

RIBBLE VALLEY BOROUGH COUNCIL

Department of Development

Council Offices, Church Walk, Clitheroe, Lancashire, BB7 2RA

Telephone: 01200 425111 www.ribblevalley.gov.uk planning@ribblevalley.gov.uk

Town and Country Planning Act 1990

PLANNING PERMISSION

APPLICATION NO: 3/2026/0384

DECISION DATE: 24 July 2026

DATE RECEIVED: 27/05/2026

APPLICANT:

Mr Peel
Gregsons Farm
Settle Road
Newsholme
BB7 4JF

AGENT:

Mr Owain Turvill
WBW Surveyors
Skipton Auction Mart
Gargrave Road
Skipton
North Yorkshire
BD23 1UD

DEVELOPMENT Proposed livestock accommodation building.

PROPOSED:

AT: Gregsons Farm, Settle Road, Newsholme, BB7 4JF.

Ribble Valley Borough Council hereby give notice that **permission has been granted** for the carrying out of the above development in accordance with the application plans and documents submitted subject to the following condition(s):

1. The development must be begun not later than the expiration of three years beginning with the date of this permission.

Reason: Required to be imposed by Section 51 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

2. Unless explicitly required by condition within this consent, the development hereby permitted shall be carried out in complete accordance with the proposals as detailed on drawings: -

- Site Location Plan Drawing No: OT275-1
- Proposed Site Plan Drawing No: GF-R00-PR-104
- Proposed Floor Plans Drawing No: GF-R00-PR-102
- Proposed Elevations Drawing No: GF-R00-PR-103

Reason: For the avoidance of doubt and to clarify which plans are relevant to the consent.

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3. The materials to be used on the external surfaces of the development shall be implemented as indicated on the Application Form and Proposed Elevations Drawing No: GF-R00-PR-103.

Reason: In order that the Local Planning Authority may ensure that the materials to be used are appropriate to the locality.

4. The building hereby approved shall be used for agricultural purposes only (as defined in Section 336(1) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990); in conjunction with the remainder of the holding as identified in the supporting information submitted with the application.

Reason: To define the scope of the permission hereby approved and to ensure that the building is used solely for agricultural purposes connected with the functions associated with the existing holding.

5. No external lighting shall be installed on the agricultural building hereby approved or elsewhere within the site without the prior written approval of the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: To enable the Local Planning Authority to exercise control over development which could prove materially harmful the character and visual amenities of the area.

6. The development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved land levels indicated on Proposed Elevations Drawing No: GF-R00-PR-103. No other change in land levels shall be undertaken unless precise land level details have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The development shall be carried out in strict accordance with the approved details.

Reason: To ensure the proposed development responds positively to characteristics of the area.

7. No development shall commence until a detailed, final surface water sustainable drainage strategy for the site has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

The detailed surface water sustainable drainage strategy shall be based upon the sustainable drainage and principles and requirements set out in the National Planning Policy Framework, Planning Practice Guidance and Defra Technical Standards for Sustainable Drainage Systems. No surface water shall be allowed to discharge to the public foul sewer(s), directly or indirectly.

The details of the drainage strategy to be submitted for approval should include, as a minimum:

- Details of whether the site is greenfield or previously developed in terms of drainage
- Assessment of the hierarchy of drainage options
- Details of the contributing area - Restricted discharge rate
- On-site surface water storage
- Allowances for climate change and urban creep
- Above ground, multifunctional SuDS components
- Arrangements for management and maintenance

The sustainable drainage strategy shall be implemented in accordance with the approved details.

Reason: To ensure satisfactory sustainable drainage facilities are provided to serve the site in accordance with the Paragraphs 181 and 182 of the National Planning Policy Framework, Planning Practice Guidance and Defra Technical Standards for Sustainable Drainage Systems.

8. Prior to the first use of the agricultural building hereby approved a scheme for the containment and storage of manure including liquid run-off shall be submitted to and be approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The approved scheme shall be implemented prior to the first use of the building and shall thereafter be retained.

Reason: Such details were not submitted with the application and are necessary to ensure the satisfactory storage of manure.

9. Prior to the commencement of development, a Biodiversity Gain Plan shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority (see further details below at #5 of the Notes section) and implemented in accordance with the approved details. The Biodiversity Gain Plan shall be prepared in accordance with the submitted Biodiversity Net Gain Assessment titled "Technical Note: Ecology Walkover / Biodiversity Net Gain Strategy" dated 13 May 2026 and carried out by Knight Sky Ecology.

Reason: To ensure the development delivers a net gain on site which satisfies Paragraph 14 (2) of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and which is in accordance with the biodiversity information submitted with the planning application.

Note(s)

1. For rights of appeal in respect of any condition(s)/or reason(s) attached to the permission see the attached notes.
2. The applicant is advised that should there be any deviation from the approved plan the Local Planning Authority must be informed. It is therefore vital that any future Building Regulation application must comply with the approved planning application.
3. The Local Planning Authority has endeavoured to work proactively and positively to resolve issues and considered the imposition of appropriate conditions and amendments to the application to deliver a sustainable form of development.
4. This Decision Notice should be read in conjunction with the officer's report which is available to view on the website.
5. The effect of paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 is that planning permission granted for the development of land in England is deemed to have been granted subject to the condition "(the biodiversity gain condition)" that development may not begin unless:

(a) a Biodiversity Gain Plan has been submitted to the local planning authority, and

(b) the planning authority has approved the plan.

Based on the information available this permission is considered to be one which will require the approval of a biodiversity gain plan before development is begun because none of the statutory exemptions or transitional arrangements listed in the legislation are considered to apply.

The biodiversity gain plan must include:

(a) information about the steps taken or to be taken to minimise the adverse effect of the development on the biodiversity of the onsite habitat and any other habitat;

(b) the pre-development biodiversity value of the onsite habitat;

(c) the post-development biodiversity value of the onsite habitat;

(d) any registered offsite biodiversity gain allocated to the development and the biodiversity and the biodiversity value of that gain in relation to the development;

(e) any biodiversity credits purchased for the development; and

(f) such other matters as the Secretary of State may by regulations specify. When calculating the post-development biodiversity value of a habitat, the planning authority can only take into account an increase in biodiversity value post-development where it is satisfied that the habitat creation or enhancements delivering the increase will be maintained for at least 30 years after the development is completed.

Nicola Hopkins

**NICOLA HOPKINS
DIRECTOR OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING**

Notes

If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

If you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision, then you must do so within 6 months of the date of this notice unless the following apply:

- If this is a decision to refuse planning permission for a householder application or a minor commercial application, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice.
- If this is a decision on a planning application relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as is already the subject of an enforcement notice [reference], if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision on your application, then you must do so within 28 days of the date of this notice.
- If an enforcement notice is served relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as in your application and if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision on your application, then you must do so within: 28 days of the date of service of the enforcement notice, or within 6 months [12 weeks in the case of a householder appeal] of the date of this notice, whichever period expires earlier.

Appeals should be made online via <https://appeal-planning-decision.service.gov.uk/before-you-start>. If someone does not have access to the internet and needs help completing the appeal digitally, they should contact the Planning Inspectorate customer service team on 0303 444 5000 who will provide details of support options available.

Before making an appeal, you may find it helpful to review guidance and watch a video explaining the appeals process at <https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/make-an-appeal-to-the-planning-inspectorate-and-associated-guidance>.

The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal.

The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the local planning authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.