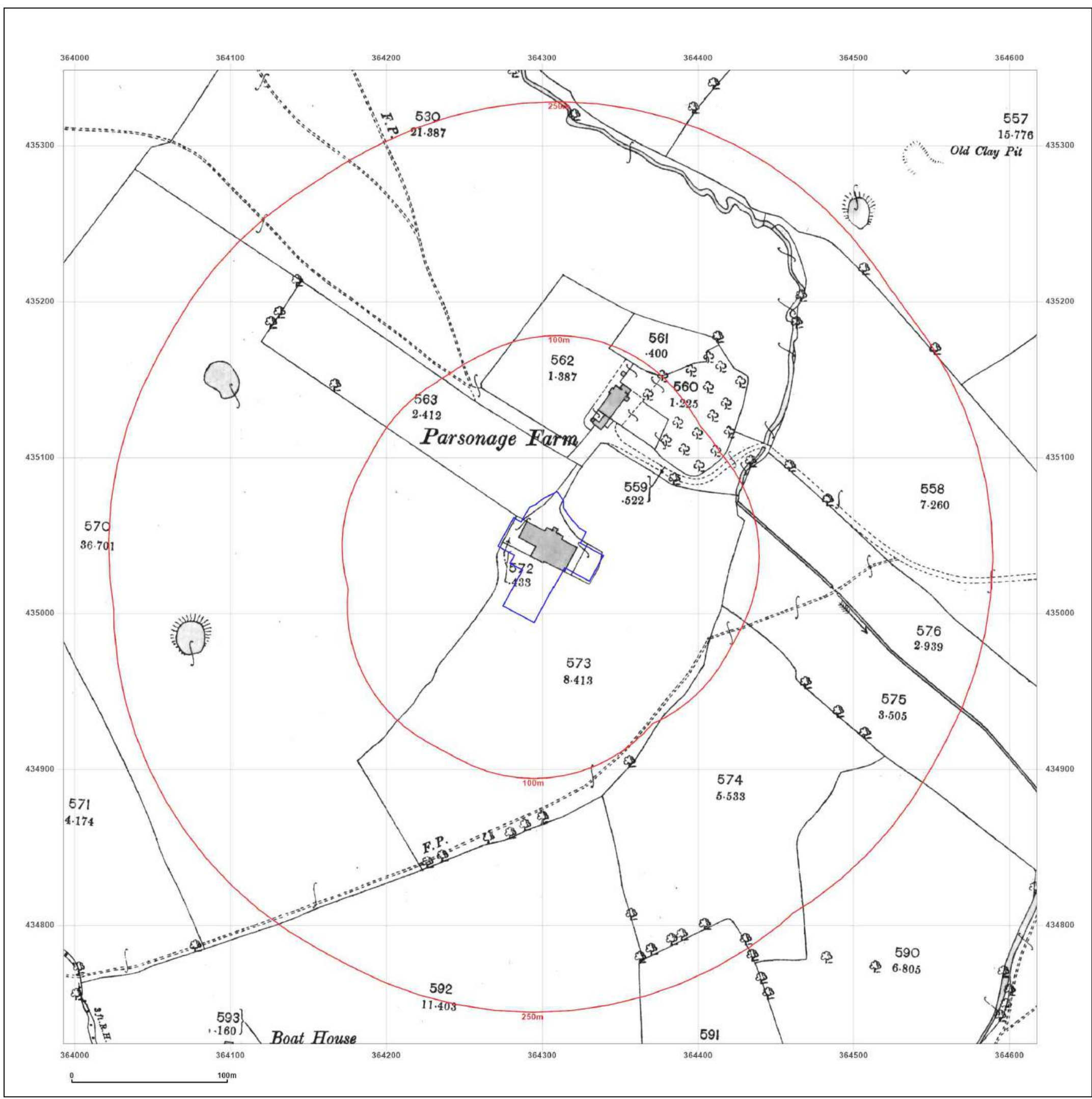


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Parsonage Farm

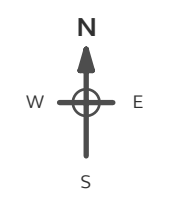
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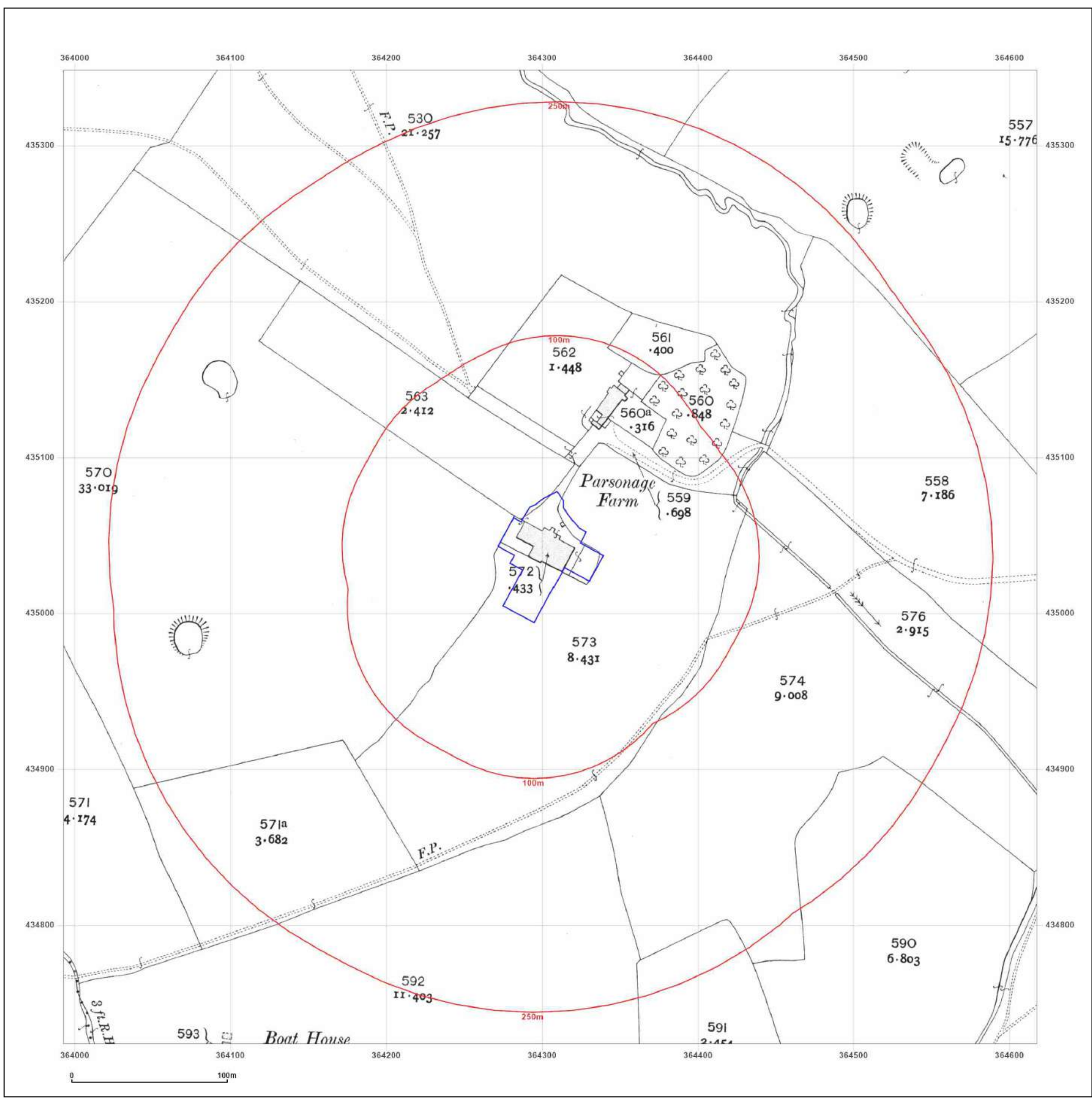


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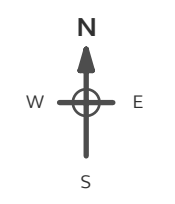
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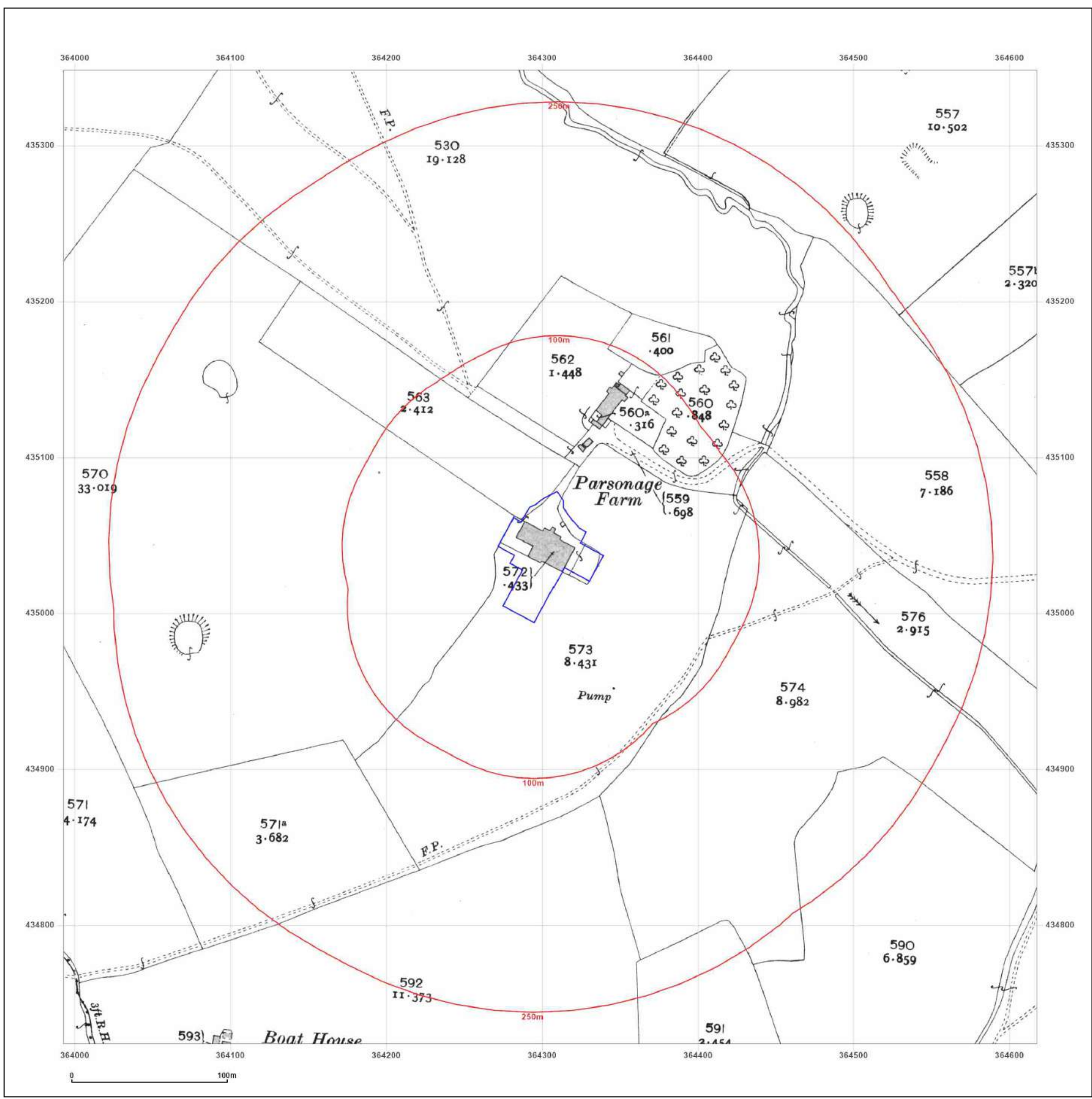


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Parsonage Farm

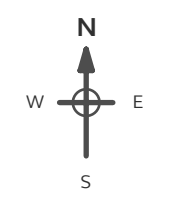
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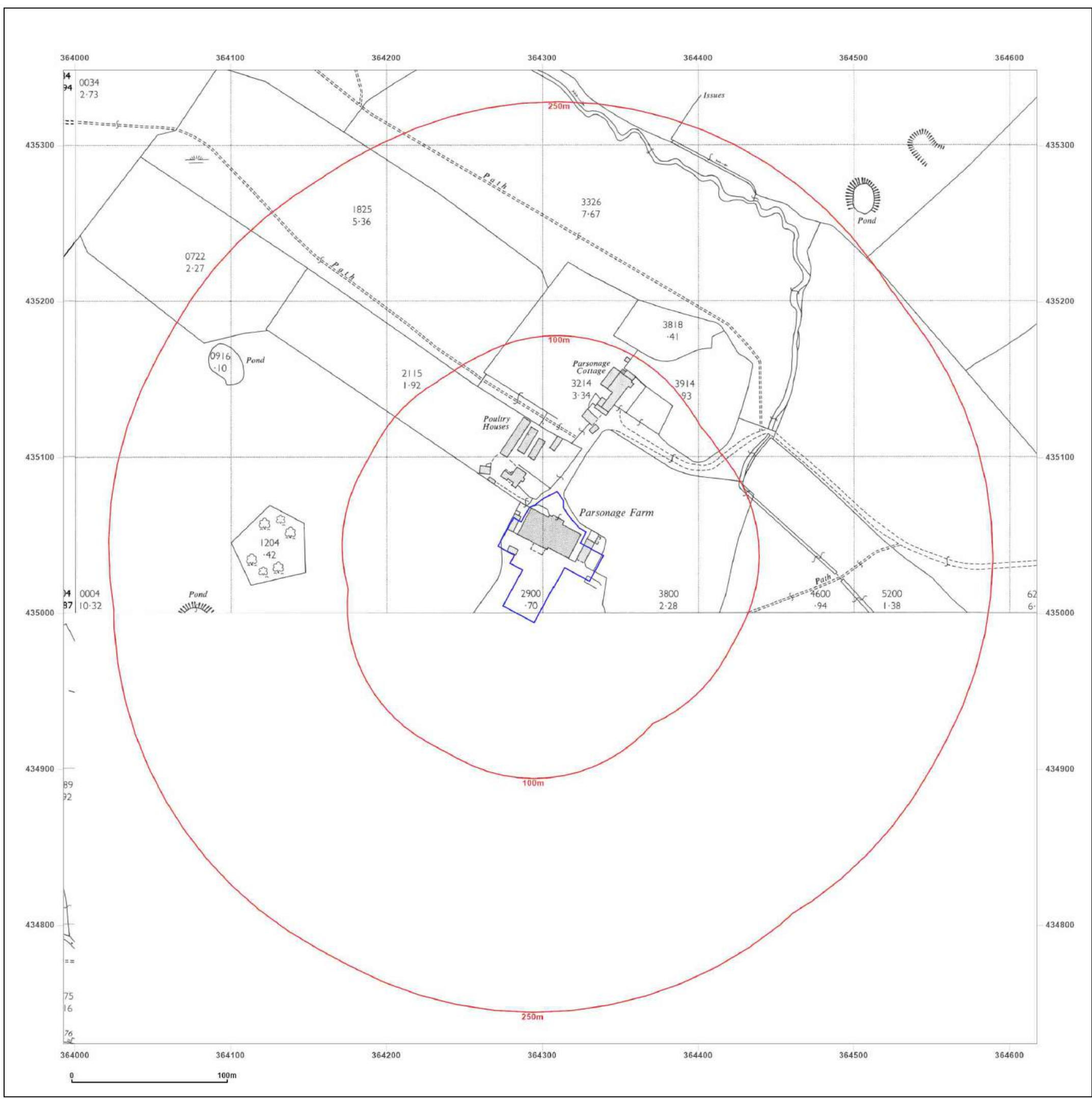


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Parsonage Farm

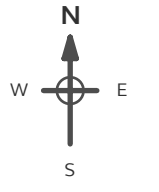
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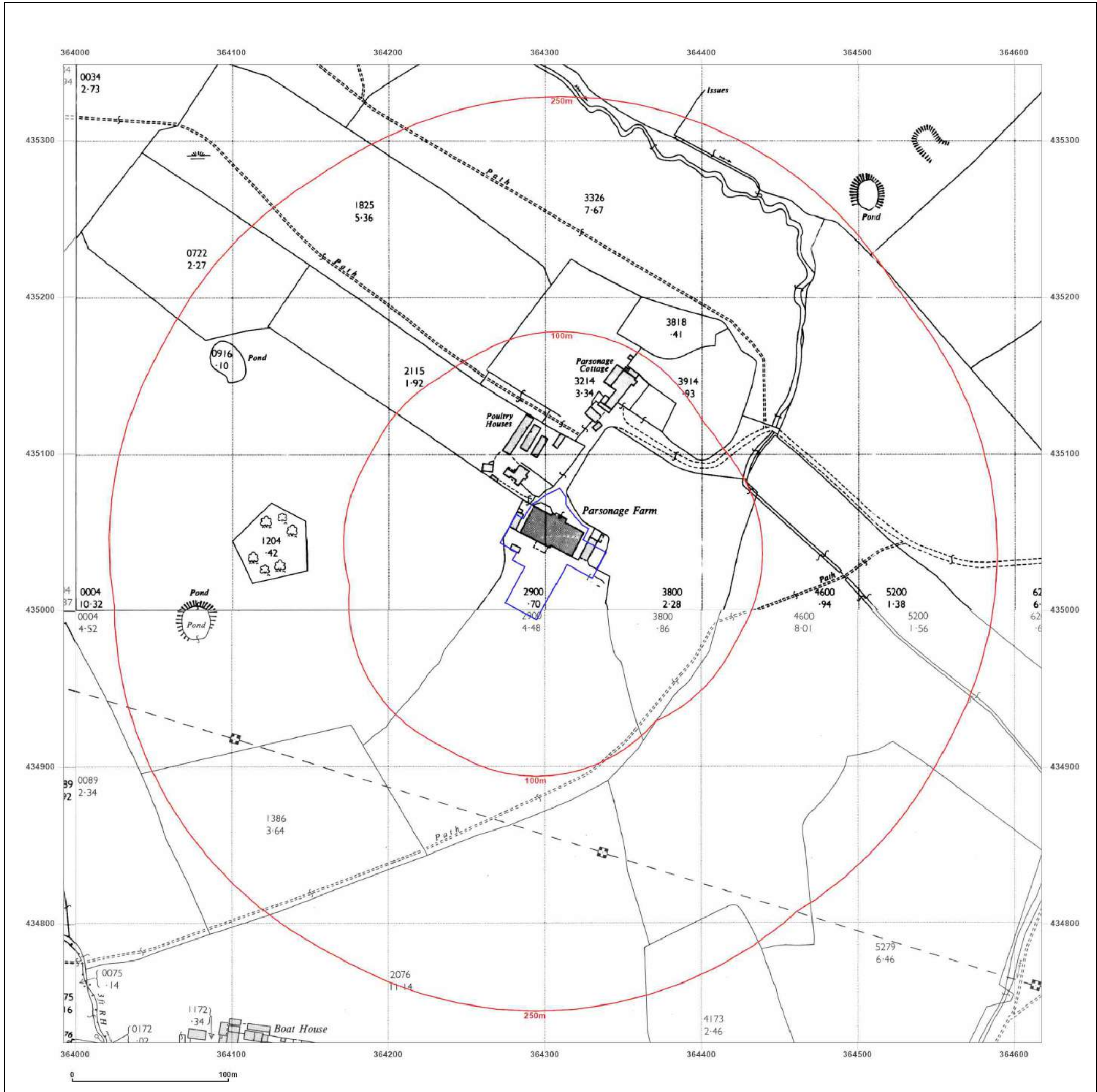


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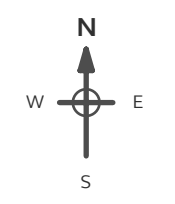
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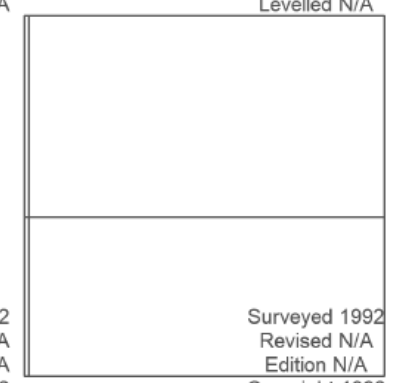
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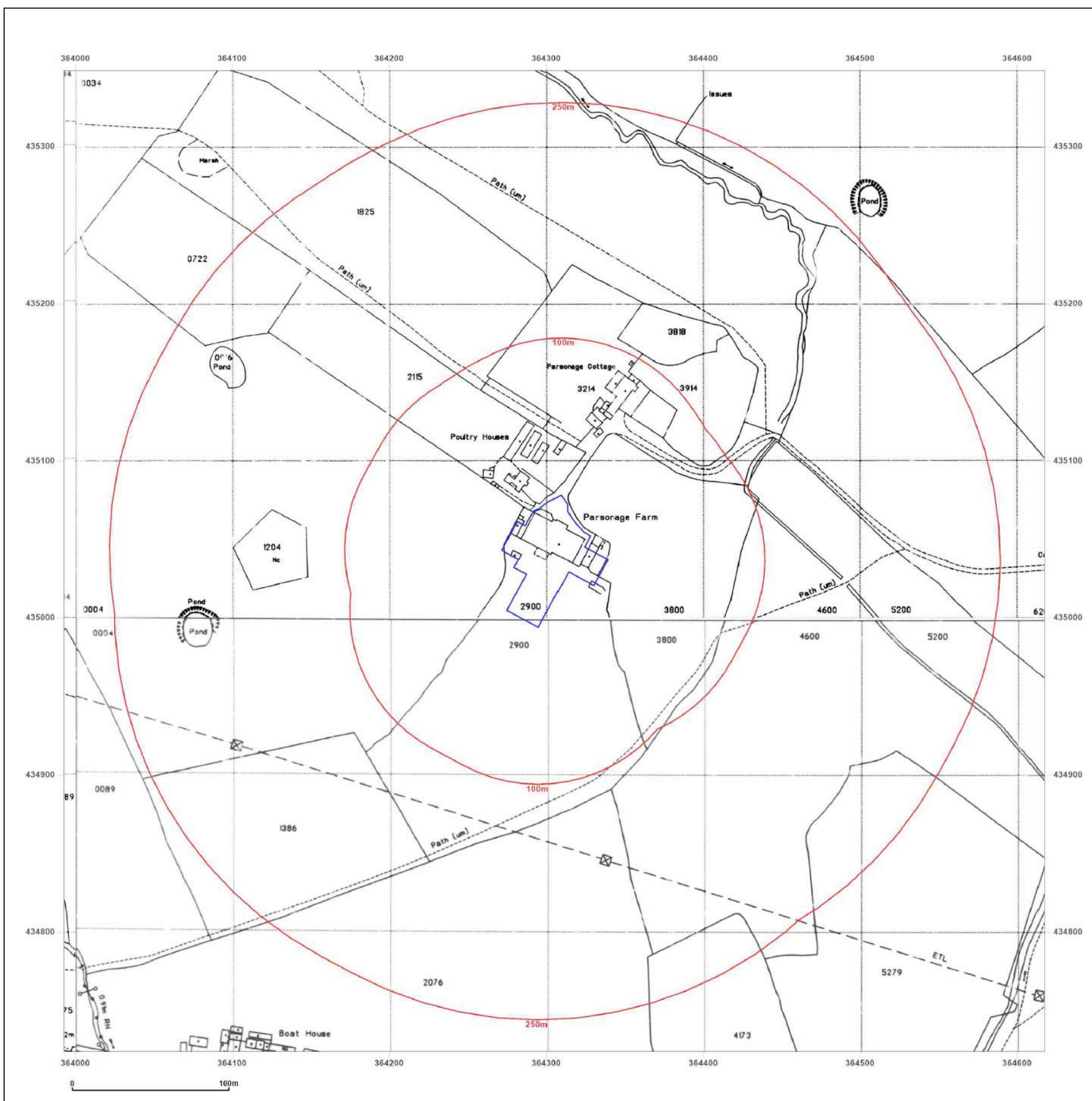


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**Site Details:**

Parsonage Farm

**Client Ref:** Wilkinson  
**Report Ref:** GS-A2N-TL8-7FO-M2T  
**Grid Ref:** 364305, 435036

**Map Name:** LandLine

**Map date:** 2003

**Scale:** 1:1,250

**Printed at:** 1:1,250

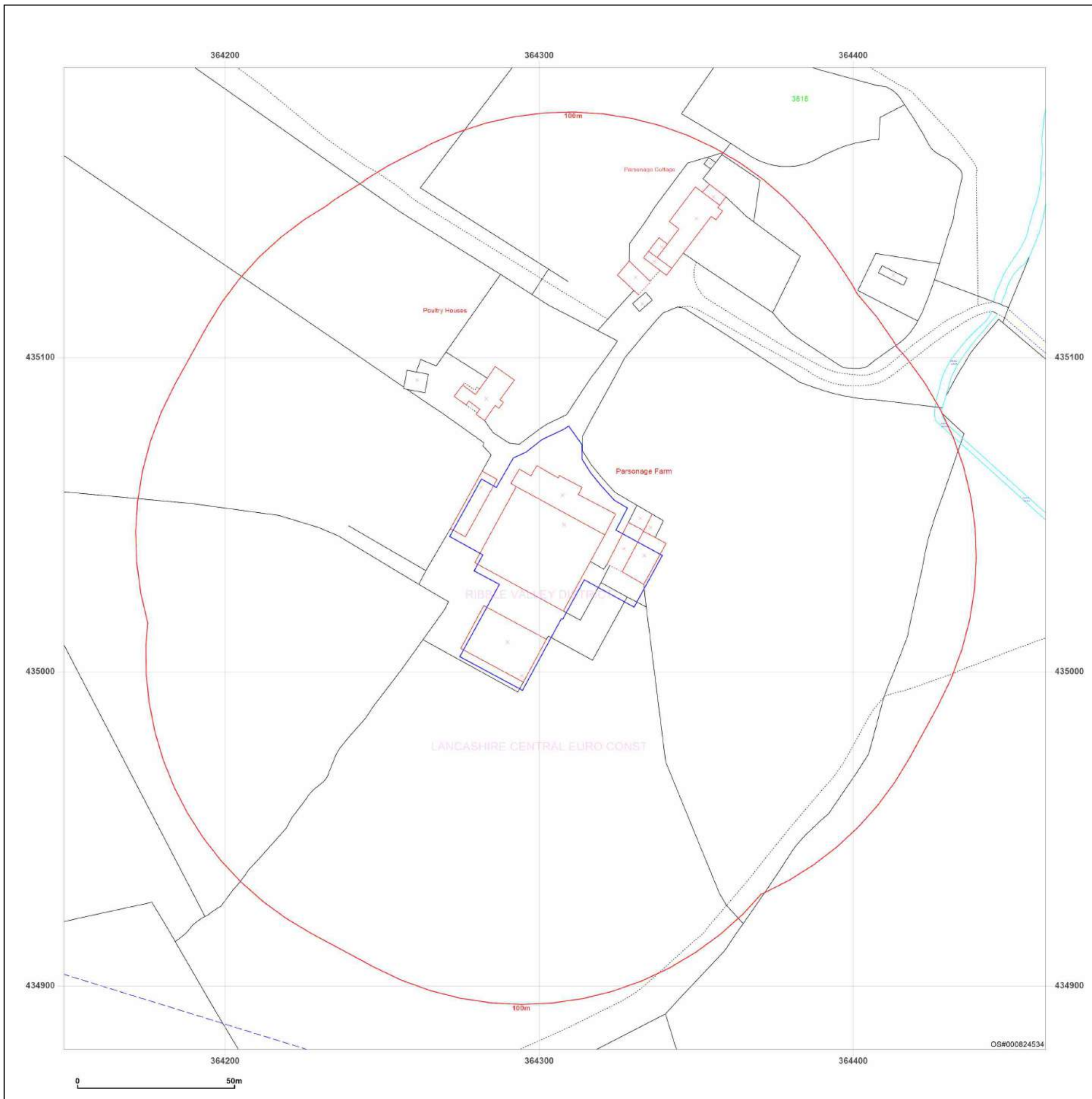


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**Site Details:**

Parsonage Farm

**Client Ref:** Wilkinson  
**Report Ref:** GS-A2N-TL8-7FO-M2T  
**Grid Ref:** 364305, 435036

**Map Name:** County Series

**Map date:** 1844-1847

**Scale:** 1:10,560

**Printed at:** 1:10,560



Surveyed 1844  
 Revised N/A  
 Edition 1847  
 Copyright N/A  
 Levelled N/A

Surveyed 1844  
 Revised N/A  
 Edition N/A  
 Copyright N/A  
 Levelled N/A

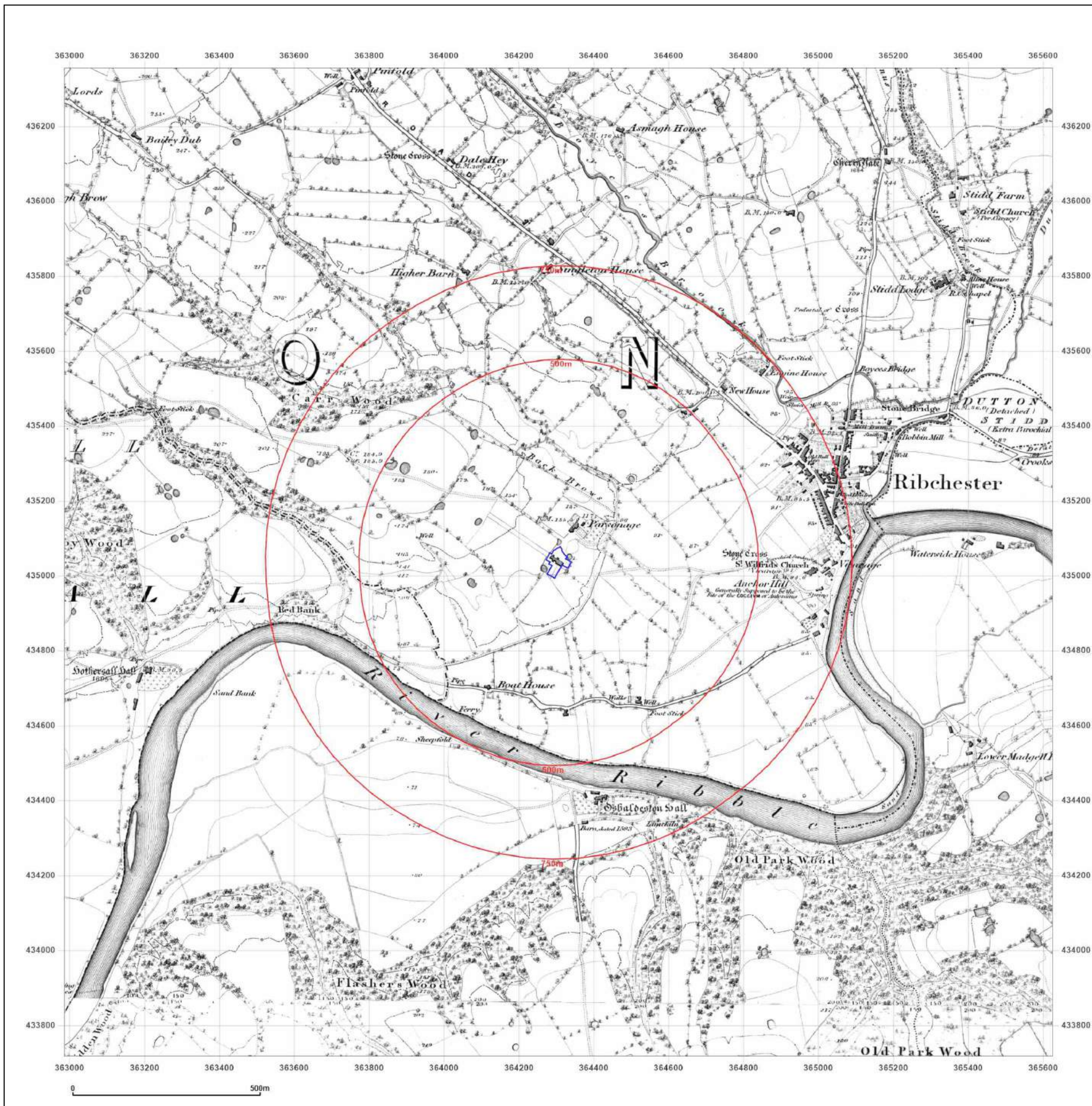


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**Site Details:**

Parsonage Farm

**Client Ref:** Wilkinson  
**Report Ref:** GS-A2N-TL8-7FO-M2T  
**Grid Ref:** 364305, 435036

**Map Name:** County Series

**Map date:** 1892

**Scale:** 1:10,560

**Printed at:** 1:10,560



Surveyed 1892  
 Revised 1892  
 Edition N/A  
 Copyright N/A  
 Levelled N/A

Surveyed 1892  
 Revised 1892  
 Edition N/A  
 Copyright N/A  
 Levelled N/A

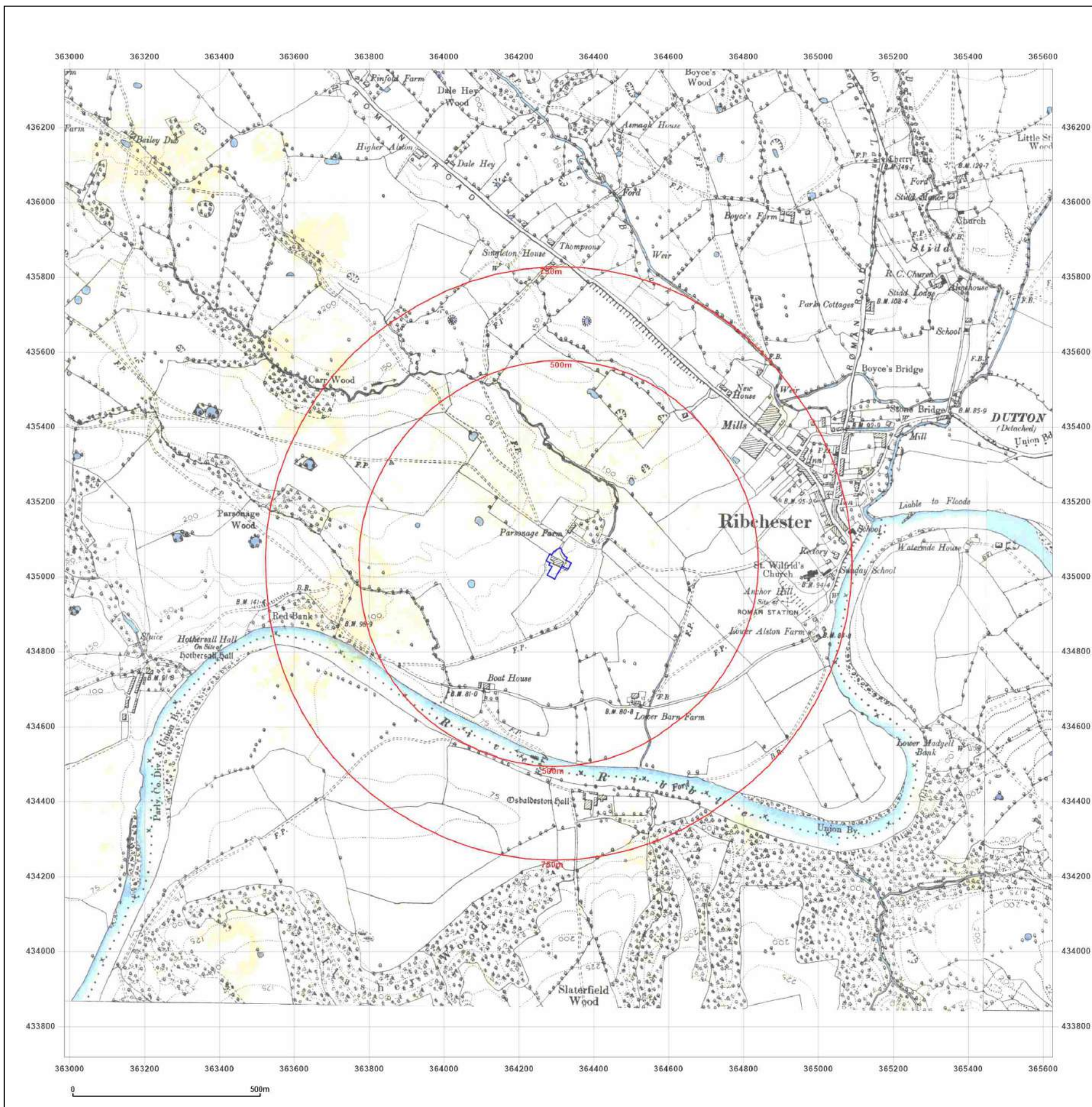


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**Site Details:**

Parsonage Farm

**Client Ref:** Wilkinson  
**Report Ref:** GS-A2N-TL8-7FO-M2T  
**Grid Ref:** 364305, 435036

**Map Name:** County Series

**Map date:** 1910

**Scale:** 1:10,560

**Printed at:** 1:10,560



Surveyed 1844 Revised 1910 Edition N/A Copyright N/A Levelled N/A	Surveyed 1844 Revised 1910 Edition N/A Copyright N/A Levelled N/A
Surveyed 1844 Revised 1910 Edition N/A Copyright N/A Levelled N/A	Surveyed 1844 Revised 1910 Edition N/A Copyright N/A Levelled N/A

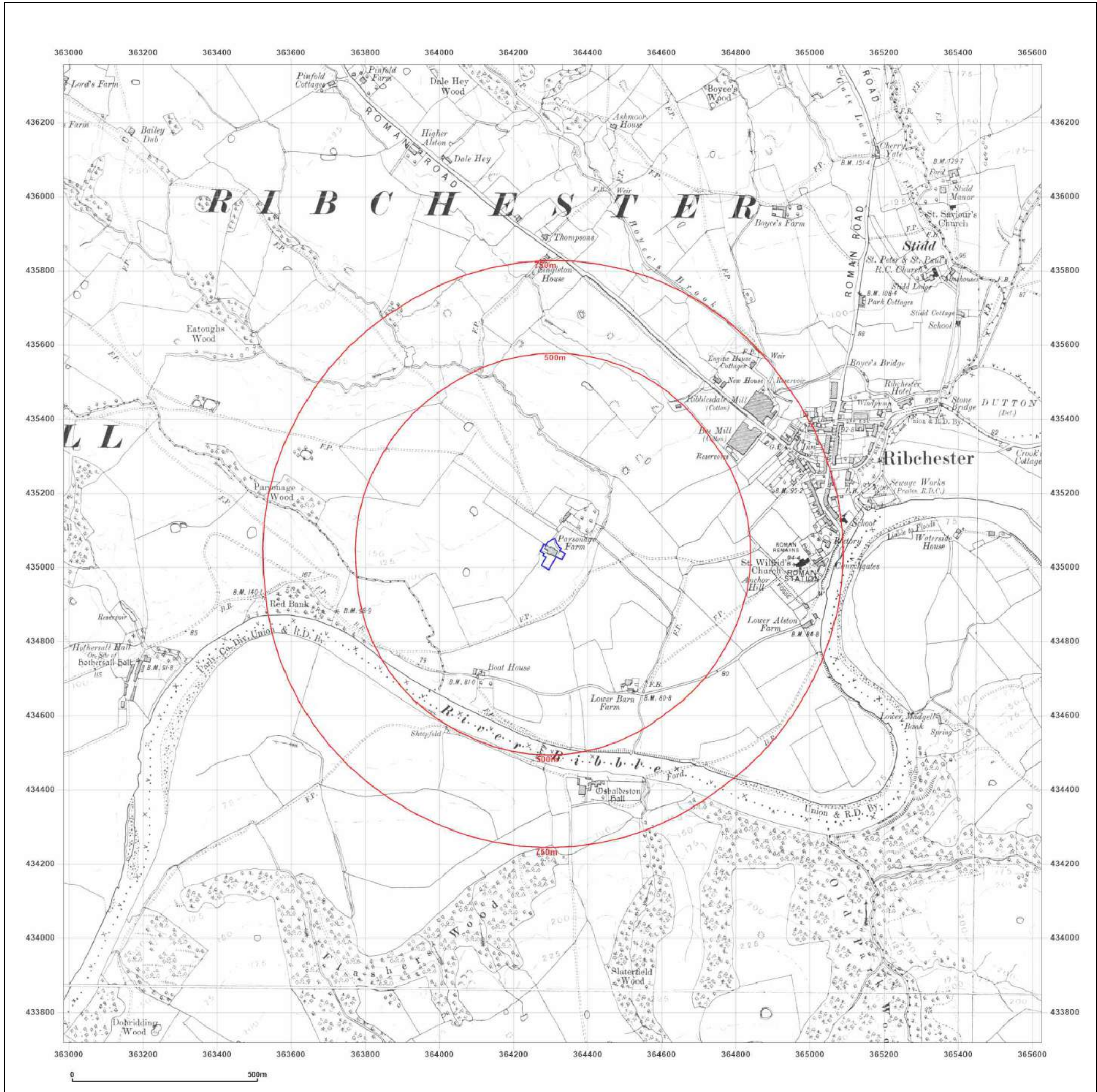


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**Site Details:**

Parsonage Farm

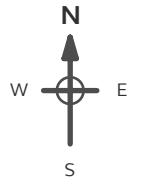
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**Report Ref:** GS-A2N-TL8-7FO-M2T  
**Grid Ref:** 364305, 435036

**Map Name:** County Series

**Map date:** 1930-1932

**Scale:** 1:10,560

**Printed at:** 1:10,560



Surveyed 1844 Revised 1932 Edition N/A Copyright N/A Levelled N/A	Surveyed 1844 Revised 1930 Edition N/A Copyright N/A Levelled N/A
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------

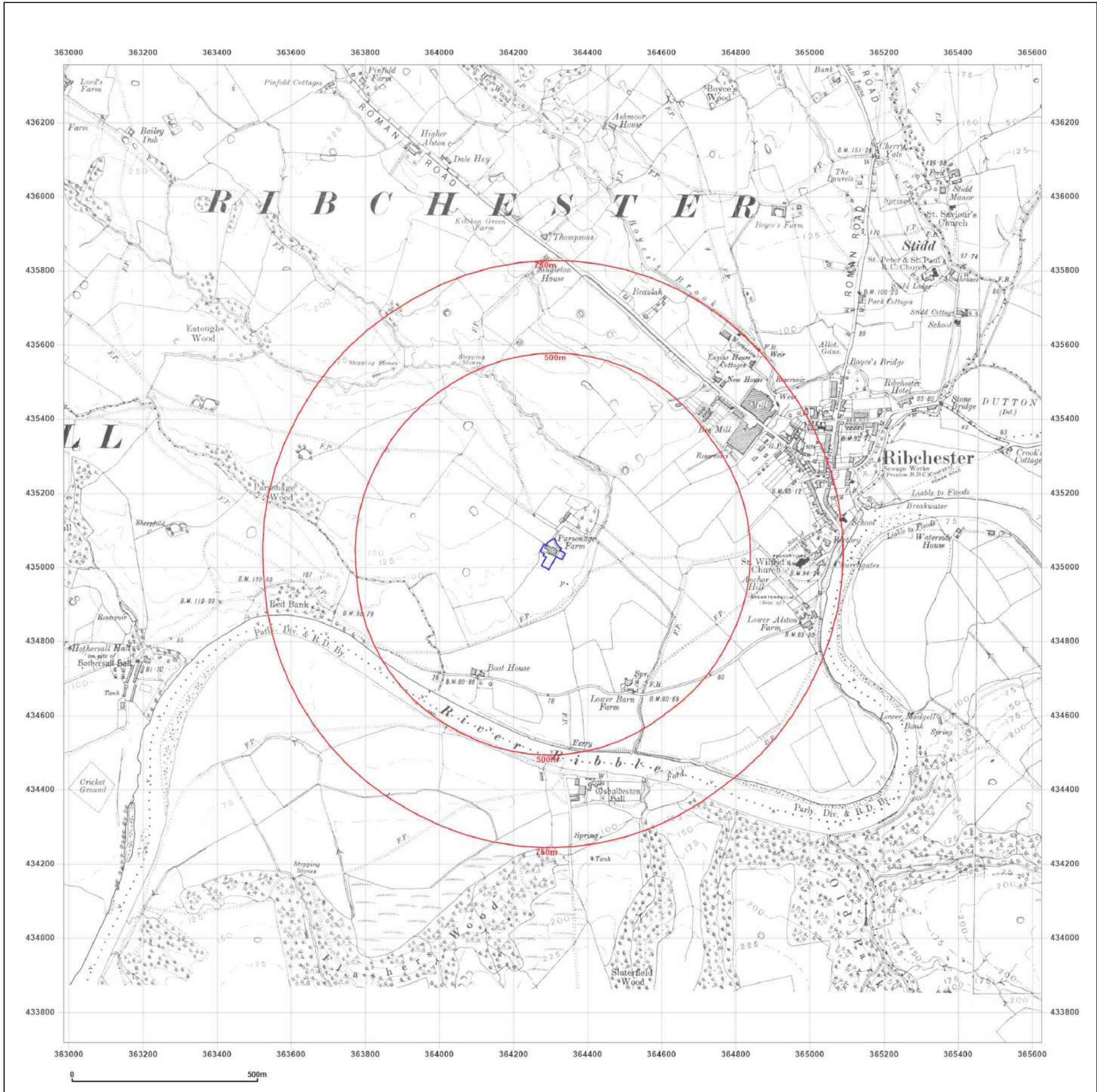


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**Site Details:**

Parsonage Farm

**Client Ref:** Wilkinson  
**Report Ref:** GS-A2N-TL8-7FO-M2T  
**Grid Ref:** 364305, 435036

**Map Name:** Provisional

**Map date:** 1951

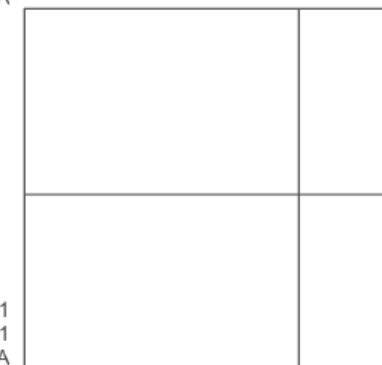
**Scale:** 1:10,560

**Printed at:** 1:10,560



Surveyed 1951  
 Revised 1951  
 Edition N/A  
 Copyright N/A  
 Levelled N/A

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 Revised 1951  
 Edition N/A  
 Copyright N/A  
 Levelled N/A



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**Site Details:**

Parsonage Farm

**Client Ref:** Wilkinson  
**Report Ref:** GS-A2N-TL8-7FO-M2T  
**Grid Ref:** 364305, 435036

**Map Name:** Provisional

**Map date:** 1951

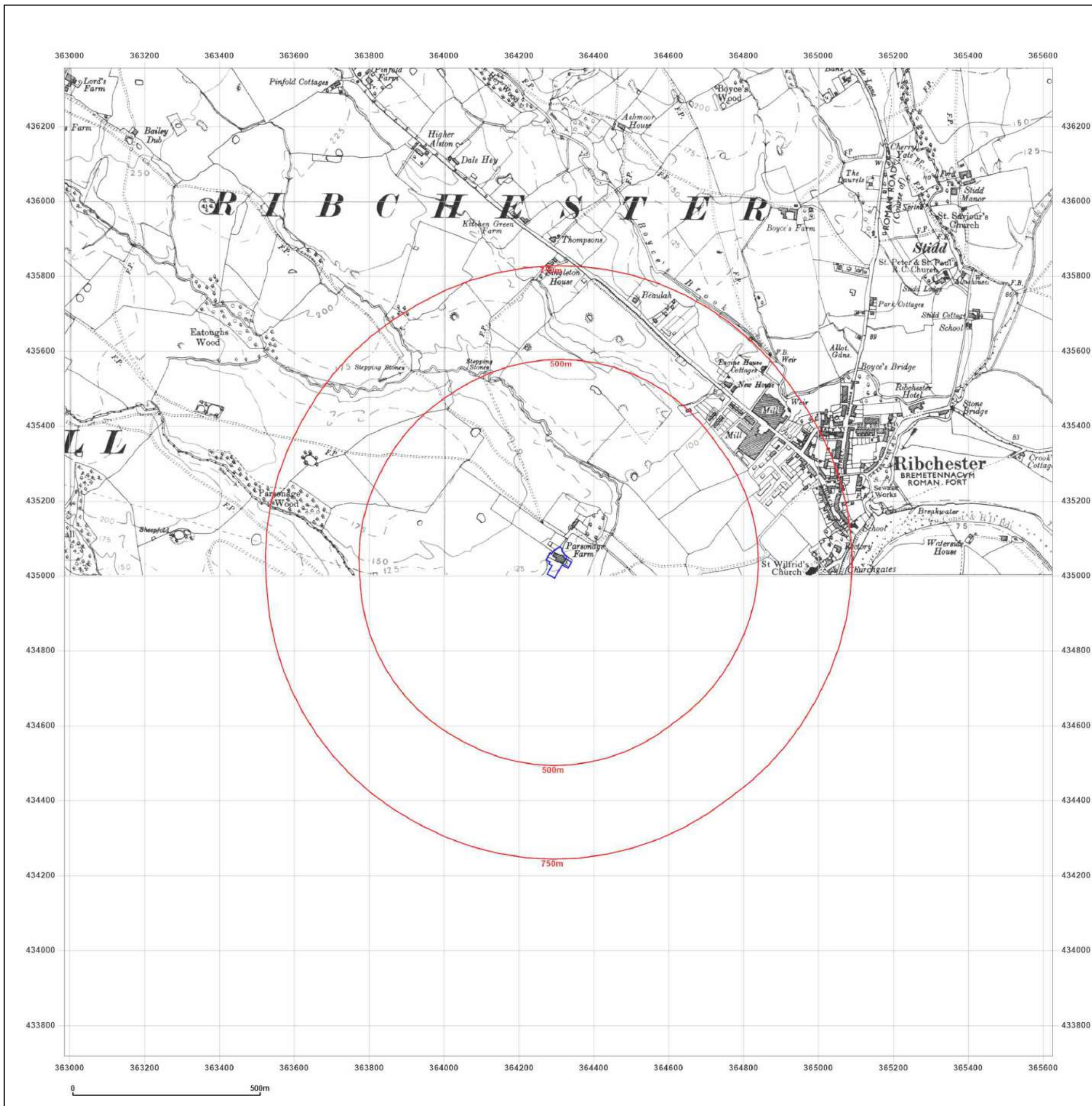
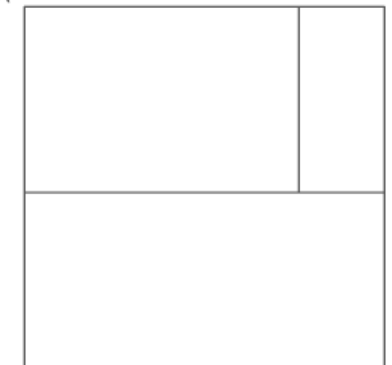
**Scale:** 1:10,560

**Printed at:** 1:10,560



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 Revised 1951  
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 Revised 1951  
 Edition N/A  
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**Site Details:**

Parsonage Farm

**Client Ref:** Wilkinson  
**Report Ref:** GS-A2N-TL8-7FO-M2T  
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**Map Name:** Provisional

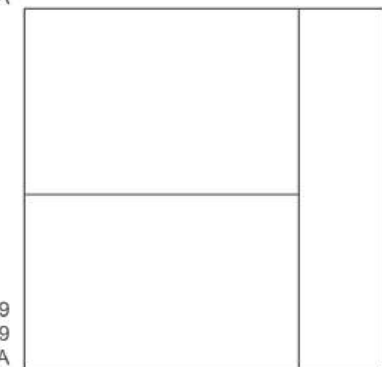
**Map date:** 1969

**Scale:** 1:10,560

**Printed at:** 1:10,560



Surveyed 1969  
 Revised 1969  
 Edition N/A  
 Copyright N/A  
 Levelled N/A



Surveyed 1969  
 Revised 1969  
 Edition N/A  
 Copyright N/A  
 Levelled N/A

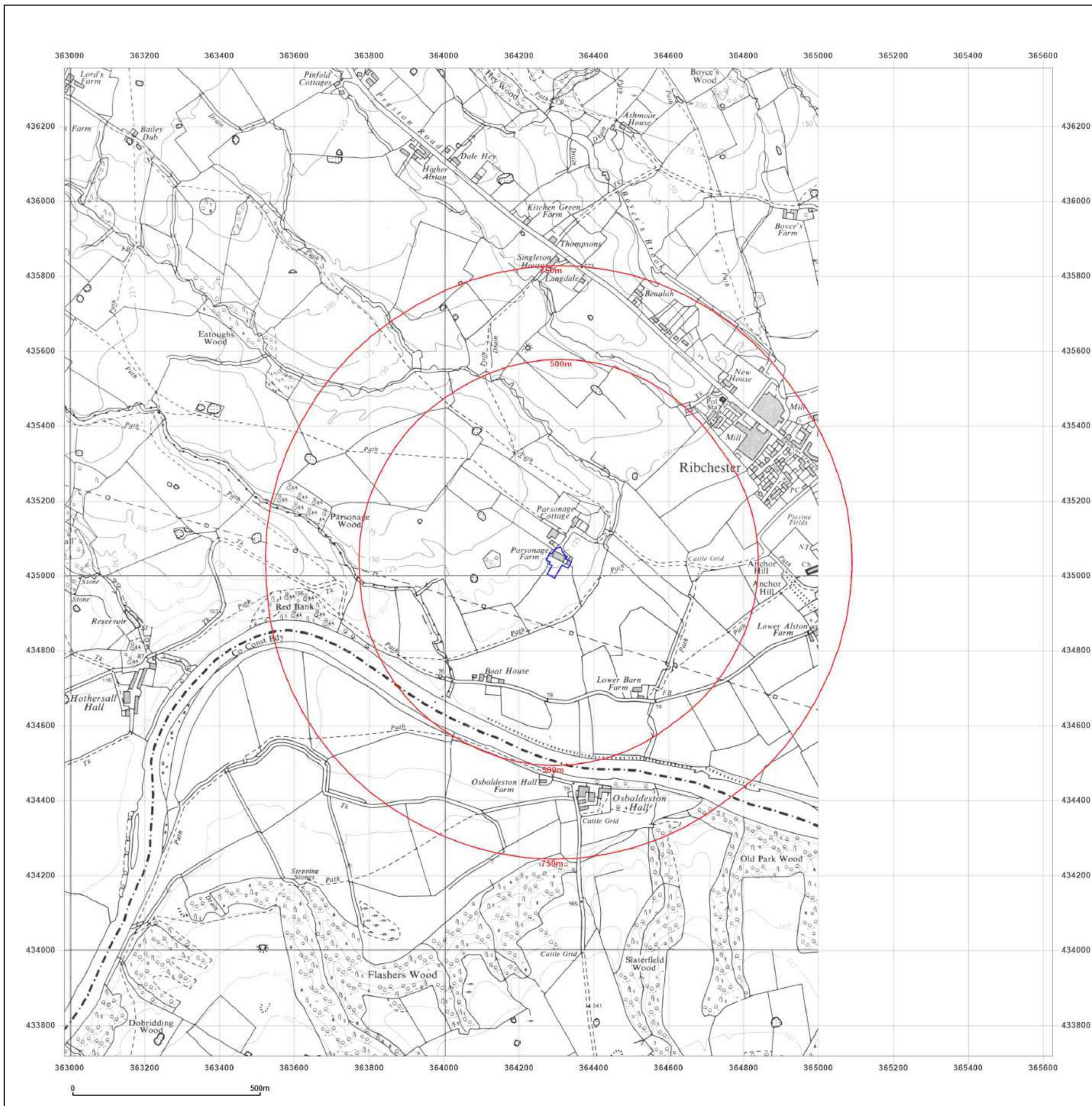


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**Site Details:**

Parsonage Farm

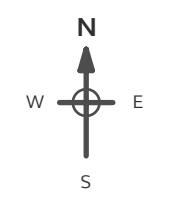
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**Report Ref:** GS-A2N-TL8-7FO-M2T  
**Grid Ref:** 364305, 435036

**Map Name:** National Grid

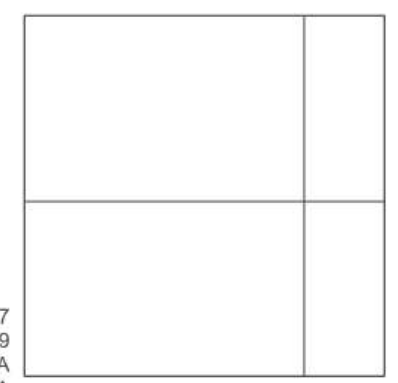
**Map date:** 1969-1970

**Scale:** 1:10,000

**Printed at:** 1:10,000



Surveyed 1970  
 Revised 1970  
 Edition N/A  
 Copyright N/A  
 Levelled N/A



Surveyed 1967  
 Revised 1969  
 Edition N/A  
 Copyright N/A  
 Levelled N/A

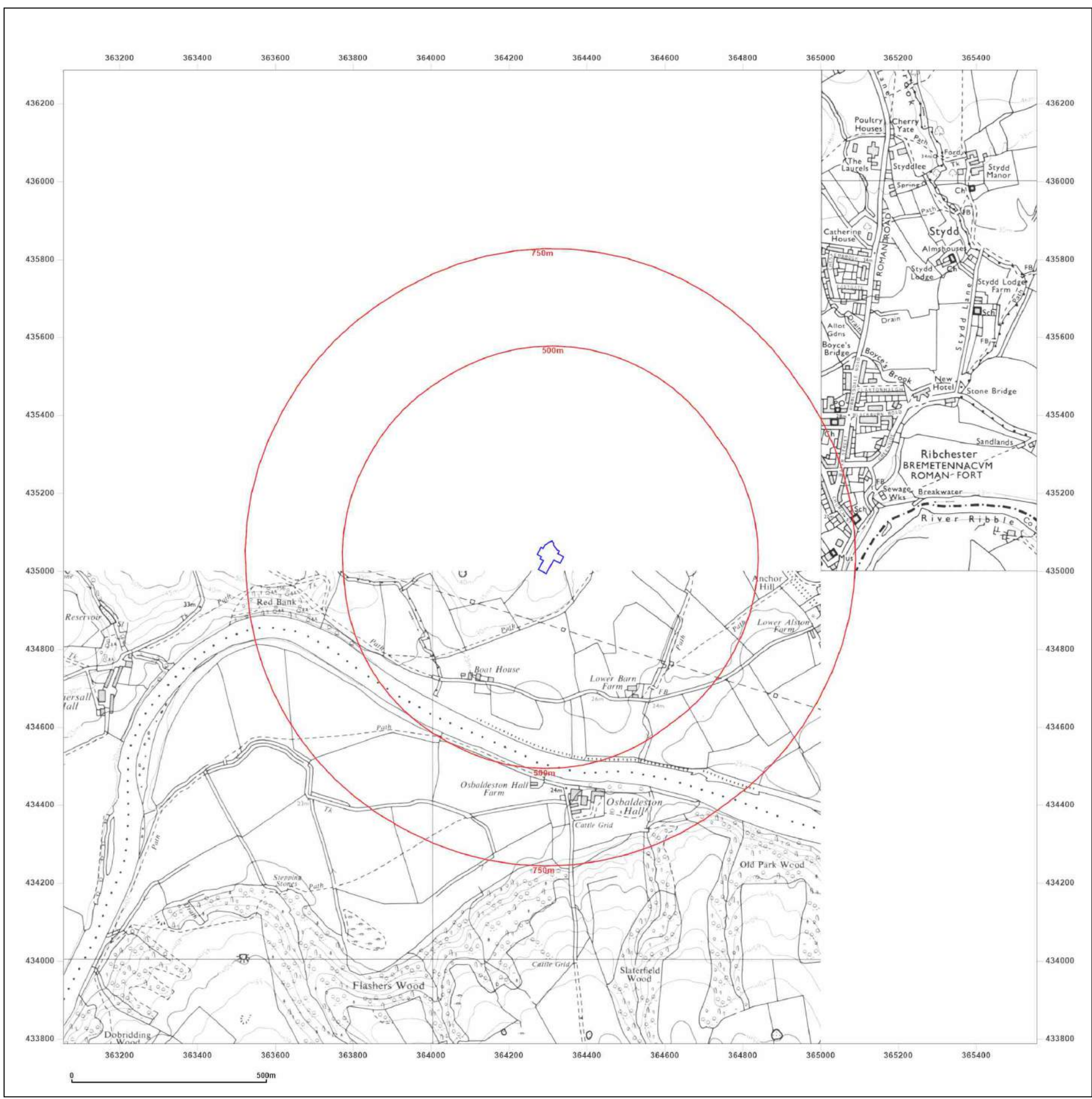


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**Site Details:**

Parsonage Farm

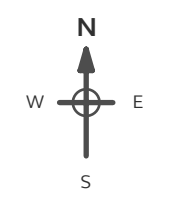
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**Map Name:** National Grid

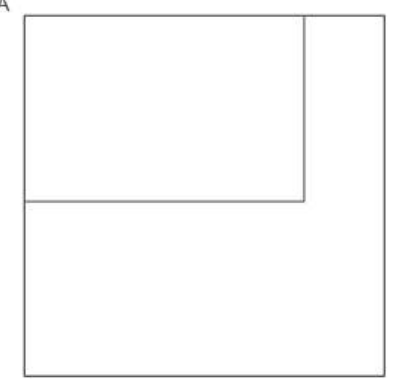
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**Scale:** 1:10,000

**Printed at:** 1:10,000



Surveyed 1967  
 Revised 1994  
 Edition N/A  
 Copyright N/A  
 Levelled N/A

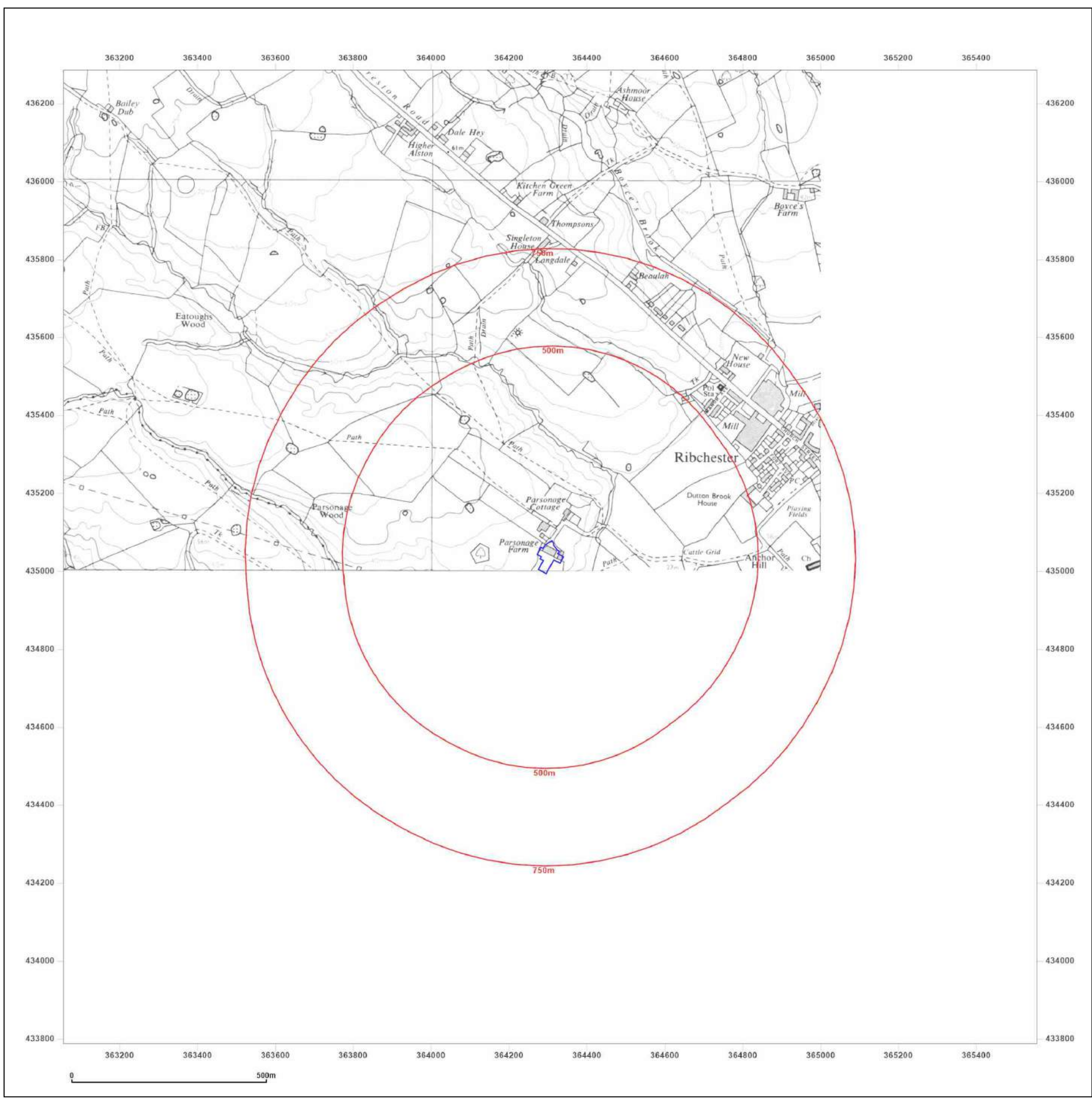


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**Site Details:**

Parsonage Farm

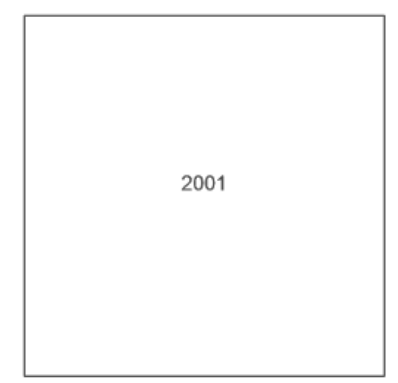
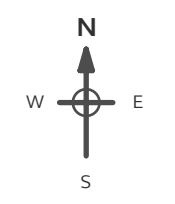
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**Report Ref:** GS-A2N-TL8-7FO-M2T  
**Grid Ref:** 364305, 435036

**Map Name:** National Grid

**Map date:** 2001

**Scale:** 1:10,000

**Printed at:** 1:10,000

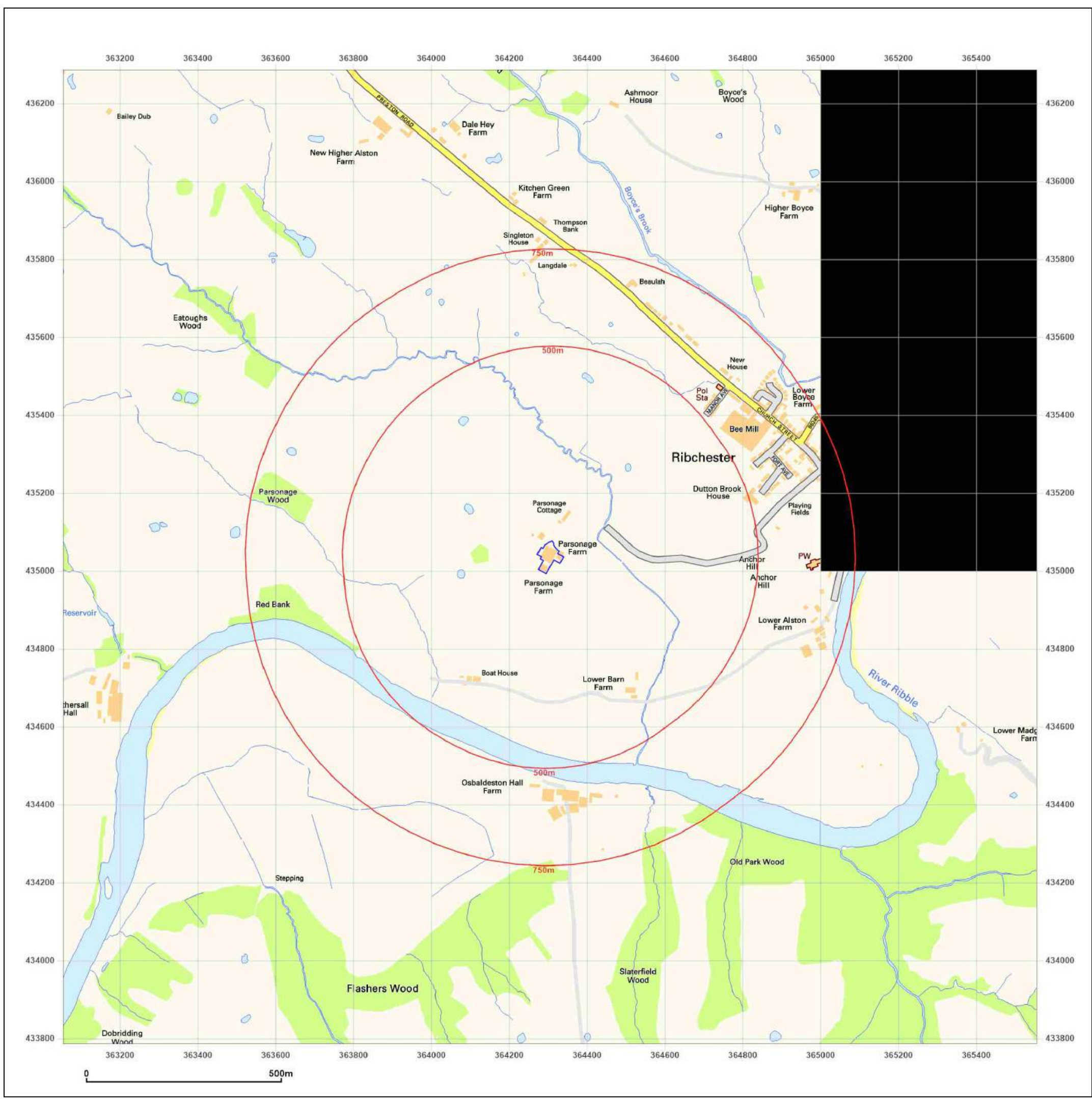


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**Site Details:**

Parsonage Farm

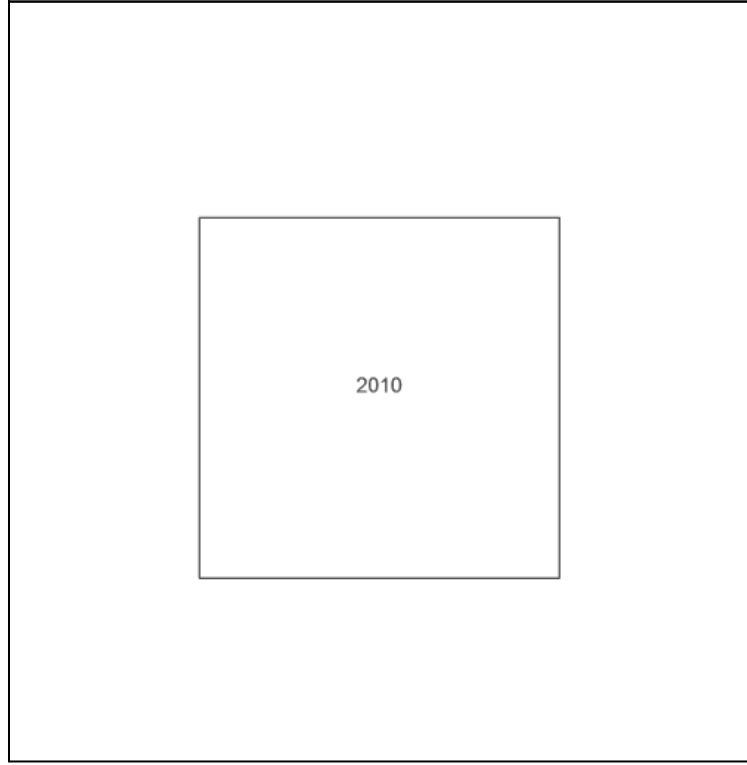
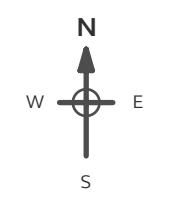
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**Grid Ref:** 364305, 435036

**Map Name:** National Grid

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**Printed at:** 1:10,000

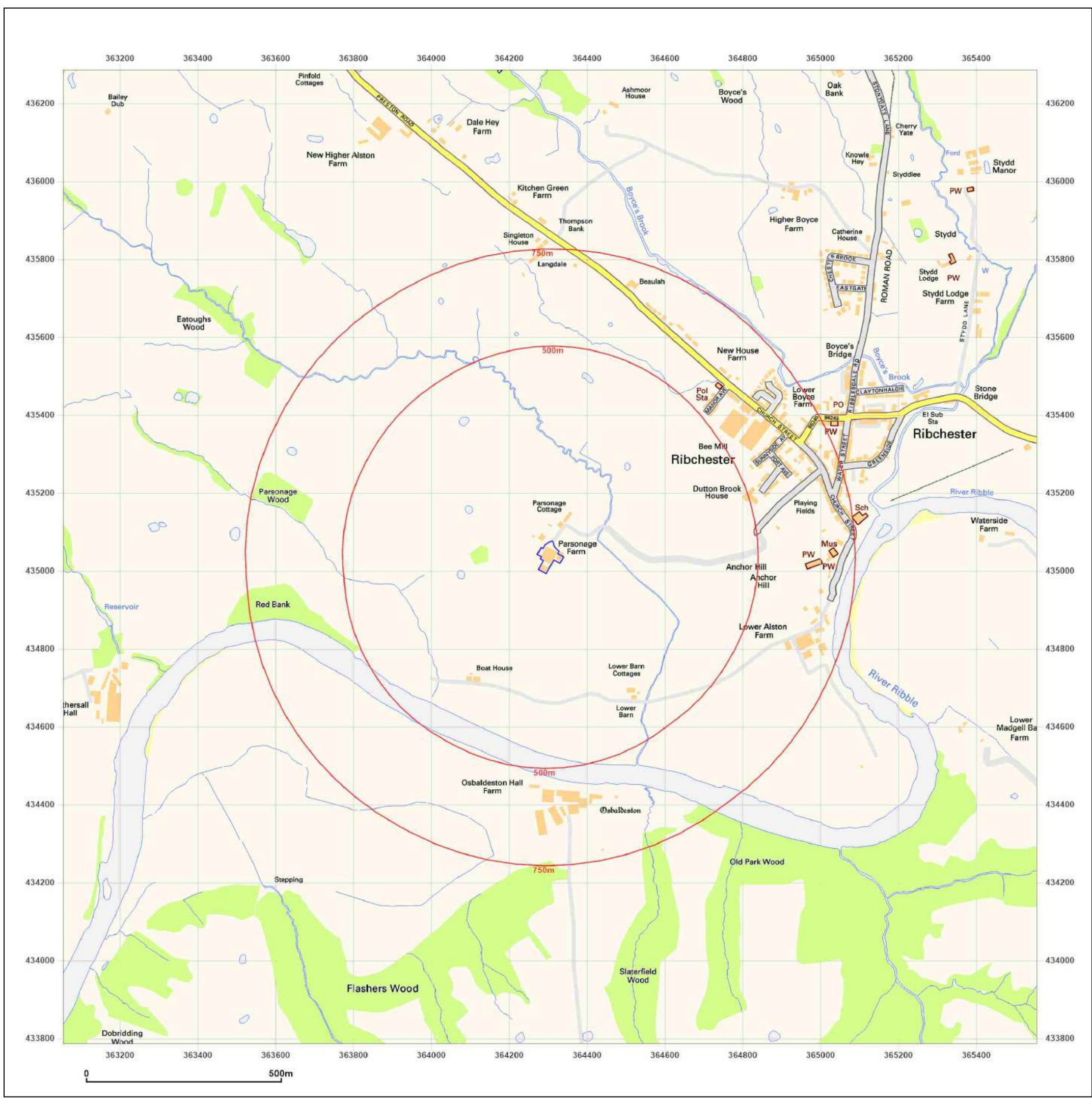


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**Site Details:**

Parsonage Farm

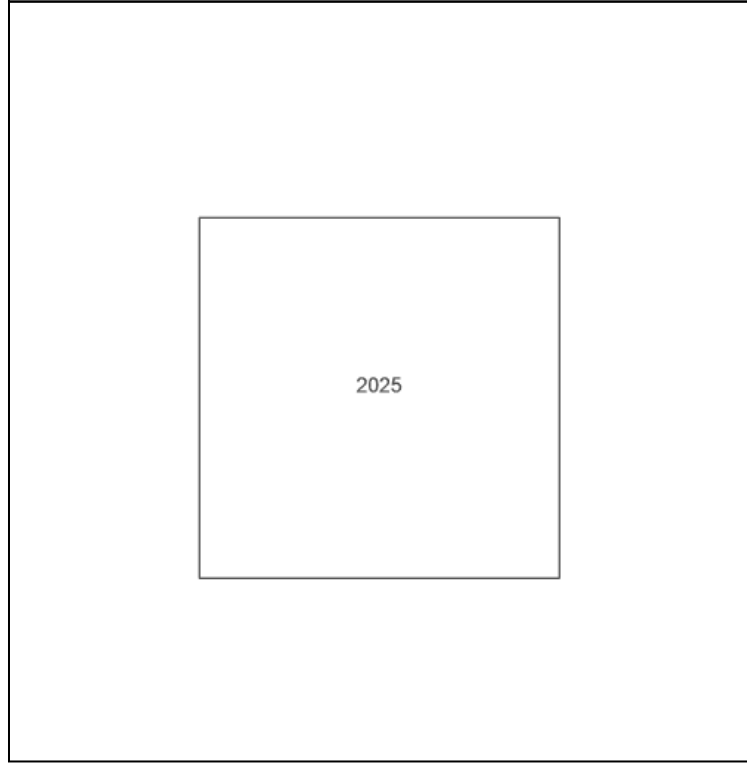
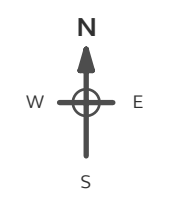
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**Report Ref:** GS-A2N-TL8-7FO-M2T  
**Grid Ref:** 364305, 435036

**Map Name:** National Grid

**Map date:** 2025

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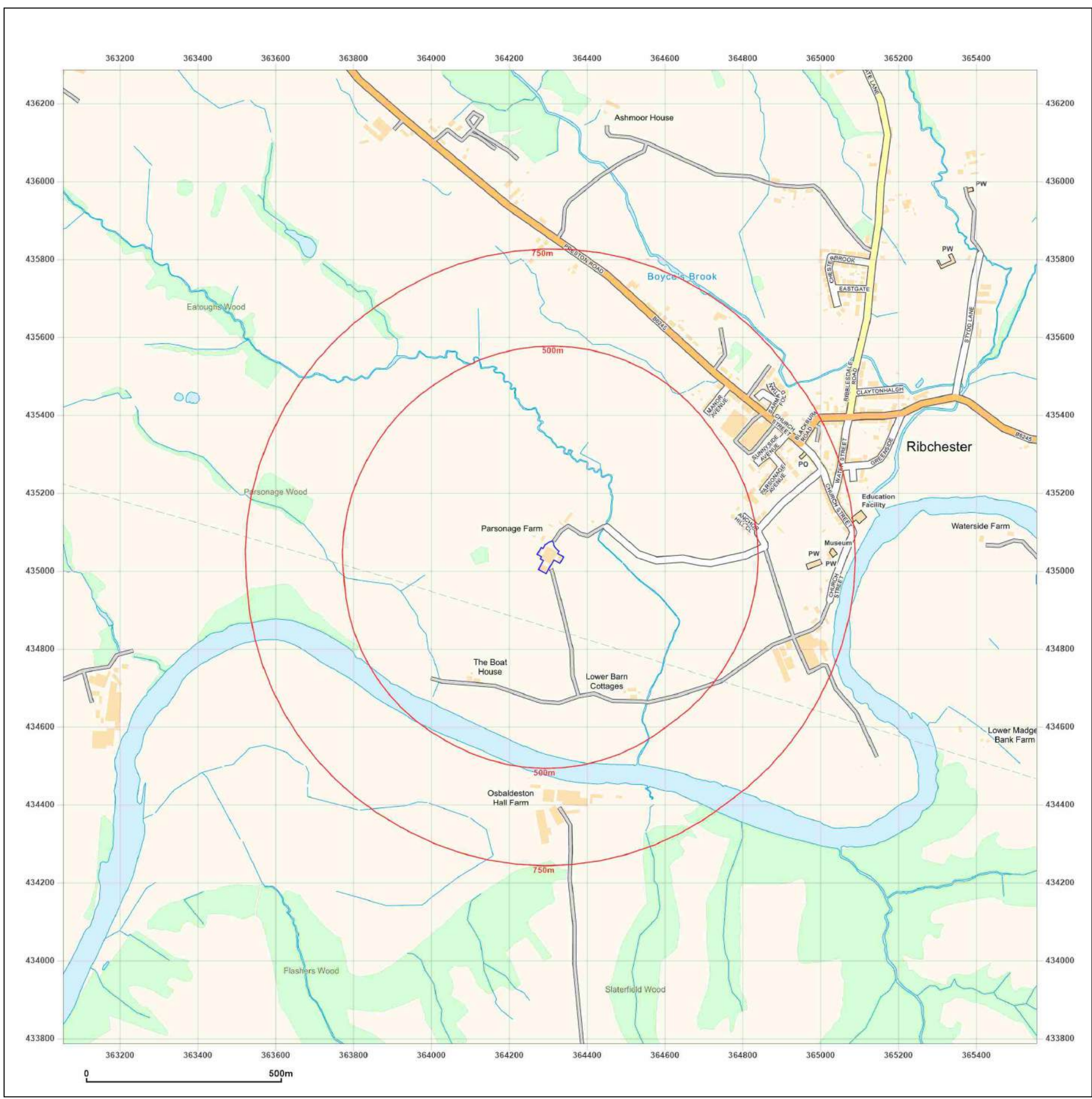


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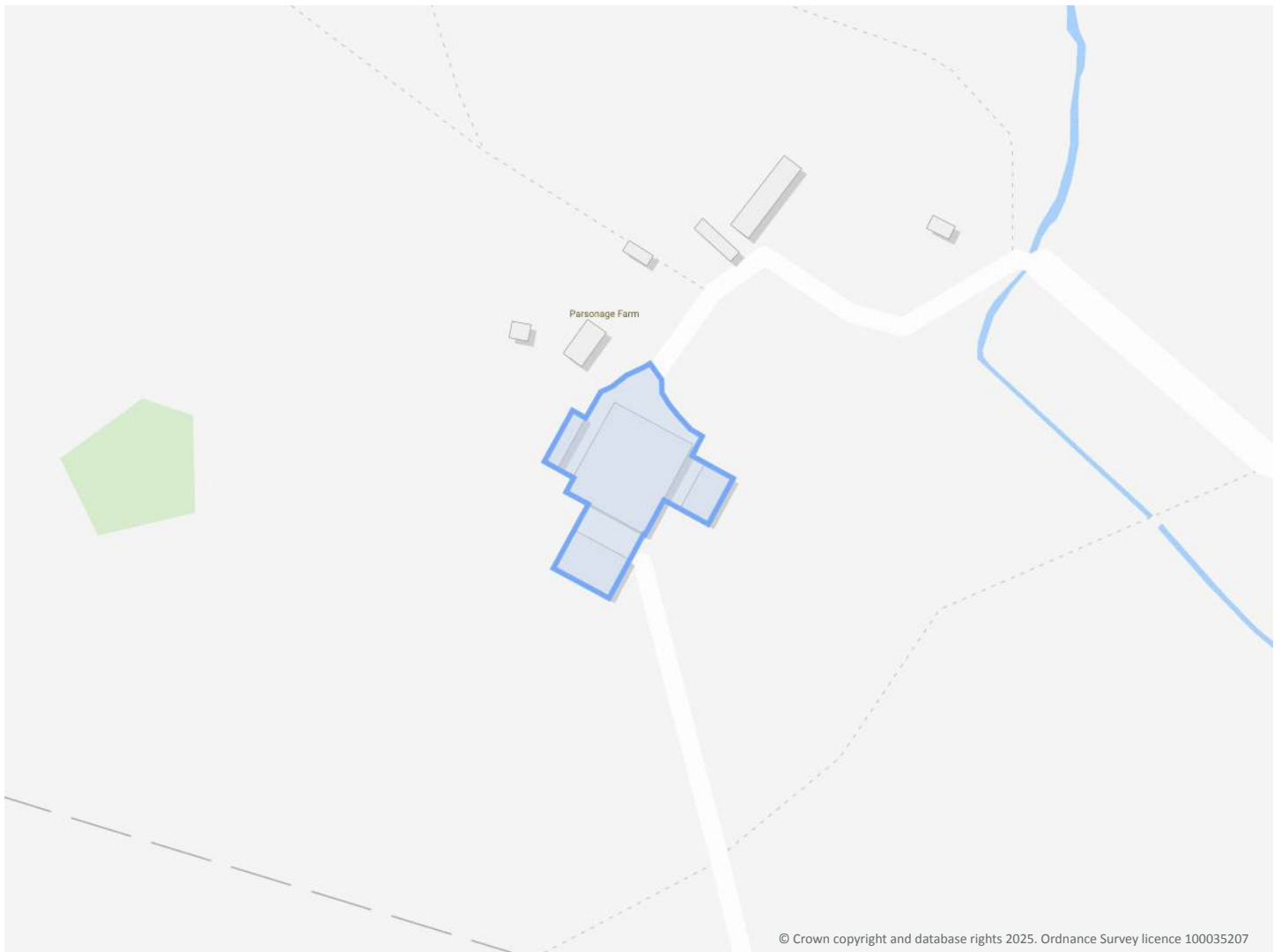
## Parsonage Farm

### Order Details

**Date:** 28/10/2025  
**Your ref:** Wilkinson  
**Our Ref:** GS-XKS-1AD-3VC-7W3

### Site Details

**Location:** 364301 435037  
**Area:** 0.29 ha  
**Authority:** [Ribble Valley Borough Council](#) ↗



[Summary of findings](#)

[p. 2 >](#)

[Aerial image](#)

[p. 9 >](#)

[OS MasterMap site plan](#)

[p.14 >](#)

[Insight User Guide](#) ↗

Contact us with any questions at:

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01273 257 755

## Summary of findings

Page	Section	<a href="#">Past land use &gt;</a>	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
<a href="#">15 &gt;</a>	<a href="#">1.1 &gt;</a>	<a href="#">Historical industrial land uses &gt;</a>	0	0	0	15	-
16	1.2	Historical tanks	0	0	0	0	-
16	1.3	Historical energy features	0	0	0	0	-
17	1.4	Historical petrol stations	0	0	0	0	-
17	1.5	Historical garages	0	0	0	0	-
17	1.6	Historical military land	0	0	0	0	-
Page	Section	<a href="#">Past land use - un-grouped &gt;</a>	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
<a href="#">18 &gt;</a>	<a href="#">2.1 &gt;</a>	<a href="#">Historical industrial land uses &gt;</a>	0	0	0	19	-
19	2.2	Historical tanks	0	0	0	0	-
19	2.3	Historical energy features	0	0	0	0	-
20	2.4	Historical petrol stations	0	0	0	0	-
20	2.5	Historical garages	0	0	0	0	-
Page	Section	<a href="#">Waste and landfill &gt;</a>	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
21	3.1	Active or recent landfill	0	0	0	0	-
21	3.2	Historical landfill (BGS records)	0	0	0	0	-
22	3.3	Historical landfill (LA/mapping records)	0	0	0	0	-
22	3.4	Historical landfill (EA/NRW records)	0	0	0	0	-
22	3.5	Historical waste sites	0	0	0	0	-
22	3.6	Licensed waste sites	0	0	0	0	-
<a href="#">22 &gt;</a>	<a href="#">3.7 &gt;</a>	<a href="#">Waste exemptions &gt;</a>	0	6	0	0	-
Page	Section	<a href="#">Current industrial land use &gt;</a>	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
<a href="#">24 &gt;</a>	<a href="#">4.1 &gt;</a>	<a href="#">Recent industrial land uses &gt;</a>	0	1	2	-	-
25	4.2	National Geographic Database (NGD) - Current or recent tanks	0	0	0	-	-
25	4.3	Current or recent petrol stations	0	0	0	0	-
25	4.4	Electricity cables	0	0	0	0	-
25	4.5	Gas pipelines	0	0	0	0	-



25	4.6	Sites determined as Contaminated Land	0	0	0	0	-
26	4.7	Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH)	0	0	0	0	-
26	4.8	Regulated explosive sites	0	0	0	0	-
26	4.9	Hazardous substance storage/usage	0	0	0	0	-
26	4.10	Historical licensed industrial activities (IPC)	0	0	0	0	-
26	4.11	Licensed industrial activities (Part A(1))	0	0	0	0	-
27	4.12	Licensed pollutant release (Part A(2)/B)	0	0	0	0	-
27	4.13	Radioactive Substance Authorisations	0	0	0	0	-
<b>27 &gt;</b>	<b>4.14 &gt;</b>	<b><u>Licensed Discharges to controlled waters &gt;</u></b>	0	0	1	0	-
27	4.15	Pollutant release to surface waters (Red List)	0	0	0	0	-
28	4.16	Pollutant release to public sewer	0	0	0	0	-
28	4.17	List 1 Dangerous Substances	0	0	0	0	-
28	4.18	List 2 Dangerous Substances	0	0	0	0	-
<b>28 &gt;</b>	<b>4.19 &gt;</b>	<b><u>Pollution Incidents (EA/NRW) &gt;</u></b>	0	0	3	6	-
29	4.20	Pollution inventory substances	0	0	0	0	-
30	4.21	Pollution inventory waste transfers	0	0	0	0	-
30	4.22	Pollution inventory radioactive waste	0	0	0	0	-
Page	Section	<b><u>Hydrogeology &gt;</u></b>	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
<b>31 &gt;</b>	<b>5.1 &gt;</b>	<b><u>Superficial aquifer &gt;</u></b>	Identified (within 500m)				
<b>33 &gt;</b>	<b>5.2 &gt;</b>	<b><u>Bedrock aquifer &gt;</u></b>	Identified (within 500m)				
<b>35 &gt;</b>	<b>5.3 &gt;</b>	<b><u>Groundwater vulnerability &gt;</u></b>	Identified (within 50m)				
36	5.4	Groundwater vulnerability- soluble rock risk	None (within 0m)				
36	5.5	Groundwater vulnerability- local information	None (within 0m)				
<b>37 &gt;</b>	<b>5.6 &gt;</b>	<b><u>Groundwater abstractions &gt;</u></b>	0	0	0	0	4
39	5.7	Surface water abstractions	0	0	0	0	0
39	5.8	Potable abstractions	0	0	0	0	0
39	5.9	Source Protection Zones	0	0	0	0	-
39	5.10	Source Protection Zones (confined aquifer)	0	0	0	0	-
Page	Section	<b><u>Hydrology &gt;</u></b>	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m



<a href="#">40</a> >	<a href="#">6.1</a> >	<a href="#">Water Network (OS MasterMap)</a> >	0	0	3	-	-
<a href="#">41</a> >	<a href="#">6.2</a> >	<a href="#">Surface water features</a> >	0	0	4	-	-
<a href="#">41</a> >	<a href="#">6.3</a> >	<a href="#">WFD Surface water body catchments</a> >	1	-	-	-	-
<a href="#">42</a> >	<a href="#">6.4</a> >	<a href="#">WFD Surface water bodies</a> >	0	0	0	-	-
<a href="#">42</a> >	<a href="#">6.5</a> >	<a href="#">WFD Groundwater bodies</a> >	1	-	-	-	-
Page	Section	River and coastal flooding	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
43	7.1	Risk of flooding from rivers and the sea	None (within 50m)				
43	7.2	Historical Flood Events	0	0	0	-	-
43	7.3	Flood Defences	0	0	0	-	-
44	7.4	Areas Benefiting from Flood Defences	0	0	0	-	-
44	7.5	Flood Storage Areas	0	0	0	-	-
45	7.6	Flood Zone 2	None (within 50m)				
45	7.7	Flood Zone 3	None (within 50m)				
Page	Section	Surface water flooding					
46	8.1	Surface water flooding	Negligible (within 50m)				
Page	Section	<a href="#">Groundwater flooding</a> >					
<a href="#">47</a> >	<a href="#">9.1</a> >	<a href="#">Groundwater flooding</a> >	Low (within 50m)				
Page	Section	<a href="#">Environmental designations</a> >	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
48	10.1	Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)	0	0	0	0	0
49	10.2	Conserved wetland sites (Ramsar sites)	0	0	0	0	0
49	10.3	Special Areas of Conservation (SAC)	0	0	0	0	0
49	10.4	Special Protection Areas (SPA)	0	0	0	0	0
49	10.5	National Nature Reserves (NNR)	0	0	0	0	0
50	10.6	Local Nature Reserves (LNR)	0	0	0	0	0
<a href="#">50</a> >	<a href="#">10.7</a> >	<a href="#">Designated Ancient Woodland</a> >	0	0	0	0	15
51	10.8	Biosphere Reserves	0	0	0	0	0
51	10.9	Forest Parks	0	0	0	0	0
51	10.10	Marine Conservation Zones	0	0	0	0	0
51	10.11	Green Belt	0	0	0	0	0



51	10.12	Proposed Ramsar sites	0	0	0	0	0
52	10.13	Possible Special Areas of Conservation (pSAC)	0	0	0	0	0
52	10.14	Potential Special Protection Areas (pSPA)	0	0	0	0	0
52	10.15	Nitrate Sensitive Areas	0	0	0	0	0
52	10.16	Nitrate Vulnerable Zones	0	0	0	0	0
53	10.17	SSSI Impact Risk Zones	0	-	-	-	-
53	10.18	SSSI Units	0	0	0	0	0
Page	Section	Visual and cultural designations	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
54	11.1	World Heritage Sites	0	0	0	-	-
54	11.2	Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty	0	0	0	-	-
54	11.3	National Parks	0	0	0	-	-
54	11.4	Listed Buildings	0	0	0	-	-
55	11.5	Conservation Areas	0	0	0	-	-
55	11.6	Scheduled Ancient Monuments	0	0	0	-	-
55	11.7	Registered Parks and Gardens	0	0	0	-	-
Page	Section	<a href="#">Agricultural designations</a> >	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
<b>56</b> >	<b>12.1</b> >	<b><a href="#">Agricultural Land Classification</a></b> >	Grade 3 (within 250m)				
57	12.2	Open Access Land	0	0	0	-	-
57	12.3	Tree Felling Licences	0	0	0	-	-
57	12.4	Environmental Stewardship Schemes	0	0	0	-	-
<b>57</b> >	<b>12.5</b> >	<b><a href="#">Countryside Stewardship Schemes</a></b> >	1	0	0	-	-
Page	Section	<a href="#">Habitat designations</a> >	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
<b>58</b> >	<b>13.1</b> >	<b><a href="#">Priority Habitat Inventory</a></b> >	0	1	5	-	-
59	13.2	Habitat Networks	0	0	0	-	-
59	13.3	Open Mosaic Habitat	0	0	0	-	-
59	13.4	Limestone Pavement Orders	0	0	0	-	-
Page	Section	<a href="#">Geology 1:10,000 scale</a> >	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
<b>60</b> >	<b>14.1</b> >	<b><a href="#">10k Availability</a></b> >	Identified (within 500m)				
61	14.2	Artificial and made ground (10k)	0	0	0	0	-

<a href="#">62</a> >	<a href="#">14.3</a> >	<a href="#">Superficial geology (10k)</a> >	1	0	4	4	-
63	14.4	Landslip (10k)	0	0	0	0	-
<a href="#">64</a> >	<a href="#">14.5</a> >	<a href="#">Bedrock geology (10k)</a> >	1	0	1	0	-
<a href="#">65</a> >	<a href="#">14.6</a> >	<a href="#">Bedrock faults and other linear features (10k)</a> >	0	0	1	0	-
Page	Section	<a href="#">Geology 1:50,000 scale</a> >	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
<a href="#">66</a> >	<a href="#">15.1</a> >	<a href="#">50k Availability</a> >	Identified (within 500m)				
67	15.2	Artificial and made ground (50k)	0	0	0	0	-
67	15.3	Artificial ground permeability (50k)	0	0	-	-	-
<a href="#">68</a> >	<a href="#">15.4</a> >	<a href="#">Superficial geology (50k)</a> >	1	1	3	4	-
<a href="#">69</a> >	<a href="#">15.5</a> >	<a href="#">Superficial permeability (50k)</a> >	Identified (within 50m)				
<a href="#">69</a> >	<a href="#">15.6</a> >	<a href="#">Landslip (50k)</a> >	0	0	0	1	-
70	15.7	Landslip permeability (50k)	None (within 50m)				
<a href="#">71</a> >	<a href="#">15.8</a> >	<a href="#">Bedrock geology (50k)</a> >	1	0	1	0	-
<a href="#">72</a> >	<a href="#">15.9</a> >	<a href="#">Bedrock permeability (50k)</a> >	Identified (within 50m)				
<a href="#">72</a> >	<a href="#">15.10</a> >	<a href="#">Bedrock faults and other linear features (50k)</a> >	0	0	1	0	-
Page	Section	Boreholes	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
73	16.1	BGS Boreholes	0	0	0	-	-
Page	Section	<a href="#">Natural ground subsidence</a> >					
<a href="#">74</a> >	<a href="#">17.1</a> >	<a href="#">Shrink swell clays</a> >	Very low (within 50m)				
<a href="#">75</a> >	<a href="#">17.2</a> >	<a href="#">Running sands</a> >	Very low (within 50m)				
<a href="#">76</a> >	<a href="#">17.3</a> >	<a href="#">Compressible deposits</a> >	Negligible (within 50m)				
<a href="#">77</a> >	<a href="#">17.4</a> >	<a href="#">Collapsible deposits</a> >	Very low (within 50m)				
<a href="#">78</a> >	<a href="#">17.5</a> >	<a href="#">Landslides</a> >	Low (within 50m)				
<a href="#">80</a> >	<a href="#">17.6</a> >	<a href="#">Ground dissolution of soluble rocks</a> >	Negligible (within 50m)				
Page	Section	<a href="#">Mining and ground workings</a> >	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
82	18.1	BritPits	0	0	0	0	-
83	18.2	Surface ground workings	0	0	0	-	-
83	18.3	Underground workings	0	0	0	0	0
83	18.4	Underground mining extents	0	0	0	0	-



83	18.5	Historical Mineral Planning Areas	0	0	0	0	-
<b>83 &gt;</b>	<b>18.6 &gt;</b>	<b><u>Non-coal mining</u> &gt;</b>	2	0	0	0	2
84	18.7	JPB mining areas	None (within 0m)				
84	18.8	The Coal Authority non-coal mining	0	0	0	0	-
85	18.9	Researched mining	0	0	0	0	-
85	18.10	Mining record office plans	0	0	0	0	-
85	18.11	BGS mine plans	0	0	0	0	-
85	18.12	Coal mining	None (within 0m)				
85	18.13	Brine areas	None (within 0m)				
86	18.14	Gypsum areas	None (within 0m)				
86	18.15	Tin mining	None (within 0m)				
86	18.16	Clay mining	None (within 0m)				
Page	Section	Ground cavities and sinkholes	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
87	19.1	Natural cavities	0	0	0	0	-
87	19.2	Mining cavities	0	0	0	0	0
87	19.3	Reported recent incidents	0	0	0	0	-
87	19.4	Historical incidents	0	0	0	0	-
Page	Section	<u>Radon</u> >					
<b>89 &gt;</b>	<b>20.1 &gt;</b>	<b><u>Radon</u> &gt;</b>	Less than 1% (within 0m)				
Page	Section	<u>Soil chemistry</u> >	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
<b>91 &gt;</b>	<b>21.1 &gt;</b>	<b><u>BGS Estimated Background Soil Chemistry</u> &gt;</b>	2	2	-	-	-
91	21.2	BGS Estimated Urban Soil Chemistry	0	0	-	-	-
91	21.3	BGS Measured Urban Soil Chemistry	0	0	-	-	-
Page	Section	Railway infrastructure and projects	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
92	22.1	Underground railways (London)	0	0	0	-	-
92	22.2	Underground railways (Non-London)	0	0	0	-	-
92	22.3	Railway tunnels	0	0	0	-	-
92	22.4	Historical railway and tunnel features	0	0	0	-	-
92	22.5	Royal Mail tunnels	0	0	0	-	-



93	22.6	Historical railways	0	0	0	-	-
93	22.7	Railways	0	0	0	-	-
93	22.8	Crossrail 2	0	0	0	0	-
93	22.9	HS2	0	0	0	0	-

## Recent aerial photograph



Capture Date: 03/04/2023

Site Area: 0.29ha



Contact us with any questions at:

[info@groundsure.com](mailto:info@groundsure.com)

01273 257 755

Date: 28 October 2025

## Recent site history - 2020 aerial photograph



Aerial photography supplied by Getmapping PLC. © Copyright Getmapping PLC 2025. All Rights Reserved.

Capture Date: 16/04/2020

Site Area: 0.29ha



Contact us with any questions at:

[info@groundsure.com](mailto:info@groundsure.com)

01273 257 755

Date: 28 October 2025

## Recent site history - 2017 aerial photograph



Capture Date: 03/04/2017

Site Area: 0.29ha



Contact us with any questions at:

[info@groundsure.com](mailto:info@groundsure.com)

01273 257 755

Date: 28 October 2025

## Recent site history - 2013 aerial photograph



Capture Date: 25/05/2013

Site Area: 0.29ha



Contact us with any questions at:

[info@groundsure.com](mailto:info@groundsure.com)

01273 257 755

Date: 28 October 2025

## Recent site history - 2001 aerial photograph



Aerial photography supplied by Getmapping PLC. © Copyright Getmapping PLC 2025. All Rights Reserved.

Capture Date: 12/05/2001

Site Area: 0.29ha



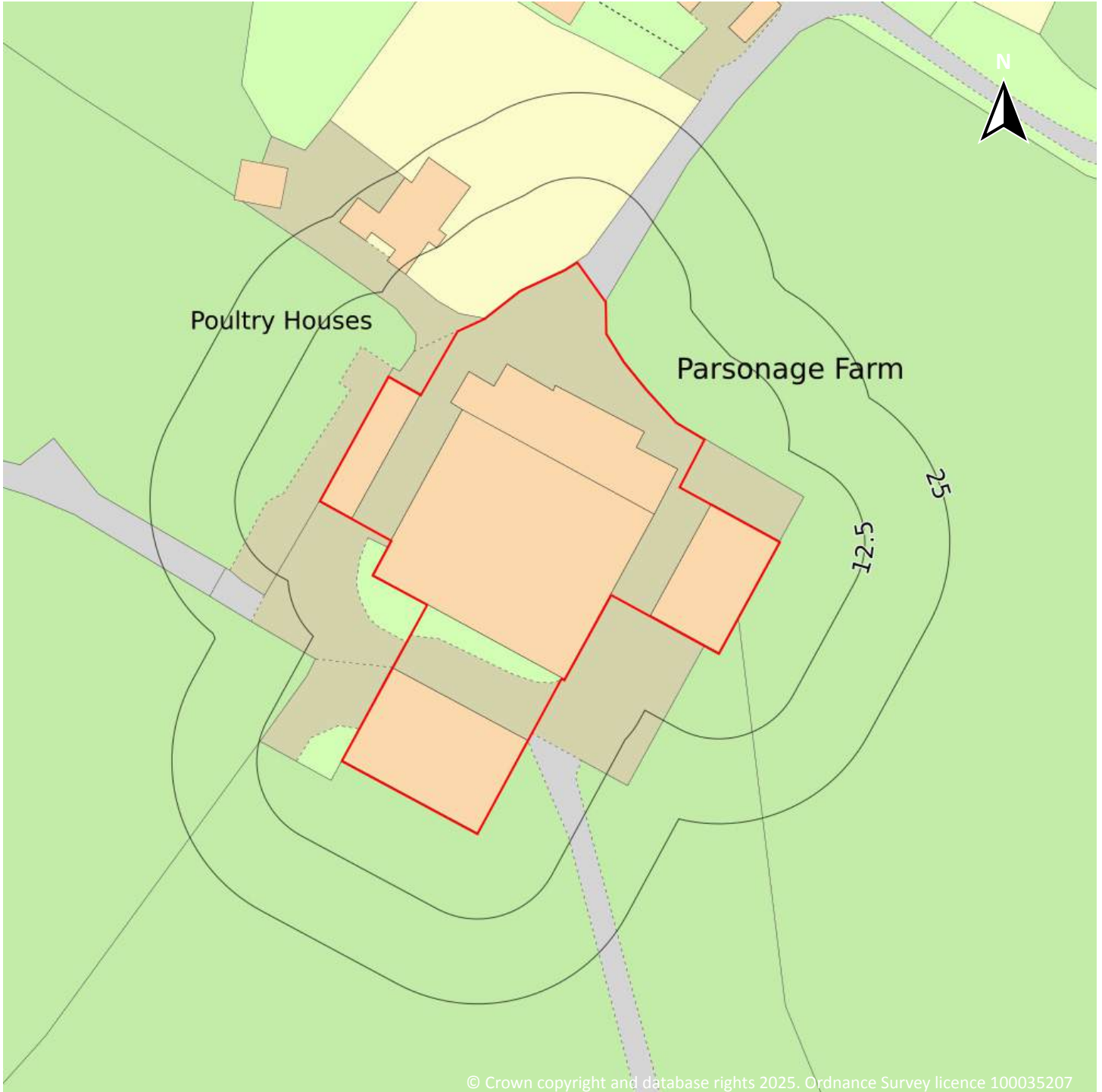
Contact us with any questions at:

[info@groundsure.com](mailto:info@groundsure.com)

01273 257 755

Date: 28 October 2025

## OS MasterMap site plan



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Site Area: 0.29ha



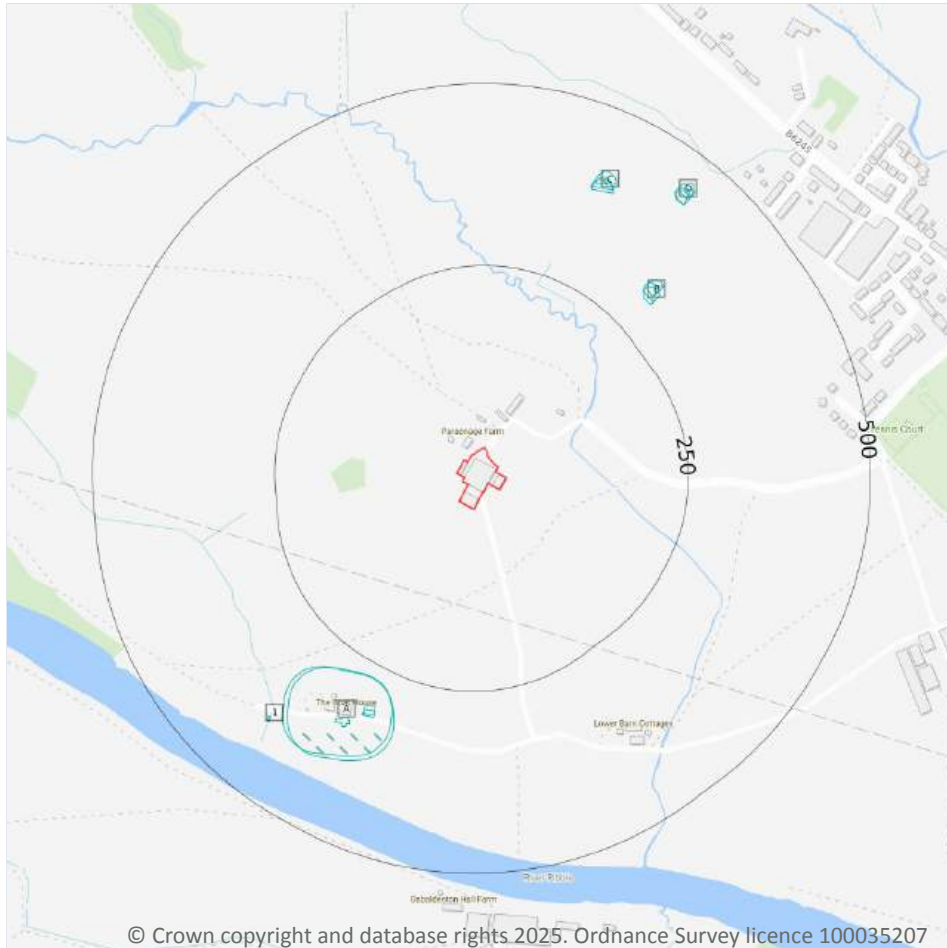
Contact us with any questions at:

[info@groundsure.com](mailto:info@groundsure.com)

01273 257 755

Date: 28 October 2025

## 1 Past land use



**Site Outline**

**Search buffers in metres (m)**

**Historical industrial land uses**

### 1.1 Historical industrial land uses

**Records within 500m**

**15**

Potentially contaminative land use features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at 1:10,000 and 1:10,560 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

Features are displayed on the Past land use map on [page 15 >](#)

ID	Location	Land use	Dates present	Group ID
A	269m SW	Boat House	1892 - 1910	754335

ID	Location	Land use	Dates present	Group ID
A	270m SW	Boat House	1932	719083
B	300m NE	Unspecified Pit	1892	740607
A	301m SW	Boat House	1969	732767
B	304m NE	Unspecified Pit	1910 - 1932	782315
A	309m SW	Boat House	1951	764644
B	310m NE	Unspecified Pit	1951	753792
A	334m SW	Boat House	1847	758154
C	384m NE	Unspecified Pit	1892	794287
C	388m N	Unspecified Pit	1910 - 1932	782313
1	392m SW	Pipe	1847	701545
C	394m NE	Unspecified Pit	1951	799593
D	431m NE	Unspecified Pit	1910 - 1932	742132
D	431m NE	Unspecified Pit	1892	787266
D	441m NE	Unspecified Pit	1951	764121

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 1.2 Historical tanks

**Records within 500m**

**0**

Tank features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 1.3 Historical energy features

**Records within 500m**

**0**

Energy features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the



original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 1.4 Historical petrol stations

**Records within 500m**

**0**

Petrol stations digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 1.5 Historical garages

**Records within 500m**

**0**

Garages digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 1.6 Historical military land

**Records within 500m**

**0**

Areas of military land digitised from multiple sources including the National Archives, local records, MOD records and verified other sources, intelligently grouped into contiguous features.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure / other sources.*





ID	Location	Land Use	Date	Group ID
B	300m NE	Unspecified Pit	1892	740607
A	301m SW	Boat House	1969	732767
B	304m NE	Unspecified Pit	1932	782315
B	304m NE	Unspecified Pit	1910	782315
A	309m SW	Boat House	1951	764644
B	310m NE	Unspecified Pit	1951	753792
A	334m SW	Boat House	1847	758154
C	384m NE	Unspecified Pit	1892	794287
C	388m N	Unspecified Pit	1932	782313
C	388m N	Unspecified Pit	1910	782313
1	392m SW	Pipe	1847	701545
C	394m NE	Unspecified Pit	1951	799593
D	431m NE	Unspecified Pit	1932	742132
D	431m NE	Unspecified Pit	1910	742132
D	431m NE	Unspecified Pit	1892	787266
D	441m NE	Unspecified Pit	1951	764121

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 2.2 Historical tanks

**Records within 500m**

**0**

Tank features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale. Any records shown are available intelligently grouped in section 1. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 2.3 Historical energy features

**Records within 500m**

**0**

Energy features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale. Any records shown are available intelligently grouped in section 1. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.



*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 2.4 Historical petrol stations

**Records within 500m**

**0**

Petrol stations digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale. Any records shown are available intelligently grouped in section 1. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 2.5 Historical garages

**Records within 500m**

**0**

Garages digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale. Any records shown are available intelligently grouped in section 1. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*





### 3.3 Historical landfill (LA/mapping records)

Records within 500m

0

Landfill sites identified from Local Authority records and high detail historical mapping.

*This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey/Groundsure and Local Authority records.*

### 3.4 Historical landfill (EA/NRW records)

Records within 500m

0

Known historical (closed) landfill sites (e.g. sites where there is no PPC permit or waste management licence currently in force). This includes sites that existed before the waste licensing regime and sites that have been licensed in the past but where a licence has been revoked, ceased to exist or surrendered and a certificate of completion has been issued.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

### 3.5 Historical waste sites

Records within 500m

0

Waste site records derived from Local Authority planning records and high detail historical mapping.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure and Local Authority records.*

### 3.6 Licensed waste sites

Records within 500m

0

Active or recently closed waste sites under Environment Agency/Natural Resources Wales regulation.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

### 3.7 Waste exemptions

Records within 500m

6

Activities involving the storage, treatment, use or disposal of waste that are exempt from needing a permit. Exemptions have specific limits and conditions that must be adhered to.

Features are displayed on the Waste and landfill map on [page 21 >](#)

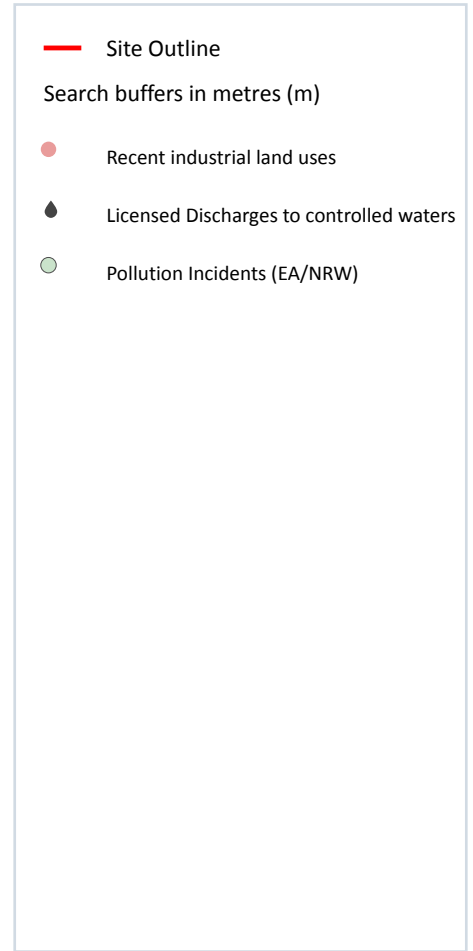
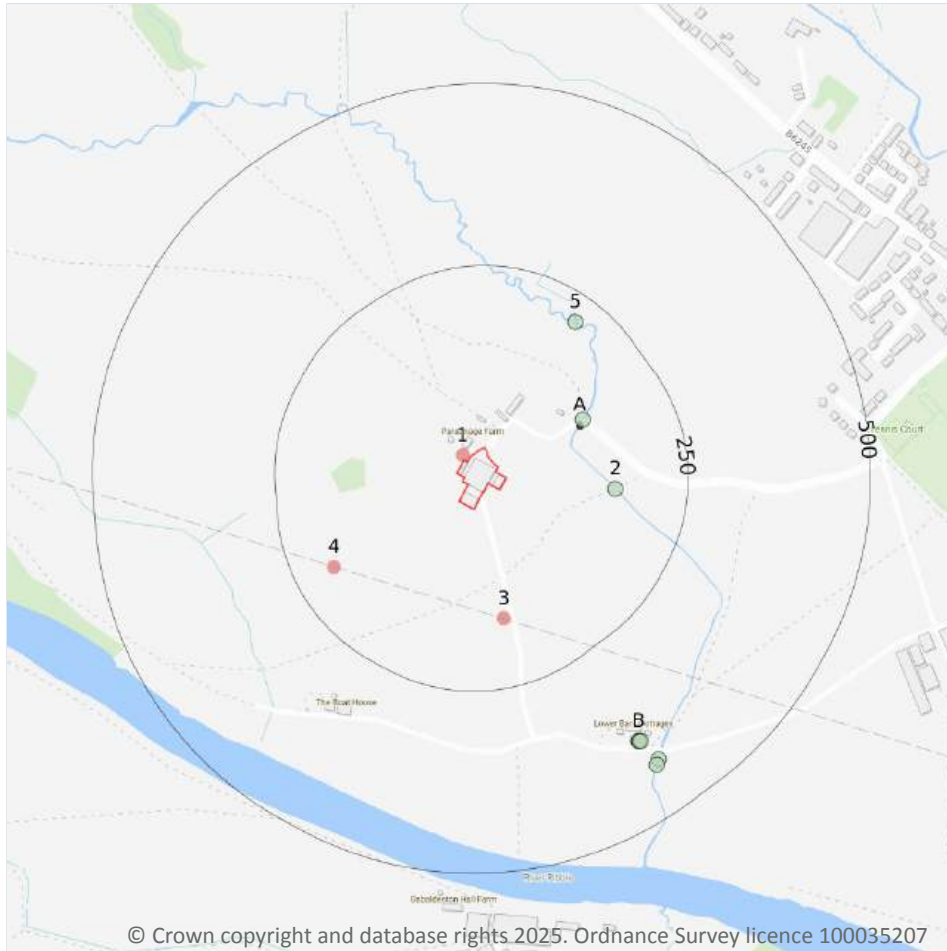


ID	Location	Site	Reference	Category	Sub-Category	Description
A	21m NW	Parsonage Farm Church Street Preston Pr3 3ye	EPR/FE5088CV /A001	Disposing of waste exemption	Agricultural waste only	Burning waste in the open
A	21m NW	Parsonage Farm Church Street Preston Pr3 3ye	EPR/FE5088CV /A001	Disposing of waste exemption	Agricultural waste only	Deposit of agricultural waste consisting of plant tissue under a Plant Health notice
A	21m NW	Parsonage Farm Church Street Preston Pr3 3ye	EPR/FE5088CV /A001	Storing waste exemption	Agricultural waste only	Storage of waste in a secure place
A	21m NW	Parsonage Farm Church Street Preston Pr3 3ye	EPR/FE5088CV /A001	Treating waste exemption	Agricultural waste only	Cleaning, washing, spraying or coating relevant waste
A	21m NW	Parsonage Farm Church Street Preston Pr3 3ye	EPR/FE5088CV /A001	Using waste exemption	Agricultural waste only	Use of waste for a specified purpose
A	21m NW	Parsonage Farm Church Street Preston Pr3 3ye	EPR/FE5088CV /A001	Storing waste exemption	Non-agricultural waste only	Storage of sludge

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*



## 4 Current industrial land use



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### 4.1 Recent industrial land uses

**Records within 250m** **3**

Current potentially contaminative industrial sites.

Features are displayed on the Current industrial land use map on [page 24](#) >

ID	Location	Company	Address	Activity	Category
1	7m N	Poultry Houses	Lancashire, PR3	Poultry Farming, Equipment and Supplies	Farming
3	156m S	Pylon	Lancashire, PR3	Electrical Features	Infrastructure and Facilities
4	194m SW	Pylon	Lancashire, PR3	Electrical Features	Infrastructure and Facilities

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey.*

## 4.2 National Geographic Database (NGD) - Current or recent tanks

Records within 250m

0

Current or recent tanks identified from the Ordnance Survey NGD.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey.*

## 4.3 Current or recent petrol stations

Records within 500m

0

Open, closed, under development and obsolete petrol stations.

*This data is sourced from Experian.*

## 4.4 Electricity cables

Records within 500m

0

High voltage underground electricity transmission cables.

*This data is sourced from National Grid.*

## 4.5 Gas pipelines

Records within 500m

0

High pressure underground gas transmission pipelines.

*This data is sourced from National Grid.*

## 4.6 Sites determined as Contaminated Land

Records within 500m

0

Contaminated Land Register of sites designated under Part 2a of the Environmental Protection Act 1990.

*This data is sourced from Local Authority records.*



## 4.7 Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH)

Records within 500m

0

Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH) sites. This data includes upper and lower tier sites, and includes a historical archive of COMAH sites and Notification of Installations Handling Hazardous Substances (NIHHS) records.

*This data is sourced from the Health and Safety Executive.*

## 4.8 Regulated explosive sites

Records within 500m

0

Sites registered and licensed by the Health and Safety Executive under the Manufacture and Storage of Explosives Regulations 2005 (MSER). The last update to this data was in April 2011.

*This data is sourced from the Health and Safety Executive.*

## 4.9 Hazardous substance storage/usage

Records within 500m

0

Consents granted for a site to hold certain quantities of hazardous substances at or above defined limits in accordance with the Planning (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2015.

*This data is sourced from Local Authority records.*

## 4.10 Historical licensed industrial activities (IPC)

Records within 500m

0

Integrated Pollution Control (IPC) records of substance releases to air, land and water. This data represents a historical archive as the IPC regime has been superseded.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 4.11 Licensed industrial activities (Part A(1))

Records within 500m

0

Records of Part A(1) installations regulated under the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 for the release of substances to the environment.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*



## 4.12 Licensed pollutant release (Part A(2)/B)

Records within 500m

0

Records of Part A(2) and Part B installations regulated under the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 for the release of substances to the environment.

*This data is sourced from Local Authority records.*

## 4.13 Radioactive Substance Authorisations

Records within 500m

0

Records of the storage, use, accumulation and disposal of radioactive substances regulated under the Radioactive Substances Act 1993.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 4.14 Licensed Discharges to controlled waters

Records within 500m

1

Discharges of treated or untreated effluent to controlled waters under the Water Resources Act 1991.

Features are displayed on the Current industrial land use map on [page 24 >](#)

ID	Location	Address	Details	
A	125m NE	PARSONAGE FARM, CHURCH STREET, RIBCHESTER, PRESTON, LANCASHIRE, PR3 3YE	Effluent Type: SEWAGE DISCHARGES - FINAL/TREATED EFFLUENT - NOT WATER COMPANY Permit Number: 011866 Permit Version: 1 Receiving Water: TRIB OF RIVER RIBBLE	Status: PRE NRA LEGISLATION WHERE ISSUE DATE 01-SEP-89 (HISTORIC ONLY) Issue date: 14/06/1972 Effective Date: 14/06/1972 Revocation Date: -

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 4.15 Pollutant release to surface waters (Red List)

Records within 500m

0

Discharges of specified substances under the Environmental Protection (Prescribed Processes and Substances) Regulations 1991.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

#### 4.16 Pollutant release to public sewer

Records within 500m

0

Discharges of Special Category Effluents to the public sewer.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

#### 4.17 List 1 Dangerous Substances

Records within 500m

0

Discharges of substances identified on List I of European Directive E 2006/11/EC, and regulated under the Environmental Damage (Prevention and Remediation) Regulations 2015.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

#### 4.18 List 2 Dangerous Substances

Records within 500m

0

Discharges of substances identified on List II of European Directive E 2006/11/EC, and regulated under the Environmental Damage (Prevention and Remediation) Regulations 2015.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

#### 4.19 Pollution Incidents (EA/NRW)

Records within 500m

9

Records of substantiated pollution incidents. Since 2006 this data has only included category 1 (major) and 2 (significant) pollution incidents.

Features are displayed on the Current industrial land use map on [page 24 >](#)

ID	Location	Details	
A	132m NE	Incident Date: 09/10/2024 Incident Identification: 2312839 Pollutant: Agricultural Materials and Wastes Pollutant Description: Slurry and Dilute Slurry	Water Impact: Category 2 (Significant) Land Impact: Category 4 (No Impact) Air Impact: Category 4 (No Impact)
2	151m E	Incident Date: 18/06/2003 Incident Identification: 167057 Pollutant: Contaminated Water Pollutant Description: Vehicle and Plant Washings	Water Impact: Category 3 (Minor) Land Impact: Category 4 (No Impact) Air Impact: Category 4 (No Impact)

ID	Location	Details	
5	213m NE	Incident Date: 18/06/2014 Incident Identification: 1246933 Pollutant: Pollutant Not Identified Pollutant Description: Not Identified	Water Impact: Category 2 (Significant) Land Impact: Category 4 (No Impact) Air Impact: Category 4 (No Impact)
B	391m SE	Incident Date: 20/05/2003 Incident Identification: 159587 Pollutant: Pollutant Not Identified Pollutant Description: Not Identified	Water Impact: Category 3 (Minor) Land Impact: Category 4 (No Impact) Air Impact: Category 4 (No Impact)
B	391m SE	Incident Date: 11/03/2003 Incident Identification: 142457 Pollutant: Contaminated Water Pollutant Description: Vehicle and Plant Washings	Water Impact: Category 3 (Minor) Land Impact: Category 4 (No Impact) Air Impact: Category 4 (No Impact)
B	391m SE	Incident Date: 11/07/2003 Incident Identification: 172847 Pollutant: Pollutant Not Identified Pollutant Description: Not Identified	Water Impact: Category 3 (Minor) Land Impact: Category 4 (No Impact) Air Impact: Category 4 (No Impact)
B	392m SE	Incident Date: 28/01/2003 Incident Identification: 133840 Pollutant: Pollutant Not Identified Pollutant Description: Not Identified	Water Impact: Category 3 (Minor) Land Impact: Category 4 (No Impact) Air Impact: Category 4 (No Impact)
B	427m SE	Incident Date: 17/11/2003 Incident Identification: 202038 Pollutant: Pollutant Not Identified Pollutant Description: Not Identified	Water Impact: Category 3 (Minor) Land Impact: Category 4 (No Impact) Air Impact: Category 4 (No Impact)
B	431m SE	Incident Date: 13/01/2003 Incident Identification: 130826 Pollutant: Pollutant Not Identified Pollutant Description: Not Identified	Water Impact: Category 3 (Minor) Land Impact: Category 4 (No Impact) Air Impact: Category 4 (No Impact)

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 4.20 Pollution inventory substances

**Records within 500m**

**0**

The pollution inventory (substances) includes reporting on annual emissions of certain regulated substances to air, controlled waters and land. A reporting threshold for each substance is also included. Where emissions fall below the reporting threshold, no value will be given. The data is given for the most recent complete year available.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency.*



## 4.21 Pollution inventory waste transfers

Records within 500m

0

The pollution inventory (waste transfers) includes reporting on annual transfers and recovery/disposal of controlled wastes from a site. A reporting threshold for each waste type is also included. Where releases fall below the reporting threshold, no value will be given. The data is given for the most recent complete year available.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency.*

## 4.22 Pollution inventory radioactive waste

Records within 500m

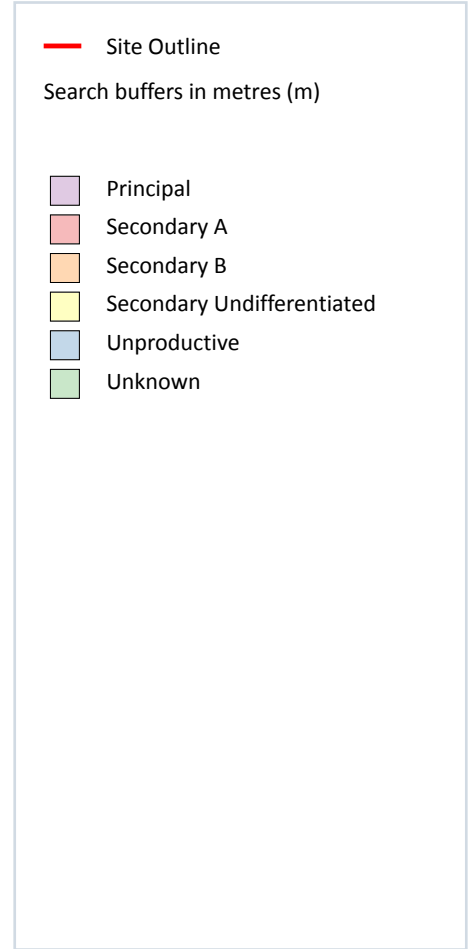
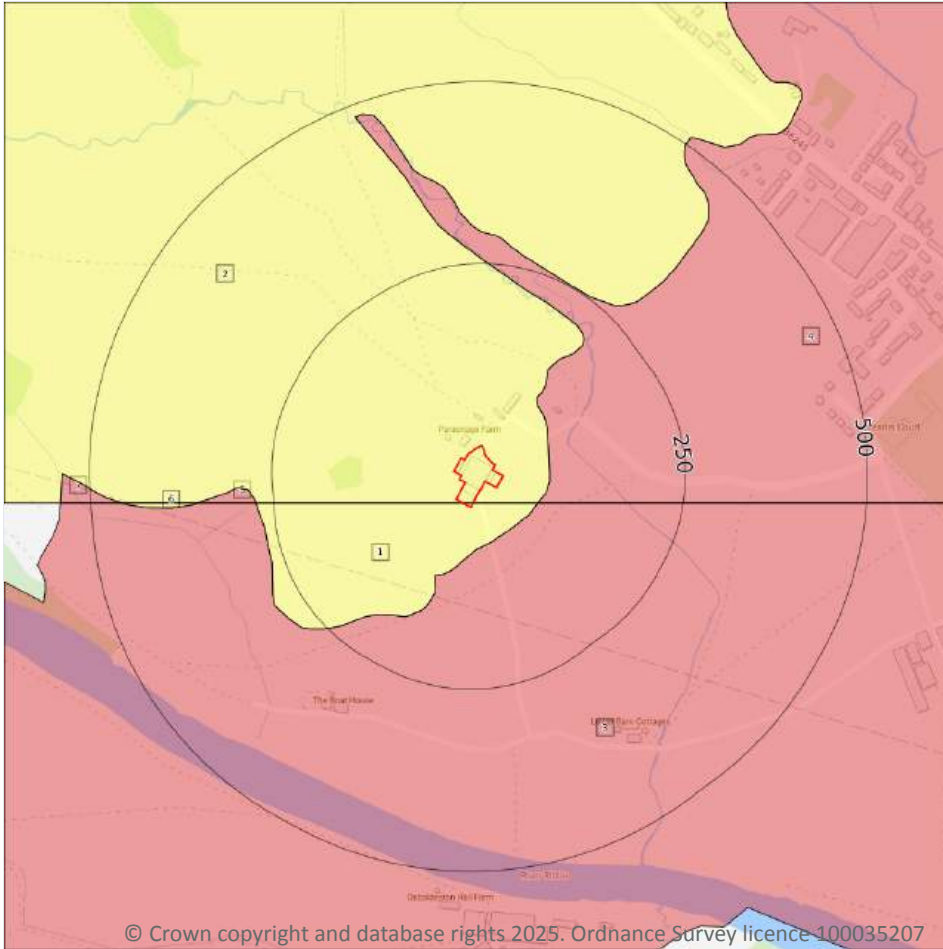
0

The pollution inventory (radioactive wastes) includes reporting on annual releases of radioactive substances from a site, including the means of release. Where releases fall below the reporting threshold, no value will be given. The data is given for the most recent complete year available.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency.*



## 5 Hydrogeology - Superficial aquifer



### 5.1 Superficial aquifer

Records within 500m

7

Aquifer status of groundwater held within superficial geology.

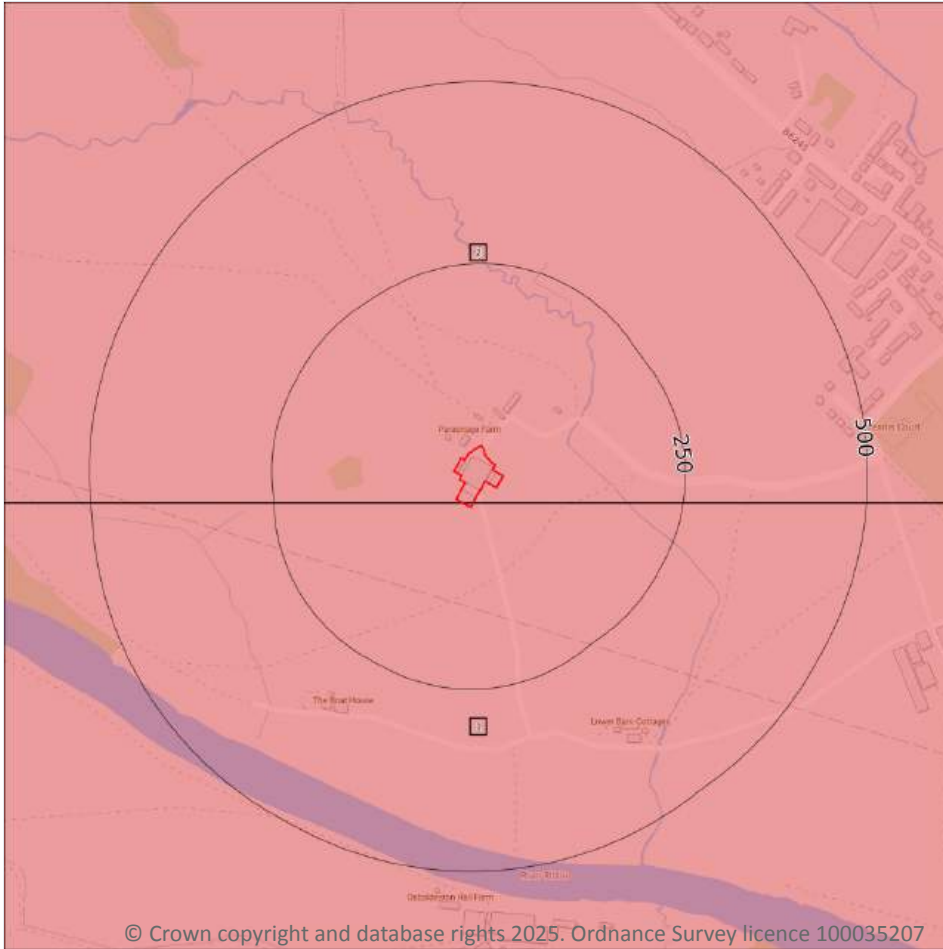
Features are displayed on the Hydrogeology map on [page 31](#) >

ID	Location	Designation	Description
1	On site	Secondary Undifferentiated	Assigned where it is not possible to attribute either category A or B to a rock type. In general these layers have previously been designated as both minor and non-aquifer in different locations due to the variable characteristics of the rock type
2	On site	Secondary Undifferentiated	Assigned where it is not possible to attribute either category A or B to a rock type. In general these layers have previously been designated as both minor and non-aquifer in different locations due to the variable characteristics of the rock type

ID	Location	Designation	Description
3	55m SE	Secondary A	Permeable layers capable of supporting water supplies at a local rather than strategic scale, and in some cases forming an important source of base flow to rivers. These are generally aquifers formerly classified as minor aquifers
4	60m SE	Secondary A	Permeable layers capable of supporting water supplies at a local rather than strategic scale, and in some cases forming an important source of base flow to rivers. These are generally aquifers formerly classified as minor aquifers
5	275m W	Secondary A	Permeable layers capable of supporting water supplies at a local rather than strategic scale, and in some cases forming an important source of base flow to rivers. These are generally aquifers formerly classified as minor aquifers
6	354m W	Secondary Undifferentiated	Assigned where it is not possible to attribute either category A or B to a rock type. In general these layers have previously been designated as both minor and non-aquifer in different locations due to the variable characteristics of the rock type
7	458m W	Secondary A	Permeable layers capable of supporting water supplies at a local rather than strategic scale, and in some cases forming an important source of base flow to rivers. These are generally aquifers formerly classified as minor aquifers

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey, the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## Bedrock aquifer



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Principal
- Secondary A
- Secondary B
- Secondary Undifferentiated
- Unproductive

### 5.2 Bedrock aquifer

Records within 500m

2

Aquifer status of groundwater held within bedrock geology.

Features are displayed on the Bedrock aquifer map on [page 33](#) >

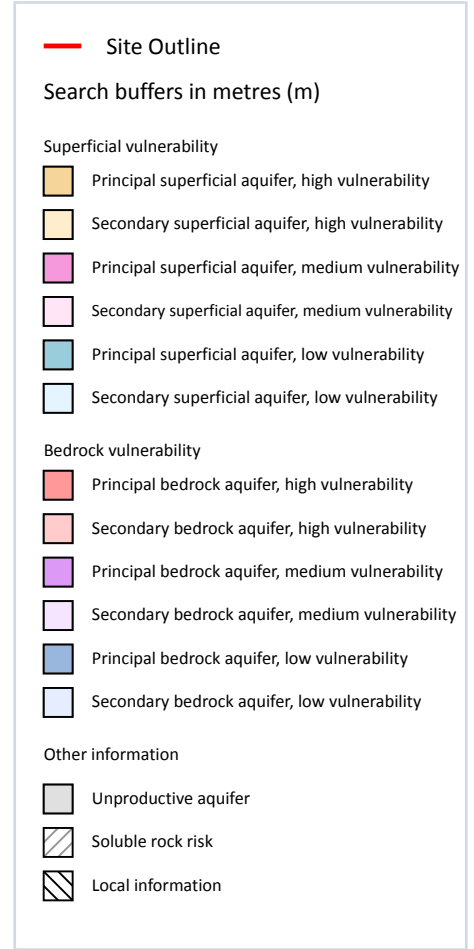
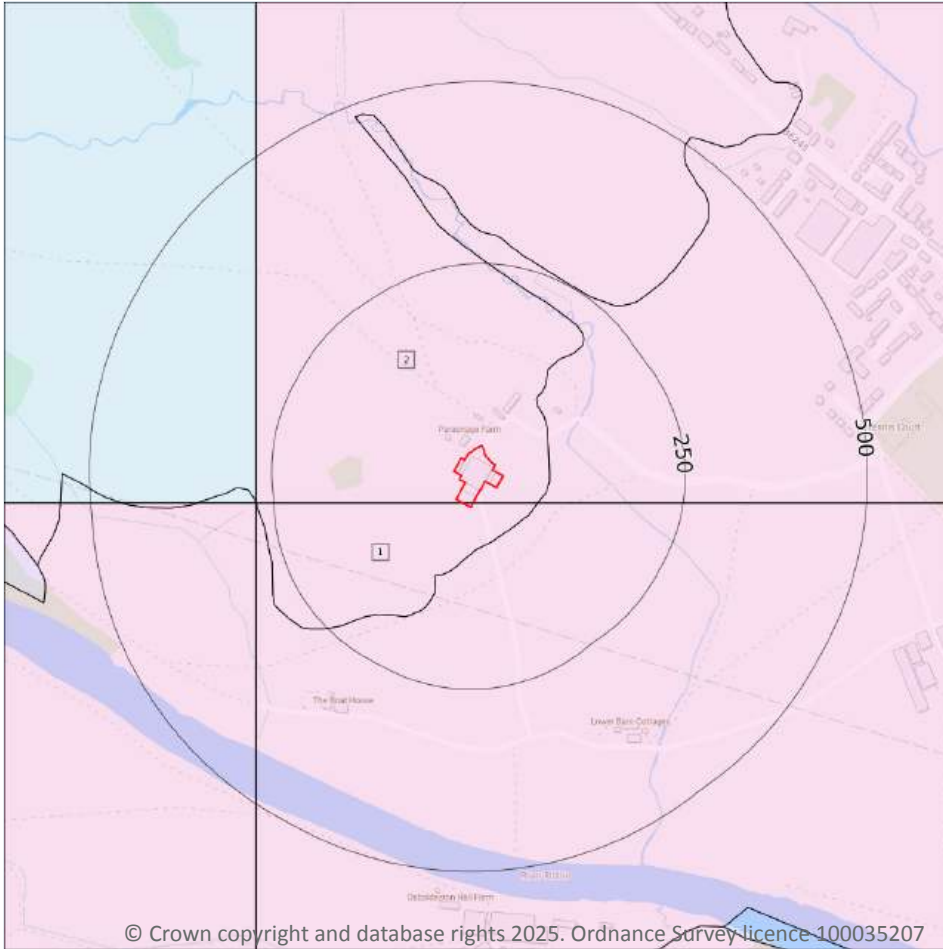
ID	Location	Designation	Description
1	On site	Secondary A	Permeable layers capable of supporting water supplies at a local rather than strategic scale, and in some cases forming an important source of base flow to rivers. These are generally aquifers formerly classified as minor aquifers
2	On site	Secondary A	Permeable layers capable of supporting water supplies at a local rather than strategic scale, and in some cases forming an important source of base flow to rivers. These are generally aquifers formerly classified as minor aquifers



*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey, the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*



## Groundwater vulnerability



### 5.3 Groundwater vulnerability

Records within 50m

2

An assessment of the vulnerability of groundwater to a pollutant discharged at ground level based on the hydrological, geological, hydrogeological and soil properties within a one kilometre square grid.

Groundwater vulnerability is described as High, Medium or Low as follows:

- High - Areas able to easily transmit pollution to groundwater. They are likely to be characterised by high leaching soils and the absence of low permeability superficial deposits.
- Medium - Intermediate between high and low vulnerability.
- Low - Areas that provide the greatest protection from pollution. They are likely to be characterised by low leaching soils and/or the presence of superficial deposits characterised by a low permeability.

Features are displayed on the Groundwater vulnerability map on [page 35 >](#)

ID	Location	Summary	Soil / surface	Superficial geology	Bedrock geology
1	On site	<b>Summary Classification:</b> Secondary superficial aquifer - Medium Vulnerability <b>Combined classification:</b> Productive Bedrock Aquifer, Productive Superficial Aquifer	<b>Leaching class:</b> Intermediate <b>Infiltration value:</b> >70% <b>Dilution value:</b> >550mm/year	<b>Vulnerability:</b> Medium <b>Aquifer type:</b> Secondary <b>Thickness:</b> 3-10m <b>Patchiness value:</b> >90% <b>Recharge potential:</b> High	<b>Vulnerability:</b> Low <b>Aquifer type:</b> Secondary <b>Flow mechanism:</b> Well connected fractures
2	On site	<b>Summary Classification:</b> Secondary superficial aquifer - Medium Vulnerability <b>Combined classification:</b> Productive Bedrock Aquifer, Productive Superficial Aquifer	<b>Leaching class:</b> Intermediate <b>Infiltration value:</b> 40-70% <b>Dilution value:</b> >550mm/year	<b>Vulnerability:</b> Medium <b>Aquifer type:</b> Secondary <b>Thickness:</b> 3-10m <b>Patchiness value:</b> >90% <b>Recharge potential:</b> High	<b>Vulnerability:</b> Low <b>Aquifer type:</b> Secondary <b>Flow mechanism:</b> Well connected fractures

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey, the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 5.4 Groundwater vulnerability- soluble rock risk

Records on site

0

This dataset identifies areas where solution features that enable rapid movement of a pollutant may be present within a 1km grid square.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey and the Environment Agency.*

## 5.5 Groundwater vulnerability- local information

Records on site

0

This dataset identifies areas where additional local information affecting vulnerability is held by the Environment Agency. Further information can be obtained by contacting the Environment Agency local Area groundwater team through the Environment Agency National Customer Call Centre on 03798 506 506 or by email on [enquiries@environment-agency.gov.uk](mailto:enquiries@environment-agency.gov.uk) ↗.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey and the Environment Agency.*





ID	Location	Details	
-	1757m NE	Status: Historical Licence No: 2671338033 Details: General Farming & Domestic Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: "BOREHOLE AT HOLMES FARM, RIBCHESTER" Data Type: Point Name: PARKER Easting: 365840 Northing: 435950	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): - Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: - Expiry Date: - Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 22/10/1999 Version End Date: -
-	1757m NE	Status: Historical Licence No: 2671338033 Details: General use relating to Secondary Category (Medium Loss) Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: "BOREHOLE AT HOLMES FARM, RIBCHESTER" Data Type: Point Name: PARKER Easting: 365840 Northing: 435950	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): - Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: - Expiry Date: - Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 22/10/1999 Version End Date: -
-	1757m NE	Status: Historical Licence No: 2671338033 Details: General Farming & Domestic Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT HOLMES FARM, RIBCHESTER Data Type: Point Name: PARKER Easting: 365840 Northing: 435950	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): - Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: - Expiry Date: - Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 22/10/1999 Version End Date: -
-	1757m NE	Status: Historical Licence No: 2671338033 Details: General use relating to Secondary Category (Medium Loss) Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT HOLMES FARM, RIBCHESTER Data Type: Point Name: PARKER Easting: 365840 Northing: 435950	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): - Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: - Expiry Date: - Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 22/10/1999 Version End Date: -

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*



## 5.7 Surface water abstractions

Records within 2000m

0

Licensed surface water abstractions for sites extracting more than 20 cubic metres of water a day and includes active and historical records. The data may be for a single abstraction point, a stretch of watercourse or a larger area.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 5.8 Potable abstractions

Records within 2000m

0

Licensed potable water abstractions for sites extracting more than 20 cubic metres of water a day and includes active and historical records. The data may be for a single abstraction point, a stretch of watercourse or a larger area.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 5.9 Source Protection Zones

Records within 500m

0

Source Protection Zones define the sensitivity of an area around a potable abstraction site to contamination.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 5.10 Source Protection Zones (confined aquifer)

Records within 500m

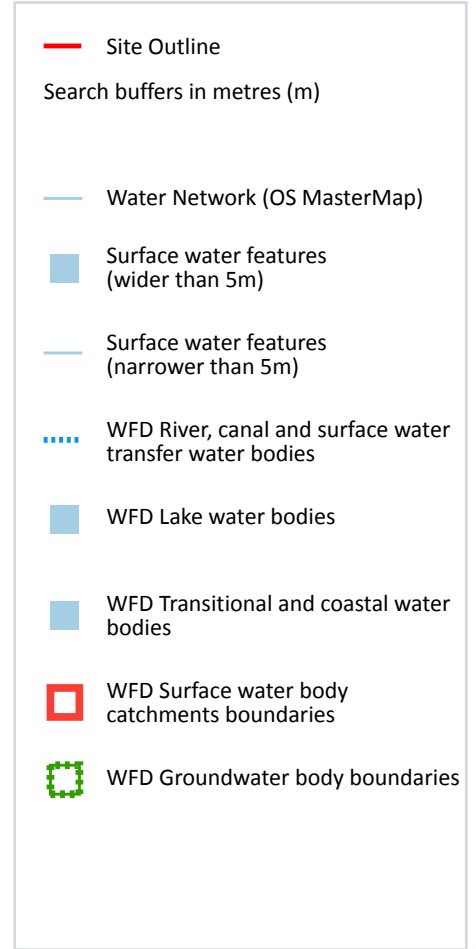
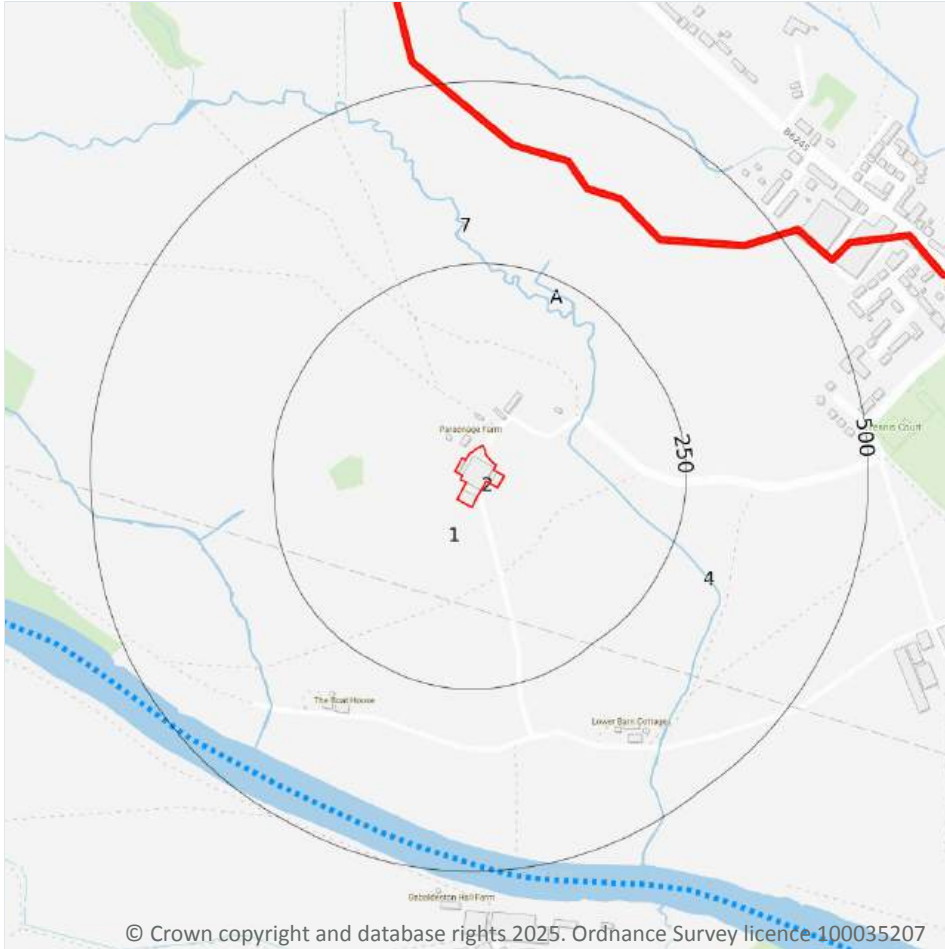
0

Source Protection Zones in the confined aquifer define the sensitivity around a deep groundwater abstraction to contamination. A confined aquifer would normally be protected from contamination by overlying geology and is only considered a sensitive resource if deep excavation/drilling is taking place.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*



## 6 Hydrology



### 6.1 Water Network (OS MasterMap)

Records within 250m

3

Detailed water network of Great Britain showing the flow and precise central course of every river, stream, lake and canal.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on [page 40 >](#)

ID	Location	Type of water feature	Ground level	Permanence	Name
4	99m NE	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-

ID	Location	Type of water feature	Ground level	Permanence	Name
7	206m NE	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
A	221m NE	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-

*This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey.*

## 6.2 Surface water features

### Records within 250m

4

Covering rivers, streams and lakes (some overlap with OS MasterMap Water Network data in previous section) but additionally covers smaller features such as ponds. Rivers and streams narrower than 5m are represented as a single line. Lakes, ponds and rivers or streams wider than 5m are represented as polygons.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on [page 40 >](#)

*This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey.*

## 6.3 WFD Surface water body catchments

### Records on site

1

The Water Framework Directive is an EU-led framework for the protection of inland surface waters, estuaries, coastal waters and groundwater through river basin-level management planning. In terms of surface water, these basins are broken down into smaller units known as management, operational and water body catchments.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on [page 40 >](#)

ID	Location	Type	Water body catchment	Water body ID	Operational catchment	Management catchment
1	On site	River	Ribble - conf Calder to tidal	GB112071065500	Big Ribble	Ribble

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*



## 6.4 WFD Surface water bodies

Records identified

1

Surface water bodies under the Directive may be rivers, lakes, estuary or coastal. To achieve the purpose of the Directive, environmental objectives have been set and are reported on for each water body. The progress towards delivery of the objectives is then reported on by the relevant competent authorities at the end of each six-year cycle. The river water body directly associated with the catchment listed in the previous section is detailed below, along with any lake, canal, coastal or artificial water body within 250m of the site. Click on the water body ID in the table to visit the EA Catchment Explorer to find out more about each water body listed.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on [page 40 >](#)

ID	Location	Type	Name	Water body ID	Overall rating	Chemical rating	Ecological rating	Year
12	458m SW	River	Ribble - conf Calder to tidal	<a href="#">GB112071065500</a> ↗	Moderate	Fail	Moderate	2019

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 6.5 WFD Groundwater bodies

Records on site

1

Groundwater bodies are also covered by the Directive and the same regime of objectives and reporting detailed in the previous section is in place. Click on the water body ID in the table to visit the EA Catchment Explorer to find out more about each groundwater body listed.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on [page 40 >](#)

ID	Location	Name	Water body ID	Overall rating	Chemical rating	Quantitative	Year
2	On site	Ribble Carboniferous Aquifers	<a href="#">GB41202G103000</a> ↗	Poor	Poor	Good	2019

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*



## 7 River and coastal flooding

### 7.1 Risk of flooding from rivers and the sea

Records within 50m

0

The chance of flooding from rivers and/or the sea in any given year, based on cells of 50m within the Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea (RoFRaS)/Flood Risk Assessment Wales (FRAW) models. Each cell is allocated one of four flood risk categories, taking into account flood defences and their condition. The risk categories for RoFRaS for rivers and the sea and FRAW for rivers are; Very low (less than 1 in 1000 chance in any given year), Low (less than 1 in 100 but greater than or equal to 1 in 1000 chance), Medium (less than 1 in 30 but greater than or equal to 1 in 100 chance) or High (greater than or equal to 1 in 30 chance). The risk categories for FRAW for the sea are; Very low (less than 1 in 1000 chance in any given year), Low (less than 1 in 200 but greater than or equal to 1 in 1000 chance), Medium (less than 1 in 30 but greater than or equal to 1 in 200 chance) or High (greater than or equal to 1 in 30 chance).

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

### 7.2 Historical Flood Events

Records within 250m

0

Records of historic flooding from rivers, the sea, groundwater and surface water. Records began in 1946 when predecessor bodies started collecting detailed information about flooding incidents, although limited details may be included on flooding incidents prior to this date. Takes into account the presence of defences, structures, and other infrastructure where they existed at the time of flooding, and includes flood extents that may have been affected by overtopping, breaches or blockages.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

### 7.3 Flood Defences

Records within 250m

0

Records of flood defences owned, managed or inspected by the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales. Flood defences can be structures, buildings or parts of buildings. Typically these are earth banks, stone and concrete walls, or sheet-piling that is used to prevent or control the extent of flooding.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*



## 7.4 Areas Benefiting from Flood Defences

Records within 250m

0

Areas that would benefit from the presence of flood defences in a 1 in 100 (1%) chance of flooding each year from rivers or 1 in 200 (0.5%) chance of flooding each year from the sea.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 7.5 Flood Storage Areas

Records within 250m

0

Areas that act as a balancing reservoir, storage basin or balancing pond to attenuate an incoming flood peak to a flow level that can be accepted by the downstream channel or to delay the timing of a flood peak so that its volume is discharged over a longer period.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*



## River and coastal flooding - Flood Zones

### 7.6 Flood Zone 2

Records within 50m

0

Areas of land at risk of flooding, when the presence of flood defences are ignored. Covering land between Flood Zone 3 (see next section) and the extent of the flooding from rivers or the sea with a 1 in 1000 (0.1%) chance of flooding each year.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

### 7.7 Flood Zone 3

Records within 50m

0

Areas of land at risk of flooding, when the presence of flood defences are ignored. Covering land with a 1 in 100 (1%) or greater chance of flooding each year from rivers or a 1 in 200 (0.5%) or greater chance of flooding each year from the sea.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*



## 8 Surface water flooding

### 8.1 Surface water flooding

Highest risk on site

Negligible

Highest risk within 50m

Negligible

Ambiental Risk Analytics surface water (pluvial) FloodMap identifies areas likely to flood as a result of extreme rainfall events, i.e. land naturally vulnerable to surface water ponding or flooding. This data set was produced by simulating 1 in 30 year, 1 in 100 year, 1 in 250 year and 1 in 1,000 year rainfall events. Modern urban drainage systems are typically built to cope with rainfall events between 1 in 20 and 1 in 30 years, though some older ones may flood in a 1 in 5 year rainfall event.

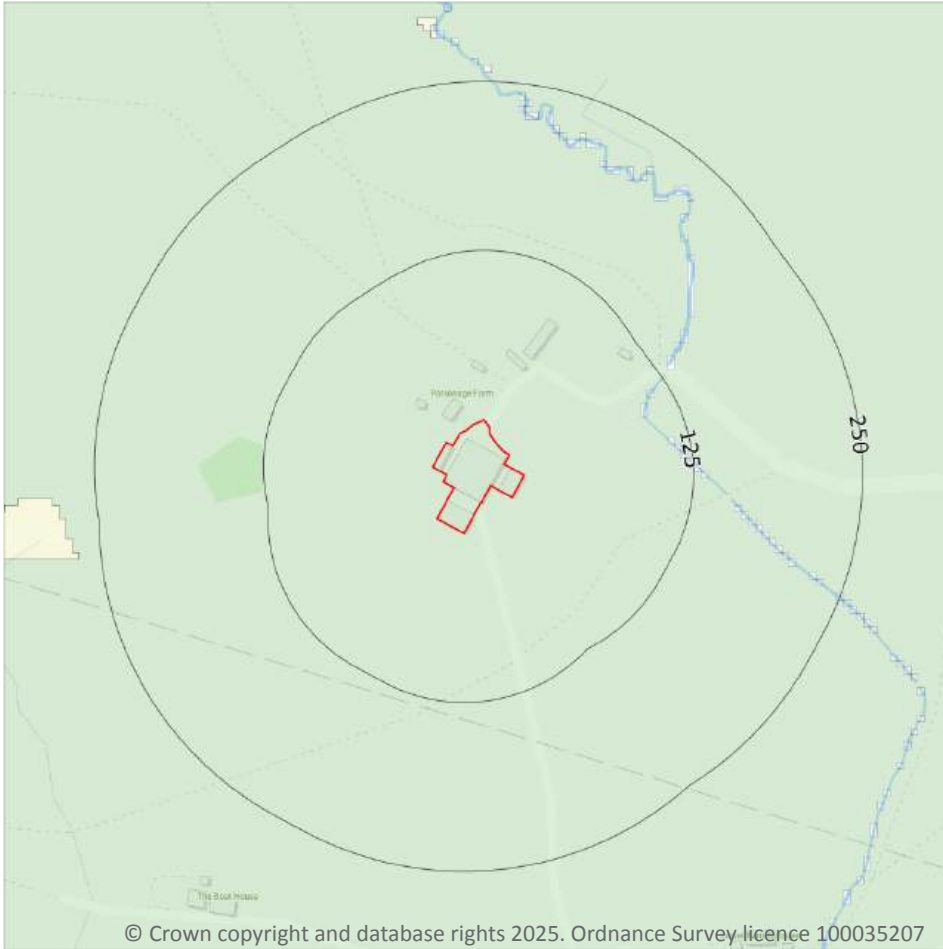
The data shown on the map and in the table above shows the highest likelihood of flood events happening at the site. Lower likelihood events may have greater flood depths and hence a greater potential impact on a site. The table below shows the maximum flood depths for a range of return periods for the site.

Return period	Maximum modelled depth
1 in 1000 year	Negligible
1 in 250 year	Negligible
1 in 100 year	Negligible
1 in 30 year	Negligible

*This data is sourced from Ambiental Risk Analytics.*



## 9 Groundwater flooding



### 9.1 Groundwater flooding

Highest risk on site

Low

Highest risk within 50m

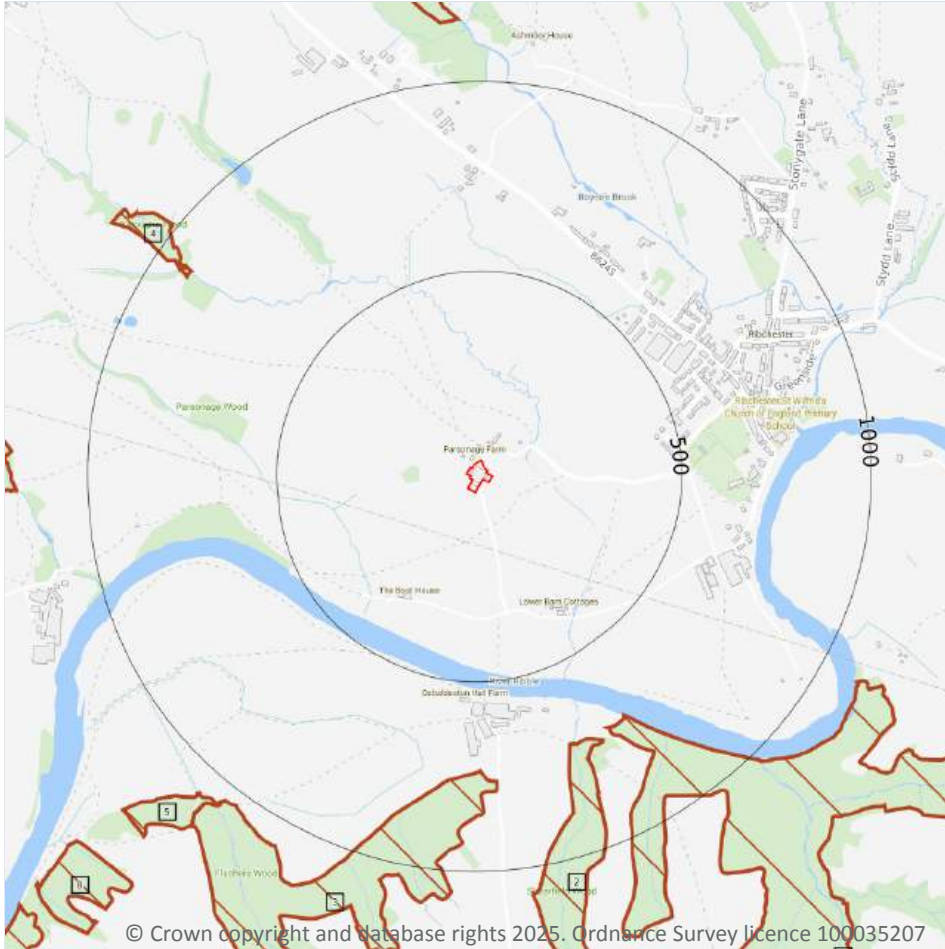
Low

Groundwater flooding is caused by unusually high groundwater levels. It occurs when the water table rises above the ground surface or within underground structures such as basements or cellars. Groundwater flooding tends to exhibit a longer duration than surface water flooding, possibly lasting for weeks or months, and as a result it can cause significant damage to property. This risk assessment is based on a 1 in 100 year return period and a 5m Digital Terrain Model (DTM).

Features are displayed on the Groundwater flooding map on [page 47](#) >

*This data is sourced from Ambiental Risk Analytics.*

## 10 Environmental designations



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Designated Ancient Woodland

### 10.1 Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)

Records within 2000m

0

Sites providing statutory protection for the best examples of UK flora, fauna, or geological or physiographical features. Originally notified under the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949, SSSIs were re-notified under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981. Improved provisions for the protection and management of SSSIs were introduced by the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 (in England and Wales) and (in Scotland) by the Nature Conservation (Scotland) Act 2004 and the Wildlife and Natural Environment (Scotland) Act 2010.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

## 10.2 Conserved wetland sites (Ramsar sites)

Records within 2000m

0

Ramsar sites are designated under the Convention on Wetlands of International Importance, agreed in Ramsar, Iran, in 1971. They cover all aspects of wetland conservation and wise use, recognizing wetlands as ecosystems that are extremely important for biodiversity conservation in general and for the well-being of human communities. These sites cover a broad definition of wetland; marsh, fen, peatland or water, whether natural or artificial, permanent or temporary, with water that is static or flowing, fresh, brackish or salt, and even some marine areas.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

## 10.3 Special Areas of Conservation (SAC)

Records within 2000m

0

Areas which have been identified as best representing the range and variety within the European Union of habitats and (non-bird) species listed on Annexes I and II to the Directive. SACs are designated under the EC Habitats Directive.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

## 10.4 Special Protection Areas (SPA)

Records within 2000m

0

Sites classified by the UK Government under the EC Birds Directive, SPAs are areas of the most important habitat for rare (listed on Annex I to the Directive) and migratory birds within the European Union.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

## 10.5 National Nature Reserves (NNR)

Records within 2000m

0

Sites containing examples of some of the most important natural and semi-natural terrestrial and coastal ecosystems in Great Britain. They are managed to conserve their habitats, provide special opportunities for scientific study or to provide public recreation compatible with natural heritage interests.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*



## 10.6 Local Nature Reserves (LNR)

Records within 2000m

0

Sites managed for nature conservation, and to provide opportunities for research and education, or simply enjoying and having contact with nature. They are declared by local authorities under the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949 after consultation with the relevant statutory nature conservation agency.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

## 10.7 Designated Ancient Woodland

Records within 2000m

15

Ancient woodlands are classified as areas which have been wooded continuously since at least 1600 AD. This includes semi-natural woodland and plantations on ancient woodland sites. 'Wooded continuously' does not mean there is or has previously been continuous tree cover across the whole site, and not all trees within the woodland have to be old.

Features are displayed on the Environmental designations map on [page 48 >](#)

ID	Location	Name	Woodland Type
1	706m SE	Old Park Wood	Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland
2	709m S	Old Park Wood	Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland
3	735m S	Flashers Wood	Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland
4	899m NW	Unknown	Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland
5	1050m SW	Flashers Wood	Ancient Replanted Woodland
6	1160m N	Buckley Wood	Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland
7	1188m W	Hothersall Wood	Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland
8	1366m SW	Mercyfield/sandiford Wood	Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland
-	1575m W	Leeces Wood	Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland
10	1602m SW	Mercyfield/sandiford Wood	Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland
-	1641m S	Mercyfield/sandiford Wood	Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland
-	1661m NE	Little Stidd Wood	Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland
-	1745m NE	Stidd Wood	Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland
-	1814m SW	Mercyfield/sandiford Wood	Ancient Replanted Woodland
-	1978m SW	Mercyfield/sandiford Wood	Ancient Replanted Woodland



*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

## 10.8 Biosphere Reserves

**Records within 2000m**

**0**

Biosphere Reserves are internationally recognised by UNESCO as sites of excellence to balance conservation and socioeconomic development between nature and people. They are recognised under the Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme with the aim of promoting sustainable development founded on the work of the local community.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

## 10.9 Forest Parks

**Records within 2000m**

**0**

These are areas managed by the Forestry Commission designated on the basis of recreational, conservation or scenic interest.

*This data is sourced from the Forestry Commission.*

## 10.10 Marine Conservation Zones

**Records within 2000m**

**0**

A type of marine nature reserve in UK waters established under the Marine and Coastal Access Act (2009). They are designated with the aim to protect nationally important, rare or threatened habitats and species.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

## 10.11 Green Belt

**Records within 2000m**

**0**

Areas designated to prevent urban sprawl by keeping land permanently open.

*This data is sourced from the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government.*

## 10.12 Proposed Ramsar sites

**Records within 2000m**

**0**

Ramsar sites are areas listed as a Wetland of International Importance under the Convention on Wetlands of International Importance especially as Waterfowl Habitat (the Ramsar Convention) 1971. The sites here supplied have a status of 'Proposed' having been identified for potential adoption under the framework.

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*



### 10.13 Possible Special Areas of Conservation (pSAC)

Records within 2000m

0

Special Areas of Conservation are areas which have been identified as best representing the range and variety within the European Union of habitats and (non-bird) species listed on Annexes I and II to the Directive. SACs are designated under the EC Habitats Directive. Those sites supplied here are those with a status of 'Possible' having been identified for potential adoption under the framework.

*This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.*

### 10.14 Potential Special Protection Areas (pSPA)

Records within 2000m

0

Special Protection Areas (SPAs) are areas designated (or 'classified') under the European Union Wild Birds Directive for the protection of nationally and internationally important populations of wild birds. Those sites supplied here are those with a status of 'Potential' having been identified for potential adoption under the framework.

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*

### 10.15 Nitrate Sensitive Areas

Records within 2000m

0

Areas where nitrate concentrations in drinking water sources exceeded or was at risk of exceeding the limit of 50 mg/l set by the 1980 EC Drinking Water Directive. Voluntary agricultural measures as a means of reducing the levels of nitrate were introduced by DEFRA as MAFF, with payments being made to farmers who complied. The scheme was started as a pilot in 1990 in ten areas, later implemented within 32 areas. The scheme was closed to further new entrants in 1998, although existing agreements continued for their full term. All Nitrate Sensitive Areas fell within the areas designated as Nitrate Vulnerable Zones (NVZs) in 1996 under the EC Nitrate Directive (91/676/EEC).

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*

### 10.16 Nitrate Vulnerable Zones

Records within 2000m

0

Areas at risk from agricultural nitrate pollution designated under the EC Nitrate Directive (91/676/EEC). These are areas of land that drain into waters polluted by nitrates. Farmers operating within these areas have to follow mandatory rules to tackle nitrate loss from agriculture.

*This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.*



## SSSI Impact Zones and Units

### 10.17 SSSI Impact Risk Zones

Records on site

0

Developed to allow rapid initial assessment of the potential risks to SSSIs posed by development proposals. They define zones around each SSSI which reflect the particular sensitivities of the features for which it is notified and indicate the types of development proposal which could potentially have adverse impacts.

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*

### 10.18 SSSI Units

Records within 2000m

0

Divisions of SSSIs used to record management and condition details. Units are the smallest areas for which Natural England gives a condition assessment, however, the size of units varies greatly depending on the types of management and the conservation interest.

*This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.*



## 11 Visual and cultural designations

### 11.1 World Heritage Sites

Records within 250m

0

Sites designated for their globally important cultural or natural interest requiring appropriate management and protection measures. World Heritage Sites are designated to meet the UK's commitments under the World Heritage Convention.

*This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.*

### 11.2 Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty

Records within 250m

0

Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB) are conservation areas, chosen because they represent 18% of the finest countryside. Each AONB has been designated for special attention because of the quality of their flora, fauna, historical and cultural associations, and/or scenic views. The National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act of 1949 created AONBs and the Countryside and Rights of Way Act, 2000 added further regulation and protection. There are likely to be restrictions to some developments within these areas.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

### 11.3 National Parks

Records within 250m

0

In England and Wales, the purpose of National Parks is to conserve and enhance landscapes within the countryside whilst promoting public enjoyment of them and having regard for the social and economic well-being of those living within them. In Scotland National Parks have the additional purpose of promoting the sustainable use of the natural resources of the area and the sustainable social and economic development of its communities. The National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949 established the National Park designation in England and Wales, and The National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000 in Scotland.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and the Scottish Government.*

### 11.4 Listed Buildings

Records within 250m

0

Buildings listed for their special architectural or historical interest. Building control in the form of 'listed building consent' is required in order to make any changes to that building which might affect its special interest. Listed buildings are graded to indicate their relative importance, however building controls apply to all buildings equally, irrespective of their grade, and apply to the interior and exterior of the building in its entirety, together with any curtilage structures.



*This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.*

## 11.5 Conservation Areas

**Records within 250m**

**0**

Local planning authorities are obliged to designate as conservation areas any parts of their own area that are of special architectural or historic interest, the character and appearance of which it is desirable to preserve or enhance. Designation of a conservation area gives broader protection than the listing of individual buildings. All the features within the area, listed or otherwise, are recognised as part of its character. Conservation area designation is the means of recognising the importance of all factors and of ensuring that planning decisions address the quality of the landscape in its broadest sense.

*This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.*

## 11.6 Scheduled Ancient Monuments

**Records within 250m**

**0**

A scheduled monument is an historic building or site that is included in the Schedule of Monuments kept by the Secretary of State for Digital, Culture, Media and Sport. The regime is set out in the Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Areas Act 1979. The Schedule of Monuments has c.20,000 entries and includes sites such as Roman remains, burial mounds, castles, bridges, earthworks, the remains of deserted villages and industrial sites. Monuments are not graded, but all are, by definition, considered to be of national importance.

*This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.*

## 11.7 Registered Parks and Gardens

**Records within 250m**

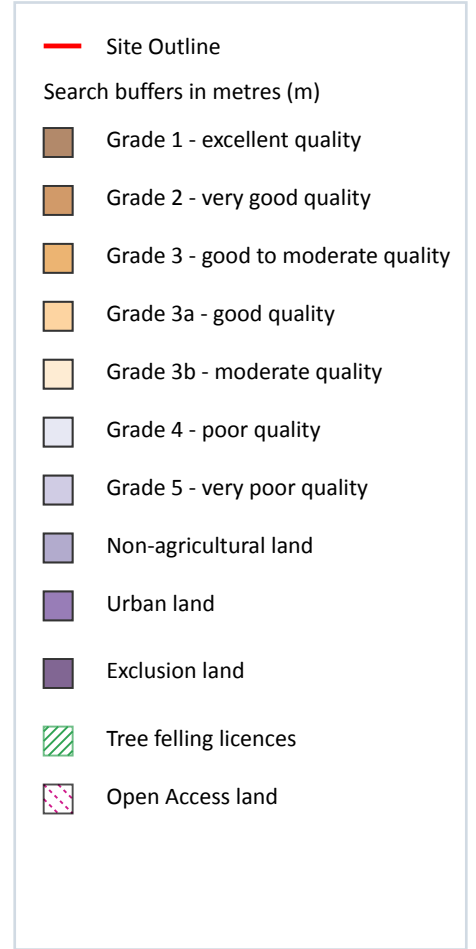
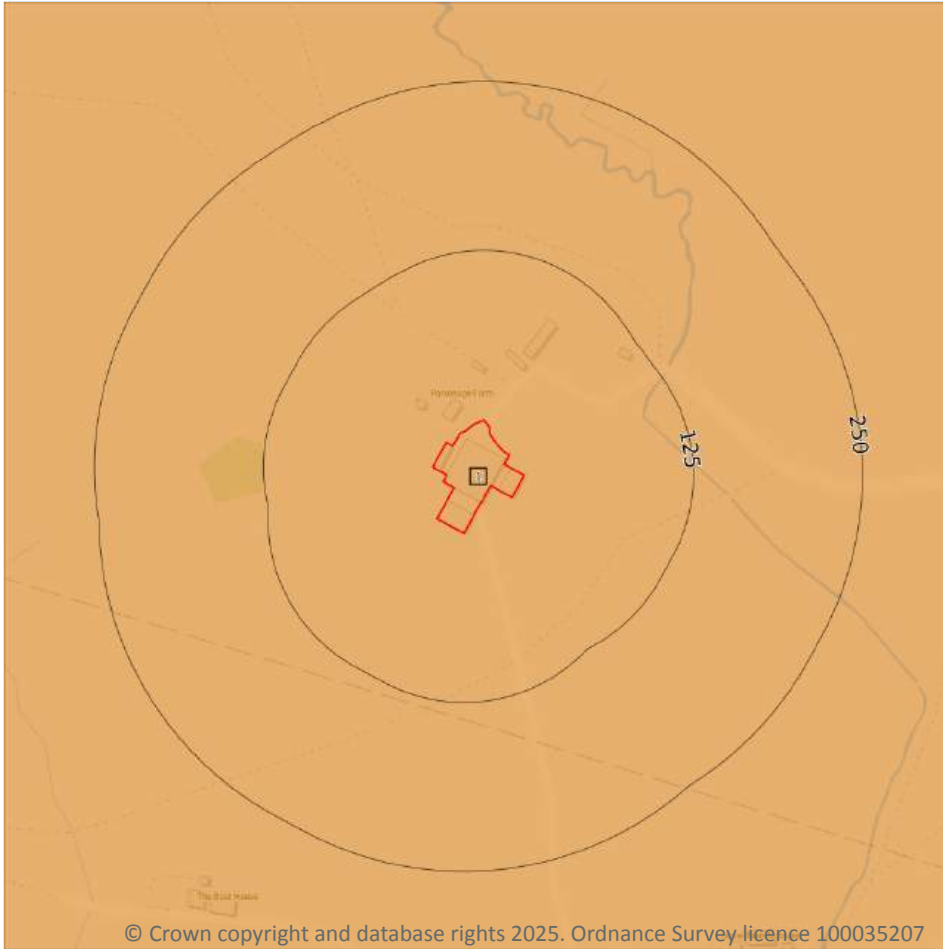
**0**

Parks and gardens assessed to be of particular interest and of special historic interest. The emphasis being on 'designed' landscapes, rather than on planting or botanical importance. Registration is a 'material consideration' in the planning process, meaning that planning authorities must consider the impact of any proposed development on the special character of the landscape.

*This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.*



## 12 Agricultural designations



### 12.1 Agricultural Land Classification

Records within 250m

1

Classification of the quality of agricultural land taking into consideration multiple factors including climate, physical geography and soil properties. It should be noted that the categories for the grading of agricultural land are not consistent across England, Wales and Scotland.

Features are displayed on the Agricultural designations map on [page 56](#) >

ID	Location	Classification	Description
1	On site	Grade 3	Good to moderate quality agricultural land. Land with moderate limitations which affect the choice of crops, timing and type of cultivation, harvesting or the level of yield. Where more demanding crops are grown yields are generally lower or more variable than on land in Grades 1 and 2.

This data is sourced from Natural England.



## 12.2 Open Access Land

Records within 250m

0

The Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 (CROW Act) gives a public right of access to land without having to use paths. Access land includes mountains, moors, heaths and downs that are privately owned. It also includes common land registered with the local council and some land around the England Coast Path. Generally permitted activities on access land are walking, running, watching wildlife and climbing.

*This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 12.3 Tree Felling Licences

Records within 250m

0

Felling Licence Application (FLA) areas approved by Forestry Commission England. Anyone wishing to fell trees must ensure that a licence or permission under a grant scheme has been issued by the Forestry Commission before any felling is carried out or that one of the exceptions apply.

*This data is sourced from the Forestry Commission.*

## 12.4 Environmental Stewardship Schemes

Records within 250m

0

Environmental Stewardship covers a range of schemes that provide financial incentives to farmers, foresters and land managers to look after and improve the environment. The schemes identified may be historical schemes that have now expired, or may still be active.

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*

## 12.5 Countryside Stewardship Schemes

Records within 250m

1

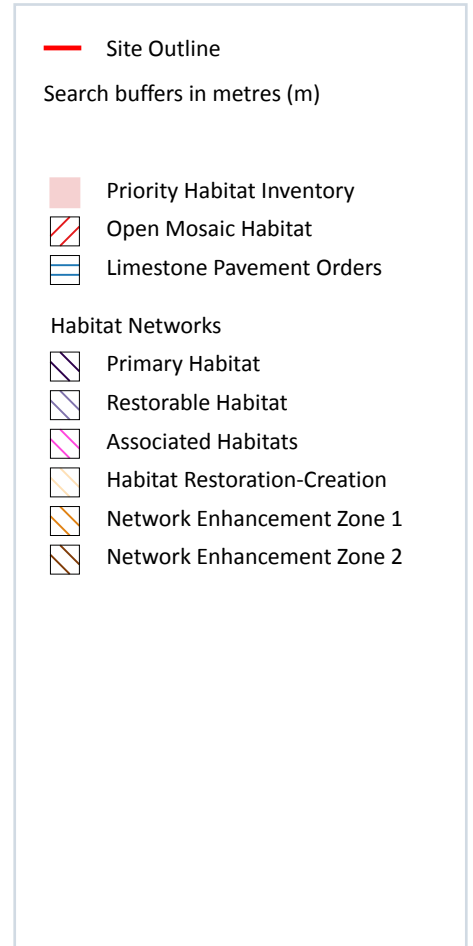
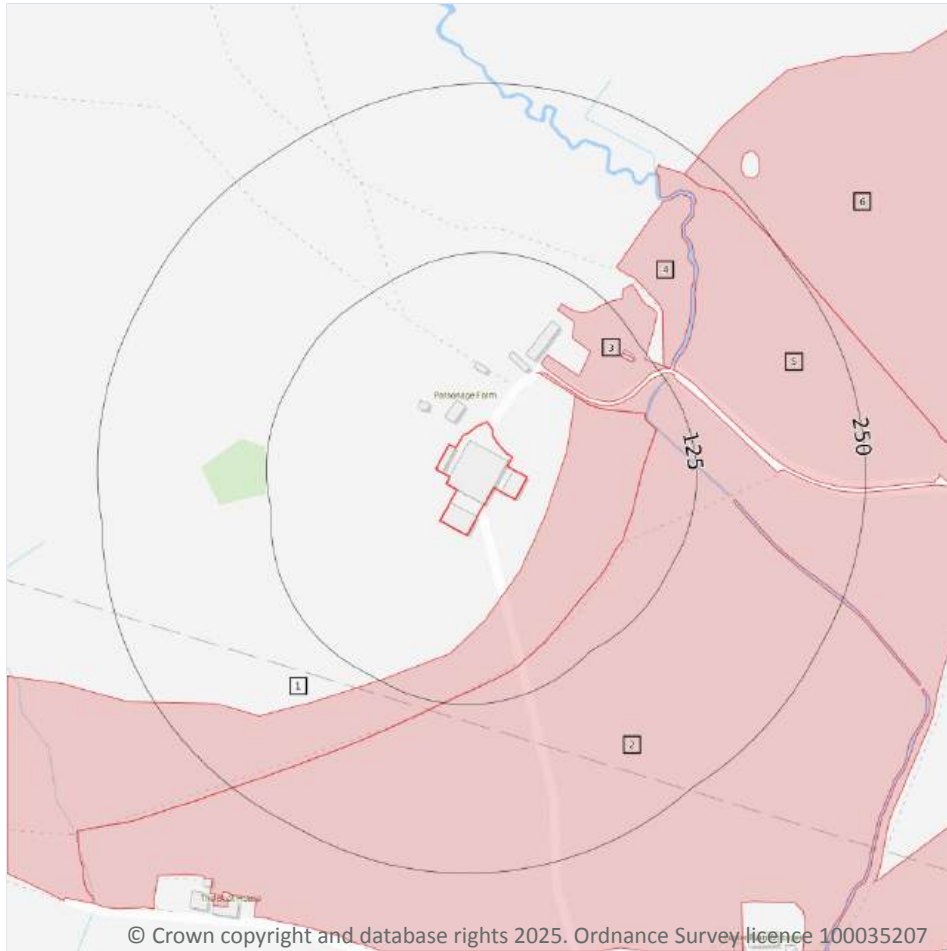
Countryside Stewardship covers a range of schemes that provide financial incentives to farmers, foresters and land managers to look after and improve the environment. Main objectives are to improve the farmed environment for wildlife and to reduce diffuse water pollution.

Location	Reference	Scheme	Start Date	End Date
On site	1640756	Countryside Stewardship (Middle Tier)	01/01/2024	31/12/2028

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*



## 13 Habitat designations



### 13.1 Priority Habitat Inventory

Records within 250m

6

Habitats of principal importance as named under Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act (2006) Section 41.

Features are displayed on the Habitat designations map on [page 58](#) >

ID	Location	Main Habitat	Other habitats
1	22m E	Coastal and floodplain grazing marsh	Main habitat: CFPGM (INV > 50%)
2	52m NE	Coastal and floodplain grazing marsh	Main habitat: CFPGM (INV > 50%)
3	58m NE	Coastal and floodplain grazing marsh	Main habitat: CFPGM (INV > 50%)
4	130m NE	Coastal and floodplain grazing marsh	Main habitat: CFPGM (INV > 50%)

ID	Location	Main Habitat	Other habitats
5	134m NE	Coastal and floodplain grazing marsh	Main habitat: CFPGM (INV > 50%)
6	234m NE	Coastal and floodplain grazing marsh	Main habitat: CFPGM (INV > 50%)

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*

## 13.2 Habitat Networks

**Records within 250m**

**0**

Habitat networks for 18 priority habitat networks (based primarily, but not exclusively, on the priority habitat inventory) and areas suitable for the expansion of networks through restoration and habitat creation.

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*

## 13.3 Open Mosaic Habitat

**Records within 250m**

**0**

Sites verified as Open Mosaic Habitat. Mosaic habitats are brownfield sites that are identified under the UK Biodiversity Action Plan as a priority habitat due to the habitat variation within a single site, supporting an array of invertebrates.

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*

## 13.4 Limestone Pavement Orders

**Records within 250m**

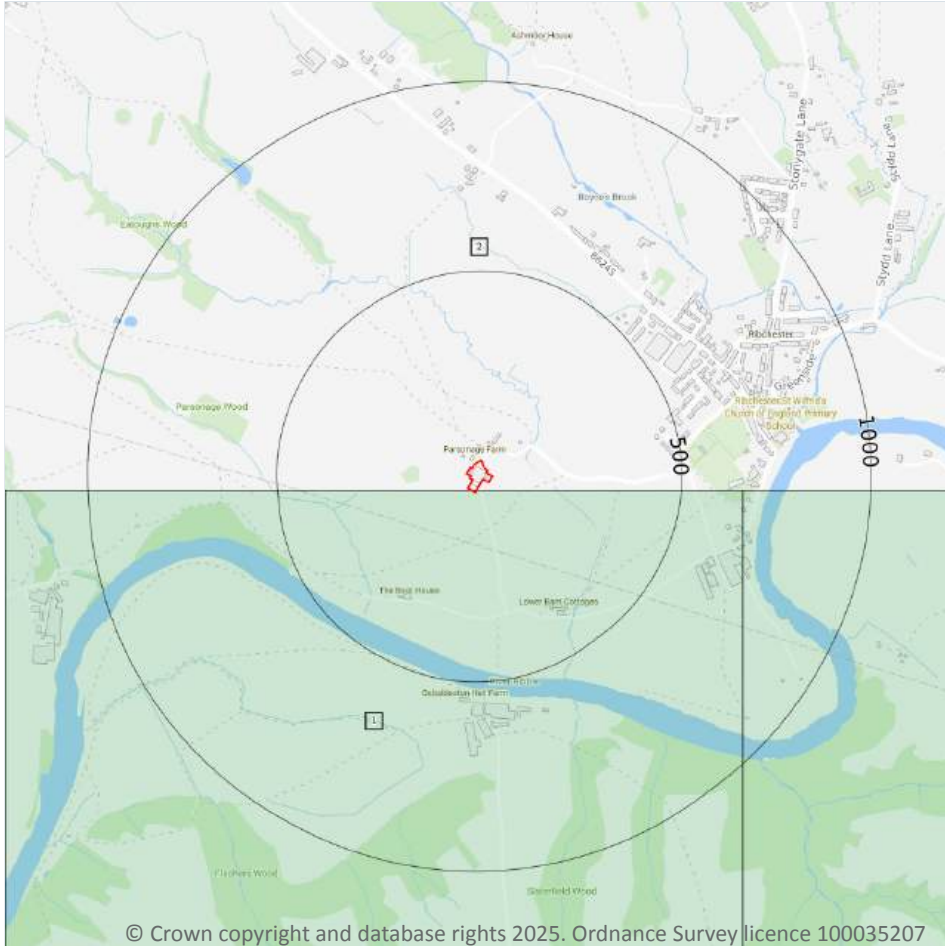
**0**

Limestone pavements are outcrops of limestone where the surface has been worn away by natural means over millennia. These rocks have the appearance of paving blocks, hence their name. Not only do they have geological interest, they also provide valuable habitats for wildlife. These habitats are threatened due to their removal for use in gardens and water features. Many limestone pavements have been designated as SSSIs which affords them some protection. In addition, Section 34 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 gave them additional protection via the creation of Limestone Pavement Orders, which made it a criminal offence to remove any part of the outcrop. The associated Limestone Pavement Priority Habitat is part of the UK Biodiversity Action Plan priority habitat in England.

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*



## 14 Geology 1:10,000 scale - Availability



**Site Outline**

Search buffers in metres (m)

- Full coverage
- Partial coverage
- No coverage

### 14.1 10k Availability

**Records within 500m**

**2**

An indication on the coverage of 1:10,000 scale geology data for the site, the most detailed dataset provided by the British Geological Survey. Either 'Full', 'Partial' or 'No coverage' for each geological theme. Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Availability map on [page 60](#) >

ID	Location	Artificial	Superficial	Bedrock	Mass movement	Sheet No.
1	On site	Full	Full	Full	Full	SD63SW
2	On site	No coverage	No coverage	No coverage	No coverage	NoCov

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## Geology 1:10,000 scale - Artificial and made ground

### 14.2 Artificial and made ground (10k)

Records within 500m

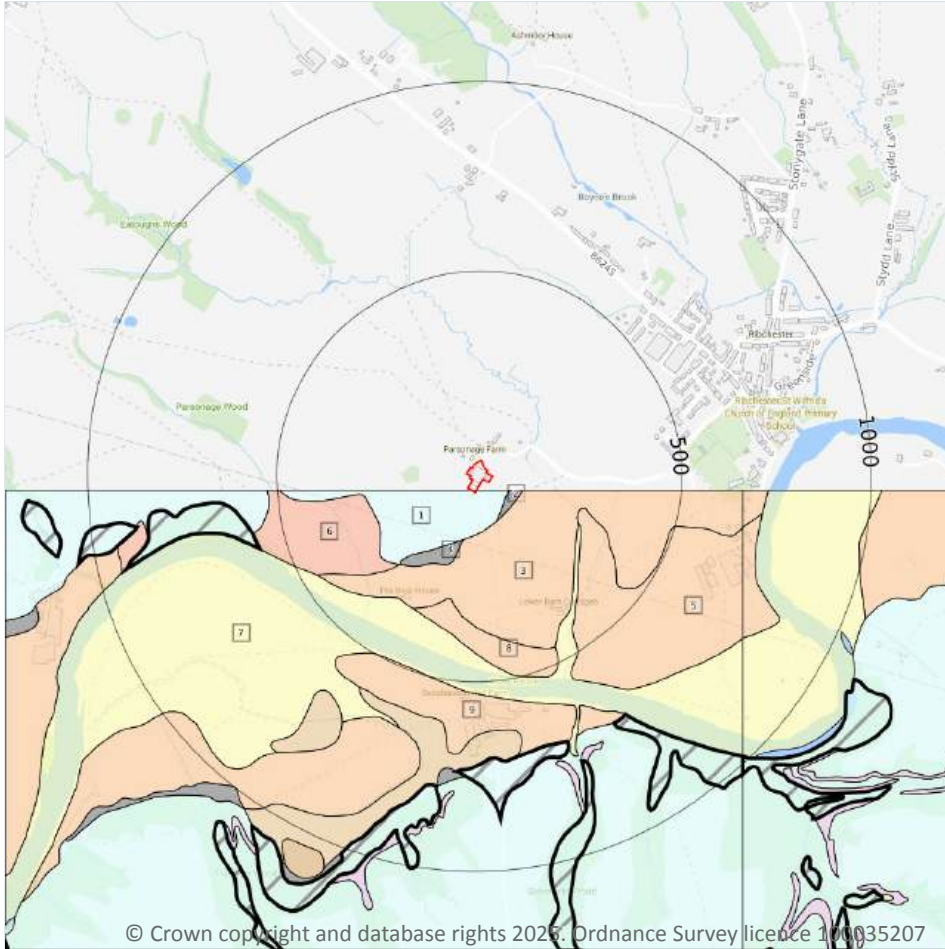
0

Details of made, worked, infilled, disturbed and landscaped ground at 1:10,000 scale. Artificial ground can be associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and instability.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## Geology 1:10,000 scale - Superficial



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Landslip (10k)
- Superficial geology (10k)  
Please see table for more details.

### 14.3 Superficial geology (10k)

Records within 500m

9

Superficial geological deposits at 1:10,000 scale. Also known as 'drift', these are the youngest geological deposits, formed during the Quaternary. They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as bedrock.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Superficial map on [page 62 >](#)

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
1	On site	TILLD-CSVZ	Till, Devensian - Clay, Sandy, Gravelly, Silty (unlithified Deposits Coding Scheme)	Clay, Sandy, Gravelly, Silty
2	57m SE	HEAD-CVZS	Head - Gravelly Silty Sandy Clay	Clay, Gravelly, Silty, Sandy
3	86m SE	RTD2-XCZSV	River Terrace Deposits, 2 - Clay, Silt, Sand And Gravel	Clay, Silt, Sand And Gravel

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
4	128m S	HEAD-CVZS	Head - Gravelly Silty Sandy Clay	Clay, Gravelly, Silty, Sandy
5	247m SE	RTD1-XCZSV	River Terrace Deposits, 1 - Clay, Silt, Sand And Gravel	Clay, Silt, Sand And Gravel
6	252m W	ALF-XCZSV	Alluvial Fan Deposits - Clay, Silt, Sand And Gravel	Clay, Silt, Sand And Gravel
7	258m SE	ALV-XCZSV	Alluvium - Clay, Silt, Sand And Gravel	Clay, Silt, Sand And Gravel
8	288m S	RTD1-XCZSV	River Terrace Deposits, 1 - Clay, Silt, Sand And Gravel	Clay, Silt, Sand And Gravel
9	493m SW	RTD1-XCZSV	River Terrace Deposits, 1 - Clay, Silt, Sand And Gravel	Clay, Silt, Sand And Gravel

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## 14.4 Landslip (10k)

**Records within 500m**

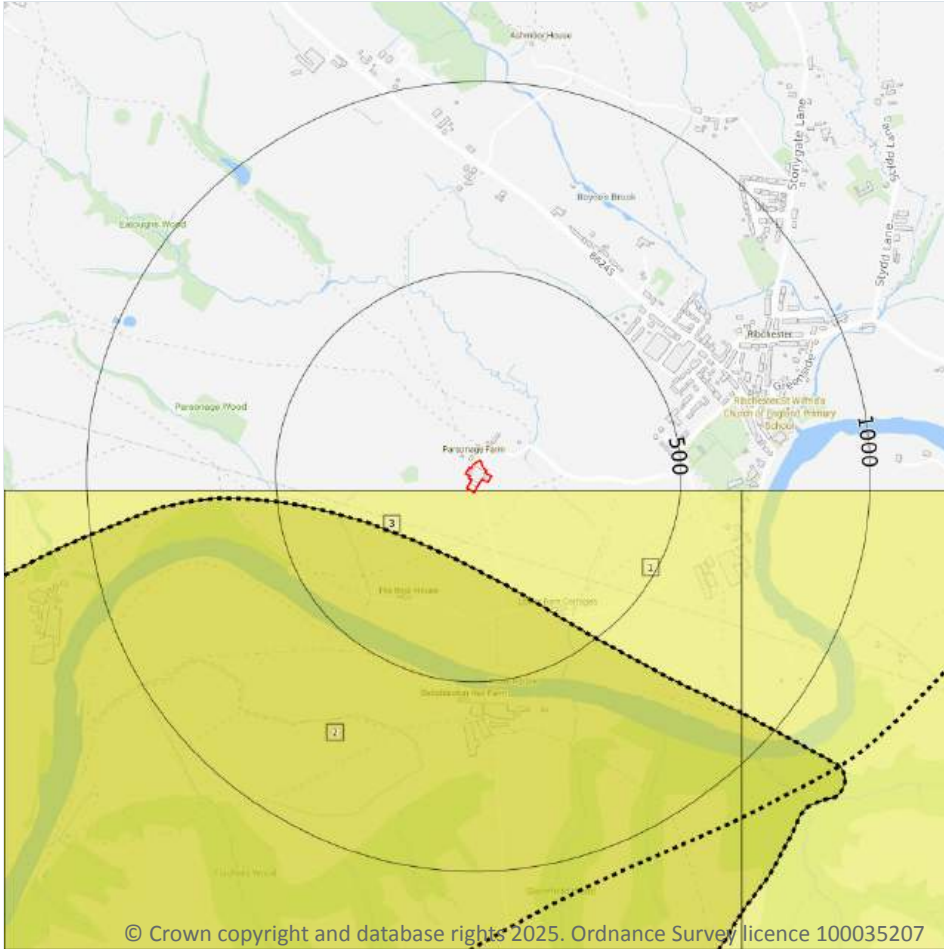
**0**

Mass movement deposits on BGS geological maps at 1:10,000 scale. Primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## Geology 1:10,000 scale - Bedrock



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- ..... Bedrock faults and other linear features (10k)
- Bedrock geology (10k)  
Please see table for more details.

### 14.5 Bedrock geology (10k)

Records within 500m

2

Bedrock geology at 1:10,000 scale. The main mass of rocks forming the Earth and present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Bedrock map on [page 64](#) >

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock age
1	On site	SILS-MDST	Silsden Formation - Mudstone	Arnsbergian Sub-age
2	181m SW	SAML-MDST	Samlesbury Formation - Mudstone	Alportian Sub-age - Chokierian Sub-age

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## 14.6 Bedrock faults and other linear features (10k)

Records within 500m

1

Linear features at the ground or bedrock surface at 1:10,000 scale of six main types; rock, fault, fold axis, mineral vein, alteration area or landform. Features are either observed or inferred, and relate primarily to bedrock.

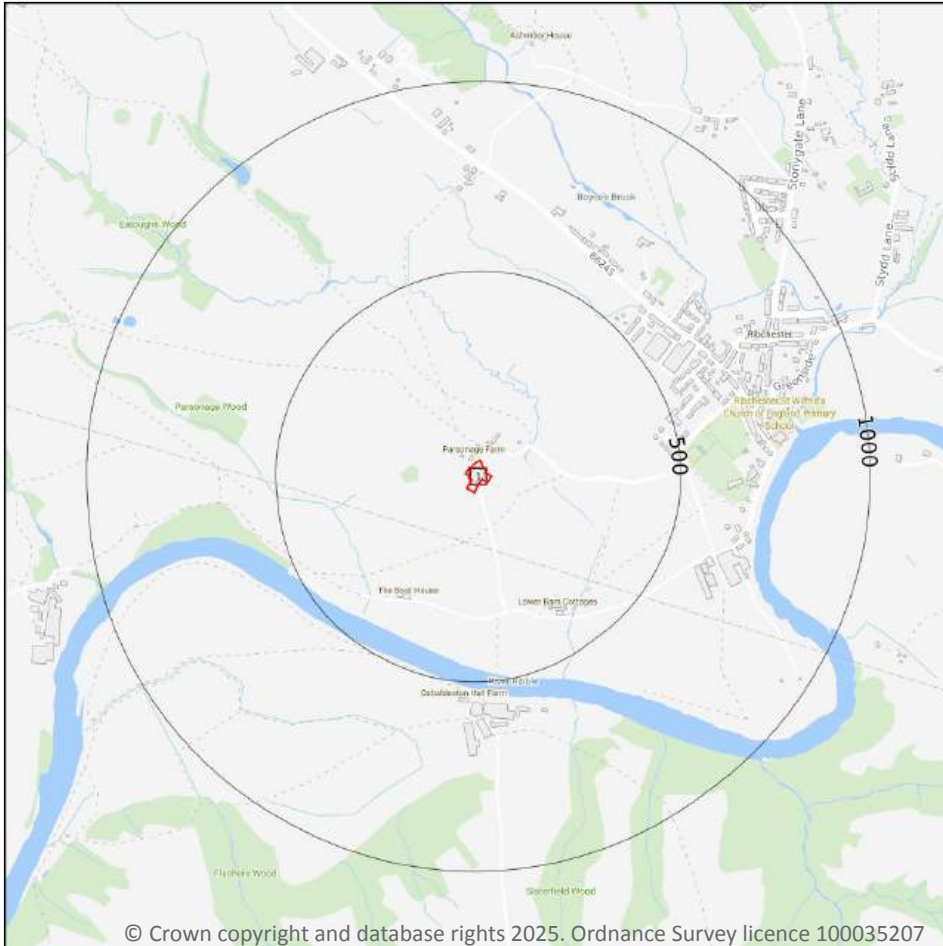
Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Bedrock map on [page 64 >](#)

ID	Location	Category	Description
3	181m SW	FOSSIL_HORIZON	Fossil horizon, marine band ()

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## 15 Geology 1:50,000 scale - Availability



— Site Outline

Search buffers in metres (m)

---

□ Geological map tile

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### 15.1 50k Availability

**Records within 500m**

**1**

An indication on the coverage of 1:50,000 scale geology data for the site. Either 'Full' or 'No coverage' for each geological theme.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Availability map on [page 66 >](#)

ID	Location	Artificial	Superficial	Bedrock	Mass movement	Sheet No.
1	On site	Full	Full	Full	Full	EW067_garstang_v4

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## Geology 1:50,000 scale - Artificial and made ground

### 15.2 Artificial and made ground (50k)

Records within 500m

0

Details of made, worked, infilled, disturbed and landscaped ground at 1:50,000 scale. Artificial ground can be associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and instability.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

### 15.3 Artificial ground permeability (50k)

Records within 50m

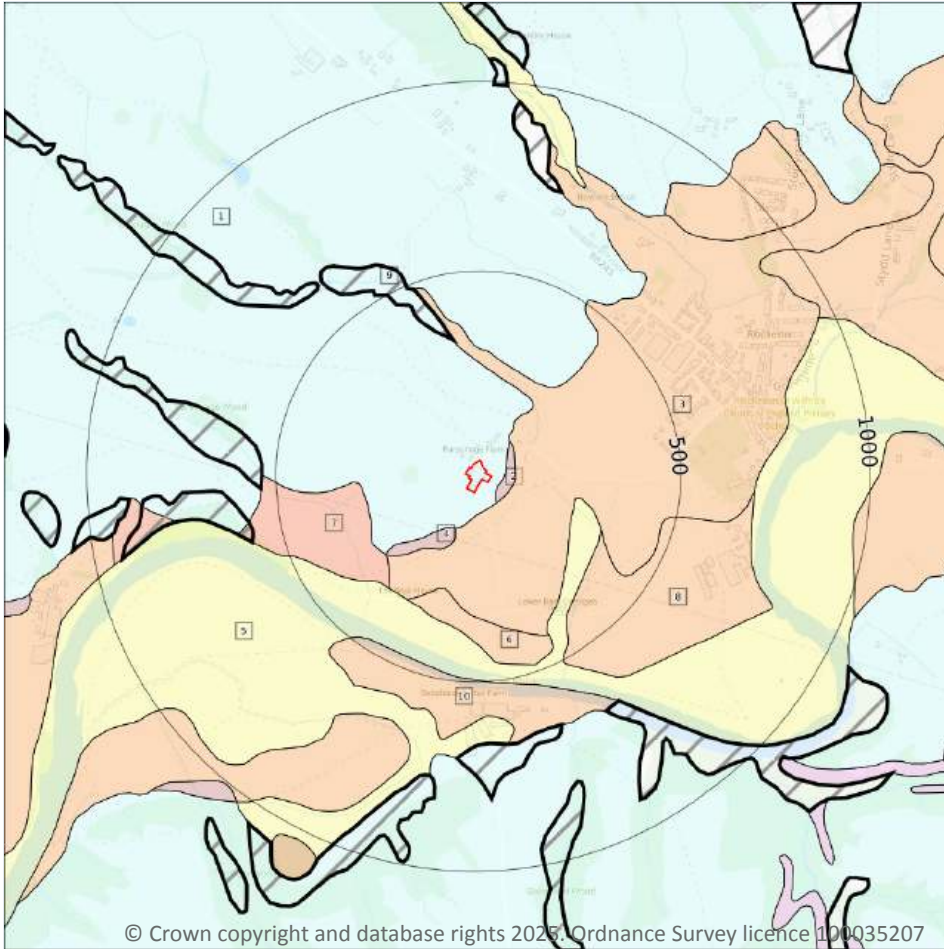
0

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of any artificial deposits (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## Geology 1:50,000 scale - Superficial



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Landslip (50k)
- Superficial geology (50k)  
Please see table for more details.

### 15.4 Superficial geology (50k)

Records within 500m

9

Superficial geological deposits at 1:50,000 scale. Also known as 'drift', these are the youngest geological deposits, formed during the Quaternary. They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as bedrock.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Superficial map on [page 68](#) >

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
1	On site	TILLD-DMTN	TILL, DEVANSIAN	DIAMICTON
2	28m SE	HEAD-XCZSV	HEAD	CLAY, SILT, SAND AND GRAVEL
3	55m SE	RTD2-XSV	RIVER TERRACE DEPOSITS, 2	SAND AND GRAVEL

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
4	106m SW	HEAD-XCZSV	HEAD	CLAY, SILT, SAND AND GRAVEL
5	230m E	ALV-XCSV	ALLUVIUM	CLAY, SAND AND GRAVEL
6	264m S	RTD1-XSV	RIVER TERRACE DEPOSITS, 1	SAND AND GRAVEL
7	265m W	ALF-XVSZC	ALLUVIAL FAN DEPOSITS	GRAVEL, SAND, SILT AND CLAY
8	322m SE	RTD1-XSV	RIVER TERRACE DEPOSITS, 1	SAND AND GRAVEL
10	468m SW	RTD1-XSV	RIVER TERRACE DEPOSITS, 1	SAND AND GRAVEL

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

## 15.5 Superficial permeability (50k)

Records within 50m

3

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of any superficial deposits (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

Location	Flow type	Maximum permeability	Minimum permeability
<b>On site</b>	<b>Mixed</b>	<b>High</b>	<b>Low</b>
28m SE	Mixed	High	Very Low
31m SE	Mixed	High	Very Low

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

## 15.6 Landslip (50k)

Records within 500m

1

Mass movement deposits on BGS geological maps at 1:50,000 scale. Primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Superficial map on [page 68](#) >

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
9	327m N	SLIP-UNKNOWN	LANDSLIDE DEPOSITS	UNKNOWN/UNCLASSIFIED ENTRY

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



## 15.7 Landslip permeability (50k)

Records within 50m

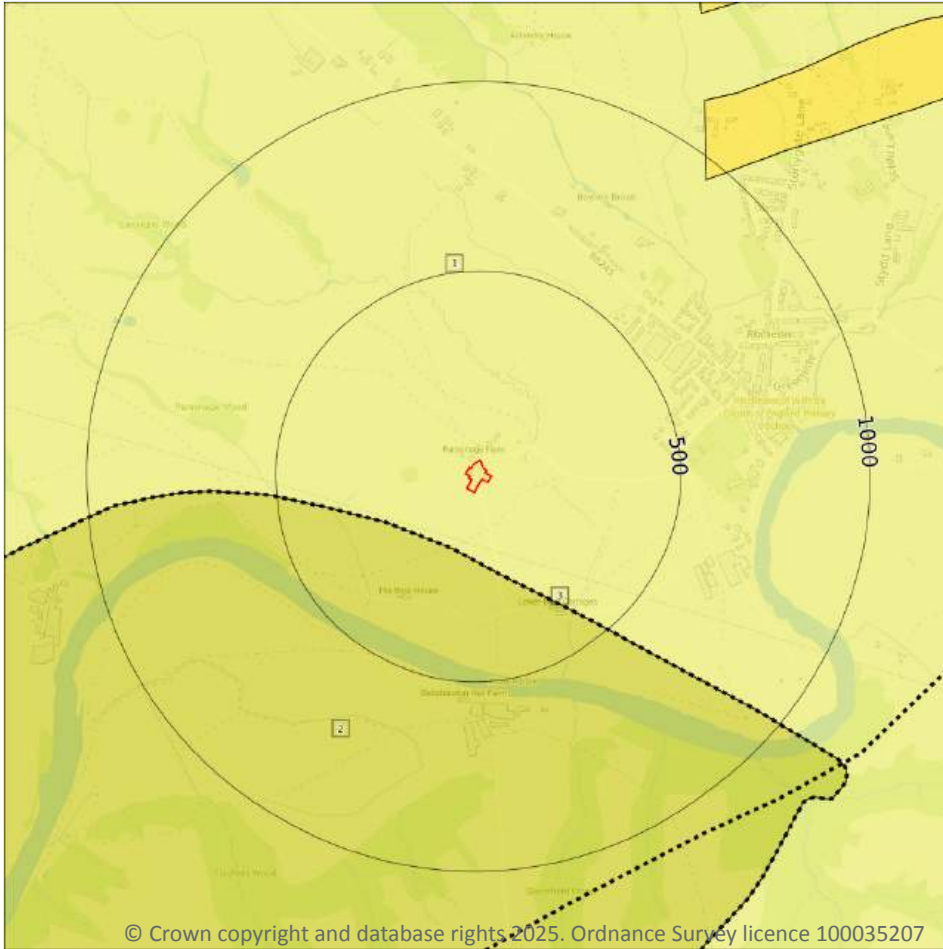
0

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of any landslip deposits (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## Geology 1:50,000 scale - Bedrock



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- ..... Bedrock faults and other linear features (50k)
- Bedrock geology (50k)  
Please see table for more details.

### 15.8 Bedrock geology (50k)

Records within 500m

2

Bedrock geology at 1:50,000 scale. The main mass of rocks forming the Earth and present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Bedrock map on [page 71](#) >

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock age
1	On site	SILS-MDST	SILSDEN FORMATION - MUDSTONE	NAMURIAN
2	159m S	SAML-MDST	SAMLESBURY FORMATION - MUDSTONE	NAMURIAN

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## 15.9 Bedrock permeability (50k)

Records within 50m

1

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of bedrock (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

Location	Flow type	Maximum permeability	Minimum permeability
On site	Fracture	Low	Low

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## 15.10 Bedrock faults and other linear features (50k)

Records within 500m

1

Linear features at the ground or bedrock surface at 1:50,000 scale of six main types; rock, fault, fold axis, mineral vein, alteration area or landform. Features are either observed or inferred, and relate primarily to bedrock.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Bedrock map on [page 71](#) >

ID	Location	Category	Description
3	159m S	FOSSIL_HORIZON	Marine band

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## 16 Boreholes

### 16.1 BGS Boreholes

Records within 250m

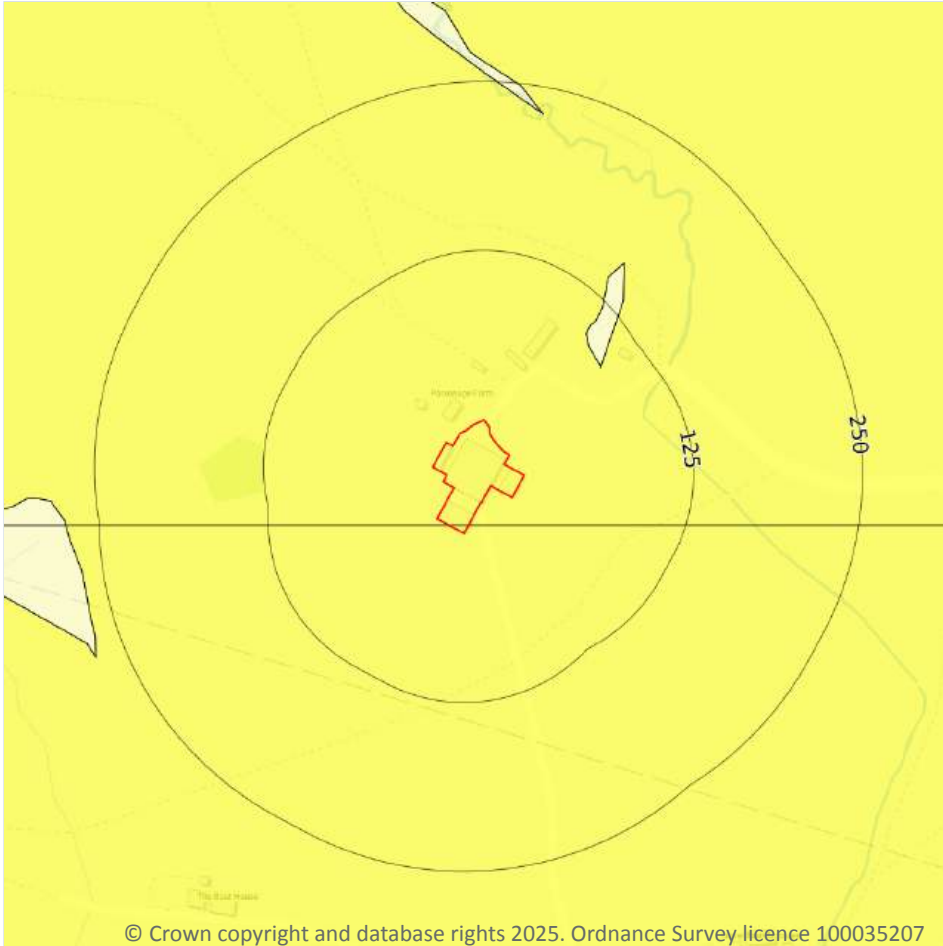
0

The Single Onshore Boreholes Index (SOBI); an index of over one million records of boreholes, shafts and wells from all forms of drilling and site investigation work held by the British Geological Survey. Covering onshore and nearshore boreholes dating back to at least 1790 and ranging from one to several thousand metres deep.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## 17 Natural ground subsidence - Shrink swell clays



**Site Outline**

Search buffers in metres (m)

- No data
- Negligible
- Very low
- Low
- Moderate
- High

### 17.1 Shrink swell clays

Records within 50m

1

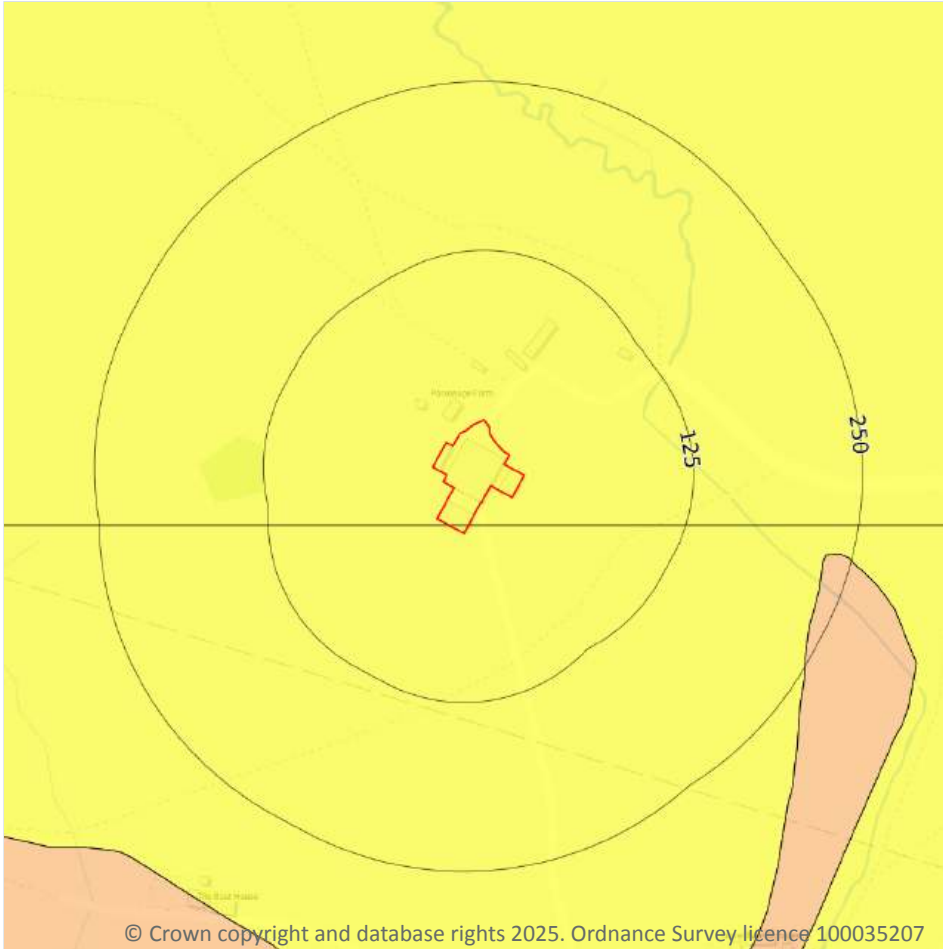
The potential hazard presented by soils that absorb water when wet (making them swell), and lose water as they dry (making them shrink). This shrink-swell behaviour is controlled by the type and amount of clay in the soil, and by seasonal changes in the soil moisture content (related to rainfall and local drainage).

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Shrink swell clays map on [page 74 >](#)

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Very low	Ground conditions predominantly low plasticity.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## Natural ground subsidence - Running sands



### 17.2 Running sands

Records within 50m

1

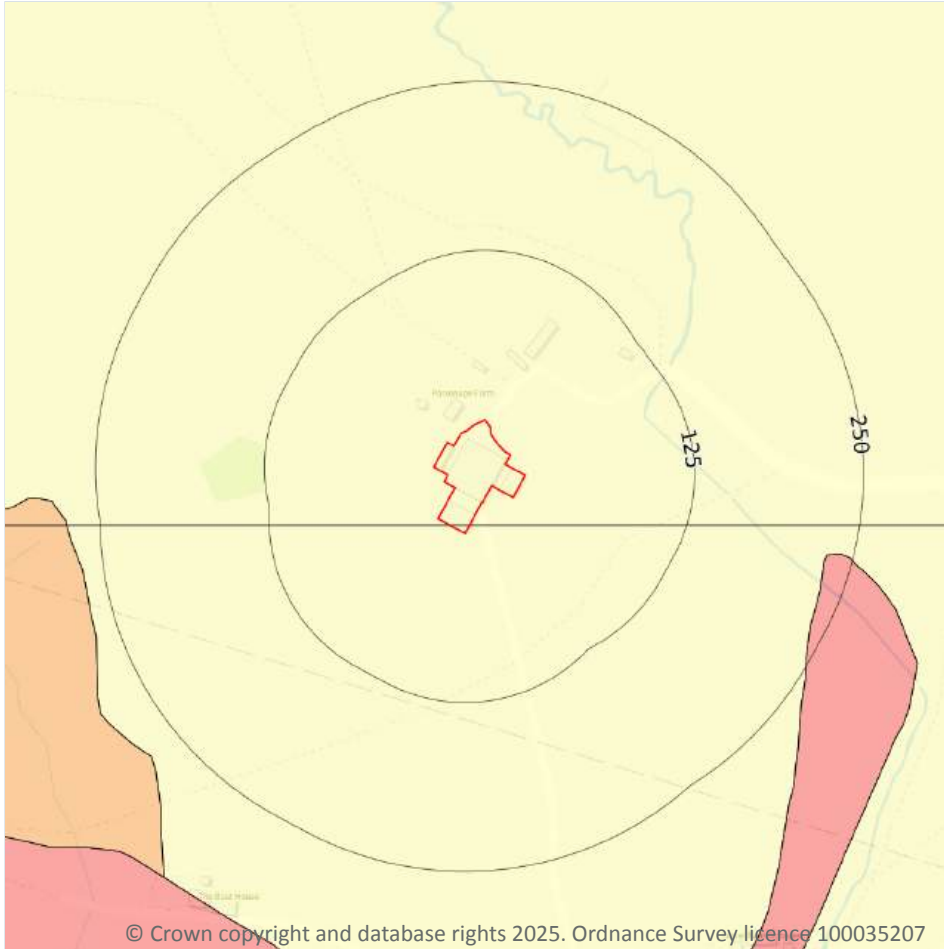
The potential hazard presented by rocks that can contain loosely-packed sandy layers that can become fluidised by water flowing through them. Such sands can 'run', removing support from overlying buildings and causing potential damage.

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Running sands map on [page 75 >](#)

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Very low	Running sand conditions are unlikely. No identified constraints on land use due to running conditions unless water table rises rapidly.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## Natural ground subsidence - Compressible deposits



### 17.3 Compressible deposits

Records within 50m

1

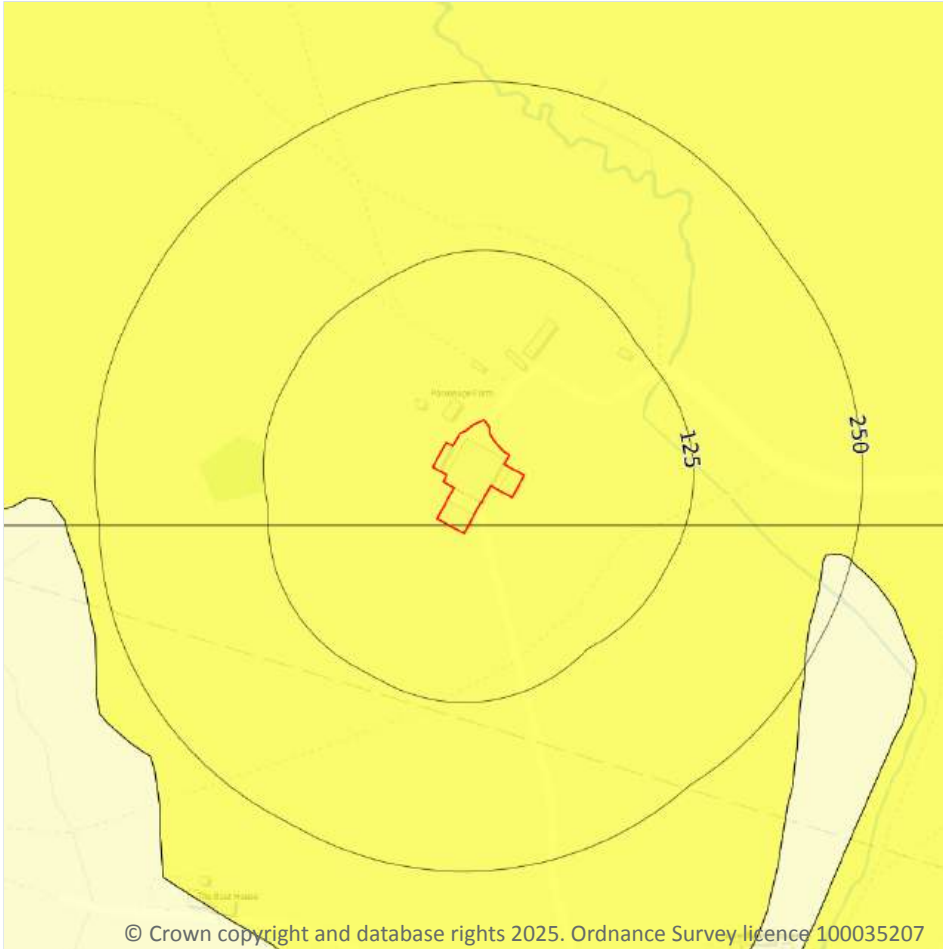
The potential hazard presented by types of ground that may contain layers of very soft materials like clay or peat and may compress if loaded by overlying structures, or if the groundwater level changes, potentially resulting in depression of the ground and disturbance of foundations.

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Compressible deposits map on [page 76 >](#)

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Negligible	Compressible strata are not thought to occur.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## Natural ground subsidence - Collapsible deposits



**Site Outline**

Search buffers in metres (m)

- No data
- Negligible
- Very low
- Low
- Moderate
- High

### 17.4 Collapsible deposits

Records within 50m

1

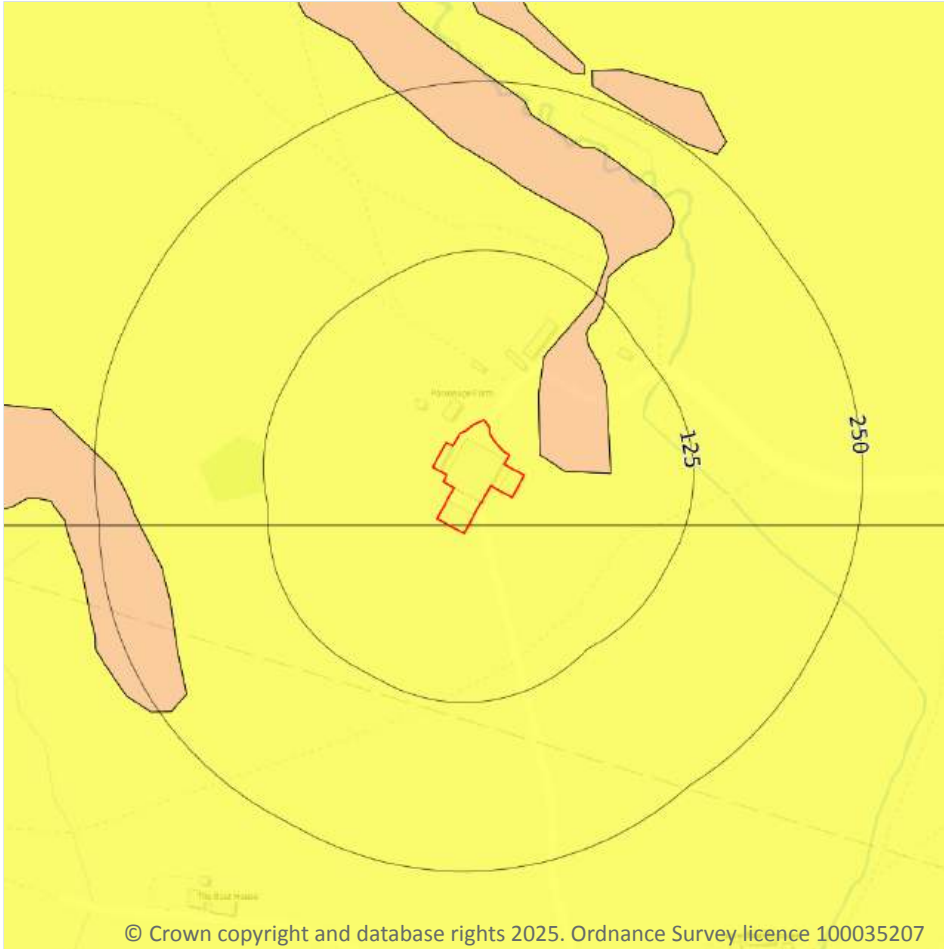
The potential hazard presented by natural deposits that could collapse when a load (such as a building) is placed on them or they become saturated with water.

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Collapsible deposits map on [page 77 >](#)

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Very low	Deposits with potential to collapse when loaded and saturated are unlikely to be present.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## Natural ground subsidence - Landslides



### 17.5 Landslides

Records within 50m

2

The potential for landsliding (slope instability) to be a hazard assessed using 1:50,000 scale digital maps of superficial and bedrock deposits, combined with information from the BGS National Landslide Database and scientific and engineering reports.

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Landslides map on [page 78 >](#)

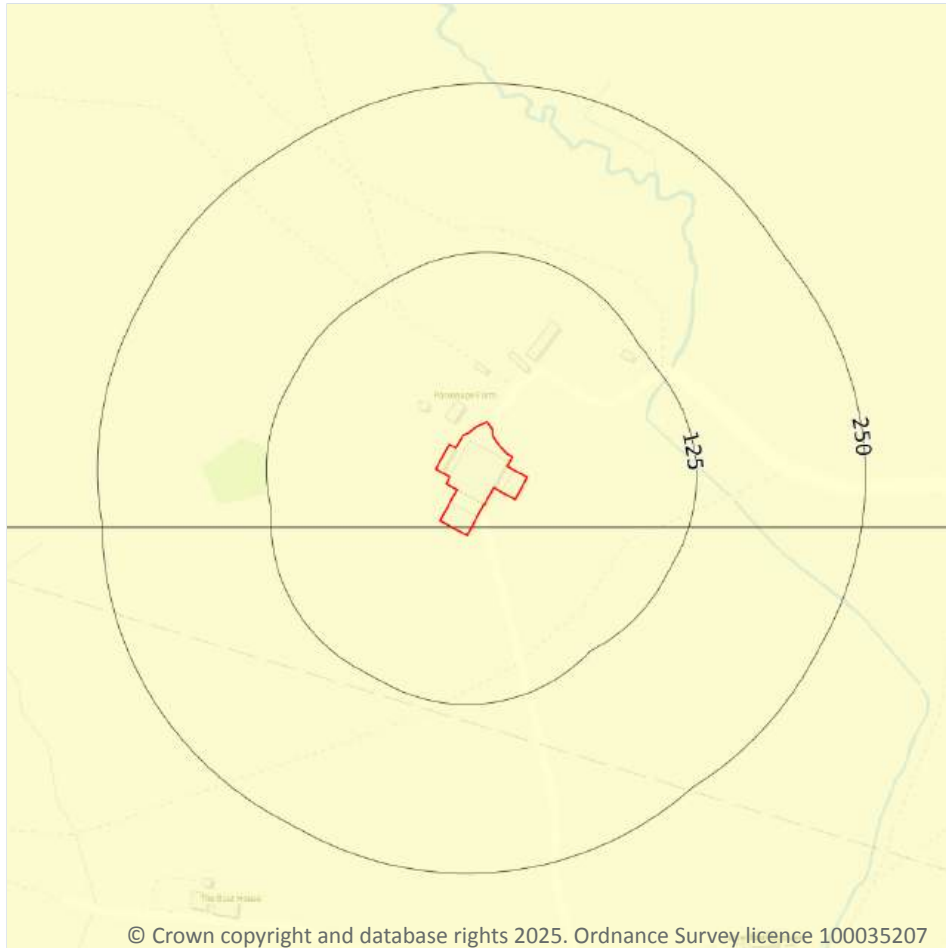
Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Very low	Slope instability problems are not likely to occur but consideration to potential problems of adjacent areas impacting on the site should always be considered.

Location	Hazard rating	Details
19m NE	Low	Slope instability problems may be present or anticipated. Site investigation should consider specifically the slope stability of the site.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## Natural ground subsidence - Ground dissolution of soluble rocks



**Site Outline**

Search buffers in metres (m)

- No data
- Negligible
- Very low
- Low
- Moderate
- High

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### 17.6 Ground dissolution of soluble rocks

**Records within 50m**

**1**

The potential hazard presented by ground dissolution, which occurs when water passing through soluble rocks produces underground cavities and cave systems. These cavities reduce support to the ground above and can cause localised collapse of the overlying rocks and deposits.

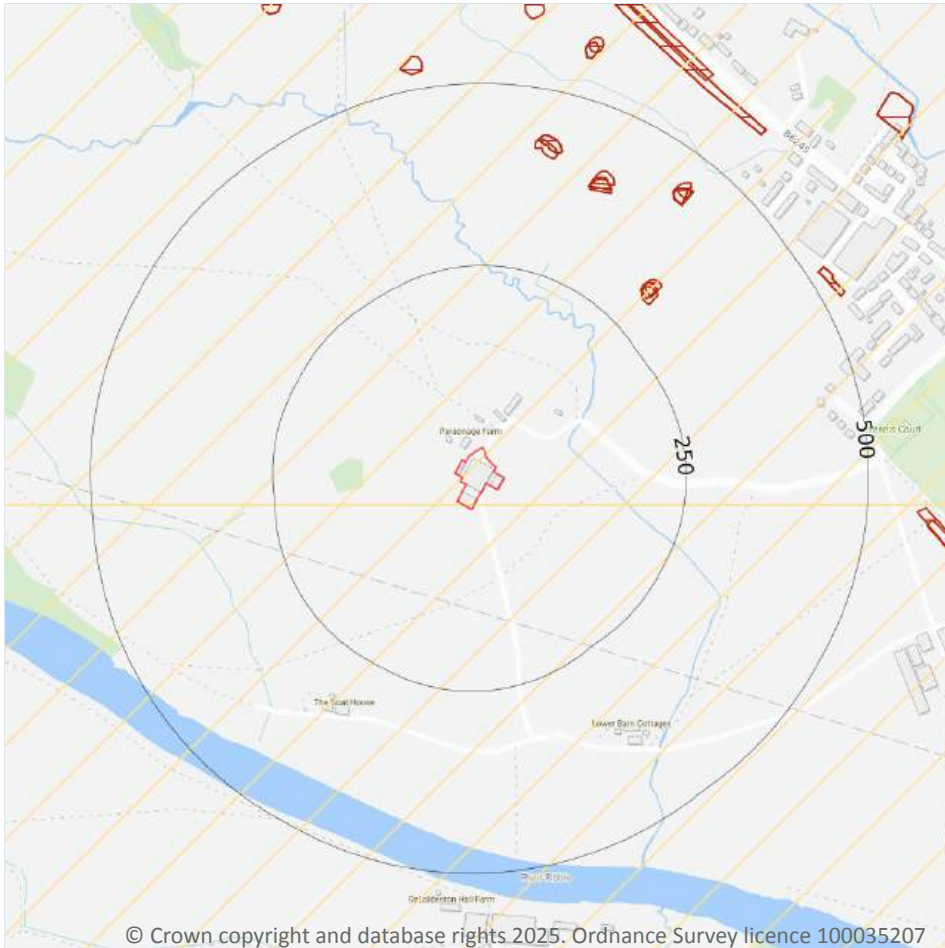
Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Ground dissolution of soluble rocks map on [page 80 >](#)

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Negligible	Soluble rocks are either not thought to be present within the ground, or not prone to dissolution. Dissolution features are unlikely to be present.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## 18 Mining and ground workings



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- BritPits
- Surface ground workings
- Underground workings
- Underground mining extents
- Historical mineral planning areas
- TCA non-coal mining
- Non Coal Mining
  - Sporadic underground mining of restricted extent possible
  - Localised small scale underground mining possible
  - Small scale mining possible
  - Underground mining known or likely within or in close proximity
  - Underground mining known within or in very close proximity

### 18.1 BritPits

Records within 500m

0

BritPits (an abbreviation of British Pits) is a database maintained by the British Geological Survey of currently active and closed surface and underground mineral workings. Details of major mineral handling sites, such as wharfs and rail depots are also held in the database.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## 18.2 Surface ground workings

Records within 250m

0

Historical land uses identified from Ordnance Survey mapping that involved ground excavation at the surface. These features may or may not have been subsequently backfilled.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.*

## 18.3 Underground workings

Records within 1000m

0

Historical land uses identified from Ordnance Survey mapping that indicate the presence of underground workings e.g. mine shafts.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.*

## 18.4 Underground mining extents

Records within 500m

0

This data identifies underground mine workings that could present a potential risk, including adits and seam workings. These features have been identified from BGS Geological mapping and mine plans sourced from the BGS and various collections and sources.

*This data is sourced from Groundsure.*

## 18.5 Historical Mineral Planning Areas

Records within 500m

0

Boundaries of mineral planning permissions for England and Wales. This data was collated between the 1940s (and retrospectively to the 1930s) and the mid 1980s. The data includes permitted, withdrawn and refused permissions.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## 18.6 Non-coal mining

Records within 1000m

4

The potential for historical non-coal mining to have affected an area. The assessment is drawn from expert knowledge and literature in addition to the digital geological map of Britain. Mineral commodities may be divided into seven general categories - vein minerals, chalk, oil shale, building stone, bedded ores, evaporites and 'other' commodities (including ball clay, jet, black marble, graphite and chert).

Features are displayed on the Mining and ground workings map on [page 82 >](#)



ID	Location	Name	Commodity	Class	Likelihood
1	On site	Not available	Vein Mineral	A	Underground mine workings are uncommon, although the geology is similar to that worked elsewhere. Potential for difficult ground conditions are unlikely and are at a level where they need not be considered.
A	On site	Not available	Vein Mineral	A	Underground mine workings are uncommon, although the geology is similar to that worked elsewhere. Potential for difficult ground conditions are unlikely and are at a level where they need not be considered.
-	661m E	Not available	Vein Mineral	A	Underground mine workings are uncommon, although the geology is similar to that worked elsewhere. Potential for difficult ground conditions are unlikely and are at a level where they need not be considered.
-	662m E	Not available	Vein Mineral	A	Underground mine workings are uncommon, although the geology is similar to that worked elsewhere. Potential for difficult ground conditions are unlikely and are at a level where they need not be considered.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## 18.7 JPB mining areas

**Records on site**

**0**

Areas which could be affected by former coal and other mining. This data includes some mine plans unavailable to the Coal Authority.

*This data is sourced from Johnson Poole and Bloomer.*

## 18.8 The Coal Authority non-coal mining

**Records within 500m**

**0**

This data provides an indication of the potential zone of influence of recorded underground non-coal mining workings. Any and all analysis and interpretation of Coal Authority Data in this report is made by Groundsure, and is in no way supported, endorsed or authorised by the Coal Authority. The use of the data is restricted to the terms and provisions contained in this report. Data reproduced in this report may be the copyright of the Coal Authority and permission should be sought from Groundsure prior to any re-use.

*This data is sourced from The Coal Authority.*



## 18.9 Researched mining

Records within 500m

0

This data indicates areas of potential mining identified from alternative or archival sources, including; BGS Geological paper maps, Lidar data, aerial photographs (from World War II onwards), archaeological data services, websites, Tithe maps, and various text/plans from collected books and reports. Some of this data is approximate and Groundsure have interpreted the resultant risk area and, where possible, specific areas of risk have been captured.

*This data is sourced from Groundsure.*

## 18.10 Mining record office plans

Records within 500m

0

This dataset is representative of Mining Record Office and/or plan extents held by Groundsure and should be considered approximate. Where possible, plans have been located and any specific areas of risk they depict have been captured.

*This data is sourced from Groundsure.*

## 18.11 BGS mine plans

Records within 500m

0

This dataset is representative of BGS mine plans held by Groundsure and should be considered approximate. Where possible, plans have been located and any specific areas of risk they depict have been captured.

*This data is sourced from Groundsure.*

## 18.12 Coal mining

Records on site

0

Areas which could be affected by past, current or future coal mining.

*This data is sourced from the Coal Authority.*

## 18.13 Brine areas

Records on site

0

The Cheshire Brine Compensation District indicates areas that may be affected by salt and brine extraction in Cheshire and where compensation would be available where damage from this mining has occurred. Damage from salt and brine mining can still occur outside this district, but no compensation will be available.



*This data is sourced from the Cheshire Brine Subsidence Compensation Board.*

### 18.14 Gypsum areas

Records on site

0

Generalised areas that may be affected by gypsum extraction.

*This data is sourced from British Gypsum.*

### 18.15 Tin mining

Records on site

0

Generalised areas that may be affected by historical tin mining.

*This data is sourced from Groundsure.*

### 18.16 Clay mining

Records on site

0

Generalised areas that may be affected by kaolin and ball clay extraction.

*This data is sourced from the Kaolin and Ball Clay Association (UK).*



## 19 Ground cavities and sinkholes

### 19.1 Natural cavities

Records within 500m

0

Industry recognised national database of natural cavities. Sinkholes and caves are formed by the dissolution of soluble rock, such as chalk and limestone, gulls and fissures by cambering. Ground instability can result from movement of loose material contained within these cavities, often triggered by water.

*This data is sourced from Stantec UK Ltd.*

### 19.2 Mining cavities

Records within 1000m

0

Industry recognised national database of mining cavities. Degraded mines may result in hazardous subsidence (crown holes). Climatic conditions and water escape can also trigger subsidence over mine entrances and workings.

*This data is sourced from Stantec UK Ltd.*

### 19.3 Reported recent incidents

Records within 500m

0

This data identifies sinkhole information gathered from media reports and Groundsure's own records. This data goes back to 2014 and includes relative accuracy ratings for each event and links to the original data sources. The data is updated on a regular basis and should not be considered a comprehensive catalogue of all sinkhole events. The absence of data in this database does not mean a sinkhole definitely has not occurred during this time.

*This data is sourced from Groundsure.*

### 19.4 Historical incidents

Records within 500m

0

This dataset comprises an extract of 1:10,560, 1:10,000, 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scale historical Ordnance Survey maps held by Groundsure, dating back to the 1840s. It shows shakeholes, deneholes and other 'holes' as noted on these maps. Dene holes are medieval chalk extraction pits, usually comprising a narrow shaft with a number of chambers at the base of the shaft. Shakeholes are an alternative name for suffusion sinkholes, most commonly found in the limestone landscapes of North Yorkshire but also extensively noted around the Brecon Beacons National Park.

Not all 'holes' noted on Ordnance Survey mapping will necessarily be present within this dataset.



*This data is sourced from Groundsure.*



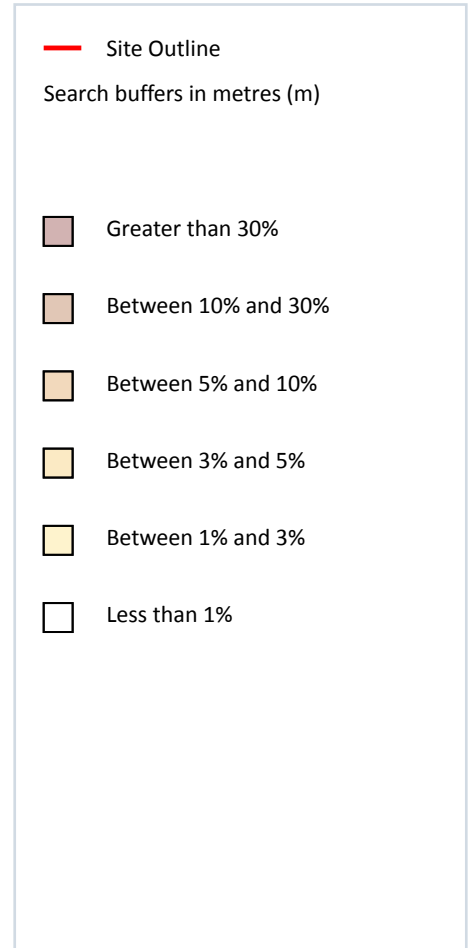
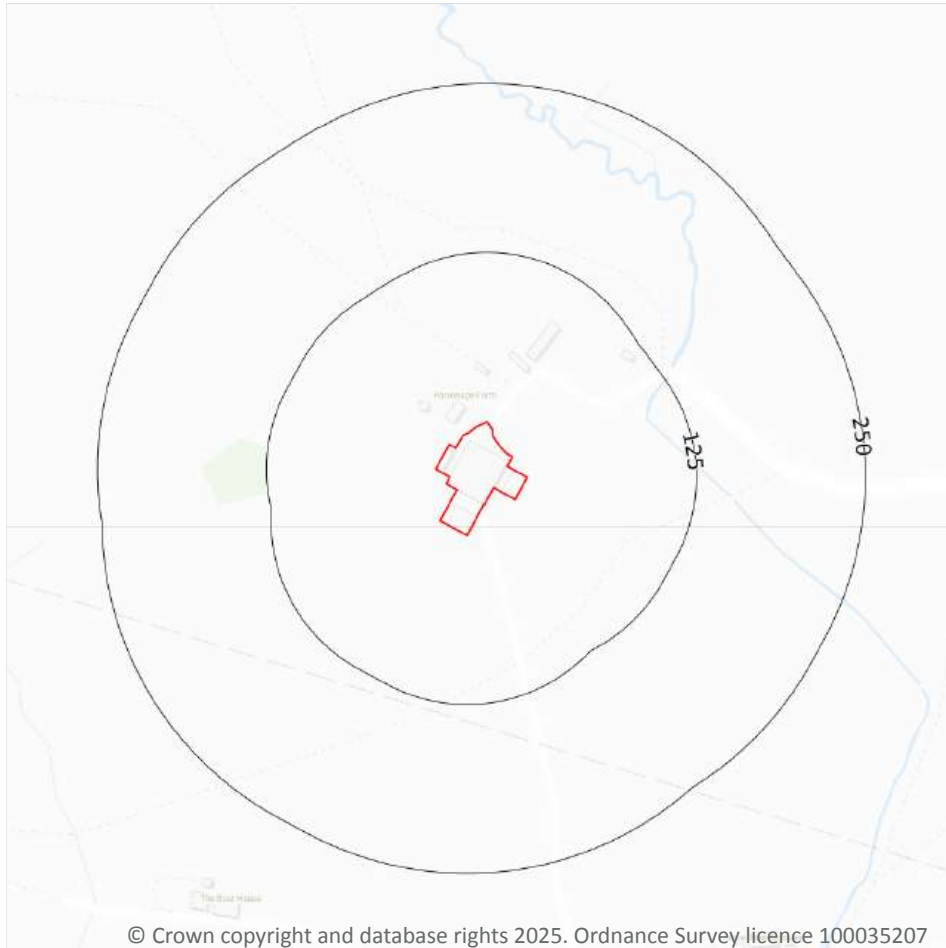
Contact us with any questions at:

[info@groundsure.com](mailto:info@groundsure.com) ↗

01273 257 755

Date: 28 October 2025

## 20 Radon



### 20.1 Radon

#### Records on site

1

The Radon Potential data classifies areas based on their likelihood of a property having a radon level at or above the Action Level in Great Britain. The dataset is intended for use at 1:50,000 scale and was derived from both geological assessments and indoor radon measurements (more than 560,000 records). A minimum 50m buffer should be considered when searching the maps, as the smallest detectable feature at this scale is 50m. The findings of this section should supersede any estimations derived from the Indicative Atlas of Radon in Great Britain (1:100,000 scale).

Features are displayed on the Radon map on [page 89 >](#)

Location	Estimated properties affected	Radon Protection Measures required
On site	Less than 1%	None

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey and UK Health Security Agency.*



## 21 Soil chemistry

### 21.1 BGS Estimated Background Soil Chemistry

Records within 50m

4

The estimated values provide the likely background concentration of the potentially harmful elements Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Lead and Nickel in topsoil. The values are estimated primarily from rural topsoil data collected at a sample density of approximately 1 per 2 km<sup>2</sup>. In areas where rural soil samples are not available, estimation is based on stream sediment data collected from small streams at a sampling density of 1 per 2.5 km<sup>2</sup>; this is the case for most of Scotland, Wales and southern England. The stream sediment data are converted to soil-equivalent concentrations prior to the estimation.

Location	Arsenic	Bioaccessible Arsenic	Lead	Bioaccessible Lead	Cadmium	Chromium	Nickel
On site	15 mg/kg	No data	100 mg/kg	60 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	30 - 45 mg/kg
On site	15 mg/kg	No data	100 mg/kg	60 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	30 - 45 mg/kg
28m SE	15 mg/kg	No data	100 mg/kg	60 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	30 - 45 mg/kg
31m SE	15 mg/kg	No data	100 mg/kg	60 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	30 - 45 mg/kg

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

### 21.2 BGS Estimated Urban Soil Chemistry

Records within 50m

0

Estimated topsoil chemistry of Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Nickel, Lead, Tin and Zinc and bioaccessible Arsenic and Lead in 23 urban centres across Great Britain. These estimates are derived from interpolation of the measured urban topsoil data referred to above and provide information across each city between the measured sample locations (4 per km<sup>2</sup>).

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

### 21.3 BGS Measured Urban Soil Chemistry

Records within 50m

0

The locations and measured total concentrations (mg/kg) of Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Nickel, Lead, Tin and Zinc in urban topsoil samples from 23 urban centres across Great Britain. These are collected at a sample density of 4 per km<sup>2</sup>.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## 22 Railway infrastructure and projects

### 22.1 Underground railways (London)

Records within 250m

0

Details of all active London Underground lines, including approximate tunnel roof depth and operational hours.

*This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.*

### 22.2 Underground railways (Non-London)

Records within 250m

0

Details of the Merseyrail system, the Tyne and Wear Metro and the Glasgow Subway. Not all parts of all systems are located underground. The data contains location information only and does not include a depth assessment.

*This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.*

### 22.3 Railway tunnels

Records within 250m

0

Railway tunnels taken from contemporary Ordnance Survey mapping.

*This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey.*

### 22.4 Historical railway and tunnel features

Records within 250m

0

Railways and tunnels digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping as scales of 1:1,250, 1:2,500, 1:10,000 and 1:10,560.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.*

### 22.5 Royal Mail tunnels

Records within 250m

0

The Post Office Railway, otherwise known as the Mail Rail, is an underground railway running through Central London from Paddington Head District Sorting Office to Whitechapel Eastern Head Sorting Office. The line is 10.5km long. The data includes details of the full extent of the tunnels, the depth of the tunnel, and the depth to track level.



*This data is sourced from Groundsure/the Postal Museum.*

## 22.6 Historical railways

**Records within 250m**

**0**

Former railway lines, including dismantled lines, abandoned lines, disused lines, historic railways and razed lines.

*This data is sourced from OpenStreetMap.*

## 22.7 Railways

**Records within 250m**

**0**

Currently existing railway lines, including standard railways, narrow gauge, funicular, trams and light railways.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey and OpenStreetMap.*

## 22.8 Crossrail 2

**Records within 500m**

**0**

Crossrail 2 is a proposed railway linking the national rail networks in Surrey and Hertfordshire via an underground tunnel through London.

*This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.*

## 22.9 HS2

**Records within 500m**

**0**

HS2 is a proposed high speed rail network running from London to Manchester and Leeds via Birmingham. Main civils construction on Phase 1 (London to Birmingham) of the project began in 2019, and it is currently anticipated that this phase will be fully operational by 2026. Construction on Phase 2a (Birmingham to Crewe) is anticipated to commence in 2021, with the service fully operational by 2027. Construction on Phase 2b (Crewe to Manchester and Birmingham to Leeds) is scheduled to begin in 2023 and be operational by 2033.

*This data is sourced from HS2 Ltd.*



## Data providers

Groundsure works with respected data providers to bring you the most relevant and accurate information. To find out who they are and their areas of expertise see <https://www.groundsure.com/sources-reference> ↗.

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