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| RIBBLE VALLEY BOROUGH COUNCIL |  |  |
| Development Department  |  |  |  |  |
| Council Offices, Church Walk, Clitheroe, Lancashire, BB7 2RA |  |  |
| Telephone: 01200 425111 www.ribblevalley.gov.uk planning@ribblevalley.gov.uk |  |
| Town and Country Planning Act 1990 |  |  |  |
| REFUSAL OF PLANNING PERMISSION |
| **APPLICATION NO:** | 3/2022/0842 |  |  |  |
| **DECISION DATE:** | 29 March 2023 |  |  |  |
| **DATE RECEIVED:** | 05/12/2022 |  |  |  |
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| **APPLICANT:** |  |  | **AGENT:** |  |  |
| Mr Robert GarnettBeacon CottageCommons LaneBalderstoneBB2 7LN |  | Mr Gary HoertyGary Hoerty AssociatesSuite 9 Grindleton Business CentreThe SpinneyGrindletonClitheroeBB7 4DH |
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| **DEVELOPMENT PROPOSED:**  | Proposed erection of two holiday chalets on land adjoining Beacon Cottage. |
| **AT:** | Beacon Cottage Commons Lane Balderstone BB2 7LN |
| Ribble Valley Borough Council hereby give notice in pursuance of the provisions of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 that permission **has been refused** for the carrying out of the above development for the following reason(s): |
| 1 | The location of the development remote from the nearest settlement and bus stops would result in two new build units in an unsustainable location reliant on private motor vehicles to access adequate services and facilities. This is contrary to the aims and objectives of Key Statement DMI2 and Policies DMG3 and DMB3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy 2008 – 2028 and paragraphs 110 and 111 of the National Planning Policy Framework. |
| 2 | The proposal would result in an intensification of the access onto Commons Lane which lacks adequate visibility and an intensification of the access track (Carr Lane) which lacks adequate width and passing places. As such neither the access nor access track are deemed safe and suitable for the proposed development to the detriment of highway safety contrary to Policies DMG1 and DMB3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy 2008 -2028 and paragraphs 110 and 111 of the National Planning Policy Framework. |
| 3 | The proposed design and layout of the holiday units would result in incongruous form of development in this rural location due to their modern design and materials, linear layout and minimal landscaping to the detriment of visual amenity contrary to Policies DMG1 and DMB3 of the Ribble Valley Core Strategy 2008 – 2028 and paragraph 130 of the National Planning Policy. |
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|  | P.T.O. |
| **Note(s)** |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Applications for planning permission are assessed against the National Planning Policy Framework and the policies within the Core Strategy for the Ribble Valley.  The Local Planning Authority adopts a positive and proactive manner and will consider representations, liaise with consultees, and seek amendments to proposals where appropriate within statutory timescales. The proposal does not comprise sustainable development and there were no amendments to the scheme, or conditions that could reasonably have been imposed, which could have made the development acceptable. It was therefore not possible to approve the application. |
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| Nicola HopkinsNICOLA HOPKINSDIRECTOR OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING |
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**Notes**

**Right of Appeal**

If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

· If you want to appeal against your local planning authority’s decision then you must do so within 6 months of the date of this notice.

· If this is a decision to refuse planning permission, or approve with conditions, a householder application, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority’s decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice.

· If this is a decision to refuse planning permission, or approve with conditions, a minor commercial application, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority’s decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice.

Appeals can be made online at: <https://www.gov.uk/appeal-planning-decision> . If it is a householder appeal it can be made online at: <https://www.gov.uk/appeal-householder-planning-decision> . If you are unable to access the online appeal form, please contact the Planning Inspectorate to obtain a paper copy of the appeal form on tel: 0303 444 5000. The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the local planning authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order. If an enforcement notice is served relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as in your application and if you want to appeal against your local planning authority’s decision on your application, then you must do so within: 28 days of the date of service of the enforcement notice, or within 6 months [12 weeks in the case of a householder appeal] of the date of this notice, whichever period expires earlier. In certain circumstances, a claim may be made against the local planning authority for compensation, where permission is refused or granted subject to conditions by the Secretary of State on appeal or on a reference of the application to him. The circumstances in which such compensation is payable are set out in section 114 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

**Purchase Notices**

If permission to develop land is refused or granted subject to conditions, whether by the local planning authority or by the Secretary of State for the Environment and the owner of the land claims that the land has become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state and cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted, they may serve on the Council of the county borough or county district in which the land is situated a purchase notice requiring that Council to purchase their interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.